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Education & Skills

Funding Agency

Estimating your academy funding

Guidance

allocation for academies opening from 1 September 2020 to 31 March 2021 Updated 3 July 2020

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(GAG): special and

alternative provision

2. General annual grant

(GAG): mainstream

- academies

draft allocation statement. Academies are funded in line with their funding agreements. This guide explains how to estimate your GAG before receiving your draft statement. It includes links to online data, and contains examples to help explain how to estimate

1. Introduction

your funding. This guide is designed for schools converting to become academies and schools becoming sponsored academies between 1 September 2020 and 31 March 2021. For free schools, studio schools and university technical colleges (UTCs) we've published a financial template to allow you to calculate indicative allocations based on

Before a school opens as an academy, the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA)

provides details of their revenue funding, known as the general annual grant (GAG), in a

information about your school:

• free schools, including special schools and alternative provision (AP) free schools • UTCs • studio schools

- 2. General annual grant (GAG): mainstream academies
- GAG is revenue funding and is used by academies to meet their day-to-day running costs. The main element of this is the pre-16 school budget share (SBS).

2.1 Funding outside of the GAG As an academy, you will receive other revenue funding that is not as part of your GAG. Some non-GAG funding has not been confirmed for 2020 to 2021, this section will be

• <u>early years funding</u>: this is paid by the local authority to academies with a nursery class through the early years national funding formula (EYNFF) • <u>national non domestic rates (NNDR)</u>: this is paid on receipt of a claim made using an

updated as grants are confirmed. Currently confirmed are:

online form, and is paid separate to the SBS

academies with infant classes

• pupil premium: paid in four instalments by ESFA. Allocations for the 2020 to 2021 financial year will be published in due course. • PE and sport for primary schools: this is paid by ESFA in the autumn term

• high needs top up funding: this is paid by the local authority where required • teachers' pay grant: allocations for financial year 2019 to 2020 were published in April 2019

• universal infant free school meals (UIFSM): this is paid in instalments by ESFA to

- <u>Teachers' Pension Scheme</u> In addition, you may also receive <u>capital funding</u>.

insurance. Schools converting to academy status will be signed up automatically to the

RPA scheme, irrespective of if they are a member of the local authority maintain school

However, if the school does not wish to join the RPA scheme, they should inform their

Department for Education contact who will arrange this with ESFA. The cost of joining

If you opt in, RPA will not be shown on your allocation statement as it does not affect

your allocation, but it will affect the amount you will receive monthly. If you opt in, you

will not receive an adjusted GAG statement, but your monthly pay schedule will be

- 2.2 Risk protection arrangement
- The <u>risk protection arrangement (RPA)</u> an alternative to commercial insurance for academies and local authority maintained schools. Under RPA, the UK government covers the losses instead of commercial

the scheme is £18 per pupil, per year. After conversion, the RPA team, will provide those academies joining RPA, with details of their RPA membership certificate etc.

1 September 2020

allocated to your maintained predecessor.

Use the <u>online form</u> to join the risk protection arrangement.

(LAMS) RPA scheme.

reissued.

The school budget share (SBS) for the 2020 to 2021 academic year will be the same as your predecessor school for the 2020 to 2021 financial year.

3. Funding for new academies opening after

Funding is prorated until the end of the academic year, 31 August 2021. It does not include funding for rates, insurance and early years funding that your local authority

Sixth form funding and start-up grants are all based on the 2020 to 2021 academic year

rates. High needs place funding is based on the 2020 to 2021 financial year rates.

3.1 Estimating your pre-16 school budget share

You can estimate your SBS by calculating a daily schools block allocation and

illustrate for a school that converts on 1 October 2020: 1. Open your schools funding document supplied from your local authority. 2. From the total figure remove the rates (as this will be paid based on actuals by the

multiplying it by the number of remaining days in the 2020 to 2021 academic year. To

Total schools £3,500,000 This is taken from the schools and academies provider level file block allocation (post MFG)

(365 days)

Description

ESFA outside of the SBS) and de-delegation funding.

Calculation

by 365 equals

SBS daily amount £3,500,000 divided

Factor

3. Calculate the prorated allocation using the following method:

£9,589.04 SBS prorated £9,589.04 multiplied This is the SBS daily amount multiplied by the number of days the school is open for (1 October 2020 to the end of the 2020 to 2021 academic £3,212,328.40 year, 31 August 2021)

This is the yearly SBS amount divided by the number of days in the year

You can estimate your sixth form funding by calculating a monthly allocation and

Description

year (12 months)

3.2 Estimating your sixth form funding

multiplying the number of remaining months in the 2020 to 2021 academic year. For example, for an academy that opens on 1 October 2020: 1. Funding data will be available from your post 16 funding documentation or use the latest 16 to 19 allocation data 2. Select the row for the predecessor school, checking the local authority (column C) and institution name (column E). The total funding allocation for the predecessor school is in column T.

3. Calculate the prorated allocation using the following method in the table below:

This is taken from figure 2 (column T)

This is the total funding allocation divided by the number of months in the

This is the sixth form funding amount multiplied by the number of months the Sixth form £41,666.67 multiplied by 11 school is open for (1 October 2019 to the end of the 2019 to 2020 academic funding equals £458,333.37 year, 31 August 2020) prorated amount

Calculation

£500,000

by 12 equals

mainstream schools

and requires funding

that converts on 1 October 2020:

Factor

Total special

unoccupied

Special

day

unoccupied

unoccupied

place funding

occupied place

Total prorated

funding

funding

place funding per £273.97

Calculation

10 multiplied by

£10,000 equals

£100,000 divided

by 365 equals

by 335 equals

by 335 equals

£91,779.95 plus

3.4 Estimating your start-up grant

£27,533.65

£119,313.60

elements to SUG, part A and part B.

