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Consultation - Summary Report

Statutory Guidance to Local Authorities
on assessing for sufficient play
opportunities for children in their areas.

November 2012

Overview	<p>This document provides a summary of responses and feedback from the consultation of the Regulations and the Statutory Guidance of the Play Sufficiency Duty.</p> <p>These Regulations and Statutory Guidance have been prepared under Section 11 of the Children and Families (Wales) Measure 2010</p>
Further information and related documents	<p>Large print, Braille and alternative language versions of this document are available on request.</p> <p>The consultation documents can be accessed on the Welsh Government website at www.wales.gov.uk/consultations</p>
Contact details	<p>Further information about this consultation can be obtained from:</p> <p>Lisa Griffiths Childcare and Play Policy Branch, Heath, Social Services & Children, Welsh Government Cathays Park Cardiff CF10 3NQ Tel: 029 2082 5569 PlayOpportunities@wales.gsi.gov.uk</p>

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Introduction

This document outlines the responses received by the Welsh Government in response to the Consultation Document “Guidance to Local Authorities on assessing for and securing sufficient play opportunities for children in their areas” and the draft Regulations for section 11 of the Children and Families (Wales) Measure. The report indicates how these responses have been taken into account in the final documents.

A full 12 week consultation on the draft Regulations and draft Statutory Guidance took place between 02 April 2012 and 25 June 2012.

The consultation was issued electronically to a wide range of stakeholders including relevant Government policy officials; local authorities; third sector/voluntary organisations; sporting and cultural groups; and housing associations.

The consultation was also made available on the Welsh Government website.

Three consultation events were held across Wales which approximately 180 representatives from local authorities and third sector organisations attended. All of the comments and relevant points from discussions have been taken into account in this summary report.

In total, 81 responses were received. These break-down into the following categories:

- Local Authorities.
- Third sector/Voluntary organisations.
- Education bodies.
- Government bodies/agencies/associations.
- Play providers.
- Childcare providers.
- Housing Associations.
- Private sector organisations.
- Individuals.

Of the 81 respondents, 73 respondents used the consultation response form and answered the set questions. Only the 73 respondents that have used the formal response form have been counted towards the response percentages stated throughout this document.

A list of respondents (where permission has been given to disclose this information) can be found at page 15.

All responses from the on-line consultation have been considered in this summary report.

Key issues and responses

The issues which were raised most often in the responses are outlined below:

1. Clarity between the first part and the second part of the duty

Consultation Response

It was noted that confusion could arise in relation to the commencement of the two parts of the duty.

Welsh Government Response

Section 11 of the Children and Families (Wales) Measure 2010 sets out the Local Authority's duties in respect of play opportunities for children. Under Section 11, a Local Authority must assess the sufficiency of play opportunities in its area for children in accordance with Regulations, and a Local Authority must secure sufficient play opportunities in its area for children, so far as reasonably practicable, having regard to its assessment.

The Deputy Minister for Children and Social Services decided in December 2011 to commence section 11 in two parts:

- The first part of the duty will be to commence section 11(1) which states that:

"A local authority must assess the sufficiency of play opportunities in its area for children in accordance with regulations"

and section 11(2) which covers what the regulations may include.
- The second part of the duty will be to commence section 11(3) which states that:

"A local authority must secure sufficient play opportunities in its area for children, so far as reasonably practicable, having regard to its assessment under subsection 11(1)".

At present only the first part of the duty is being commenced. The Regulations and Statutory Guidance that were covered in the consultation only relate to the first part of the duty. To make this clear, we have removed references to securing play opportunities for children in the Regulations and the Statutory Guidance.

The name of the Statutory Guidance has been amended to remove the reference to securing sufficient play opportunities. The name of the Guidance is now "Statutory Guidance to Local Authorities on assessing for sufficient play opportunities for in children in their areas".

Sections 9: Policy Framework and 10: Consultation and Participation have been brought forward to appear after section 3, as sections 4 and 5. This was in response to the suggestion for greater emphasis on the process of conducting the Play Sufficiency Assessment. This has altered the numbering of the sections, so for ease of understanding, the numbering as shown in the draft Guidance has been retained in showing amendments to any section with new numbering included in brackets.

2. Definition of Play

Consultation Response

The view was expressed that the definition of Play used in the Statutory Guidance should be the same as that set out in the Welsh Government Play Policy 2002, which states that:

Play encompasses children's behaviour which is freely chosen, personally directed and intrinsically motivated. It is performed for no external goal or reward.

