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Higher Education Students and Qualifiers at Scottish Institutions 2010-11

Statistics on students and qualifiers on Higher Education (HE) courses at Scottish Institutions in 2010-11 are published today by the Scottish Funding Council. This publication updates the figures in the 2009-10 issue of the same publication, which was a National Statistics publication released on 29th March 2011 by the Scottish Government. Responsibility for the production of the publication was transferred to the Scottish Funding Council during 2011. The release contains information on HE provision and attainment in higher education institutions (HEIs) and colleges in Scotland and the figures reported here supersede those contained within previous releases.

Summary of Key Findings:

- In 2010-11 there were 290,000 students in higher education in Scotland, which is a record level number of HE students; the number of new entrants was 140,590. Compared to 2009-10, total student numbers increased by 0.8 per cent, however, the number of new entrants fell by 4.7 per cent. A majority of HE students in 2010-11 (55.6 per cent) were female and 44.4 per cent were male.
- The number of Scottish domiciled students at Scottish HEIs fell slightly by 1,280 (0.6 per cent) since 2009-10 but has increased by 5,145 (2.5 per cent) since 2007-08. Compared to 2007-08, students from the rest of the UK have increased by 2,080 (7.6 per cent) and students from outside the UK by 10,505 (29.9 per cent)
- At 90,110, the number of higher education qualifiers from Scottish institutions was at the highest level recorded, and the increase in qualifiers of 6,715 (8.1 per cent) since 2009-10 was the largest annual increase during the past decade. In 2010-11, Scottish domiciled students accounted for 71.4 per cent of qualifiers. Since 2001-02, the number of HE qualifiers at Scottish HEIs has increased by 32.2 per cent.
- Of all qualifiers in 2010-11, just over three fifths (62.9%) achieved graduate level qualifications (first degree level or above); these qualifications were mainly obtained at HEIs where 87.1% achieved graduate level qualifications compared to only 2.4% at colleges. The percentage of qualifiers leaving with graduate level qualifications saw its first annual decrease, from 64.1% in 2009-10, since 2003-04.
- The number of students in HE in Scotland declaring a disability in 2010-11 was 23,115 (8.1 per cent of all HE students where disability status was reported).
- The proportion of entrants to HE that come from the 20 per cent most deprived areas of Scotland increased slightly from 15.1% in 2009-10, to 15.4% in 2010-11. Entrants from deprived areas are over-represented in Scotland's colleges but are under-represented amongst Scotland's HEIs.

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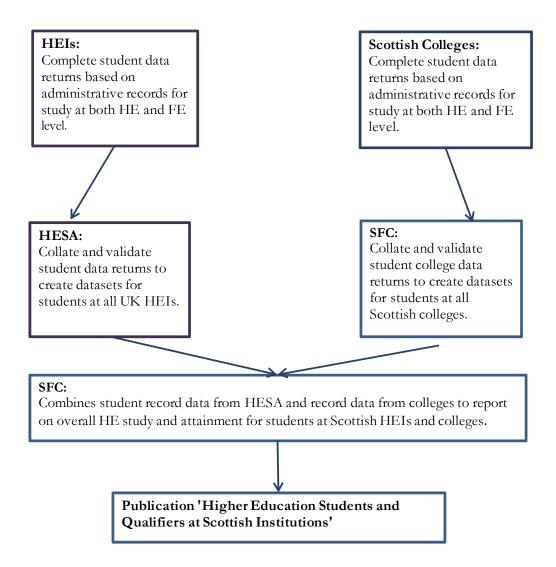
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Methodological Note

Data Sources

This publication contains information on students from both colleges and higher education institutions (HEIs) who are attending Higher Education courses in Scotland. These statistics are collected by the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) from HEIs and by the Scottish Funding Council (SFC) from further education colleges (colleges).

Where analysis refers to institutions (rather than HEIs or colleges) student data from both Scottish HEIs and Scottish colleges has been combined to report on all Scottish institutions.



Coverage

Following a consultation in 2007, the method of identifying students was changed in 2009 in order to provide a greater level of consistency with HESA. The figures in this publication that relate to higher education institutions are defined by HESA's standard registration population. To allow comparisons across years all time-series have been revised according to this definition.

The standard registration population includes all higher education student instances active at a reporting institution at any point in the reporting period 1st August to 31st July except; dormant students, incoming visiting exchange students, students who study wholly outside the UK, students on sabbatical and writing up students. In this publication students studying at the Open

University are counted as studying within the country of their domicile (see note on 'Open University' below).

Data from Scottish colleges continues to be reported in the same way as in previous years and excludes those students who do not complete the first 25% of their course (the point at which they become eligible for funding).

Student Instances

HESA's Student Records use the term 'instance' to describe a student's engagement within an institution. A student may enrol on more than one course and therefore have more than one instance. It is instances that are reported in this publication. This approach is consistent with that of HESA. The same approach is taken when reporting on student activity at Scottish colleges. Where references are made in this release to 'students' this should be interpreted as 'instances'.

Full-Time Equivalents

Full-time Equivalents (FTE) represent the expected hours of learning undertaken by a student during their course, as a proportion of the expected hours of learning of full-time study, according to the best academic judgement of the reporting institution. For example; a student with an FTE of 0.8 is expected to undertake 20 per cent less hours of learning relative to a full-time student on the same course, a student with an FTE of 1.2 is expected to undertake 20 per cent more hours of learning relative to a full-time student on the same course.

At UK HEIs, full-time students are those normally required to attend an institution for periods amounting to more than 24 weeks within the year of study, on thick or thin sandwich courses, and those on a study-related year out of their institution. During that time students are normally expected to undertake periods of study, tuition or work experience which amount to an average of at least 21 hours per week. Full-time HE students at Scottish colleges are those which meet the criteria of at least 480 planned notional hours.

Open University

Students attending the Open University whose pre-study location (domicile) was in Scotland are classified in this publication as studying at a Scottish HEI. Where comparisons are made to other UK countries, the Open University is regarded as a separate institution in each country. Students studying at the Open University whose pre-study location was outside the UK or recorded as an unknown UK domicile are excluded. This methodology differs from that used by HESA where the Open University is counted as a wholly English institution; as a result student figures reported in this release will differ from those reported by HESA.

UK Comparisons

Unless stated otherwise, data from UK institutions outside of Scotland are not included in the analysis. Where data from UK institutions outside of Scotland are included, the analysis compares only HEIs and does not include data from Scottish colleges. In 2010-11, 17.7 per cent of HE students enrolled at Scottish institutions (including Open University students) were studying at Scottish colleges.

Entrants from Deprived Areas of Scotland

Analysis of entrants from deprived areas of Scotland is based on the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD). The Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (2009) combines 38 indicators across seven domains, namely: income, employment, health, education, skills and training, housing, geographic access and crime. The overall index is a weighted sum of the seven domain scores. The weighting for each domain is based on the relative importance of the domain in measuring multiple deprivation, the robustness of the data and the time lag between data collection and the production of the SIMD.

Entrants from deprived areas are Scottish domiciled entrants to HE whose pre-study location was within one of the 20 per cent lowest ranked areas in Scotland. The SIMD is split into 6,505 small areas called datazones, with the 20 per cent lowest ranked areas comprising of datazones 1 to 1301. A process of postcode matching was undertaken to identify which datazones students belonged to prior to study. In 2010-11, 98.4% of Scottish domiciled students were successfully matched through this process before entrant populations were defined. Entrants whose postcodes belonged to one of the 20% lowest ranked datazones in the SIMD are classified as entrants from deprived areas.

To date, there have been three SIMDs (SIMD 2004, SIMD 2006 and SIMD 2009). For each academic year contained within the analysis in this release, the most appropriate SIMD (relative to the time-period of applications to study HE in the UK) was selected for use with entrant data for the particular academic year.

In this release, academic years 2001-02 to 2004-05 relate to SIMD 2004, 2005-06 and 2006-07 relate to SIMD 2006 and academic years 2007-08 to 2010-11 relate to SIMD 2009.

More information on the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation can be found at the following web address: http://www.scotland.gov.uk/Topics/Statistics/SIMD.

International Students

European Union (EU) figures include accession countries according to EU membership at the start of each academic year. In 2009-10 EU member countries included; Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Gibraltar, Greece, Hungary, the Republic of Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain and Sweden. In this release the United Kingdom is reported separately from other EU countries.

Non-EU Europe includes European countries not included in the European Union; Albania, Azerbaijani Republic, Belorussia, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Croatia, Georgia, Faroe Islands, Iceland, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz Republic, Liechtenstein, Macedonia, Monaco, Norway, Russia, San Marino, Switzerland, Tajikistan, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Ukraine, Uzbekistan and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia.

Non-European includes all countries outside of Europe.

Level of Study

Postgraduate students include; doctorate, masters, postgraduate bachelors degrees, postgraduate diplomas or certificates, PGCE/PGDE and professional qualification at postgraduate level. From 2007-08 professional graduate certificates in education have been reported as undergraduate qualifications and separately from postgraduate certificates in education, in years prior to this both were reported as postgraduate certificates in education.

First Degree students include; first degrees, first degrees with qualified teacher status, enhanced first degrees, first degrees obtained concurrently with a diploma and intercalated first degrees.

Sub-degree students include; Diploma of Higher Education (DipHE), Certificate of Higher Education (CertHE), professional qualification at undergraduate level, foundation courses at HE level, HND, HNC, NVQ/SVQ levels 5 and 4, diplomas and certificates at undergraduate level and other formal HE qualifications of less than degree standard. Other Higher Education includes all sub-degree level study excluding HNCs/HNDs.

Subject Tables

Subject data from higher education institutions is apportioned to broadly reflect the weight of a particular subject within the study programmes of individual enrolments. This process is consistent with the treatment of subject breakdowns by the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA). Supplementary subject figures are included in the main subject groupings. They are also reported separately for clarity. Economics and Politics are included in Social Studies, English is included in Languages, Geography is included in Social Studies, Environmental Science is included in Physical Sciences and Psychology is included in Biological Sciences.

Data Presentation

In all tables in this release, figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, and 0, 1 and 2 have been rounded to 0. Unknown values are not displayed individually in tables but are included in totals. Figures may not sum to totals due to rounding and the inclusion of unknown values. Unless stated otherwise, percentages in tables are calculated from unrounded values. Figures and percentages in the text and charts are calculated from rounded values.

