



Llywodraeth Cymru  
Welsh Government

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## **Technical completion notes for local authorities**

**Educated Otherwise Than At School (EOTAS) – January 2014**

**(Census week: Monday 13 January to Friday 17 January 2014)**

**Version 1.0**

**Audience**

Local authorities.

**Status**

Technical completion notes.

**Date of issue**

November 2013.

**Further information**

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These completion notes may also be found at [www.wales.gov.uk/ims](http://www.wales.gov.uk/ims)

Please check that the school name and contact details held by the Welsh Government for your school are correct on the Welsh Government website (select school sector from tabs at the foot of each worksheet):

[www.wales.gov.uk/topics/statistics/about/reference/schooladdress/?lang=en](http://www.wales.gov.uk/topics/statistics/about/reference/schooladdress/?lang=en)

Amendments, authorised by the headteacher, should be sent to [plasc@wales.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:plasc@wales.gsi.gov.uk) with 'School address change' typed in the subject box.

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## **Changes to EOTAS 2014**

1. A new section for 'In Care' has been added to the EOTAS summary report.
2. The Hours of Provision field will now allow numbers with one decimal place – change highlighted in Section 11 Summary of Data Fields.
3. A new data item 'Survey Completion Time' has been added – change highlighted in Section 11 Summary of Data Fields.
4. Enrolment status for each provision is mandatory for 2014.

## Section 1: Background

1. Section 4 of the Education & Inspections Act 2006 requires all local authorities to make arrangements to enable them to establish (so far as it is possible to do so) the identities of children in their area who are not receiving a suitable education.
2. 'Suitable education' means efficient full-time education suitable to age, ability and aptitude and to any special educational needs the child may have. The duty applies in relation to children of compulsory school age who are not on a school roll, and who are not receiving a suitable education otherwise than being at school (EOTAS). The duty came into force in Wales in September 2009.
3. The EOTAS data collection helps to fill the gap in pupil data in respect of those pupils not in school. It will provide additional data on those pupils previously in school, but no longer on a school roll, as well as pupils who may not previously have been registered at school.
4. The Welsh Government is working to support local authorities (LAs) in the safe, accurate exchange of pupil level data so that teachers and education professionals are informed of children's prior engagement, experience and achievements. It is also developing policy around 'plugging the data gaps' to help local authorities to effectively track pupils and to ensure they are well informed about the children for whom they are responsible.
5. For this reason and in support of the new duty the Welsh Government introduced an equivalent of the Pupil Level Annual School Census (PLASC) for children educated otherwise than at school (EOTAS). **The collection focusses on children receiving education funded by the local authority otherwise than at school** as defined in Section 19(1) of the Education Act 1996 i.e. those children of compulsory school age who, by reason of illness, exclusion or otherwise may not for any period receive suitable education.
6. The collection helps inform evidence-based policy on a group that historically we have held little data on. It also supports LAs in meeting their statutory duties to improve outcomes, reduce inequalities and to plan appropriate intervention strategies early.

### Overview

7. The EOTAS Census covers pupils who are placed by LAs in Pupil Referral Units (PRUs) or other forms of 'alternative provision' referred to as 'Educated Otherwise Than At School (EOTAS). Most information is provided as individual pupil records, including the pupil's name and "unique pupil number" (UPN).
8. Each LA is required to provide the Welsh Government with pupil level data for all pupils for whom the LA has a financial responsibility to provide an education. That may take place in a PRU or in another form

of 'alternative provision' referred to as 'Educated Otherwise Than At School (EOTAS)'. The provision made for the pupil may be located within or outside the LA area. Each LA is required to submit one return in respect of each pupil for whom it is responsible. The LA submitting the return will not be required to include pupils currently placed in a PRU within the LA but who live outside the area of the LA and for whom another LA is financially responsible i.e. pays for the provision.

9. Analysis of the individual pupil records from the school PLASC and this EOTAS data return, in conjunction with pupils' Key Stage assessments and examination results, provides schools, LAs and central agencies with a far greater range of information than is possible with just totals. This supports the drive to raise standards, the more accurate targeting of funding, and the monitoring and development of policy.
10. In consultation with the providers (developers) of LA management information software, it is intended that individual pupil records for the EOTAS census return will be generated automatically by your LA management information software (MIS) and parts of them may not be editable manually. It is essential therefore that all relevant pupil data are entered into your LA system before the EOTAS census return is created.
11. Your software will carry out validation checks on the data return, and produce reports of errors and queries. **You should attempt to resolve as many of these errors as possible before forwarding the return to Welsh Government.** If there are still errors on the file when the return reaches us, we may require it to be re-submitted.
12. The provision of individual pupil records means that EOTAS data returns may be large, making them difficult to be viewed in their entirety and to be visually checked for accuracy. The software, therefore, creates a "summary" of the EOTAS return, which in content is similar to the summary provided to schools for PLASC and so should be familiar to those LA staff who support schools. This summary should be carefully scrutinised before the return is authorised and forwarded to Welsh Government.
13. The stages to producing your EOTAS data return are:
  - (a) ensuring that all relevant pupil, 'category of provision' and 'elective home education' data have been correctly entered into your LA management information system;
  - (b) generating the EOTAS data return, keying in any data as required;
  - (c) reviewing reports of errors and queries, and resolving as many as possible;
  - (d) scrutinising the summaries closely, in particular for signs that some pupil data may not have been entered;

