

# Evaluating internationalism in schools

# Better education and care

This report describes the way in which primary, secondary and special schools that had gained an International School Award wrote about their international work in their self-evaluation form and how this aspect of their work was reflected in their section 5 inspection reports.

Of particular interest to:

Headteachers, International Schools Award coordinators, local authorities

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Document reference number: HMI 2683

Website: www.ofsted.gov.uk

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### **Executive summary**

This paper reports on consultancy carried out by Ofsted on behalf of the British Council. The work was part of a wider brief to support the British Council and the Department for Education and Skills (DfES) in aligning the development of the International School Award (ISA) with the New Relationship with Schools (NRwS) and in achieving the government's aim that over time all schools should gain the Award by 'equipping our children, young people and adults for life in a global society and work in a global economy'.<sup>1</sup>

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Ofsted evaluated the extent to which schools evaluated their international work and the ISA in their self-evaluation forms (SEF) and how this aspect of their work was reflected in schools' section 5 inspection reports. Ofsted examined the SEFs and inspection reports of the 84 schools that held such an award and had had a section 5 inspection between September 2005 and February 2006. It also examined the SEFs from the schools which had an ISA and were inspected as part of the Future of Inspection pilot from April 2004 to July 2005.

It was clear from scrutiny of the self-evaluation forms and the reports that in many schools which had an ISA a significant amount of teachers' and pupils' time was involved in international work. Almost all schools which had completed a SEF mentioned their international work or their ISA within it. With a few notable exceptions, primary and special schools wrote about their international work more enthusiastically than secondary schools. It was rare in the SEFs for the impact of the international dimension on young people's enjoyment and achievement to be evaluated. This is an area for improvement.

# **Key findings**

Only seven of the schools in the survey did not mention in their SEF the international dimension of their work. Of those that mentioned it, almost all referred at some point to their International School Award. Many mentioned specific Comenius projects. <sup>2</sup>
Fifty reports referred to the school's international dimension, usually in a succinct evaluation. Very occasionally, the award was mentioned in the section 'Description of the school'.
The impact of the international work on children's and young people's enjoyment, achievement or development was evaluated only occasionally in the SEFs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Putting the World into World-Class Education (DfES/1077/2004), DfES, 2004; http://publications.teachernet.gov.uk/default.aspx?PageFunction=productdetails&PageMode=publications&ProductId=DFES-1077-2004&.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Comenius programme is funded by the European Union and aims to promote transnational cooperation within schools and colleges in the EU.

0	Where the ISA was a strength of the school, and the SEF gave evidence of the impact on developing the pupils' international awareness, then the report usually mentioned this fact, and occasionally it was reported in the pupils' letter.
	Overall, primary and special schools wrote about their international work more enthusiastically than secondary schools.
	In a very small number of the schools in the sample, inspectors reported that not enough attention was paid to helping children and young people to understand the rich diversity of modern multicultural Britain.

#### Recommendations

The Department for Education and Skills and the British Council should:

 draw schools' attention to the importance of promoting understanding of multicultural Britain, as well as internationalism and global awareness, when discussing their application for the ISA.

Schools which have or are applying for the ISA should:

- evaluate the impact of their international work and report this in their SFF
- ensure that they promote understanding of the diversity of multicultural Britain as well as internationalism and global awareness.

#### Ofsted should:

• continue to report orally on the impact of the school's international work, and briefly in the report, where it is significant.

# Schools' self-evaluation of internationalism and the International School Award

#### The self-evaluation form

- 1. In completing their self-evaluation form, most schools reported on their international work in one or more of the following sections:
  - 1b Please summarise briefly your distinctive aims and describe any special features of your school.
  - 1d Please note any additional characteristics of your school that you would particularly like to draw to the attention of an inspection team.
  - 4c How much do learners enjoy their education?
  - 4d How well do learners make a positive contribution to the community?
  - 5b How well do the curriculum and other activities meet the range of needs and interests of learners?

However, a very few schools also reported under other sections: gathering the views of learners and parent/carers and what that told them about the school's provision; learners' achievement and standards; other aspects of personal development, for example where a school shared a healthy schools project with a school in another country, or where their international work was particularly relevant to the sixth form; and the overall effectiveness of provision and links with other organisations in section 7 of the SEF.

# **Primary schools**

2. There were 26 SEFs from the 39 primary schools in the sample.<sup>3</sup> Only two did not mention their international work. Of those that did, almost all referred to their award, when they gained it, or the stage they had reached in reapplying for it. For example:

We are very proud to hold the International School Award. This is our second and we are now collecting a portfolio of work to submit for our third.

The inspection report on this school judged that the children 'developed a good understanding of the wider world through international links'.