Welsh Government Response

The Play Sufficiency Duty is underpinned by the Children and Families (Wales) Measure 2010. In Section 11(6) of the Measure, Play is defined as including "any recreational activity". The Measure has already been through a consultation process and is no longer open to amendments.

The Statutory Guidance clearly states that the Welsh Government wishes to emphasise the definition of play as set out in the Play Policy 2002 and gives reasons why creating an environment where children can freely play is central to the purpose of this Guidance. It also sets out the detail of the Children and Families (Wales) Measure 2010, which includes under Section 11(6) that in this section "play" includes any recreational activity.

The Statutory Guidance acknowledges the importance of recreational activities in the lives of children. Recreational activities, together with Play, are a right under Article 31 of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child. Play, Sport, Leisure and Culture, form one of the Welsh Government's core aims for children and young people, under Children and Young People: Rights to Action 2004 and subsequent legislation.

In the Guidance we have given added clarity to the terms "freely chosen play" and "structured recreational activities".

3. Balance in assessment of freely chosen play and recreational activities

Consultation Response

The view was expressed that there should be greater emphasis on freely chosen play and that the inclusion of "all recreational activities" in the Play Sufficiency

Assessment would extend the task to the extent that it would make the results and subsequent action plans less effective.

Welsh Government Response

As set out under point one, the Welsh Government believes that both freely chosen play and adult led recreational activities are important in the lives of children and are covered in this section of the Measure. Section 8 “Priorities for assessing freely chosen play and recreational activities” of the Statutory Guidance gives clear guidance to Local Authorities on including these areas in the play sufficiency assessments. The Guidance states that the assessment should give a comprehensive assessment of freely chosen play opportunities taking into account the matters listed under Section 10 “Play Sufficiency Assessments: Matters that need to be taken into account”.

The assessment should also cover all recreational activities available to children in their areas. These should be referenced through Core Aim 4 delivery plans and other relevant assessments of provision as set out under point 10, Matter 4: “Supervised provision”.

4. Distinction between play and structured recreational activities

Consultation Response

It was suggested that the Statutory Guidance should give a clearer distinction between Play and structured recreational activities.

Welsh Government Response

Section 6 of the draft Statutory Guidance (new section 8) has been rephrased to convey a clearer distinction between these areas, set out as:

- Freely chosen Play – With or without adult supervision/facilitation
- Structured recreational activities – in the main led by adults, with predefined rules.

5. Tackling Poverty Agenda

Consultation Response

It was suggested that greater links should be made with the tackling poverty agenda, Communities First and Families First Programmes.

Welsh Government Response

A stronger link to the tackling poverty agenda has been added to the introduction of the Statutory Guidance, as well as greater recognition of the importance of play in tackling poverty of experience, equity and equality.

The matters to be taken into account in the Play Sufficiency Assessment have been extended to include the requirement to consider the impact of any charges or costs associated with play opportunities, especially for children from low income families and those living in areas of deprivation.

As funding streams change over a period of time in relation to communities and families, it has been decided not to add further information regarding these funding programs in the Statutory Guidance. However there was a reference to engagement with Communities First partnerships under the section 9.1 of the Statutory Guidance (now included in section 4.1). Further information has been included in the toolkit to assist Local Authorities in completing the Play Sufficiency Assessments.

6. Greater awareness of the importance of play by parents, teachers and other professionals.

Consultation Response

The view was expressed that there should be greater recognition of the importance of play among parents, teachers and other professionals.

Welsh Government Response

The Welsh Government recognises that it is important that parents and other members of the community should be made aware of the importance of play in children's lives. This is also true of members of the children's workforce and other professionals whose work impacts upon children's opportunities to play.

The final Statutory Guidance includes an additional section covering community engagement and participation under Matter H. Matter G also includes taking into account training for volunteers and parents in relation to playwork.

7. Funding for the duty

Consultation Response

Concerns were expressed as regards to funding that is available for the Play Sufficiency Assessments and for the second part of the duty on Local Authorities to secure sufficient play opportunities, so far as reasonably practicable.

Welsh Government Response

The Welsh Government has allocated funding to Local Authorities to assess for sufficiency of play opportunities in their areas. This includes an element for the extra staffing time required to conduct the assessment and an element to conduct consultations with children, parents and others in the community. The Play Sufficiency Assessments will need to include all elements as stated in the Statutory Guidance. The information requested for the Play Sufficiency Assessment will require extra work as regards to assessing freely chosen play for which grant award letters have been issued confirming allocation amounts. Local Authorities will

be awarded funding once satisfactory Play Sufficiency Assessments and Actions Plans have been submitted.