- (e) obtaining the authorisation of the relevant person in the LA and sending the return via the online data transfer system (DEWi) to Welsh Government.

14. These completion notes should be read in conjunction with any software-specific EOTAS census return user guide that may be available through your software supplier.
15. The completion notes in sections 2 and 3 describe each required item in detail, providing information where appropriate on:
  - the nature of the data to be returned;
  - the valid codes/categories to be used;
  - background information detailing any special caveats or situations that apply.
16. Sections 4 and 5 provide additional information on data scrutiny, validation and the procedure for submitting the return.
17. The provision of electronic returns from PRUs is not required. Where a PRU uses a version of a school MIS system, LAs might wish to consider how data could be supplied electronically to the LA to enable the LA to submit one pupil level return for all pupils in PRUs and in other EOTAS provision.

## Section 2: Who needs to be included in the EOTAS annual census?

18. All pupils who are receiving (or awaiting) education provision funded by the LA other than in a maintained school setting and whose details may not be captured through other data collections i.e. school PLASC. That is, children attending a PRU or other form of alternative provision **co-ordinated and funded by the local authority**.
19. The overriding criterion for inclusion in the EOTAS census is that it is for pupils for whom a Welsh LA has a financial responsibility and if not included in this census collection would not be picked up via PLASC.
20. However, some pupils may legitimately be included in the EOTAS census and also on a school PLASC (for maintained primary, secondary and special schools). For example, a pupil's main source of education could be in alternative provision, but they could also be registered at a maintained school that has not arranged the alternative provision. In this case, the LA is taking responsibility for the pupil's education and to reflect this, the pupil should be recorded on this EOTAS census. Broadly speaking we would expect the following pupils to be included as part of this return:
  - pupils attending a PRU;
  - pupils receiving individual tuition at home or in a hospital;
  - pupils being educated in residential homes or units - including independent residential homes located inside or outside your LA where education is provided on site and for whom the LA is wholly responsible for their educational provision;
  - pupils attending a non-maintained special school for whom your LA is paying all or part of the tuition fees;
  - pupils at an independent school (either within or outside the LA) for whom your LA is responsible for paying all or part of the tuition fees;
  - pupils placed in a maintained school as part of their 'alternative provision' funded by the LA;
  - pupils receiving bought-in private sector provision (either within or outside the authority) for whom your LA is responsible for paying all or part of the tuition fees;
  - permanently excluded pupils at the time of the census who are not allocated to another school or PRU;
  - pupils not on a school role who are awaiting a placement in alternative provision during census week.
21. The census week is **Monday 13<sup>th</sup> to Friday 17<sup>th</sup> January 2014**. If a child is in EOTAS provision during census week then the local authority will be required to provide information on all the provision the pupil has attended or is scheduled to attend during census week.



## **Children in special circumstances**

### **Looked after children**

22. In the case of a looked after child (LAC) receiving EOTAS provision, the LA with the role of corporate parent is responsible for reporting the EOTAS information, irrespective of whether the child is placed within or outside of the LA.

### **Cross-border exclusions**

23. If a child has been excluded and is receiving EOTAS provision whilst the appeals process is being completed, it will be the responsibility of the LA where the child is on a school role to report that pupil's EOTAS information.

### **Pupils with special educational needs**

24. If a child with special educational needs is receiving EOTAS provision, it will be the LA to whom the child 'belongs' as defined in the Education (Areas to which Pupils and Students Belong) Regulations 1996 as amended, to report that child's EOTAS information.

### **Pupils without a UPN**

25. There may be certain instances (for example, severe medical conditions) where a pupil has never been educated within the maintained sector and has never been assigned a UPN. If no existing UPN can be found for a pupil, a UPN must be allocated by the LA using the UPN generator located on the Department for Education (DfE) website at:

<http://www.education.gov.uk/schools/adminandfinance/schooladmin/ims/datamanagement/upn/a0064619/generating-a-upn>

The UPN generator is maintained by DfE and a new generator is made available each academic year.