3. Although much of what was written in the SEFs was descriptive rather than evaluative, they included good examples of schools being clear about their intention to enhance pupils' learning. For example, under section 1b

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Some of the schools were inspected as part of Ofsted's Future of Inspection project, which made it more likely that they had not completed a written self-evaluation.

('Please summarise briefly your distinctive aims and describe any special features of your school... '), one school wrote:

The school aims to give pupils a sense of the wider community and appreciation of cultural differences, so it has been involved in international links work for many years and has just gained recognition... See International Links File and action plan.

The same school went on to detail its work succinctly under section 4c. The inspection report acknowledged the school's ISA and its work.

4. Thirty of the primary school reports mentioned the school's developing or, in some cases, very well developed internationalism and, amongst these, some noted that the school had gained the ISA. Inspectors reported on this mainly under the headings 'Personal development and well-being' or the 'Curriculum and other activities', as in these three examples:

As a result of the excellent links forged with other countries, and the wide range of experiences to learn about different ways of life, their cultural development is good.

Pupils have a good understanding of other cultures, fostered through the school's good links with a school in Cameroon. Pupils exchange letters, which effectively promotes understanding of how people live in different countries.

Their 'International Schools' status, for example, has had a very positive impact on developing pupils' awareness of the cultures of other countries, while still promoting an understanding of their own culture.

5. Where this aspect of the school's work was particularly significant, some letters to pupils referred explicitly to the school's strengths in international work, for example:

...how the links you have with schools abroad help you to appreciate different ways of life...

The staff also go to great lengths to make sure that you get excellent opportunities to learn about how people in other countries live...

6. In one school, which was very proud of its 'intercultural education' and listed a plethora of international activities and three modern languages in its SEF, inspectors judged in the section on 'Overall effectiveness' that the school had failed to check whether new initiatives had had the desired effect.

7. In another school with an award at intermediate level, inspectors judged that not enough attention was paid to understanding the rich diversity of modern multicultural Britain.<sup>4</sup>

# Special schools

8. Only one of the five special schools in the sample did not have a SEF. The four schools referred enthusiastically to their international work in their SEFs. All the inspections reported on international work in some way and two of the reports referred to young people's views. One reported:

They [pupils] talk enthusiastically about their visit to Holland.

Another report referred to young people talking enthusiastically about how their residential visits abroad had made a difference to their lives.

# Secondary schools

- 9. Twenty-nine secondary schools SEFs were analysed. Of these, only four did not mention their international work and almost all of those that did listed their ISA. However, occasionally, the only mention was the award itself or a comment such as 'development of an international ethos' in section 1 or 'Comenius projects. Overseas visits' in section 4c. In six schools, their specialist status or application for designation or redesignation as a specialist school appeared to eclipse the schools' evaluation of their international work.
- 10. Half of the secondary school inspection reports in the sample reported on international development, which represented a much lower proportion than in the primary and special schools. Inspectors reported on it mainly under the headings of 'Personal development and well-being', or the 'Curriculum and other activities' and, occasionally, in the 'Description of the school'.
- 11. One in four reports noted that there were school visits abroad, trips, exchanges, work experience abroad, or a wide range of cultural activities, sometimes commenting that they enriched the curriculum.
- 12. Where internationalism was of particular significance the report reflected this fact. A large school with humanities as its specialism detailed its international development for pupils and teachers carefully in its SEF under a number of headings, including 'Leadership and management'. It had achieved its ISA in September 2005. Inspectors clearly noted this and reported briefly under several headings, succeeding in flavouring the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The award is made at three levels: foundation, intermediate and full. Schools have to reapply for the award after three years.

report with the school's commitment to internationalism and its impact on its young people.

13. In other reports, brief evaluations appropriately captured schools' work:

...awareness and respect for other cultures are outstanding...

The school has developed an international dimension to the curriculum which enhances pupils' cultural awareness.

Students' knowledge of other cultures is supported extremely well through the school's international links.

Links made through international [work] give students a wider perspective of community.

# Language colleges

14. Four out of the six language colleges that had completed SEFs represented their international development satisfactorily. Three of the subsequent inspections reported on the impact of their international development. One made the link to the quality of the school's leadership and management:

The school's specialist status is being used well to improve opportunities in modern foreign languages, both internally and in local primary schools, and to develop an international dimension.

15. A report on a language college that had the ISA at intermediate level said: 'The school does not do enough to promote the understanding of other cultures.' This was related to the diversity in the school population and heritage groups.

#### **Notes**

These findings are a result of examining the SEFs and inspection reports of all the schools that had an ISA and a section 5 inspection between September 2005 and February 2006, as well as those schools with an ISA which were inspected during the Future of Inspection pilot in 2004/05.