Much of the information required for recreational activities should already be captured by the Local Authority and should not be an extra financial burden.

For the second part of the duty, which covers the requirement to secure sufficient play opportunities, further funding to Local Authorities will be considered once the completed Play Sufficiency Assessment and the action plans have been analysed.

8. Single Integrated Plan (SIP)

Consultation Response

Greater clarification has been requested on the links between the Play Sufficiency Assessments (PSA) and the Single Integrated Plan (SIP). Concerns were expressed that the timing set for completing the PSA would make it difficult for this to form part of the evidence required for the SIP.

Welsh Government Response

The “Completion of the Assessments” Section 9.2 of the Statutory Guidance (new Section 4.2) sets out that the Play Sufficiency Assessment should form part of the local needs assessment and the action plan containing proposals for securing sufficient play opportunities should be integrated into the planning, implementation and review of the Single Integrated Plan at every stage of the planning cycle. The Statutory Guidance states that the Local Authority representatives on the Local Service Board will be responsible for ensuring that the PSA forms part of the local needs assessment. To strengthen the prominence of the PSA contributing to the SIP we have brought forward this section in the Guidance.

The Welsh Government Guidance on Single Integrated Plans, covered in “Shared Purpose: Shared Delivery”, page 14, also covers this issue and is referenced in the Play Guidance.

The PSA will be required to be completed by 01 March 2013 and the SIP by 31 March 2013. The expectation is that as the PSA is being undertaken evidence obtained will be used to inform the SIP. Section 6 of the final Statutory Guidance has been revised to set the timetables more clearly.

9. Consultation

Consultation Response

It was requested that the Statutory Guidance included an increased emphasis on consultation.

Welsh Government Response

Section 10 of the Statutory Guidance covering “Consultation and Participation” references and provides a link to the Children and Young People’s Participation Standards, and further supporting material is available on the Welsh Government website. This section (now Section 5) has been extended to include reference to the National Principles for Public Engagement in Wales to cover engagement with the wider community. All of the suggestions put forward during the consultation period will be taken forward to the toolkit.

10. Benchmark standards

Consultation Response

It was suggested that there should be a definitive statement of what constitutes “quality” within a play setting and that a benchmark standard should be established to determine sufficiency.

Welsh Government Response

Section 7 of the Statutory Guidance: “Quality of provision” (new Section 9.2) sets out what is considered to be “a rich play environment”. Further information is also available on the Play Wales web site, which will contain links to other forms of guidance on creating a high quality play environment.

The Welsh Government recognises that what is considered sufficient and achievable will vary according to local circumstances, but should be assessed in accordance with the criteria set out under the matters to be taken into account in the Regulations and Statutory Guidance. The toolkit will also assist local authorities in establishing their present situation in relation to all aspects of play opportunities in readiness for ongoing improvement.

11. Planning

Consultation Response

Concerns were expressed as regards to planning (in relation to TAN 16 and the 6 Acre Standard) and how local authorities can use existing planning policy to contribute to the assessment of play opportunities. Suggestions were made that there is an over reliance on the 6 acre standard and greater recognition needs to be given to open space assessments; green space audits and Geographic Information System (GIS) mapping tools.

Welsh Government Response

Policies for the provision and protection of recreational open space should be set out in a local planning authority’s development plan. A Local Development Plan may make use of a wide range of information and evidence sources during the preparation of its plan – one of which could be an open space assessment. The

plan's policies must be based on a sound evidence base, and it is for the authority to prove this during the plan's public inquiry.

Discussions are taking place regarding the development of a common GIS platform for measuring open space and access to it, which may be available later in the assessment process.

12. Greater separation between children and young people

Consultation Response

It was suggested that there should be greater recognition of the play requirements of children of different ages.

Welsh Government Response

In the Children and Families (Wales) Measure 2010, a "child" ("plentyn") means a person who has not attained the age of 18. Section 11(5) b. states that in performing its duties under this section, a local authority must have regard (among other things) to the needs of children of different ages. The Regulations and Statutory Guidance require Local Authorities to audit the demography of their area showing specified age groups of children and to take this into account in assessing for the sufficiency of play opportunities.