### **Non-Wales resident pupils**

26. A small number of children and young people from LAs outside of Wales receive their EOTAS provision in Wales. These children are often privately fostered and resident within a Welsh LA. In such instances the Welsh LA, although not the corporate parent, is responsible for that child's EOTAS education. In such instances we would like the Welsh authority where the child is resident to report that child's EOTAS information.

### **Where the 'category of provision' does not accurately reflect the provision being provided**

27. If we have not identified all types of EOTAS provision available in Wales, please use the 'Other' category and complete the free text box describing the provision being given.

## Section 3: The collection

28. Most of the pupil-level data items required for this return should be familiar to LAs as they will already exist within school MIS systems and are required as part of a school's PLASC return. However, there are three data items which are specific to this data collection.

These are:

### Category of provision

29. This data item identifies the category of provision provided for each pupil. The pupil will either be placed in a PRU or another form of EOTAS provision. The categories and the three letter codes associated with the category are:

PRU	Pupil Referral Unit
FEC	Further education college
SCH	Maintained primary, secondary or special school
NMS	Non-maintained special school
TUI	Individual tuition and tuition at pupils' homes or at hospital
GAT	Youth Gateway
WRE	Work related education
TPR	Training providers
VOG	Voluntary organisations
PSP	Brought in private sector provision
IND	Independent schools
FEE	Pupil attending provision not maintained by the authority, or outside of the authority, for which the authority pays fees
NIP	Awaiting provision or not currently in provision
OTH	Other

30. The data item for collection will be the 3 letter code (not category description) from the above list. This data item, together with the LA identifier, will identify the 'category' of the provision made by the responsible LA.

31. Three categories will require additional data as follows:

- **Pupil referral unit** – the 7 digit LA **and** PRU establishment number **must be included**. The correct LA and establishment number for PRUs in Wales can be found at:

<http://wales.gov.uk/topics/statistics/about/reference/?lang=en>

The correct LA and establishment number for PRUs in England can be found at:

<http://www.education.gov.uk/edubase/home.xhtml;jsessionid=41E5C24F9A7C2D80BB4BCBBC1BE4878E>

- **Maintained school** - the 7 digit LA and establishment number **must be included**
- **Other** – a text description of the other category will need to be included

32. It is possible that a pupil may be placed in more than one category of provision at the same time e.g. part of the week at an FE college and part of the week with a voluntary provider or a PRU. Where this is the case, information should be returned for all categories of provision where the pupil is scheduled to be (not just those where the pupil actually attends) during census week.

## Enrolment status

33. The enrolment status was reinstated in the 2011 collection to address the issue of any duplicates that may arise from dual registered pupils. ~~This data is mandatory for PRUs and maintained schools but is optional for others.~~ **For 2014, each provision must have an enrolment status attached to it. Each pupil can have only one 'C' or 'M' enrolment status in the EOTAS and PLASC data collections. All other provisions must be recorded as 'S'. During the data validation process checks will be made to ensure that each pupil has only one 'C' or 'M' enrolment status in EOTAS and/or PLASC.**

## Hours of provision

34. This data item is to identify the number of hours of provision made for each pupil in the week of the EOTAS collection. The hours of provision for each category during the week of the census should be included. Where pupils were not in provision for the census week then 0 hours is a valid response. ~~Only whole numbers will be accepted.~~ **Numbers with up to one decimal place will be accepted.**

## Elective home education

35. This item is an 'establishment level' item, i.e. information is collected at LA rather than pupil level. The item will comprise a headcount of pupils by reference to gender and age. However, these fields are optional and can be missing. Age will be determined as age at the preceding 31 August. If the LA does not know the age of the child we would ask them to provide an estimate. Although there is no legal basis upon which authorities can collect personal data about pupils educated at home by parents i.e. not paid for by the authority, LAs are expected to be aware of such pupils, especially where a parent has given notice to a school that a parent is withdrawing the pupil from school to educate the pupil at home.

## Section 4: LA level information required

The following **identifying details** are required:

<b>LA number</b>	Consisting of three digits in the range 660-681 for Welsh LAs. All valid UK LA codes are also acceptable.
<b>Establishment number</b>	<b>Consisting of four digits, i.e. NNNN</b> It is essential for both these codes to be correct.

The following details on **pupils educated at home where parents have elected to provide the education themselves** are required:

<b>Headcount of pupils (optional)</b>	A headcount of pupils broken down by gender and age. Age will be determined as age at the preceding 31 August.  A file will not be rejected if there is no 'educated at home' data but it will result in a query.
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## Section 5: Individual pupil level data required

36. Individual pupil data is required for all pupils for whom the LA makes provision in a PRU or other form of education other than at school during the week of the census. Census week is **Monday 13<sup>th</sup> to Friday 17<sup>th</sup> January 2014**. Section 2 of this guidance provides further information as to the type of pupil who should be included in this collection.
37. Unless specifically stated as being optional, missing values (i.e. blanks) are not allowed for any data item, and if present, will cause a validation failure.
38. The code values shown below for the various data items reflect the values contained in the data file that the software prepares for transmission to Welsh Government. These values may not always coincide with the way the software holds the data internally or presents them to you on screen.