Key Findings

Students:

Students and Institutions:

- 1. In 2010-11, there were 290,000 students in higher education (HE) in Scotland, which is a record level for the number of HE students and represents an increase of 2,435 students (or 0.8 per cent) since 2009-10. The largest increase in the number of students in HE occurred amongst those studying first degrees, increasing by 3,540 (or 2.4 per cent) from 146,175 in 2009-10 to 149,715 in 2010-11. First degrees are the most common level of study with over half (52%) of all students in Scottish HE studying at this level. The only level of study which saw a decrease in the number of students was sub-degree provision excluding HNC/Ds which declined by 3,815 or 8.4% (from 45,205 in 2009-10 to 41,390 in 2010-11) (Table 1).
- 2. The number of students in higher education institutions (HEIs) increased by 880 (or 0.4 per cent) from 237,765 in 2009-10 to 238,645 in 2010-11. At the same time, the number of students participating in HE in colleges also increased, by 1,555 (or 3.1 per cent) from 49,800 in 2009-10 to 51,355 in 2010-11 (Table 1).
- 3. HEIs accounted for 82.3 per cent of all students enrolled in Scottish HE in 2010-11, with the remaining 17.7 per cent studying at HE level in colleges. While a majority of those at HEIs (62.3 per cent) were studying at first degree level most students studying HE at colleges (98.0 per cent) were studying at subdegree level (Table 1).
- 4. Although the total number of students studying HE at HEIs increased by only 880 (or 0.4 per cent) between 2009-10 and 2010-11, there were larger changes for individual institutions. Some HEIs witnessed a large percentage increase in student numbers, for example the Universities of Abertay Dundee (up 18.5 per cent) and Stirling (up 6.9 per cent) and the Royal Conservatoire of Scotland (up 5.1 per cent). Other HEIs witnessed a large percentage fall in student numbers, including the Universities of the Highlands and Islands (down 5.7 per cent), Strathclyde (down 5.1 per cent) and the West of Scotland (down 4.4 per cent) and the Robert Gordon University (down 4.3 per cent) (Table 2).
- 5. The colleges that saw the largest increase in enrolments in percentage terms between 2009-10 and 2010-11 were John Wheatley College (up 26.9%, though from a small base of 130 students), West Lothian College (up 25.3%, from a base of 750 students) Coatbridge College (up 23.2%, from a base of 475 students) and North Glasgow College (up 22.7% from a base of 705 students). However, some colleges had a fall in enrolments, including Kilmarnock College (down 18.3%), Adam Smith College (down 16.8%), Dumfries and Galloway College (down 14.8%) and Dundee College (down 9.3%) (Table 3).

Student Characteristics and Choices:

- 6. A majority of those in HE in Scotland in 2010-11 (55.6 per cent or 161,100) were female and 44.4 per cent or 128,900 students were male. In 2001-02, the gender split amongst students was 56.3 per cent female to 43.7 per cent male and the female majority grew to a peak of 57.8 per cent female to 42.2 per cent male by 2005-06 before gradually declining in the years following. The increase in HE level students between 2009-10 and 2010-11 was higher for males (growing 1,905 or 1.5 per cent) than for females (growing 535 or 0.3 per cent). During the period 2001-02 to 2005-06, the number of female HE students rose by 6,000 (4.0 per cent) and the number of male students fell by 2,590 (2.2 per cent). However, in the following five years, 2005-06 to 2010-11, there was a reversal of trend as the number of male students rose by 13,710 (11.9 per cent) compared to a rise in female students of only 3,240 (2.1 per cent) (Table 6).
- 7. The number of distance learning students has increased by 410 (1.2 per cent) between 2009-10 and 2010-11, from 33,495 to 33,905. There was an increase of 890 (4.2 per cent) in the number of first degree and postgraduate distance learning students from 21,335 in 2009-10 to 22,225 in 2010-11, but a fall of 485 (4.0 per cent) at sub-degree level. At first degree level, 57.8 per cent of distance learners were female and 42.2 per cent were male. The gender gap was similar for sub-degree study with 62.6 per cent female compared to 37.4 per cent male. However, at postgraduate level, male distance learners accounted for the majority, with 53.4 per cent of the enrolments compared to females at 46.6 per cent (Table 7).
- 8. Whilst the number of people enrolled in HE increased by 0.8 per cent overall, this was mainly due to an increase in enrolments amongst those aged 19 to 29; enrolments in this age group increased by 7,630 (or 4.7 per cent) from 161,300 in 2009-10 to 168,930 in 2010-11. In contrast, the number of enrolments amongst those aged 30 and over fell by 3,750 (4.5 per cent) to 79,055 and enrolments for those aged 16-18 decreased by 1,405 (or 3.2 per cent) to 41,925 (Table 8).
- 9. The HE courses in Scotland with the largest overall numbers of students in 2010-11 were in Business and Administrative Studies with 48,855 students enrolled. Subjects allied to Medicine were in second position with 32,955 students participating in 2010-11. Changes in the number of students on each HE course between 2009-10 and 2010-11 varied. There was a 7.0 per cent increase in the number of students studying Agriculture and related subjects which increased by 130 from 1,860 to 1,990 and other increases included: Social Studies (6.0 per cent), Mass Communication and Documentation (4.8 per cent), Engineering and Technology (4.1 per cent) and Creative Arts and Design (3.7 per cent). At the same time the number of students studying Education decreased by 1,250 (7.2 per cent) from 17,395 in 2009-10 to 16,145 in 2010-11 and the number studying Architecture, Building and Planning fell by 615 (6.7 per cent) from 9,120 to 8,505 (Tables 10a,10b and 10c).

UK Comparisons (Students):

10. Comparisons with the rest of the UK can only be made for those studying HE at higher education institutions (HEIs). The UK as a whole saw an increase in student numbers between 2009-10 and 2010-11 of 0.3 per cent. Student numbers in HEIs in Scotland increased by 0.4 per cent (880) to 238,645 in 2010-11. The number of students in HEIs in England increased by 2,615 (or 0.1 per cent) from 2,062,835 to 2,065,450. The number in Wales rose by 2.3 per cent to 140,105 and the number in Northern Ireland rose by 2.2 per cent to 56,865. (Table 11).

Entrants:

Entrants and Institutions:

- 11. The number of entrants to HE courses fell by 6,875 (or 4.7 per cent) from 147,465 in 2009-10 to 140,590 in 2010-11 (Table 13).
- 12. Since 2001-02 there has been a decrease in the proportion of entrants to HE courses at sub-degree level and an increase in the proportions studying at first degree and postgraduate level. In 2001-02, over half (78,855 or 56.9 per cent) of entrants studied at sub-degree level, whilst 38,585 (27.8 per cent) were entering first degree level courses and the remaining 21,115 (15.2 per cent) were entering postgraduate courses of study. By 2010-11, the number of entrants to sub-degree courses had fallen to 63,025 (44.8 per cent of all entrants), while there were 46,860 students (33.3 per cent) entering first degree courses and 30,705 (21.8 per cent) entrants to postgraduate study (Table 13).
- 13. Between 2009-10 and 2010-11, the number of students entering into first degree level study fell by 3,435 (6.8 per cent), the number entering postgraduate level study fell by 785 (2.5 per cent) and the number entering sub-degree study fell by 2,655 (4.0 per cent) (Table 13).
- 14. Since 2009-10, the number of Scottish domiciled entrants to Scottish institutions has fallen in most local authorities areas. The largest declines were for Inverclyde (down 12.0 per cent), South Ayrshire (down 10.0 per cent) and Dumfries and Galloway (down 9.7 per cent). There were rises for Eilean Siar (7.7 per cent) and West Lothian (1.7 per cent). Overall, Scottish domiciled entrants to Scottish institutions have fallen by 5.1 per cent since 2009-10 and by 5.6 per cent since 2006-07 (Table 17).

Entrant Characteristics and Choices:

- 15. While the total number of entrants to HE in Scotland fell by 4.7 per cent overall between 2009-10 and 2010-11, there was variation in the percentage fall across different age groups. Entrants aged 30 and over showed the largest decline falling by 4,370 (9.5 per cent) to 41,520. For the 16-18 age group, entrants fell by 1,295 (3.7 per cent) to 33,400 and for the 19-29 age group entrants fell by 1,175 (1.8 per cent) to 65,595 (Table 14).
- 16. A majority of entrants (55.5 per cent or 78,100), to HE in Scotland in 2010-11 were female and 44.5 per cent or 62,500 of entrants were male. The subject groups where the proportion of female entrants was highest were Veterinary Science (81.8 per cent) and Subjects allied to Medicine (81.5 per cent). The subject groups with the highest proportion of male entrants were Engineering and Technology (86.1 per cent) and Computer Science (81.0 per cent). The HE courses in Scotland with the largest overall numbers of entrants in 2010-11 were in Business and Administrative Studies with 27,500 entrants followed by Subjects allied to Medicine with 14,045 entrants (Table 15).

UK Comparisons (Entrants):

17. Comparisons with the rest of the UK can only be made for those entering HE at higher education institutions (HEIs). The UK as a whole saw a decrease in entrant numbers between 2009-10 and 2010-11 of 3.3 per cent (Table 18). The number of entrants to HEIs in Scotland fell by 7,760 (7.1 per cent) from 108,840 in 2009-10 to 101,080 in 2010-11. The number of entrants to HE in England fell by 30,805 (or 3.1 per cent) from 980,450 to 949,645. The number in Wales rose by 130 (0.2 per cent) to 71,000 and the number of HE entrants in Northern Ireland fell by 815 (3.3 per cent) to 24,165.

Cross Border Flows and International:

- 18. Scotland remains a net importer of HE students, with more students domiciled from outwith Scotland studying here than leaving Scotland to study elsewhere in the UK (statistics are not held on the numbers of students domiciled in Scotland studying HE overseas). In 2010-11, 12,680 students domiciled in Scotland were studying HE at HEIs in the rest of the UK (12,085 in England, 425 in Wales and 170 in Northern Ireland). At the same time, over twice as many students (29,230) domiciled in the rest of the UK were studying HE at Scottish HEIs (24,005 from England, 705 from Wales, 4,520 from Northern Ireland) (Table 23). Including college students, there were 29,570 students domiciled outwith Scotland studying HE in Scotland. Information regarding the number of Scottish domiciled students enrolled at colleges outwith Scotland is incomplete (Tables 19 and 20).
- 19. Of the 290,000 students enrolled in HE in Scotland (either at Scotlish colleges or HEIs) in 2010-11, 214,315 (or 73.9 per cent) were Scotlish domiciled (i.e. living in Scotland prior to study), while 8.4 per cent (24,295) were English domiciled. Beyond the United Kingdom, a further 9.5 per cent (27,435) of students were domiciled outwith Europe, 5.6 per cent (16,380) were domiciled within the European Union (EU) and 0.6 per cent (1,805) were domiciled within non-EU Europe. Altogether 15.7 per cent (45,660) of students enrolled in HE in Scotland in 2010-11 lived outwith the UK prior to study (Table 20).
- 20. The number of students domiciled outwith the UK before participating in Scottish higher education has increased by 3,550 (or 8.4 per cent) between 2009-10 and 2010-11 (Table 21). The majority (60.1 per cent or 27,435) of those overseas students came from outwith Europe, with China (6,610 students), India (4,065) and the United States of America (3,410), the most common domicile of overseas students. Of those students domiciled within Europe (but outwith the UK) before coming to study HE in Scotland, the most common countries of domicile were the Republic of Ireland (2,980), Germany (2,290), and France (1,630) (Table 20).
- 21. Despite a fall of 1,280 (0.6 per cent) since 2009-10, the number of Scottish students at Scottish HEIs and colleges has increased by 5,145 (2.5 per cent) since 2007-08. Students from the rest of the UK rose by 610 (2.1 per cent) since 2009-10 but have increased by 2,080 (7.6 per cent) compared to 2007-08. Numbers from outside the UK increased by 3,550 (8.4 per cent) since 2009-10 and have increased by 10,505 (29.9 per cent) since 2007-08 (this includes an increase of 3,710 (29.3%) from EU students in the last three years) (Table 21).
- 22. In 2010-11 the number of Scottish domiciled students studying HE in Scotland fell by 1,280 (or 0.6 per cent), from 215,595 in 2009-10 to 214,315 in 2010-11. The number of English domiciled students doing HE in Scotland increased by 675 (or 2.9 per cent), from 23,620 to 24,295. The number of students domiciled within the UK fell by 0.4% while the number domiciled outwith the UK increased by 8.4 per cent. The number of EU (excluding the UK) domiciled students doing HE in Scotland increased by 305 (or 1.9 per cent), from 16,075 in 2009-10, to 16,380 in 2010-11. The number of Non-EU European domiciled students increased by 255 (or 16.5 per cent) from 1,550 to 1,805 and the number of non-European domiciled students increased by 2,990 (or 12.2 per cent), from 24,445 to 27,435 (Table 21).