The sample comprised 84 schools: 39 primary schools, five special schools and 40 secondary schools (which included two academies and 10 specialist language colleges). Of these, 69 schools had the full ISA, nine the intermediate award and six had the foundation award. A number of schools had received the full award more than once. (Schools reapply after three years.) Twenty-five schools had not completed SEFs. A number of these schools were involved in the Future of Inspection pilot.

#### **Further information**

The International School Award (ISA) scheme is an accreditation scheme, supported and funded by the DfES. It provides a framework for schools within which to form and develop international partnerships through curriculum-based international work.

It encourages and supports schools to:

- develop an international ethos
- involve a majority of their pupils in international work
- develop collaborative curriculum-based work with partner schools
- develop curriculum-based work across a range of subjects
- have year-round international activity
- involve the wider community
- evaluate and improve their activities and their international programme.

Further details are available at:

www.globalgateway.org.uk/default.aspx?page=1343

Other useful websites are:

www.globaldimension.org.uk

www.citizenship-global.org.uk

www.qca.org.uk/esd

www.qca.org.uk/respectforall

www.un.org/millenniumgoals/

#### **Annex**

The following schools comprised the sample for this work:

School Local authority

Abbey Hill School & Technology College Stockton-on-Tees

All Saints CE Junior School

All Saints' CE (A) Primary School

Altrincham Grammar School for Girls

Alwoodley Primary School

Hampshire

Oxfordshire

Trafford

Leeds

Alwoodley Primary School Leeds
Archbishop Blanch School Liverpool
The Archbishop's School Kent

Ashby School Leicestershire

Backwell C of E Junior School

North Somerset

Bar Hill Primary School

Cambridgeshire

Belle Vue Girls' School Bradford

Belmont Community Primary School Lincolnshire
Belmont School Gloucestershire

Belvoir High School Leicestershire

Beverley High School East Riding of Yorkshire

Blewbury CE Primary School Oxfordshire

Bosmere Community Primary School

Broad Oak Primary School

Manchester

Broad Oak Primary School Manchester
Burrowmoor Primary School Cambridgeshire
The Business Academy Bexley

Callington Community College Cornwall
The Cathedral CE High School Wakefield

Cator Park School Bromley
Chesterton Community College Cambridgeshire

Childwall School - A Specialist Sports College Liverpool

Chosen Hill School Gloucestershire

City of Ely Community College Cambridgeshire
Cooper Perry Primary School Staffordshire

The Dales Primary School East Riding of Yorkshire

Dunkirk Primary School Nottingham

Durham Johnston Comprehensive School Durham

Durham Johnston Comprehensive School

Egglescliffe School

Stockton-on-Tees

Fitzwaryn School Oxfordshire
The Glebe Infant School North Somerset

Green Hedges School Cambridgeshire
Greenland Community Infant School Durham

The Grove School Shropshire

Hagbourne CE Primary School Oxfordshire
Hamworthy First School & Nursery Poole

Haybridge High School Worcestershire

The Hermitage School Durham
Hetton School Sunderland

Holy Cross and All Saints RC Primary School Salford

The Holy Family Catholic School Horfield CE VC Primary School

Horley Infant School Hornton Primary School Houghton Primary School

King Edward VI Five Ways School

The King John School Leiston Primary School Longlevens Junior School

Lymm High School Manchester Academy

Meadowhead School and Language College

Montgomery High School

Morley Memorial Primary School Northbourne CE (A) Primary School North Lancing First and Middle School

North Nibley Church of England Primary School

Parish Church School

Park View Community School

Peatmoor Community Primary School

Pershore High School

Ponteland Community High School Queen Mary's Grammar School

Reepham High School

Rhyddings Business and Enterprise School

St Andrew's C of E Primary School

St Augustine Webster Catholic Primary School

St Austin's Catholic Primary School St Austin's RC Primary School St Laurence's RC Primary School St Nicolas CE County Primary Seaford Head Community College

The Shrubberies School

Sir John Cass's Foundation Primary School The Thomas Lord Audley School and Language

College

Valley Gardens Middle School Walford Primary School

Warlingham School

Woodbridge High School - A Specialist Language

College

Worthing High School Yealmpton Primary School Bradford Bristol Surrey Oxfordshire

Birmingham Essex

Cambridgeshire

Suffolk Gloucestershire Warrington

Manchester
Sheffield
Blackpool
Cambridgeshire

Oxfordshire
West Sussex
Gloucestershire
North Yorkshire

Durham Swindon

Worcestershire Northumberland

Walsall Norfolk Lancashire

Bath and North East Somerset

North Lincolnshire

Liverpool
St Helens
Cambridgeshire
Oxfordshire
East Sussex
Gloucestershire
City of London

Essex

North Tyneside Herefordshire

Surrey

Redbridge West Sussex

Devon