### Pupils on the register of a PRU during census week

39. The registration of pupils in a PRU is governed by the Education (Pupil Registration) Regulations 1995 in the same way as schools. Regulation 6 specifies the information that a school's admission register should contain, and Regulation 9 specifies the circumstances under which a pupil can be removed from the register.
40. However, information should be provided for pupils placed in a PRU when the LA is financially responsible for the provision of education. The provision made for the pupil may be located within or outside the LA area. (NOTE: each LA is required to submit one return in respect of all pupils for whom it is responsible. Unlike the STATS1 collection, the LA submitting the return will not be required to include pupils currently placed in a PRU within the LA but who live outside the area of the LA and for whom that other LA is financially responsible i.e. pays for the provision.)
41. For each pupil, whether in a PRU or other form of education, the following identifying details are required:

**Unique pupil number (UPN)**

Must be a valid 13 character UPN. The software will check that no two (or more) pupils have the same UPN. Such errors should be resolved before the return is passed to the Welsh Government or it will be rejected. It is possible that there will be a number of pupils for whom a UPN has not been allocated e.g. a pupil who has never been registered at a maintained school. If no existing UPN can be found for a pupil, a new UPN

must be allocated by the LA using the UPN generator located on the Department for Education website at:

<http://www.education.gov.uk/schools/adminandfinance/schooladmin/ims/datamangement/upn/a0064619/generating-a-upn>.

The UPN generator is maintained by DfE and a new generator is made available each academic year.

**Unique Learner Number (ULN)**

Must be a valid ten digit number with zero not allowed as the first character. ULNs can only be obtained from the [Learning Records Service Learner Register for pupils aged 14 and over](#). Further information and guidance on ULNs can be found at:

<http://wales.gov.uk/topics/educationandskills/schoolshome/schooldata/ims/learnerregistration/;jsessionid=Njm3NTnRThJLz3JpDW811VtQr1jKnFJp7GghcPcVs3GgTh1cYhy3!-1726265782?lang=en>.

**Former UPN**

Where the pupil has held another UPN. If no such former UPN exists, this field should be left blank.

**Surname**

Full surname, as the LA believes it to be.

**Forename**

In full, not shortened or familiar versions.

**Middle name(s)**

In full, not shortened or familiar versions. If the pupil has no middle name(s) then this field should be left blank.

**Date of birth**

in the format ccyy-mm-dd.

**Gender**

**M** (male) or **F** (female).

The following characteristics for pupils are required:

**National identity**

National identity is the national group with which the child

identifies herself or himself. Please note that this field must be completed for all pupils of statutory school age. The pupil's national identity along with ethnic group, are the subject of separate guidance, 'Collecting and recording data on pupils' ethnic background'. This guidance can be used when completing this field (as well as ethnicity and ethnicity source) and can be found at:

<http://wales.gov.uk/topics/educationandskills/publications/circulars/circular0062009/?lang=en>

National identity categories are:

WAL	Welsh
ENG	English
SCO	Scottish
IRE	Irish
BRI	British
OTH	Other
REF	Parent / pupil refused
NOS	No information supplied

**Ethnic group**

This field must be completed for all pupils of statutory school age. Please refer to the separate guidance mentioned above when completing this section. The guidance can be found at:

<http://wales.gov.uk/topics/educationandskills/publications/circulars/circular0062009/?lang=en>

Ethnic background categories are split into main and sub (extended) categories. The procedure to be followed is the same as that for any other pupil (see guidance).

The ethnic background categories are:

<b>Main codes:</b>		<b>Extended codes:</b>	
<b>WBRI</b>	White - British	<b>WITH</b>	Traveller of Irish Heritage
<b>WIRT</b>	Traveller	<b>WNAG</b>	'New' Traveller
		<b>WOCC</b>	Occupational Traveller