23. The number of Scottish domiciled HE entrants to Scottish institutions fell by 6,035 (or 5.4 per cent), from 112,495 in 2009-10, to 106,460 in 2010-11. The percentage of Scottish domiciled entrants to HE in Scotland (75.7 per cent) continued to decline in 2010-11 (down from 76.3 per cent in 2009-10 and 85.4 per cent in 2001-02). During this time, the number of student entrants from outwith Scotland has continued to grow, both in numbers and percentage terms (from 19,970 and 14.4 per cent of all entrants in 2001-02 to 33,990 and 24.2 per cent of all entrants in 2010-11) (Table 22).

Access and Equalities:

- 24. The number of students in HE in Scotland declaring a disability in 2010-11 was 23,115 (8.1 per cent of all HE students where disability status was reported). Of those students declaring a disability, 6,120 or 26.5 per cent, were known to be in receipt of Disabled Students Allowance (DSA). A specific learning difficulty was the most common disability declared with 9,400 students (40.7 per cent of those with a known disability) (Tables 24a, 24b).
- 25. The proportion of entrants to HE that come from the 20 per cent most deprived areas of Scotland increased slightly from 15.1% in 2009-10, to 15.4% in 2010-11 (18.8 per cent of the working age population live in the 20% most deprived areas of Scotland). Entrants from deprived areas remain over-represented in Scotland's colleges (22.3 per cent) and under-represented amongst Scotland's HEIs, particularly ancient universities (7.9 per cent) and small specialist institutions (7.2 per cent) (Tables 25a and 25b).
- 26. In 2010-11, entrants from deprived areas were under represented by -3.4 percentage points. In 2002-03 under-representation of this group stood at -5.4 percentage points; since then representation has increased each year and is now at the highest level recorded, due to both increased participation in HE from those areas and a slight depopulation of deprived areas (Table 25b).
- 27. With respect to ethnicity, students who declared their ethnicity to be white constituted 87.7 per cent of all students where an ethnicity was reported. Students from an Asian–Chinese background were the second largest ethnic group with 2.6 per cent of the total and those from an Asian–Indian background were the third largest ethnic group with 2.1 per cent (Table 26). The Asian–Chinese ethnic group saw the largest percentage increase (25.6 per cent) in entrants to Scottish HE, increasing by 895 from 3,495 in 2009-10 to 4,390 in 2010-11 ((Table 27).

Qualifiers:

HE Output

- 28. The number of higher education qualifiers from Scottish institutions has increased by 6,715 (8.1 per cent) from 2009-10 to a record level of 90,110 in 2010-11. This is the largest annual rise in qualifiers during the past ten years. There were increases for all levels of qualification; the number qualifying at first degree level rose by 1,035 (3.2 per cent), the number at postgraduate level rose by 2,135 (10.0 per cent) and the number at sub-degree level rose by 3,540 (11.8 per cent). Qualifiers from Scottish colleges increased by 12.9 per cent, from 22,865 in 2009-10 to 25,815 in 2010-11. Since 2001-02, there has been an overall increase in qualifiers of 21.1 per cent (15,715 qualifiers). During this period, the number of qualifications obtained at higher education institutions has risen by 15,650 (32.2 per cent) and the number of HE qualifications obtained at colleges has increased by 65 (0.3 per cent) (Table 28).
- 29. Of all qualifiers in 2010-11, just over three fifths (62.9%) achieved graduate level qualifications (first degree level or above); this is mostly driven by qualifications obtained at HEIs where 87.1% achieved

graduate level qualifications compared to 2.4% at colleges. The percentage of qualifiers leaving with graduate level qualifications saw its first annual decrease, from 64.1% in 2009-10, since 2003-04 (Table 28).

30. In 2010-11, over 70 per cent of all HE qualifiers from Scottish institutions qualified from a Scottish HEI (71.4 per cent). Of those qualifiers from Scottish HEIs, half gained qualifications at first degree level (50.6 per cent), and over a third at postgraduate level (36.5 per cent). At Scottish colleges, just over two thirds of qualifiers gained qualifications at HNC/HND level (69.2 per cent) and over a quarter gained other qualifications below degree level (28.4 per cent). Taking HEIs and colleges together, just over a quarter of qualifications achieved at Scottish institutions in 2010-11 were at postgraduate level (26.1 per cent), with the remainder split fairly equally between qualifications at first degree level (36.8 per cent) and sub-degree qualifications (37.1 per cent) (Table 28).

Gender and Age

- 31. In 2010-11, the percentage of males in the qualifier population was 45.6 per cent (up from 44.7 per cent in 2009-10) and that of females was 54.4 per cent (down from 55.3 per cent in 2009-10). The ratio of female to male qualifiers reached a peak of 58.3 per cent female to 41.7 per cent male in 2002-03 but the last five years have seen a gradual change in favour of males. This change has narrowed the gender difference between female and male to 8.9 percentage points, the narrowest it has been in the last ten years. (Table 29).
- 32. Almost two thirds of qualifiers studied full-time in 2010-11 (64.5 per cent). Over the last year the proportion of part-time study rose slightly from 34.5 per cent in 2009-10 to 35.5 per cent in 2010-11. Part-time study in the final year is more common among males than females; in 2010-11, 37.2 per cent of male qualifiers studied part-time compared to only 34.1 per cent of females (Table 29).
- 33. In 2010-11, just over half of qualifiers (53.2 per cent) were aged under 25 years old. The majority of the increase in the new qualifiers (5,460 or 81.3 per cent) were from the 19-29 age group and within this age group the largest percentage increases were for the 19-20 (14.1 per cent or 1,115 qualifiers) and 25-29 (11.6 per cent or 1,795 qualifiers) age groups. There were also large percentage rises for qualifiers aged 50-59 (9.7 per cent or 265 qualifiers) and 60 and over (38.3 per cent or 205 qualifiers). Almost three quarters of first degree level qualifiers came from the under 25s age group (73.6 per cent), compared to half of subdegree qualifiers (54.7 per cent) and slightly more than a fifth of postgraduate qualifiers (22.4 per cent) (Table 30).
- 34. In 2010-11, 33,130 first degree qualifications were awarded at Scottish institutions, accounting for half (32,555 or 50.6 per cent) of qualifications awarded at Scottish HEIs (64,295). This compares to 570 (2.2 per cent) of qualifications awarded at Scottish colleges (25,815). HNCs and HNDs accounted for 41.4 per cent (10,700) and 27.8 per cent (7,165), respectively of qualifications awarded at Scottish colleges. At Scottish HEIs, 2.0 per cent of awards were HNCs (1,295) and 0.7 per cent were HNDs (470) (Table 33).
- 35. Overall, about a quarter of awards were at postgraduate level (26.1 per cent), representing 23,510 qualifiers (the majority of whom gained a masters qualification, 14,900). 36.8 per cent of qualifiers gained first degree level awards (33,130), and 37.1 per cent sub-degree awards (33,475) (Table 33).

Subject of Study

36. In terms of broad subject groups all areas showed increases in numbers of qualifiers. The largest increase in absolute numbers came from qualifiers in Business and Social Studies which increased by 2,755 from 32,755 to 35,510 (an increase of 8.4 per cent). The largest percentage increase was from qualifiers from Science and Engineering subjects, which increased by 2,290 from 21,585 qualifiers in 2009-10 to 23,875 qualifiers in 2010-11 (an increase of 10.6 per cent). The number of qualifiers from Medical Studies rose, from 9,285 in 2009-10, to 9,775 in 2010-11 (an increase of 5.3 per cent) and the number of qualifiers

from subjects in Education and the Arts increased from 18,000 in 2009-10 to 18,935 in 2010-11 (an increase of 5.2 per cent) (Table 34).

- 37. The largest percentage increases in individual subject areas were in Creative Arts, Engineering and Technology, and Languages; which rose by 17.6 per cent (1,205 qualifiers), 16.7 per cent (1,245 qualifiers) and 16.3 per cent (415 qualifiers) respectively. The largest percentage decreases over the same period were in Education (down 14.7 per cent or 945 qualifiers) and Mathematical Sciences (down 3.5 per cent or 35 qualifiers) (Table 34).
- 38. For broad subject groups in 2010-11, 39.4 per cent of qualifiers were from Business and Social Studies subjects (35,510), 26.5 per cent were from subjects in the Science and Engineering group (23,875), 21.0 per cent were from Education and the Arts (18,935) and 10.8 per cent were from Medical Studies (9,775). In terms of individual subjects, Business and Administrative studies had the largest number of qualifiers (18,055 or 20.0 per cent of all qualifiers) followed by Social Studies (9,065 or 10.1 per cent of all qualifiers) and Engineering and Technology (8,685 or 9.6 per cent of all qualifiers) (Table 34).
- 39. Of those gaining first-degree qualifications from Scottish HEIs in 2010-11; 12.6 per cent achieved a first class honours award, 37.0 per cent achieved an upper second class honours award, 21.3 per cent achieved other second class or lower honours awards and 29.0 per cent were awarded other first degrees. Between 2009-10 and 2010-11, the proportions of first degree qualifiers achieving first class and upper second class honours degrees increased, by 0.9 and 1.2 percentage points respectively. The proportion being awarded a degree which was not at honours level or was unclassified fell by 2.4 percentage points (Table 35).