Summary of this section

There was clearly a lot of interest in the Consultation documents and many respondents commented positively on many sections within the Statutory Guidance, whilst adding their own thoughts and interpretations. The main issue that was raised was the difficulty in including all recreational activities in the Play Sufficiency Assessment and concerns that this would reduce the effectiveness of the assessment and action plan. This is an issue that we have been aware of during the extensive engagement process and in the Regulations and Statutory Guidance we have worked with many stakeholders to provide an appropriate balance in the assessment of freely chosen play and the wide range of other provision that falls within the term "all recreational activities".

The Welsh Government would like to take this opportunity to thank all those who responded to this consultation exercise. Throughout the consultation process and as recorded in this summary report we have endeavoured to address all of the general issues raised. It should be noted that this duty is underpinned by the Children and Families (Wales) Measure 2010, which sets out the definitions for "play" and "child". Therefore some of the issues raised are those over which decisions have already been made. However we will continue to work with your comments to ensure that we have taken the issues forward in the most effective and coherent manner.

The Children and Families (Wales) Measure, section 11, Play Opportunities

Questions in the consultation

Question 1: Do the draft regulations and statutory guidance clearly set out the range of matters that Local Authorities, and their partners, need to consider when completing the play sufficiency assessment?

Of the 73 responses to this question, 32 (44%) indicated agreement to the proposed, that the regulations and statutory guidance clearly set out the matters to be considered.

There is strong support to the direction of travel of the duty.

16 (22%) recipients recommended that rearrangement of the sections in the guidance would focus a clearer message to Local Authorities. Therefore sections 9 and 10 have been brought forward to appear after section 3.

There is a strong indication that Section 9, Policy framework (new Section 4), should be strengthened to add further detail to how local authorities should complete the play sufficiency assessments. The policy framework, formally section 9, has been strengthened through the addition of recommendations for a lead director and lead member in each authority to be designated as holding responsibility for the completion of the Play Sufficiency Assessments; also through recommendations for budget readjustments to contribute to improving the availability of play opportunities.

As suggested by some respondents the Statutory Guidance has been strengthened throughout to indicate further recognition of minority groups, Welsh language speakers and gypsy travellers.

Stronger links to the National Participation Standards for Children and Young People, National Principles for Public Engagement in Wales have been added to the consultation and participation section 10 (new Section 5).

It was queried how the Play Sufficiency Assessment fits with the tackling poverty agenda and the implementation plan. A stronger link to the tackling poverty agenda has been added to the introduction, as well as greater recognition to the importance of play in tackling poverty of experience, equity and equality.

Question 2: Are the matters to be covered set out in sufficient detail for the Local Authorities, and their partners, to conduct a full assessment?

Of the 73 responses to this question, 16 (22%) indicated agreement to the proposed, that the matters to be covered set out in sufficient detail for the Local Authorities, and their partners, to conduct a full assessment. The majority of the “no” responses related to the issue of balance in the assessment between freely chosen play and other recreational activities, as covered in the key issue section of this Summary Report.

It was suggested by some recipients that there should be more reference to afterschool clubs and breakfast clubs in the Statutory Guidance. It has been agreed that the function of these specific provisions are not specific to play, however activities before school and after school activities are referenced in Matter I of the final Statutory Guidance.

It was recommended that the Statutory Guidance should include the need to consider access issues for children with a range of different disabilities. It was determined, by Welsh Government officials that this query was sufficiently covered in the final Statutory Guidance in Matter B: Providing for diverse needs. The Toolkit includes a number of tools to support Local Authorities in assessing for inclusive and accessible play opportunities.

It was suggested that further consideration should be placed on mobile provisions, such as Play Buses. Matter I of the final Statutory Guidance has been amended to take account of the mobile provisions, including play buses in the play work provision section.

In response to the suggestion to make greater links with child poverty, the introduction of the Statutory Guidance has been strengthened to reference child poverty and address poverty of experience. Also the matters to be taken into account in the Play Sufficiency Assessment have been extended to include the requirement to consider the impact of any charges or costs associated with play opportunities, especially for children from low income families and those living in areas of deprivation.

It was suggested that further reference should be made to the children's play infrastructure projects. Further reference to regional play associations (which include infrastructure projects) have been included under section 4.1 of the final Statutory Guidance.