		<b>WOTT</b>	Other Traveller
<b>WROM</b>	Gypsy/Roma	<b>WBGR</b>	British Gypsy/Gypsy Roma
		<b>WGRO</b>	Gypsy/Gypsy Roma from Other Countries
		<b>WOGR</b>	Other Gypsy/Gypsy Roma
<b>WOTH</b>	Any other white background	<b>WALB</b>	Albanian
		<b>WBOS</b>	Bosnian-Herzegovinian
		<b>WBUL</b>	Bulgarian
		<b>WCRO</b>	Croatian
		<b>WCZE</b>	Czech
		<b>WFRE</b>	French
		<b>WGER</b>	German
		<b>WGRE</b>	Greek/Greek Cypriot
		<b>WHUN</b>	Hungarian
		<b>WITA</b>	Italian
		<b>WKOS</b>	Kosovan
		<b>WLAT</b>	Latvian
		<b>WLIT</b>	Lithuanian
		<b>WMAL</b>	Maltese
		<b>WMON</b>	Montenegrin
		<b>WPOL</b>	Polish
		<b>WPOR</b>	Portuguese
		<b>WRMA</b>	Romanian
		<b>WRUS</b>	Russian
		<b>WSCA</b>	Scandinavian
		<b>WSER</b>	Serbian
		<b>WSVK</b>	Slovakian
		<b>WSVN</b>	Slovenian
		<b>WSPA</b>	Spanish
		<b>WTUR</b>	Turkish/Turkish Cypriot
		<b>WEUR</b>	White European
		<b>WUKR</b>	Ukrainian
		<b>WEUR</b>	White European
		<b>WOTW</b>	Other White



<b>MWBC</b>	White and Black Caribbean		
<b>MWBA</b>	White and Black African		
<b>MWAS</b>	White and Asian		
<b>MOTH</b>	Any Other Mixed Background	<b>MWCH</b>	White And Chinese
		<b>MWOE</b>	White And Any Other Ethnic Group
		<b>MABL</b>	Asian And Black
		<b>MACH</b>	Asian And Chinese
		<b>MAOE</b>	Asian And Any Other Ethnic Group
		<b>MBCH</b>	Black And Chinese
		<b>MBOE</b>	Black And Any Other Ethnic Group
		<b>MCOE</b>	Chinese And Any Other Ethnic Group
		<b>MOTM</b>	Other Mixed Background
<b>AIND</b>	Indian	<b>AMPK</b>	Mirpuri Pakistani
<b>APKN</b>	Pakistani	<b>AOPK</b>	Other Pakistani
<b>ABAN</b>	Bangladeshi		
<b>AOTH</b>	Any Other Asian Background	<b>AAFR</b>	African Asian
		<b>AKAS</b>	Kashmiri

		<b>ANEP</b>	Nepali
		<b>ASNL</b>	Sinhalese
		<b>ASLT</b>	Sri Lankan
			Tamil
		<b>AOTA</b>	Other Asian
<b>BCRB</b>	Caribbean		
<b>BAFR</b>	African	<b>BGHA</b>	Ghanaian
		<b>BNGN</b>	Nigerian
			Sierra
		<b>BSLN</b>	Leonian
		<b>BSOM</b>	Somali
		<b>BSUD</b>	Sudanese
		<b>BAOF</b>	Other Black
<b>BOTH</b>	Any other black background		African
		<b>BEUR</b>	Black European
		<b>BNAM</b>	Black North American
<b>CHNE</b>	Chinese or Chinese British	<b>BOTB</b>	Other Black
		<b>CHKC</b>	Hong Kong Chinese
		<b>CMAL</b>	Malaysian Chinese
		<b>CSNG</b>	Singaporean Chinese
		<b>CTWN</b>	Taiwanese
		<b>COCH</b>	Other Chinese
<b>OOth</b>	Any other ethnic background	<b>OAFG</b>	Afghanistan
		<b>OARA</b>	Arab
		<b>OEGY</b>	Egyptian
		<b>OFIL</b>	Filipino
		<b>OIRN</b>	Irani
Main codes:		Extended codes:	
		<b>OIRQ</b>	Iraqi
		<b>OJPN</b>	Japanese
		<b>OKOR</b>	Korean
		<b>OKRD</b>	Kurdish
		<b>OLAM</b>	Latin/South/Central American
		<b>OLIB</b>	Libyan

<b>OLEB</b>	Lebanese
<b>OMAL</b>	Malay
<b>OMRC</b>	Moroccan
<b>OPOL</b>	Polynesian
<b>OTHA</b>	Thai
<b>OVIE</b>	Vietnamese
<b>OYEM</b>	Yemeni
<b>OOEG</b>	Other Ethnic Group

**REFU** Information refused

**NOBT** Information not obtained

**Source of ethnic background data**

The possible values of the source code are:

- C** provided by the child (i.e. pupil)
- P** provided by the parent
- S** ascribed by the current school
- T** ascribed by a previous school
- O** other (or not known).