Home and International Qualifiers

- 40. Of the 6,715 increase in qualifiers from Scottish institutions between 2009-10 and 2010-11, 4,095 or 61.0 per cent were from students whose pre-study location was in Scotland. The number of qualifiers from the rest of the UK increased by 505 qualifiers (7.7 per cent) in 2010-11. The number of qualifiers from the rest of the EU, outside the UK, rose by 190 (3.3 per cent) qualifiers to 5,945 and those from outside of the EU increased by 1,930 (18.0 per cent) qualifiers to 12,650. Students with Scottish domiciles made up 71.4 per cent of the population of qualifiers from Scottish institutions; 7.9 per cent were domiciled in the rest of the UK, 6.6 per cent were domiciled in the rest of the world (Table 36).
- 41. Almost half (48.7 per cent) of Scottish domiciled qualifiers in 2010-11 gained sub-degree qualifications (31,335 qualifiers) and just over a third (36.0 per cent) achieved first degree level qualifications (23,200 qualifiers). About three fifths (61.0 per cent) of qualifiers from the rest of the UK gained first degree qualifications (4,335) as did half (49.9 per cent) of EU domiciled qualifiers (2,965). Almost 70 per cent (69.4 per cent) of qualifiers domiciled in the rest of the world qualified from Scottish institutions with postgraduate level qualifications (8,785 qualifiers) (Table 36).
- 42. In 2010-11, Scottish domiciled qualifiers accounted for 41.8 per cent of postgraduate qualifications (obtained from Scottish institutions), 70.0 per cent of first degree level qualifications and the vast majority of sub-degree qualifications (93.6 per cent) (Table 36).
- 43. Compared to 2001-02, the number of qualifiers in 2010-11 represented an increase of 6.2 per cent for qualifiers from Scotland, an increase of 0.1 per cent for qualifiers from the rest of the UK, an increase of 110.8 per cent for qualifiers from the rest of the EU and an increase of 227.3 per cent for qualifiers from outside the EU (Table 36).

Equality

44. In 2010-11, there were 64,360 Scottish domiciled qualifiers from Scottish institutions. Of those students whose ethnicity was reported, the vast majority (94.2 per cent) were white. The level of study with the greatest representation of non-white qualifiers (excluding students whose ethnicity was not reported) was postgraduate taught where 8.1 per cent of qualifiers were of non-white ethnic background. This compares to 5.5 per cent for both first degree qualifiers and sub-degree qualifiers (Table 37a).

45. The most frequent disability recorded among Scottish domiciled qualifiers in 2010-11 was a specific learning disability (e.g. dyslexia, dyspraxia or AD(H)D) affecting 3.5 per cent of qualifiers. This is followed by a long standing illness or health condition (e.g. cancer, HIV diabetes, heart disease, epilepsy) which affected 1.5 per cent of qualifiers in 2010-11. There is little difference between the distribution of disabilities reported by Scottish domiciled students and Scottish domiciled qualifiers, suggesting that students with disabilities are just as likely to qualify from their course as those students without disabilities (Table 38).

UK Comparisons

46. In 2010-11 all of the countries in the UK saw an increase in the number of HE qualifiers from their higher education institutions, with the increase for the UK being 6.4%. The number of qualifiers from Scottish HEIs increased by 6.2%, the same as for English HEIs, while Welsh HEIs saw an increase of 10.1% and Northern Irish HEIs 2.9%. Over five years between 2006-07 and 2010-11 the number of qualifiers in Scotland increased by 9.8%. This compares to an increase of 17.1% for the UK as a whole and increases of 26.0% for Welsh HEIs, 18.6% for English HEIs and 8.5% for Northern Irish HEIs (Table 40).

$\underline{Students}$

Students and Institutions

Table 1. Students in higher education at Scottish HEIs & colleges by institution type and level of study: 2001-02 to 2010-11

		Level of Study								
		Postgr	aduate	First Degree	Sub-	degree				
	All Levels	Research Postgraduate	Taught Postgraduate	First Degree	HNC/HND	Other Sub-degree				
Total										
2001-02	269,635	8,450	31,670	117,300	49,640	62,495				
2002-03	264,575	8,395	32,330	121,220	45,490	57,140				
2003-04	269,120	8,565	35,125	133,740	44,275	47,420				
2004-05	270,260	8,420	35,100	133,105	41,800	51,825				
2005-06	273,050	8,650		136,105	41,550					
2006-07	279,560	9,360	43,035	133,740	39,265	54,160				
2007-08	272,625	9,615	42,265	132,260	38,755	49,580				
2008-09	279,615	9,935	42,760	137,720	39,105	50,050				
2009-10	287,565	10,665	44,285	146,175	41,230	45,205				
2010-11	290,000	11,325	45,255	149,715	42,315	41,390				
All students at HEIs										
2001-02	205,505	8,330	31,325	116,215	6,480	43,155				
2002-03	205,010	8,395	32,120	120,045	5,105	39,345				
2003-04	213,510	8,565	34,925	132,580	5,085	32,355				
2004-05	217,945	8,420	34,930	132,595	4,780	37,215				
2005-06	222,090	8,650	·	135,470	4,445	·				
2006-07	230,100	9,360	42,880	133,180	4,345	40,330				
2007-08	224,855	9,615	42,115	131,645	5,085	36,395				
2008-09	231,260	9,935	42,660	137,040	4,745	36,875				
2009-10	237,765	10,665	44,165	145,535	4,540	32,855				
2010-11	238,645	11,325	45,155	148,770	4,120	29,275				
All students at										
colleges										
2001-02	64,130	120	345	1,090	43,165	19,340				
2002-03	59,565	0	210	1,175	40,385	17,795				
2003-04	55,610	0	205	1,155	39,185	15,065				
2004-05	52,315	0	170	510	37,015	14,610				
2005-06	50,960	0	140	635	37,105	13,075				
2006-07	49,460	0	155	555	34,920	13,830				
2007-08	47,770	0	150	615	33,670	13,185				
2008-09	48,355	0	100	680	34,360	13,175				
2009-10	49,800	0	120	640	36,690	12,355				
2010-11	51,355	0	100	945	38,195	12,115				

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

Figure 1.1. Students in higher education at Scottish HEIs & Colleges

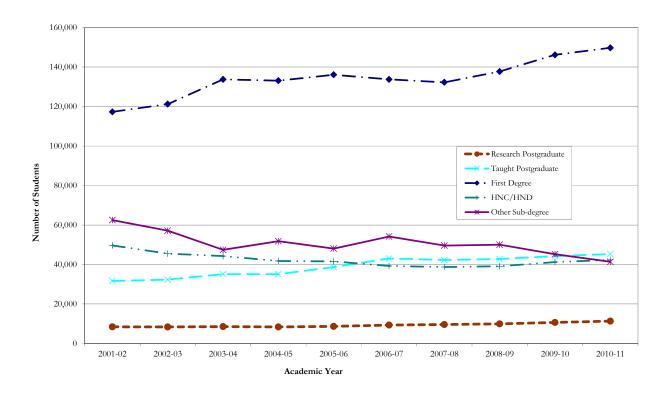


Figure 1.2. Students in higher education at Scottish HEIs and colleges by level of study: 2010-11

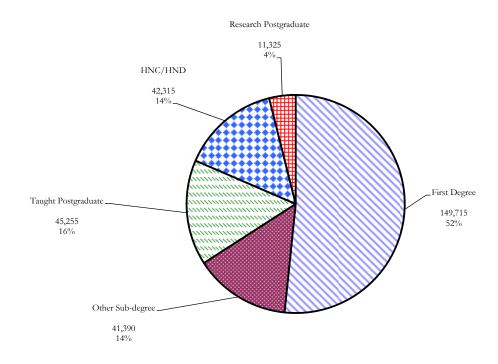


Table 2. Students in higher education in HEIs in Scotland by institution: 2001-02, 2009-10 and 2010-11

	2001-02	2009-10	2010-11	% change since 2009-10	% change since 2001-02
Total	205,510	237,765	238,645	0.4	16.1
Aberdeen, The University of	12,275	15,535	16,180	4.2	31.8
Abertay Dundee, The University of	4,600	4,200	4,975	18.5	8.2
Bell College ¹	3,900	-	-	-	-
Dundee, The University of	14,630	16,195	16,160	-0.2	10.5
Edinburgh College of Art	1,725	1,675	1,685	0.6	-2.3
Edinburgh Napier Univesity	13,360	14,100	13,970	-0.9	4.6
Edinburgh, The University of	23,050	25,690	25,700	0.0	11.5
Glasgow Caledonian University	15,065	17,670	17,335	-1.9	15.1
Glasgow School of Art	1,440	1,785	1,795	0.6	24.7
Glasgow, The University of	23,420	25,600	26,550	3.7	13.4
Heriot-Watt University	7,330	11,295	11,180	-1.0	52.5
Highlands and Islands, the University of	5,910	7,505	7,075	-5.7	19.7
Open University, The	14,780	16,855	17,570	4.2	18.9
Paisley, The University of 1	10,655	-	-	-	-
Queen Margaret University, Edinburgh	4,370	5,400	5,460	1.1	24.9
Robert Gordon University, The	10,775	13,715	13,125	-4.3	21.8
Royal Conservatoire of Scotland, The	665	790	830	5.1	24.8
Scottish Agricultural College	710	1,005	1,010	0.5	42.3
St Andrews, The University of	7,540	9,135	9,540	4.4	26.5
Stirling, The University of	8,590	10,870	11,625	6.9	35.3
Strathdyde, The University of	20,720	21,310	20,230	-5.1	-2.4
The West of Scotland, The University of	_	17,425	16,655	-4.4	-

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA).

^{1.} The University of Paisley merged with Bell College at the start of the 2007-08 academic session to become the University of the West of Scotland. Please also see relevant sections of 'Notes to Tables'.

Table 3. Students in higher education in colleges in Scotland by institution: 2001-02, 2009-10 and 2010-11

	2001-02	2009-10	2010-11	% change since	% change since
				2009-10	2001-02
Total	64,130	49,800	51,355	3.1	-19.9
Aberdeen College	6,600	3,640	3,855	5.9	-41.6
Adam Smith College ¹	-	3,990	3,320	-16.8	-
Angus College	940	865	885	2.3	-5.9
Anniesland College	1,310	955	1,035	8.4	-21.0
Ayr College	1,695	1,055	1,175	11.4	-30.7
Banff & Buchan College of Further Education	725	890	865	-2.8	19.3
Barony College	35	75	85	13.3	142.9
Borders College	420	315	360	14.3	-14.3
Cardonald College	1,330	1,745	1,970	12.9	48.1
Carnegie College	1,805	1,370	1,355	-1.1	-24.9
Central College of Commerce	3,335	2,755	2,770	0.5	-16.9
Clackmannan College of Further Education ²	475	-	-	-	-
Clydebank College	1,190	1,210	1,405	16.1	18.1
Coatbridge College	885	475	585	23.2	-33.9
Cumbernauld College	615	575	600	4.3	-2.4
Dumfries and Galloway College	1,020	745	635	-14.8	-37.7
Dundee College	2,915	2,910	2,640	-9.3	-9.4
Edinburgh's Telford College	4,075	2,210	2,605	17.9	-36.1
Elmwood College	545	380	420	10.5	-22.9
Falkirk College of Further & Higher Education ²	3,175	-	-	-	-
Fife College of Further & Higher Education 1	2,975	-	-	-	-
Forth Valley College ²	-	1,990	2,125	6.8	-
Glasgow College of Building and Printing ³	2,880	-	-	-	-
Glasgow College of Food Technology ³	715	-	-	-	-
Glasgow College of Nautical studies	2,825	2,695	2,940	9.1	4.1
Glasgow Metropolitan College ³	-	2,715	2,815	3.7	-
Glenrothes College ¹	1,410	_	-	-	-
James Watt College of Further & Higher Education	4,335	2,415	2,250	-6.8	-48.1
Jewel and Esk Valley College	1,510	1,210	1,310	8.3	-13.2
John Wheatley College	220	130	165	26.9	-25.0
Kilmarnock College	1,495	1,145	935	-18.3	-37.5
Langside College	1,290	1,800	1,855	3.1	43.8
Motherwell College	1,560	1,840	1,815	-1.4	16.3
Newbattle Abbey College	40	-	· -	-	-
North Glasgow College	595	705	865	22.7	45.4
Oatridge Agricultural College	220	235	220	-6.4	0.0
Reid Kerr College	2,235	1,780	1,880	5.6	-15.9
South Lanarkshire College	1,015	940	985	4.8	-3.0
Stevenson College	1,825	1,550	1,855	19.7	1.6
Stow College	2,095	1,735	1,840	6.1	-12.2
West Lothian College	1,800	750	940	25.3	-47.8

Source: Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

^{1.} In 2005-06 Fife College of Further & Higher Education and Glenrothes College merged to form Adam Smith College.