It was queried if there was any development on banning smoking in play grounds. The Welsh Government has a Tobacco Delivery Plan which summarises the actions in the Tobacco Control Action Plan for Wales. This includes an action for Local Authorities to work with all schools to encourage them to adopt smoke-free policies across their school grounds and sport grounds. The Welsh Government is considering policies in relation to smoking in public spaces, including playgrounds.

There were suggestions that the Welsh Government should work more closely with the Care and Social Services Inspectorate Wales (CSSIW) to ensure that there is a coherent approach in respect to the criteria to be used in determining sufficiency of play within registered settings. Welsh Government officials within Play and Childcare policy and CSSIW are working to ensure consistency in these issues.

Question 3: Further to the toolkit, are there any additional support mechanism that could be put in place to assist Local Authorities, and their partners, in conducting the play sufficiency assessment?

Of the 73 responses to this question, 47 (64%) indicated a desire for additional support mechanisms to assist Local Authorities, and their partners, in conducting the play sufficiency assessment.

The suggestion was made that the Welsh Government should establish a Geographic Information System (GIS) with a typology that meets the range of needs as required by the duty. Discussions are taking place regarding the development of a common GIS platform for measuring open space and access to it, which may be available later in the assessment process.

As the toolkit was not available at the time of consultation, respondents were not aware of the full extent of what was to be covered in the document. We have used all of the responses to inform the toolkit.

Question 4: How do you think that Local Authorities, and their partners, should consult with children, their families and communities on the subject of existing play opportunities and how to improve them?

There was a variety of suggestions provided on how effective consultation could be carried out. All of these suggestions will be incorporated into the toolkit which provides a comprehensive review of many consultation methods.

It was suggested that the Welsh Government should explore a support structure which enables Local Authorities, and partners, to network and engage with each other to share learning and practice. The Welsh Government will continue to work with partners to ensure that good practice is taken into account and shared. Local Authorities should also ensure that good practice is shared with their partners.

Question 5: Do you think that the Welsh Government has captured the right balance between the assessment for freely chosen play and recreational activities?

Of the 73 responses to this question, 15 (21%) indicated agreement to the proposed, that the Welsh Government has captured the right balance between the assessment for freely chosen play and recreational activities.

Please refer to key issues 1 and 2 for the Welsh Government response.

Question 6: Have you any further suggestions how Welsh Government, Local Authorities and other stakeholders can work together to identify and secure sufficient play opportunities?

Of the 73 responses to this question, 55 (75%) indicated agreement to the proposed, and offered further suggestions how the Welsh Government, Local Authorities and other stakeholders can work together to identify and secure sufficient play opportunities.

Welsh Government has taken each of these suggestions forward and will be working with key stakeholders during the assessment process to put these into practice.

Question 7: We have asked a number of specific questions. If you have any related issues which we have not been specifically addressed, please use this space to report them.

Of the 73 responses to this question, 51 (70%) have suggested further comments for consideration, which cover the following areas:

- The measurement of open space(s).
- Community use of all schools outdoor areas for playgrounds and playing fields.
- Assessing play spaces for levels of local informal supervision or proximity/degree of overlooking by neighbouring buildings/homes/other activities.
- Use of Participation Officers for consultation.
- Appropriate update of the play sufficiency assessment to be utilised to ensure that access to play for disabled children is improved as a result.
- Further reference in the guidance to engaging with Communities First Partnerships.
- Connection between the importance of having somewhere to play within their community and how this can prevent children and young people from becoming involved in crime.
- Develop a quality assurance scheme for supervised play.
- Benchmarking tool for sufficiency.
- Developing policies to prohibit smoking in playgrounds.
- Council buildings and grounds to be provided free of charge for play provision.
- New housing developments to include play opportunities.
- Inclusion of Play Priority Areas.
- Homezones and traffic calming initiatives.
- Inclusion in the Community infrastructure levy process.
- Development of quality assessment tool for evaluating open play in Wales.
- Consider needs of Lesbian, Gay or Bisexual (LGB) young people, and those young people with LGB parents.
- Increase consideration of riverside space and residential streets in the assessment.
- More detailed information on the access difficulties that children with different disabilities may face.

- Increased information about organisations which can provide information and support on access requirements for specific disabilities.

All responses and suggestions have been taken into consideration and have been incorporated into the Regulations and Statutory Guidance wherever appropriate. Other suggestions will be taken forward for inclusion into the Toolkit, which has been developed in conjunction with Play Wales.