**Free school meal eligibility**

**True** (eligible) or **False** (not eligible).

Children whose parents receive the following support payments are eligible to receive free school meals in maintained schools in Wales:

- Income Support
- Income Based Jobseekers Allowance
- Support under Part VI of the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999
- Income-related Employment and Support Allowance
- Child Tax Credit, provided they are not entitled to Working Tax Credit and their annual income does not exceed £16,190
- Guarantee element of State Pension Credit.
- Working Tax Credit 'run-on'- the payment someone may receive for a further four weeks after they stop qualifying for Working Tax Credit
- Universal Credit

~~Parents receiving Working Tax Credit during the four week period after their employment finishes or after they start to work less than 16 hours per week are entitled to~~

### Free School Meals during that four week period.

Children who receive Income Support or Income Based Job Seekers Allowance in their own right are also eligible to receive Free School Meals.

Pupils should only be recorded as eligible if they have applied for free school meals to the local authority and (1) the relevant authority has confirmed their eligibility, or (2) final confirmation of eligibility is still awaited but the school has seen documents that strongly indicate eligibility (for example an Income Support order book).

**In care** Is the child “looked after” during census week?  
**True** (Yes) or **False** (No).

**Care authority** The three digit LA code for the local authority under which the child is in care. Value in the range 660-681.

42. The following status details for pupils are required:

43. NOTE: For pupils placed in a PRU, a maintained school or a non-maintained special school as part of the provision made for that pupil, the pupil will have an ‘enrolment status’. Provision of these data is mandatory for PRUs and maintained schools but it is optional for others. The establishment where the pupil is placed will need to maintain the enrolment status of the pupil while placed in the establishment, as required by the Pupil Registration Regulations, including any instances of ‘dual registration’. For the benefit of LAs who may be requested for advice on registration issues, the following guidance is offered:

44. Any pupil who attends a PRU must be ‘registered’ i.e. be entered on the admission register of the PRU. If a pupil also attends a school as part of the provision made for that pupil, the pupil must also be ‘registered’ at the school i.e. must be dual registered. Normally, if the main provision is at the PRU, the enrolment status at the PRU will be Dual Main (M) with the school recording an enrolment status of Dual Subsidiary (S). This may be reversed if the school is the main provision and a lesser part of the provision is at the PRU.

45. If the main provision for a pupil is another form of EOTAS provision, there is no formal ‘registration’ with the provider and, therefore, no enrolment status. If part of the provision for the pupil is also at a school, then the pupil must be ‘registered’ at the school. Normally in these circumstances, the enrolment status at the school would be Single Current (C) because the pupil is not attending another school where the pupil is also registered. However, it is known that some LAs advise that a school in these circumstances should record the enrolment status as Dual Subsidiary (S) to reflect the fact that attendance at the school is only part of the provision made for the pupil.

## Year group

The year group in which the pupil would be taught for the majority of their time, regardless of their chronological age, if they were in school. The following values will apply to the majority of cases (ages are as at the preceding 31 August):

**N1** nursery, age less than 3

**N2** nursery, age greater than or equal to 3 but less than 4

**R** reception

**1-14** year groups 1-14.

If there is no information available to the LA about which year group the pupil would be taught in if in school, the year group should be calculated according to their chronological age.

## Home postcode

Please check that the information provided is compatible with one of the valid postcode formats, which are:

An nAA

AAn nAA

AnA nAA

Ann nAA

AAAn nAA

AAAn nAA

Where 'A' denotes an upper case letter and 'n' a number from 0 to 9. Common mistakes when recording postcodes are to confuse letters with similar looking numbers (e.g. letter 'O' with number zero), to omit the central space, or include a trailing full stop. Any of these will cause the postcode to be rejected as invalid.

The software should convert any 'O' at the start of the second postcode block to a 0 (zero), and to convert double spaces between postcode blocks to single spaces.

An additional check was added in 2012: for the second part of a postcode after the space e.g. XXX **XXX**), the characters CIKMOV are now not allowed.

The expectation is that schools will be able

to provide a valid home postcode for the great majority of their pupils. However in any individual cases where home postcode is not known, this field should be left blank.

46. The following special educational needs details for pupils are required:

47. Detailed guidance on SEN data items and selecting appropriate values was issued to LAs and schools in August 2007 as Welsh Government Circular No: 024-07 'Guidance for School Information Management Systems: Guidance to support the recording of Pupils' Special Educational Needs on School Information Management Systems'. This document can be found at

<http://new.wales.gov.uk/topics/educationandskills/publications/circulars/1979851/?lang=en>. This document will shortly be replaced by Welsh Government Circular 012/2013.

### **Pupil SEN provision**

The SEN provision (previously known as SEN status or stage) of the pupil. Further guidance can be found in the code of practice issued to all schools and can be found at:

<http://wales.gov.uk/topics/educationandskills/publications/guidance/specialedneed/scop/?lang=en> and in the guidance document listed above.

The valid codes are:

- N** No special provision
- A** School Action
- P** School Action Plus
- S** Statemented

Please note that Q is no longer a valid value. If a pupil has Q recorded then this will be automatically mapped to P when the return is created by your software.