^{2.} In 2005-06 Falkirk College of Further & Higher Education and Clackmannan College of Further Education merged to form Forth Valley College.

^{3.} In 2005-06 Glasgow College of Food Technology and Glasgow College of Building and Printing merged to form Glasgow Metropolitan College.

Figure 3. Share of HE students at Scottish institutions by institution type: 2010-11

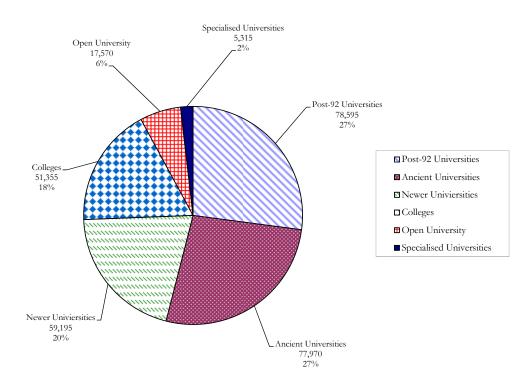


Table 4. Full-time equivalents (FTE) of students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by gender: 2003-04 to 2010-11

Academic		Total			HEIs		Colleges			
Year	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
2003-04	201,834	89,321	112,514	161,576	70,042	91,534	40,259	19,279	20,980	
2004-05	201,713	88,055	113,658	163,749	69,980	93,769	37,964	18,075	19,888	
2005-06	199,722	86,784	112,938	165,063	70,511	94,552	34,659	16,272	18,387	
2006-07	201,299	88,613	112,686	166,534	71,943	94,591	34,765	16,671	18,095	
2007-08	201,548	89,222	112,324	167,975	73,003	94,970	33,573	16,219	17,354	
2008-09	207,023	92,145	114,878	173,038	75,346	97,692	33,985	16,799	17,186	
2009-10	215,546	97,031	118,514	179,349	79,016	100,332	36,197	18,015	18,182	
2010-11	220,560	99,448	121,111	181,873	80,047	101,825	38,687	19,401	19,286	

Figure 4. Distribution of FTEs between HEIs and Colleges in Scotland: 2003-04 to 2010-11

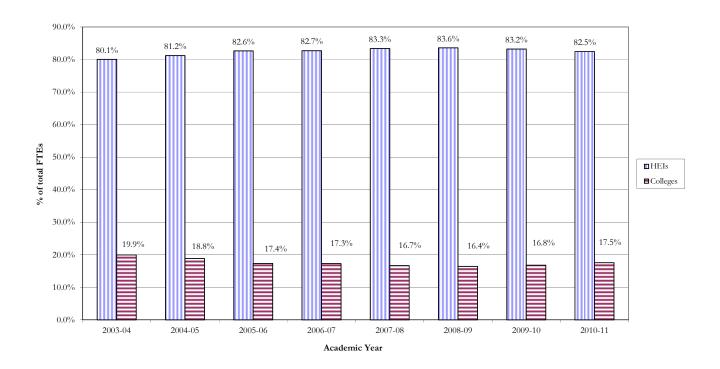


Table 5. Scottish domiciled students in higher education at Scottish HEIs and colleges by local authority: 2006-07 to 2010-11

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	% change since	% change since
						2009-10	2006-07
Total	214,860	206,390	207,535	213,210	212,470	-0.3	-1.1
Aberdeen City	9,850	9,945	9,945	10,080	9,845	-2.3	-0.1
Aberdeenshire	10,255	10,610	10,700	10,680	10,570	-1.0	3.1
Angus	4,625	4,365	4,445	4,675	4,485	-4.1	-3.0
Argyll & Bute	3,470	3,360	3,335	3,440	3,325	-3.3	-4.2
City of Edinburgh	19,120	18,675	18,780	19,910	20,445	2.7	6.9
Clackmannanshire	1,780	1,695	1,585	1,820	1,870	2.7	5.1
Dumfries & Galloway	4,750	4,620	4,580	4,880	4,535	-7.1	-4.5
Dundee City	7,040	6,250	6,150	6,525	6,315	-3.2	-10.3
East Ayrshire	4,675	4,380	4,500	4,570	4,490	-1.8	-4.0
East Dunbartonshire	6,555	6,065	6,030	6,145	6,145	0.0	-6.3
East Lothian	3,080	3,075	3,145	3,295	3,335	1.2	8.3
East Renfrewshire	5,595	5,255	5,295	5,330	5,365	0.7	-4.1
Eilean Siar	1,315	1,340	1,290	1,190	1,200	0.8	-8.7
Falkirk	5,025	4,825	4,650	4,900	5,090	3.9	1.3
Fife	14,220	13,840	13,455	13,855	13,600	-1.8	-4.4
Glasgow City	26,160	24,900	26,340	26,840	27,580	2.8	5.4
Highland	8,520	8,465	8,410	8,605	8,545	-0.7	0.3
Inverdyde	3,800	3,525	3,535	3,635	3,345	-8.0	-12.0
Midlothian	2,500	2,380	2,350	2,580	2,725	5.6	9.0
Moray	3,595	3,540	3,545	3,490	3,335	-4.4	-7.2
North Ayrshire	5,450	5,005	5,155	5,205	5,175	-0.6	-5.0
North Lanarkshire	12,610	11,810	11,925	12,015	12,020	0.0	-4.7
Orkney Islands	1,000	940	930	945	875	-7.4	-12.5
Perth & Kinross	5,375	5,255	5,305	5,415	5,490	1.4	2.1
Renfrewshire	8,465	7,950	7,935	8,015	7,735	-3.5	-8.6
Scottish Borders	3,670	3,405	3,350	3,500	3,505	0.1	-4.5
Shetland Islands	1,020	1,115	1,080	1,010	990	-2.0	-2.9
South Ayrshire	5,025	4,630	4,600	4,710	4,650	-1.3	-7.5
South Lanarkshire	13,310	12,570	13,005	13,310	12,885	-3.2	-3.2
Stirling	3,690	3,600	3,360	3,575	3,655	2.2	-0.9
West Dunbartonshire	3,700	3,480	3,450	3,455	3,550	2.7	-4.1
West Lothian	5,625	5,510	5,375	5,610	5,790	3.2	2.9

Percentages have been calculated from rounded values.

The above table does not include Scottish domiciled students at UK institutions outside of Scotland and does not represent rates of participation in Scottish local authorities.

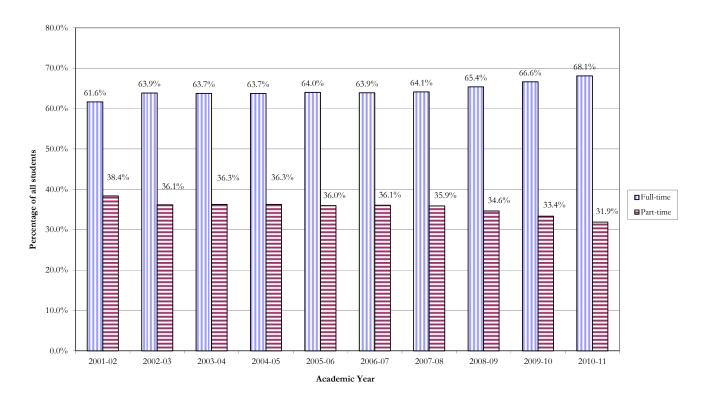
Student Characteristics and Choices

Table 6. Students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by mode of study and gender: 2001-02 to 2010-11

Academic		Total			Full-time			Part-time			
Year	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female		
Total											
2001-02	269,635	117,780	151,860	166,200	74,235	91,965	103,430	43,540	59,890		
2002-03	264,575	115,080	149,500	168,945	75,415	93,530	95,635	39,665	55,970		
2003-04	269,120	116,360	152,765	171,560	76,600	94,960	97,565	39,760	57,805		
2004-05	270,260	114,740	155,520	172,280	76,365	95,910	97,980	38,370	59,610		
2005-06	273,050	115,190	157,860	174,810	76,870	97,940	98,235	38,315	59,920		
2006-07	279,560	119,795	159,760	178,680	79,000	99,680	100,875	40,795	60,080		
2007-08	272,625	118,250	154,375	174,805	77,795	97,010	97,820	40,455	57,365		
2008-09	279,615	122,415	157,195	182,780	81,450	101,330	96,830	40,965	55,865		
2009-10	287,565	126,995	160,565	191,615	86,465	105,150	95,950	40,535	55,415		
2010-11	290,000	128,900	161,100	197,490	89,165	108,325	92,505	39,735	52,770		
All students											
at HEIs											
2001-02	205,505	87,995	117,510	138,580	61,310	77,270	66,920	26,685	40,235		
2002-03	205,010	87,390	117,620	141,960	62,690	79,270	63,050	24,700	38,350		
2003-04	213,510	90,130	123,380	144,615	63,610	81,005	68,895	26,520	42,375		
2004-05	217,945	90,345	127,600	146,655	64,025	82,625	71,290	26,315	44,975		
2005-06	222,090	91,900	130,185	148,830	64,570	84,260	73,260	27,330	45,925		
2006-07	230,100	96,455	133,640	152,800	66,765	86,040	77,295	29,695	47,605		
2007-08	224,855	95,375	129,480	149,625	65,940	83,680	75,235	29,435	45,795		
2008-09	231,260	98,495	132,765	156,830	69,075	87,755	74,430	29,420	45,010		
2009-10	237,765	102,270	135,495	162,970	72,700	90,270	74,790	29,570	45,225		
2010-11	238,645	103,250	135,395	166,350	73,870	92,480	72,295	29,380	42,910		
All students at colleges											
2001-02	64,130	29,785	34,350	27,620	12,925	14,695	36,510	16,860	19,655		
2002-03	59,565	27,685	31,880	26,985	12,725	14,260	32,580	14,965	17,615		
2003-04	55,610	26,230	29,385	26,945	12,985	13,955	28,670	13,240	15,425		
2004-05	52,315	24,395	27,920	25,625	12,340	13,285	26,690	12,055	14,635		
2005-06	50,960	23,285	27,675	25,980	12,300	13,680	24,980	10,985	13,995		
2006-07	49,460	23,340	26,120	25,880	12,240	13,640	23,580	11,100	12,475		
2007-08	47,770	22,875	24,895	25,185	11,855	13,330	22,585	11,020	11,565		
2008-09	48,355	23,925	24,430	25,955	12,375	13,580	22,400	11,550	10,855		
2009-10	49,800	24,730	25,075	28,640	13,765	14,880	21,160	10,965	10,195		
2010-11	51,355	25,650	25,705	31,140	15,295	15,845	20,215	10,355	9,860		