The changes made to the Regulations and Statutory Guidance following the consultation response include:

Summary of changes to the Regulations

- The name of the Regulations has been changed to The Play Sufficiency Assessments (Wales) 2012.
- Section 2: The interpretation of a “play event” has been included. Previously the Regulations read “Play Initiative” but it was felt that the definition for play event was more appropriate for this purpose.
- Section 3: a legal decision was made to remove the reference to “out of school child care” to avoid duplication as this provision is covered in the childcare sufficiency assessments.
- Section 3: the inclusion of “The needs of children from different cultures and backgrounds within its area”.
- Section 3: following consultation responses it was decided to include “adventure playgrounds” and “mobile provision” under matters to be taken into account.
- Section 3: information on whether there is a charge for play provision has been included to reflect the links with the tackling poverty agenda.
- Section 5: further clarity has been given to the completion of the Action Plans and the expectations of the contents of the plans.

Summary of changes to the Statutory Guidance

There were many minor amendments made to the Statutory Guidance following the responses. These include:

- The name of the Guidance has been amended to remove the reference to securing sufficient play opportunities. The name of the Guidance is now “Guidance to Local Authorities on assessing for sufficient play opportunities for in children in their areas”.
- Sections 9: Policy Framework and 10: Consultation and Participation have been brought forward to appear after section 3, as sections 4 and 5. This was in response to the suggestion for greater emphasis on the process of conducting the Play Sufficiency Assessment. This has altered the numbering of the sections, so for ease of understanding, the numbering as shown in the draft Guidance has been retained in showing amendments to any section with new numbering included in brackets.
- The Introduction has been amended to include further reference to the UNCRC.
- Section 9.2 (new Section 4.2) reference has been added to the appointment of a lead person responsible for the completion the play sufficiency assessments.
- Section 10 (new Section 5) reference has been made to the National Principles for Public Engagement in Wales.
- Section 5 (new Section 7) the definition of freely chosen play has been changed to include “facilitated” play.
- Section 5 (new Section 7) the definition of structured recreational activities has been changed to reflect that it is “in the main led by adults”.
- Under Section 10 Matter E and Matter H have been included to assess charge for play provision and community engagement and participation.
- The matters to be taken into account have been aligned, and re-named to echo the changes made in the Regulation.
- Matter A: Wording amended to include a 5 year population projection.
- Section 7 (new Section 9.2) quality of provision, has been amended to take account of changes made on the Play Wales web pages.

List of consultation respondents

Groundwork Wales	ContinYou Cymru	Play Scotland
Participation Cymru	National Deaf Children's Society (NDCS)	Play Right/ Chwarae lawn
Jordan Nicholas	Welsh Local Government Association (WLGA)	CYP Service – Wrexham County Borough Council
Family information service, Powys	Torfaen Voluntary Alliance	City & County of Swansea
Empowering Children Programme C.I.C	BAVO	Swansea Play Network
Wales PPA	School of City and Regional Planning, Cardiff University	Menter Iaith Sir Caerffili
Re-Create Cardiff and Vale Play Services Association on behalf of the Cardiff Play Forum	Menter Iaith Rhondda Cynon Taf	PAVO
University of Gloucestershire	Gruffydd Williams	Chwarae Plant
Bob Paterson	Nichola Watts	Blaenau-Gwent County Borough Council
Robert Edwards	RAY Ceredigion	Children in Wales
Clybiau Plant Cymru Kids' Clubs	Fields in Trust	Conwy Voluntary Services Council/ Conwy CYPP
Cardiff Council	Merthyr Valleys Homes	Play Team – Wrexham County Borough Council
Continuing Learning & Leisure, Newport City Council	Play Wales	City & County of Swansea
The British Standards Institution	Bishopston Play association	Swansea Play Network
NEW Play (North East	The University of Sheffield	Menter Iaith

Wales Play)		Sir Caerffili
Dynamix	Torfaen play service	PAVO
Play England	Children's Commissioner for Wales	Chwarae Plant
Monmouthshire EYDCP	Ezeeeplay Ltd/Play On The Move Ltd	Monmouthshire Play Advisory
Merthyr Tydfil County Borough Council	Three Counties Play Association	Pembrokeshire County Council
Save the Children	Carmarthenshire County Council	Caerphilly County Borough Council
Parents Federation	Flintshire County Council – Public Open Spaces Manager	Sustrans
Stonewall Cymru	Neath Port Talbot Children & Young People's Partnership	CYP Service – Wrexham County Borough Council
Play Right/Chwarae Iawn	Menter Iaith Casnewydd	