If your LA operates additional stages then please determine which of the four codes above is most appropriate for pupils at such stages. All pupils must be assigned one of the codes above. If a major special need other than DNA is reported then SEN provision **must** be reported as A, P or S.

**Major (primary) special need**

The most significant special need of a pupil. If the pupil has a statement then it should reflect the need contained on that statement. If the pupil is in the process of being assessed or referred prior to possible statementing, (codes A or P above) but has not yet been formally stated, then the school should enter the code which is most appropriate to the nature of the special provision provided. The valid codes are:

DYSL	SPLD – Dyslexia
DYSC	SPLD – Dyscalculia
DYSP	SPLD – Dyspraxia
ADHD	SPLD – Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder
MLD	Moderate Learning Difficulties
GLD	General Learning Difficulties
SLD	Severe Learning Difficulties
PMLD	Profound & Multiple Learning Difficulties
BESD	Behavioural, Emotional & Social Difficulties
SLCD	Speech, Language and Communication Difficulties
HI	Hearing Impairment
VI	Visual Impairment
MSI	Multi-Sensory Impairment
PMED	Physical and Medical Difficulties
ASD	Autistic Spectrum Disorders
DNA	Does not apply

**Secondary special needs (optional)**

Using the same codes as above, please describe any secondary special needs the pupil may have. Your software may allow you to enter more than one secondary need but the Welsh Government only requires data for one secondary need.

48. The following category of provision details for pupils are required:

**Category of provision**

This data item will identify the category of provision for each pupil. The pupil will either be placed in a PRU or another form of EOTAS provision. The categories (and the three digit codes to be used in systems) will be as follows:

PRU	Pupil Referral Unit
FEC	Further education college
SCH	Maintained primary, secondary or special school
NMS school	Non-maintained special school
TUI	Individual tuition and tuition at pupils' homes or at hospital
GAT	Youth Gateway
WRE	Work related education
TPR	Training providers
VOG	Voluntary organisations
PSP provision	Bought in private sector provision
IND	Independent schools
FEE	Pupil attending provision not maintained by the authority, or outside of the authority, for which the authority pays fees
NIP	Awaiting provision or not currently in provision
OTH	Other

The data item for the collection will be the 3 letter code (not category description) from the above list. This data item, in association with the LA identifier, will identify the 'category' of the provision made by the responsible LA. Three categories will require additional data as follows

- **Pupil referral unit** – the 7 digit LA and PRU establishment number **must be included**.
- **Maintained school** - the 7 digit LA and establishment number **must be included**
- **Other** – a text description of the other category will need to be included

It is possible that the pupil may be placed in more than one category of provision at the same time e.g. part of the week at an FE college and part of the week with a voluntary provider or a PRU. Where this is the case, information should be returned for all



categories of provision where the pupil is scheduled to be (not just those where the pupil actually attends) during census week.

**Hours of provision**

This data item identifies the number of hours of provision made for each pupil in the week of the census collection. The hours of provision for each category during the week of the census should be included.

**LA and Estab**

Where the pupil is enrolled at a PRU or placed in a school as part of the provision during census week, the four digit establishment number and the three digit LA number of the PRU or school must be included.

**Other category of provision**

Where the pupil is attending a category of provision shown as 'other' during census week, a description of the category of provision must be included.

## Section 6: Data entry and data checking

49. Your software may contain a series of data checks which will help you to identify and correct errors and inconsistencies in your data prior to generating your EOTAS return. Please go through this process carefully as it will substantially reduce the number of validation errors in your return and the subsequent work that you may need to do to resolve these.
50. However, neither these data checks, nor the validation rules the software subsequently applies to the EOTAS data return, can establish whether or not you have entered all the pupil data that should have been entered. For example, whether all pupils who are eligible for free school meals are recorded as such in your system. The validation process will issue a query if none of the pupils in the return are shown as eligible for free school meals. If some are shown as eligible there will be no query, yet there may still be other pupils who are eligible but have not been entered as such in your system.
51. So, although the data checks are very important, you cannot assume that successful completion of them guarantees that all necessary data are present, and that your EOTAS return will be correct. Nor does the absence of any validation errors or queries guarantee that. **You must therefore ensure that you have fully entered into your system all of the data set out in the data entry specification.**