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

Figure 6. Percentage of higher education students at Scottish institutions studying full-time and part-time: 2001-02 to 2010-11



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Table 7. Distance learning students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by gender and level of study: 2001-02 to 2010-11

	All Levels]	Postgraduat	e]	First degree			Sub-degree		
Total	Total	Male (%)	Female (%)	Total	Male (%)	Female (%)	Total	Male (%)	Female (%)	Total	Male (%)	Female (%)	
2001-02	26,315	44.7	55.3	7,145	48.6	51.4	1,390	21.7	78.3	17,785	44.9	55.1	
2001-02	27,380	44.7	57.3	7,145	50.0	50.0	1,595	21.7	78.9	17,785	41.6	58.4	
2003-04	29,150	42.7	57.3	8,280	48.0	52.0	9,615	39.8	60.2	11,255	41.4	58.6	
2004-05	29,050	41.8	58.2	8,555	48.9	51.1	9,430	38.6	61.4	11,065	39.1	60.9	
2005-06	27,920	42.6	57.4	8,915	51.6	48.4	9,560	38.1	61.9	9,445	38.7	61.3	
2006-07	28,080	43.7	56.3	9,480	53.4	46.6	8,630	38.1	61.9	9,970	39.3	60.7	
2007-08	30,110	45.0	55.0	11,185	55.7	44.3	8,715	38.6	61.4	10,210	38.6	61.4	
2008-09	31,850	43.9	56.1	10,740	54.1	45.9	8,910	39.8	60.2	12,200	37.8	62.2	
2009-10	33,495	43.9	56.1	11,615	53.9	46.1	9,720	39.5	60.5	12,160	37.7	62.3	
2010-11	33,905	44.5	55.5	11,900	53.4	46.6	10,325	42.2	57.8	11,675	37.4	62.6	
All students at	33,703	11.5	33.3	11,700	33.1	10.0	10,525	12.2	37.0	11,075	37.1	02.0	
HEIs													
2001-02	24,135	43.7	56.3	7,145	48.6	51.4	1,390	21.7	78.3	15,600	43.5	56.5	
2002-03	24,565	41.9	58.1	7,370	50.0	50.0	1,595	21.0	78.7	15,600	40.3	59.7	
2003-04	26,020	41.1	58.9	8,280	48.0	52.0	9,615	39.8	60.2	8,130	35.6	64.4	
2004-05	27,155	40.5	59.5	8,540	49.0	51.0	9,430	38.6	61.4	9,180	34.5	65.5	
2005-06	26,530	41.7	58.3	8,915	51.6	48.4	9,560	38.1	61.9	8,055	35.0	65.0	
2006-07	26,855	42.9	57.1	9,480	53.4	46.6	8,630	38.1	61.9	8,750	36.4	63.6	
2007-08	29,005	44.4	55.6	11,185	55.7	44.3	8,715	38.6	61.4	9,105	36.0	64.0	
2008-09	30,355	43.4	56.6	10,740	54.1	45.9	8,890	39.8	60.2	10,725	35.5	64.5	
2009-10	32,100	43.7	56.3	11,615	53.9	46.1	9,690	39.5	60.5	10,795	36.4	63.6	
2010-11	32,355	44.5	55.5	11,900	53.4	46.6	10,305	42.2	57.8	10,145	36.3	63.7	
All students at colleges													
2001-02	2,180	55.3	44.7	0	-	_	0	-	_	2,180	55.3	44.7	
2002-03	2,815	49.0	51.0	0	-	_	0	-	_	2,815	49.0	51.0	
2003-04	3,130	56.4	43.6	0	-	-	0	-	-	3,130	56.4	43.6	
2004-05	1,895	61.2	38.8	10	18.2	81.8	0	-	-	1,885	61.4	38.6	
2005-06	1,390	60.1	39.9	0	-	-	0	-	-	1,390	60.1	39.9	
2006-07	1,220	59.7	40.3	0	-	-	0	-	-	1,220	59.7	40.3	
2007-08	1,105	59.9	40.1	0	-	-	0	-	-	1,105	59.9	40.1	
2008-09	1,490	54.5	45.5	0	-	-	15	29.4	70.6	1,475	54.8	45.2	
2009-10	1,395	48.5	51.5	0		-	35	41.2	58.8	1,360	48.7	51.3	
2010-11	1,550	44.8	55.2	0	-	-	20	52.6	47.4	1,530	44.7	55.3	

In 2003-04 the Open University made changes to its recording practices with the result that more students previously recorded as studying at sub-degree level were identified as studying at first degree level.

Table 8. Students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by age: 2001-02 to 2010-11

	Total (1)	16-18	19-20	21-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50-60	60+
Total									
2001-02	269,635	41,155	54,130	53,720	28,960	48,025	29,480	9,185	4,010
2002-03	264,575	40,300	54,420	55,380	27,510	45,150	28,840	8,980	3,505
2003-04	269,120	40,085	54,870	56,795	28,050	44,295	30,420	10,250	3,940
2004-05	270,260	39,235	54,390	58,105	28,795	43,150	31,305	11,045	3,965
2005-06	273,050	39,830	55,145	59,230	30,460	42,035	30,910	11,320	3,790
2006-07	279,560	39,770	56,385	61,410	32,410	42,110	31,105	11,805	4,190
2007-08	272,625	38,585	56,085	59,755	32,800	40,095	29,460	11,325	4,200
2008-09	279,615	40,450	57,095	63,280	34,355	39,730	28,630	11,020	4,890
2009-10	287,565	43,330	59,245	66,655	35,400	38,915	27,865	10,855	5,170
2010-11	290,000	41,925	62,415	69,885	36,630	38,560	25,740	10,100	4,655
All students at HEIs									
2001-02	205,505	29,370	44,750	45,105	20,900	33,410	20,915	6,720	3,540
2002-03	205,010	29,135	45,315	46,675	20,355	32,285	21,020	6,730	3,150
2003-04	213,510	29,110	46,205	48,580	21,640	32,945	22,950	8,170	3,565
2004-05	217,945	28,555	46,130	50,595	22,835	32,830	24,210	8,960	3,605
2005-06	222,090	28,985	46,505	51,980	24,695	32,790	24,165	9,155	3,510
2006-07	230,100	28,735	47,530	54,140	26,960	33,655	24,835	9,940	3,960
2007-08	224,855	27,940	47,215	52,750	27,395	32,370	23,590	9,390	3,930
2008-09	231,260	29,290	48,105	55,895	28,895	32,175	22,970	9,190	4,615
2009-10	237,765	31,330	49,825	58,705	29,540	31,780	22,395	9,205	4,900
2010-11	238,645	29,955	52,180	60,935	30,475	31,430	20,730	8,425	4,440
All students at									
colleges									
2001-02	64,130	11,785	9,380	8,615	8,060	14,615	8,565	2,465	470
2002-03	59,565	11,165	9,105	8,705	7,155	12,860	7,820	2,250	355
2003-04	55,610	10,975	8,665	8,215	6,410	11,350	7,470	2,085	370
2004-05	52,315	10,680	8,260	7,510	5,960	10,320	7,095	2,090	360
2005-06	50,960	10,845	8,640	7,250	5,760	9,245	6,745	2,160	280
2006-07	49,460	11,035	8,855	7,270	5,445	8,450	6,270	1,865	230
2007-08	47,770	10,645	8,865	7,000	5,405	7,725	5,870	1,935	270
2008-09	48,355	11,160	8,990	7,385	5,460	7,555	5,660	1,835	275
2009-10	49,800	12,000	9,420	7,945	5,860	7,140	5,475	1,650	270
2010-11	51,355	11,970	10,240	8,945	6,155	7,130	5,010	1,675	215

⁽¹⁾ Totals includes students whose ages were not reported. In 2010-11 there were 70 students at HEIs and 30 at colleges whose ages were not reported.

Table 9. Students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by age and level of study: 2001-02 to 2010-11

	Total	16-18	19-20	21-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50-60	60+
All levels									
2001-02	269,635	41,155	54,130	53,720	28,960	48,025	29,480	9,185	4,010
2002-03	264,575	40,300	54,420	55,380	27,510	45,150	28,840	8,980	3,505
2003-04	269,120	40,085	54,870	56,795	28,050	44,295	30,420	10,250	3,940
2004-05	270,260	39,235	54,390	58,105	28,795	43,150	31,305	11,045	3,965
2005-06	273,050	39,830	55,145	59,230	30,460	42,035	30,910	11,320	3,790
2006-07	279,560	39,770	56,385	61,410	32,410	42,110	31,105	11,805	4,190
2007-08	272,625	38,585	56,085	59,755	32,800	40,095	29,460	11,325	4,200
2008-09	279,615	40,450	57,095	63,280	34,355	39,730	28,630	11,020	4,890
2009-10	287,565	43,330	59,245	66,655	35,400	38,915	27,865	10,855	5,170
2010-11	290,000	41,925	62,415	69,885	36,630	38,560	25,740	10,100	4,655
Postgraduate									
2001-02	40,120	20	265	8,640	8,690	12,140	7,960	2,070	185
2002-03	40,725	5	220	9,265	8,815	11,970	7,910	2,240	180
2003-04	43,690	10	145	9,945	9,390	12,240	8,715	2,955	185
2004-05	43,520	10	205	10,620	9,700	11,470	8,285	2,965	225
2005-06	47,325	5	245	11,520	10,975	12,230	8,835	3,220	240
2006-07	52,395	10	265	12,955	12,625	13,520	9,205	3,505	290
2007-08	51,880	15	295	12,275	12,995	13,680	8,905	3,350	330
2008-09	52,695	5	265	13,000	13,785	13,925	8,285	3,065	340
2009-10	54,950	5	265	14,425	14,250	14,260	8,275	3,055	395
2010-11	56,580	10	275	15,820	15,070	14,265	7,840	2,935	355
First Degree									
2000-01	114,260	24,865	40,885	29,485	6,250	8,000	3,765	790	165
2001-02	117,300	25,870	40,440	31,030	6,185	8,295	4,325	910	155
2002-03	121,220	26,395	41,780	32,230	6,275	8,490	4,815	1,035	175
2003-04	133,740	26,180	43,200	34,470	8,170	11,800	7,445	1,965	490
2005-06	136,105	25,770	43,395	35,965	9,215	11,705	7,560	1,960	510
2006-07	133,740	25,260	43,895	35,895	9,060	10,330	6,925	1,865	495
2007-08	132,260	24,630	44,190	35,725	9,170	9,610	6,435	1,910	570
2008-09	137,720	26,015	44,820	38,450	9,820	9,640	6,450	1,910	610
2009-10	146,175	27,915	47,305	40,590	10,895				
2010-11	149,715	26,800	50,005	41,730	11,405	10,500	6,610	1,995	665
Sub-degree									
2001-02	112,135	15,205	13,415	14,050	14,085	27,590	17,195	6,210	3,675
2002-03	102,630	13,900	12,420	13,885	12,420	24,690	16,115	5,710	3,150
2003-04	91,695	13,900	11,525	12,380	10,485	20,255	14,260	5,330	3,265
2004-05	93,625	13,700	11,375	12,160	10,585		15,800	6,215	
2005-06	89,620	14,055	11,500	11,745	10,270	18,100	14,515	6,140	3,040
2006-07	93,425	14,495	12,225	12,560	10,725	18,260	14,975	6,435	3,405
2007-08	88,335	13,915	11,585	11,740	10,625	16,785	14,080	6,045	3,300
2008-09	89,155	14,430	12,010	11,825	10,745	16,155	13,890	6,045	3,935
2009-10	86,435	15,405	11,680	11,640	10,255	14,520	12,855	5,835	4,150
2010-11	83,705	15,115	12,135	12,335	10,160	13,795	11,285	5,175	3,635