£91,779.95

Prorated special £82.19 multiplied

spare capacity is required for another reason

month amount £41,666.67

£500,000 divided

Factor

Total funding

allocation

Sixth form

funding per

funded at £6,000. Pupils in these places will also attract funding through the mainstream school formula. Other places are funded at £10,000 and are categorized as unoccupied. This may apply where: • the place is or will be occupied by a pupil registered on the roll of another school

• a place isn't occupied at the time of the school census count, but is likely to be filled,

The 2019 to 2020 section 251 high needs and alternative provision (September to

March) maintained schools data sets out your current high needs places.

Description

place funding per 365 equals £82.19 of days in the year (this gives a daily funding rate)

high needs place £27,533.65 equals for the period 1 October 2020 to 31 August 2021

This will be used to determine your funding allocation in draft GAGs and upon

3.3 Estimating your high needs places for special units in

Some mainstream schools receive high needs place funding. From April 2018, pre-16

places occupied by pupils recorded on the school census as sole or dual (main) are

by calculating a daily allocation and multiplying the number of remaining days in the 2020 to 2021 academic year. To illustrate, for a mainstream school with 10 unoccupied places and 5 occupied places

conversion. If this data is incorrect, please notify your local authority and advise the DfE

project lead overseeing the conversion. You can estimate your high needs place funding

place allocation £100,000 Total special 5 multiplied by The number of special occupied places multiplied by the rate per place £6,000 equals occupied place £30,000 allocation

Special occupied £30,000 divided by The yearly special occupied place funding allocation divided by the number

Prorated special £273.97 multiplied This is the unoccupied funding per day amount multiplied by the number of

academic year, 31 August 2021)

academic year, 31 August 2021)

On opening, a start-up grant (SUG) is paid to full-sponsored academies in order to

assist them to raise standards and transform educational attainment. There are two

The number of special unoccupied places multiplied by the rate per place

The yearly special unoccupied place funding allocation divided by the

days the school is open (1 October 2020 to the end of the 2020 to 2021

This is the occupied funding per day amount multiplied by the number of

days the school is open (1 October 2020 to the end of the 2020 to 2021

This is the total amount of high needs place funding the school will receive

number of days in the year (this gives a daily funding rate)

Part A is a flat rate allocation (based on the type of school), which an academy receives in the first year of opening. Part B is a formulaic allocation which is only paid to Primary, Secondary & All-through academies opening with numbers on roll (NOR) less than 90% of capacity; an academy will receive part B over a number of years as the academy grows. The minimum value threshold is £10,000. The maximum values are: • primary: £50,000 • small secondary, capacity up to 250 pupils: £60,100 • medium secondary, capacity 251-999 pupils: between £60,100 and £80,200 • large secondary, capacity of 1,000 or more pupils: £80,200 • you can use the <u>'ready reckoner'</u> spreadsheet to estimate SUG B a Secondary academy may expect to receive on opening sponsored academy funding: ready reckoner using the following instructions: 1. Open the sponsored academy funding: ready reckoner. 2. Enter your school capacity in cell D13. 3. Enter the number of pupils on roll (NOR) in cell D14. 4. An indicative allocation will show in cell D26. 5. Open the sponsored academy funding: ready reckoner. 6. Enter your school capacity in cell D13. 7. Enter the number of pupils on roll (NOR) in cell D14. 8. An indicative allocation will show in cell D26. 4. General annual grant (GAG): special and alternative provision academies

Special and alternative academies receive high needs place funding. In the 2020 to

Special academies and post-16 provision are funded for pre-16 and post-16 provision on

the same place funded basis: @ £10,000 per special place @ £10,000 per alternative

Post-16 learners at AP academies will be funded according to the national 16-19 funding

Element 3 top-up funding should continue to be provided by your local authority at the

4.1 Estimating your high needs place funding for special

To illustrate, a special school with 40 high needs places that converted on 1 October

of days in the year

The yearly high needs funding allocation divided by the number

This is the high needs funding per day amount multiplied by the

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releases

number of days the school is open for (1 October 2020 to the

end of the 2020 to 2021 academic year, 31 August 2021)

You can estimate your high needs funding by calculating a daily allocation and

multiplying the number of remaining days in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

2021 academic year, we'll use the figures published in high needs allocated place

numbers to calculate this place funding.

provision pre-16 place.

rate agreed prior to conversion.

schools and AP academies

methodology.

funding

High

needs

place

funding per day

Prorated

1 October 2020

1 November 2020

1 January 2021

1 February 2021

1 March 2021

place

high needs £367,123.15

allocated

Calculation Description Factor 40 multiplied by £10,000 equals Total high £400,000 The number of high needs needs

places multiplied by the rate per place

£400,000 multiplied by 365 equals

£1,095.89 multiplied by 335 equals

year for academies opening to August 2021:

335

304

243

212

184

Academy opening date Days remaining

£1,095.89

2020 would estimate their funding using the following method:

funding Number of days remaining in 2020 to 2021 academic year The table below shows the number of days remaining in the 2020 to 2021 academic

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