## Section 7: Validation and error correction

52. Your software will provide a detailed report of validation errors and queries in your return. An **error** is the presence of an illegal character or value in a data item, or a logical inconsistency between data items or between different aspects of the return. An error inevitably reflects some inaccuracy in, or omission from, the return.
53. **Queries** are of two kinds:
- they may relate to an unusual feature of the data (for example that no pupils at all are shown as having special needs), which suggests, but does not prove, the presence of some inaccuracy or omission;
  - they may be used as a prompt in areas where there seems a particularly high risk of omissions occurring – free school meal entitlement, for example. Some LAs may not have any pupils eligible for free school meals, but these are exceptions and the software will query such cases.
54. Queries of either kind need to be investigated to establish whether or not there is an inaccuracy or omission, although the conclusion may be that the data are in fact correct.
55. It is essential for you to resolve as many errors as possible **before submitting the return** to the Welsh Government, and ideally to resolve all of them. It is also essential to investigate all queries, and to amend the data where it transpires that they are incorrect.
56. **Returns which, on arrival in the Welsh Government, contain errors may be rejected and have to be re-submitted. The Welsh Government will not be applying an overall threshold but will evaluate each return on its own merits.**

## Section 8: The summary

57. The summary is generated automatically by the software. Its purpose is to allow those involved in preparing the return, and the person authorising it, to assess the likely accuracy and completeness of the return given that the return itself is likely to be too large to be viewed easily in its entirety. The summary presents the data in much the same format as a school PLASC summary and therefore should be straightforward to use as part of the validation process.
58. The summary should be inspected carefully, paying particular attention to those parts of it that might reveal evidence that some individual pupil data were not entered into your system prior to generating the return, namely:
- number of pupils by gender, age, category of provision
  - number of pupils eligible for free school meals
  - number of pupils with an SEN statement
  - number of pupils with special needs but no statement
  - number of pupils and total hours of provision by reference to Key Stage
59. The summary will also include a report on the number of pupils educated at home by gender and age where parents have elected to educate the pupil themselves.

## **Section 9: Sending the return to the Welsh Government**

60. The return should be authorised by someone in the LA other than the person responsible for producing the return, who should do so having satisfied themselves that the data as set out in the summary are accurate and that errors have been resolved. Once the return has been authorised by the relevant person it should be sent, via the DEWi online secure data transfer system, to the Welsh Government.

61. The deadline for returns to reach the Welsh Government:

**Friday, 14<sup>th</sup> March 2014.**

62. The Welsh Government is aiming to carry out a checking period in May in which local authorities will be sent extracts of their data that will go into the statistical first release to extend to them a final opportunity to check the accuracy of the data that they have submitted.

## **Section 10: Further information**

63. If you need further advice on the completion of any part of your EOTAS census return, please email

[eotas@wales.gsi.gov.uk](mailto:eotas@wales.gsi.gov.uk)

## Section 11: Summary of data fields

### LA level data

#### School identifiers

Field Name	Field Length	Field Type	Sample Data
LA Number	3	Alphanumeric	660
Establishment	4	Alphanumeric	LLLL

#### Survey details

Field Name	Field Length	Field Type	Sample Data
Survey/Data Extraction Type	5	Alphanumeric	EOTAS
Survey Completion Time	2	Alphanumeric	05

#### Elected home education details

Field Name	Field Length	Field Type	Sample Data
Gender	1	Alphanumeric	M
Age	2	Alphanumeric	12
Headcount	3	Alphanumeric	123

### Individual pupil-level data

#### Pupil identifiers

Field Name	Field Length	Field Type	Sample Data
UPN (Unique Pupil Number)	13	Alphanumeric	Z1234567890123
ULN (Unique Learner Number)	10	Alphanumeric	8534567891
Former UPN	13	Alphanumeric	A1234567890122
Surname	35	Alphanumeric	Jones
Forename	35	Alphanumeric	Marc
Middle Name(s)	35	Alphanumeric	Iwan Owen
Date of Birth	10	Date	1992-03-31
Gender	1	Alphanumeric	M

#### Pupil characteristics

Field Name	Field Length	Field Type	Sample Data
Pupil National Identity	3	Alphanumeric	WAL
Pupil Ethnic Code	4	Alphanumeric	MWBC
Source of Pupil Ethnic Code	1	Alphanumeric	P
Pupil Free School Meal Eligibility	5	True/False	False
Pupil In Care Indicator	5	True/False	False
Pupil In Care – Caring Authority Code	3	Alphanumeric	660

### Pupil status

Field Name	Field Length	Field Type	Sample Data
Enrolment Status	1	Alphanumeric	C
Pupil NC Year Group	2	Alphanumeric	10
Pupil Postcode	8	Alphanumeric	CF14 5DZ

### Special educational needs

Field Name	Field Length	Field Type	Sample Data
SEN Provision under code of practice	1	Alphanumeric	S
SEN Type Rank	2	Alphanumeric	01
SEN Type	4	Alphanumeric	BESD

### EOTAS information

Field Name	Field Length	Field Type	Sample Data
Category of provision	3	Alphanumeric	PRU
Hours of provision	24	Alphanumeric	25.2
LA	3	Alphanumeric	660
Establishment	4	Alphanumeric	1100
Other category	100	Alphanumeric	Description