⁽¹⁾ Totals includes students whose age was not reported. In 2010-11 there were 100 students whose ages were not reported. Most of these students were studying for a sub-degree qualification.

Figure 9. Percentage of higher education students at Scottish institutions in each age group

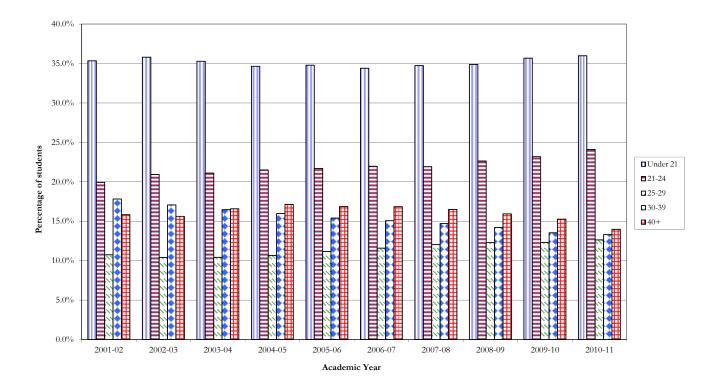


Table 10a. Students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by subject and level of study: 2010-11

		Al	ll Levels		Po	stgradua	ite	Fi	rst Degre	e	Sub-degree		
	Subject Area	Total	Male (%)	Female (%)	Total	Male (%)	Female (%)	Total	Male (%)	Female (%)	Total	Male (%)	Female (%)
	Total	290,000	44.4	55.6	56,580	48.1	51.9	149,715	42.8	57.2	83,705	44.8	55.2
	Subjects allied to Medicine	32,955	19.8	80.2	7,220	36.3	63.7	18,230	15.6	84.4	7,510	13.9	86.1
Medical Studies	Mediane and Dentistry	7,310	40.6	59.4	1,615	36.2	63.8	5,585	41.6	58.4	110	53.2	46.8
	Total	40,265	23.5	76.5	8,835	36.3	63.7	23,815	21.7	78.3	7,615	14.5	85.5
	Agriculture & related subjects	1,990	51.8	48.2	595	46.1	53.9	540	49.9	50.1	855	57.1	42.9
	Architecture, building and planning	8,505	70.4	29.6	1,965	62.1	37.9	4,440	66.7	33.3	2,095	86.3	13.7
	Biological Sciences	19,805	35.2	64.8	2,845	35.1	64.9	15,405	34.1	65.9	1,555	45.6	54.4
Science and	Engineering and Technology	25,145	86.3	13.7	5,015	80.1	19.9	12,185	86.3	13.7	7,940	90.1	9.9
Engineering	Computer Science	13,565	82.1	17.9	2,135	77.2	22.8	6,685	84.2	15.8	4,745	81.3	18.7
Liigineering	Mathematical Sciences	3,780	56.3	43.7	525	64.2	35.8	3,030	54.9	45.1	225	57.0	43.0
	Physical Sciences	10,870	56.9	43.1	2,160	59.5	40.5	8,080	56.6	43.4	625	51.7	48.3
	Veterinary Science	1,705	23.1	76.9	125	42.8	57.2	1,305	24.0	76.0	280	9.7	90.3
	Total	85,365	65.0	35.0	15,370	64.0	36.0	51,680	60.3	39.7	18,320	79.1	20.9
	Business & Administrative studies	48,855	46.3	53.7	12,260	54.9	45.1	19,500	45.4	54.6	17,095	41.3	58.7
Business and Social	Law	9,155	42.4	57.6	2,655	53.5	46.5	5,900	38.7	61.3	595	29.1	70.9
Studies	Mass Communication & documentation	4,165	43.2	56.8	975	31.6	68.4	2,175	42.9	57.1	1,015	55.1	44.9
Studies	Social Studies	25,945	32.3	67.7	3,635	41.7	58.3	13,750	37.2	62.8	8,555	20.5	79.5
	Total	88,115	41.7	58.3	19,530	51.1	48.9	41,325	41.6	58.4	27,265	35.0	65.0
	Creative Arts & Design	18,995	35.8	64.2	1,305	41.4	58.6	8,365	34.3	65.7	9,325	36.4	63.6
Education and the	Education	16,145	25.4	74.6	8,155	27.8	72.2	6,020	16.6	83.4	1,975	42.2	57.8
Arts	Historial & Philosophial Studies	11,575	44.3	55.7	1,675	49.4	50.6	7,520	45.0	55.0	2,380	38.2	61.8
	Languages	13,785	30.9	69.1	1,320	32.6	67.4	8,485	27.9	72.1	3,980	36.9	63.1
	Total	60,505	33.5	66.5	12,455	32.7	67.3	30,390	31.7	68.3	17,655	37.4	62.6
	Combined	15,750	43.8	56.2	390	31.4	68.6	2,510	39.5	60.5	12,845	45.0	55.0
	Supplementary subjects contained in the												
	above categories												
	Economics and Politics	7,045	56.2	43.8	1,480	58.2	41.8	5,495	55.9	44.1	70	37.7	62.3
	English	5,145	31.7	68.3	625	32.0	68.0	3,905	30.2	69.8	615	41.2	58.8
	Geography	2,775	46.7	53.3	430	50.9	49.1	2,255	45.9	54.1	90	46.1	53.9
	Psychology	7,725	22.9	77.1	985	23.3	76.7	6,515	22.8	77.2	230	24.8	75.2

Percentages have been calculated from unrounded values.

The 'combined' subject grouping is used in recognition of programmes of study which cut across different subject areas.

Figure 10a. Students in HE in Scotland by broad subject group: 2010-11

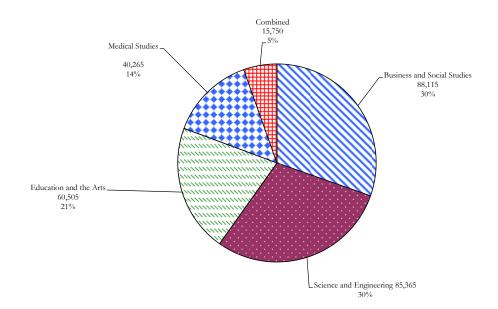


Table 10b. Students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by subject and gender: 2010-11

		All Stude Ins	All St	udents to F	HEIs	All Students to Colleges				
	Subject Area	Total Mal		Female (%)	Total	Male (%)	Female (%)	Total	Male (%)	Female (%)
	Total	290,000	44.4	55.6	238,645	43.3	56.7	51,355	49.9	50.1
Medical	Subjects allied to Medicine	32,955	19.8	80.2	30,875	19.9	80.1	2,075	17.7	82.3
Studies	Medicine and Dentistry	7,310	40.6	59.4	7,225	40.4	59.6	85	56.5	43.5
Studies	Total	40,265	23.5	76.5	38,105	23.8	76.2	2,160	18.3	81.7
	Agriculture & related subjects	1,990	51.8	48.2	1,575	46.7	53.3	415	71.2	28.8
	Architecture, building and planning	8,505	70.4	29.6	6,655	66.0	34.0	1,850	86.5	13.5
	Biological Sciences	19,805	35.2	64.8	19,335	35.0	65.0	465	40.6	59.4
Science and	Engineering and Technology	25,145	86.3	13.7	18,250	84.8	15.2	6,895	90.1	9.9
Engineering	Computer Science	13,565	82.1	17.9	9,660	81.1	18.9	3,910	84.4	15.6
Engineering	Mathematical Sciences	3,780	56.3	43.7	3,765	56.2	43.8	15	70.6	29.4
	Physical Sciences	10,870	56.9	43.1	10,695	56.9	43.1	175	55.9	44.1
	Veterinary Science	1,705	23.1	76.9	1,430	25.7	74.3	280	9.4	90.6
	Total	85,365	65.0	35.0	71,360	61.4	38.6	14,005	83.2	16.8
	Business & Administrative studies	48,855	46.3	53.7	34,585	48.1	51.9	14,270	42.0	58.0
Business and	Law	9,155	42.4	57.6	8,625	43.3	56.7	530	26.6	73.4
Social Studies	Mass Communication & documentation	4,165	43.2	56.8	3,100	39.3	60.7	1,065	54.6	45.4
Social Studies	Social Studies	25,945	32.3	67.7	19,240	36.3	63.7	6,705	21.0	79.0
	Total	88,115	41.7	58.3	65,550	43.6	56.4	22,570	34.3	65.7
	Creative Arts & Design	18,995	35.8	64.2	10,160	35.4	64.6	8,835	36.4	63.6
Education and	Education	16,145	25.4	74.6	14,980	23.8	76.2	1,165	46.0	54.0
the Arts	Historical & Philosophical Studies	11,575	44.3	55.7	11,575	44.3	55.7	0	-	-
the Arts	Languages	13,785	30.9	69.1	13,610	31.0	69.0	180	25.7	74.3
	Total	60,505	33.5	66.5	50,325	32.8	67.2	10,180	35.4	64.6
	Combined	15,750	43.8	56.2	13,310	40.0	60.0	2,440	64.7	35.3
	supplementary subjects contained in the									
	above categories									
	Economics and Politics	7,045	56.2	43.8	7,005	56.4	43.6	40	24.4	75.6
	English	5,145	31.7	68.3	5,125	31.8	68.2	25	21.7	78.3
	Geography	2,775	46.7	53.3	2,700	46.7	53.3	75	45.3	54.7
	Psychology	7,725	22.9	77.1	7,675	22.9	77.1	50	28.0	72.0

The 'combined' subject grouping is used in recognition of programmes of study which cut across different subject areas.

Table 10c. Students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by subject: 2001-02 to 2010-11

		2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	% change since 2009-10	% change since 2001-02
	Total	269,635	264,575	269,120	270,260	273,050	279,560	272,625	279,615	287,565	290,000	0.8	7.6
Medical	Subjects allied to Medicine	28,595	29,810	31,405	32,275	33,015	32,485	33,200	33,680	33,610	32,955	-1.9	15.2
Studies	Medicine and Dentistry	6,125	6,345	6,655	6,745	6,690	6,905	6,905	7,165	7,305	7,310	0.1	19.3
Studies	Total	34,720	36,155	38,060	39,020	39,710	39,390	40,105	40,840	40,915	40,265	-1.6	16.0
	Agriculture & related subjects	2,010	1,850	1,895	1,870	1,835	1,695	1,765	1,740	1,860	1,990	7.0	-1.0
	Architecture, building and planning	7,570	7,820	8,020	8,045	8,230	8,895	9,130	9,435	9,120	8,505	-6.7	12.4
	Biological Sciences	12,260	14,605	16,680	16,630	16,800	17,695	17,425	17,925	19,320	19,805	2.5	61.5
Science and	Engineering and Technology	22,530	21,270	21,040	20,840	20,055	21,305	21,300	22,940	24,150	25,145	4.1	11.6
Engineering	Computer Science	15,760	16,555	16,240	14,885	14,810	14,675	12,330	12,625	13,285	13,565	2.1	-13.9
Engineering	Mathematical Sciences	2,960	2,840	3,535	3,835	3,455	3,630	3,665	3,605	3,840	3,780	-1.6	27.7
	Physical Sciences	6,420	7,290	7,625	8,060	8,775	9,535	10,220	10,285	10,835	10,870	0.3	69.3
	Veterinary Science	1,470	1,205	1,495	1,480	1,500	1,610	1,550	1,585	1,655	1,705	3.0	16.0
	Total	70,980	73,435	76,530	75,640	75,455	79,045	77,385	80,100	84,065	85,365	1.5	20.3
	Business & Administrative studies	48,135	47,775	46,360	43,110	43,650	43,300	42,935	44,530	47,475	48,855	2.9	1.5
Business and	Law	5,640	6,605	7,335	7,490	8,125	8,545	8,470	8,610	8,860	9,155	3.3	62.3
	Mass Communication & documentation	4,365	4,790	4,860	4,605	4,225	4,050	3,860	3,815	3,975	4,165	4.8	-4.6
Social Studies	Social Studies	18,525	20,555	23,715	24,320	24,995	25,595	24,670	24,290	24,470	25,945	6.0	40.1
	Total	76,670	79,730	82,265	79,525	80,995	81,490	79,935	81,250	84,785	88,115	2009-10 0.8 -1.9 0.1 -1.6 7.0 -6.7 2.5 4.1 2.1 -1.6 0.3 3.0 1.5 2.9 3.3 4.8	14.9
	Creative Arts & Design	13,550	14,795	15,600	15,740	16,505	16,745	16,985	17,220	18,320	18,995	3.7	40.2
Education and	Education	16,740	20,525	22,210	23,215	20,240	20,595	18,280	17,550	17,395	16,145	-7.2	-3.6
the Arts	Historical & Philosophical Studies	5,405	7,375	8,145	8,325	8,525	8,650	10,465	11,240	11,345	11,575	2.0	114.2
the mits	Languages	7,650	9,300	9,710	10,225	10,955	11,475	13,085	13,740	13,745	13,785	0.3	80.2
	Total	43,345	52,000	55,665	57,505	56,225	57,465	58,815	59,750	60,805	60,505	-0.5	39.6
	Combined	43,920	23,260	16,600	18,570	20,665	22,170	16,390	17,630	16,995	15,750	-7.3	-64.1
	supplementary subjects contained in the above categories												
	Economics and Politics	1,525	4,470	4,865	5,080	5,350	5,595	5,545	6,025	6,585	7,045	7.0	362.0
	English	3,175	3,910	4,150	4,200	4,365	4,630	4,495	5,175	5,030	5,145		62.0
	Geography	1,400	2,795	3,135	3,175	3,305	3,285	2,755	2,670	2,855	2,775		98.2
	Psychology	3,540	5,320	6,430	6,640	6,595	6,635	6,590	6,705	7,335	7,725	5.3	118.2

The 'combined' subject grouping is used in recognition of programmes of study which cut across different subject areas.

Percentages have been calculated from rounded values.

^{1.} Prior to 2007-08, Environmental Science was included under the heading Geography. In 2007-08 a new classification system was introduced (JACS 2.0) and Environmental Science was no longer classified as Geography. The values associated with Geography for 2007-08 to 2010-11 do not therefore include Environmental Science qualifiers.

Figure 10c.1. Students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by broad subject groups: 2001-02 to 2010-11

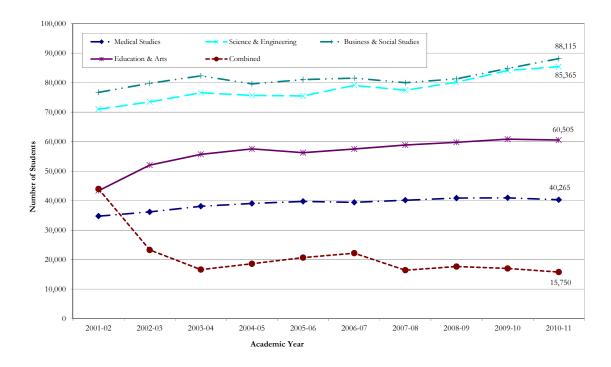
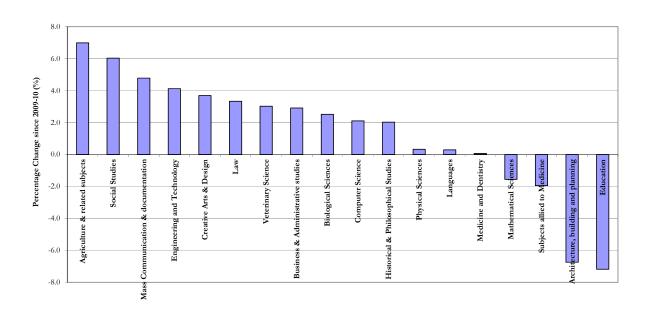


Figure 10c.2. Percentage change in student numbers between 2009-10 and 2010-11 by subject group



Subject Group

UK Comparisons

Table 11. Students in higher education at UK HEIs by country of institution and level of study: 2006-07 to 2010-11 $^{(1)}$

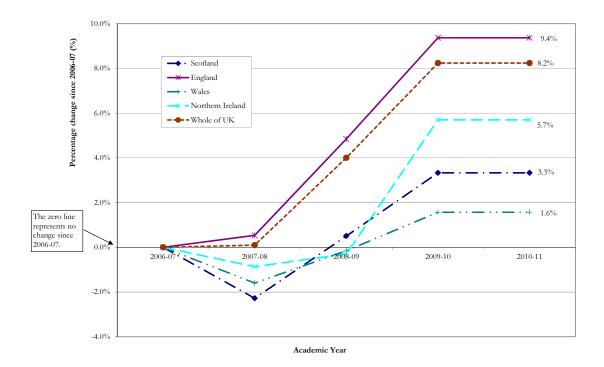
				Level of Study		
		Postgr	aduate	First Degree	Sub-	degree
	All Levels	Research Postgraduate	Taught Postgraduate	First Degree	HNC/HND	Other Sub-degree
Total UK (2)						
2006-07	2,303,590	90,255	412,260	1,286,005	33,715	481,355
2007-08	2,305,765	93,430	406,900	1,307,370	31,665	466,400
2008-09	2,395,800	94,530	442,095	1,351,715	29,670	477,795
2009-10	2,493,420	98,910	478,330	1,421,490	27,060	465,350
2010-11	2,501,295	103,860	484,860	1,464,080	23,140	425,355
Scotland						
2006-07	230,100	9,360	42,880	133,180	4,345	40,330
2007-08	224,855	9,615	42,115	131,645	5,085	36,395
2008-09	231,260	9,935	42,660	137,040	4,745	36,875
2009-10	237,765	10,665	44,140	145,535	4,540	32,855
2010-11	238,645	11,325	45,155	148,770	4,120	29,275
England						
2006-07	1,886,075	74,820	341,475	1,048,630	23,740	397,405
2007-08	1,896,100	77,680	337,270	1,071,035	21,785	388,325
2008-09	1,977,490	78,175	369,170	1,107,650	20,355	402,140
2009-10	2,062,835	81,790	400,210	1,162,965	17,965	397,645
2010-11	2,065,450	85,810	403,790	1,199,655	14,975	361,225
Wales						
2006-07	134,800	4,020	20,725	69,470	5,510	35,075
2007-08	132,645	4,125	19,725	70,250	4,745	33,800
2008-09	134,590	4,265	21,830	72,560	4,555	31,375
2009-10	136,915	4,375	24,450	77,105	4,550	26,435
2010-11	140,105	4,435	26,480	79,430	4,045	25,720
Northern Ireland						
2006-07	52,615	2,050	7,180	34,720	115	8,545
2007-08	52,160	2,005	7,785	34,440	50	7,880
2008-09	52,460	2,155	8,435	34,455	15	7,405
2009-10	55,615	1,965	9,470	35,805	0	8,375
2010-11	56,865	2,200	9,390	36,155	0	9,120

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA).

⁽¹⁾ This table includes students at UK HEIs only and does not include students studying at colleges.

⁽²⁾ The total includes a small number of students at the Open University who are domiciled outside the UK

Figure 11. Percentage change in students at UK HEIs since 2006-07



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Table 12. Full-time equivalents (FTE) of students in higher education in UK HEIs by gender: 2006-07 to 2010-11

	Total	Male	Female
Total UK			
2006-07	1,672,424	738,651	933,774
2007-08	1,684,358	746,199	938,100
2008-09	1,739,257	776,229	963,023
2009-10	1,834,242	822,087	1,012,154
2010-11	1,853,875	832,993	1,020,882
Scotland			
2006-07	166,534	71,943	94,591
2007-08	167,975	73,003	94,970
2008-09	173,038	75,346	97,692
2009-10	179,349	79,017	100,332
2010-11	181,872	80,047	101,825
England			
2006-07	1,375,099	609,142	765,957
2007-08	1,383,462	614,729	768,691
2008-09	1,431,878	641,302	790,571
2009-10	1,513,132	678,709	834,422
2010-11	1,529,864	687,786	842,077
Wales			
2006-07	91,090	41,272	49,817
2007-08	93,848	42,592	51,241
2008-09	95,405	43,821	51,583
2009-10	101,469	47,657	53,811
2010-11	102,089	48,316	53,774
Northern Ireland			
2006-07	39,702	16,294	23,408
2007-08	39,073	15,875	23,198
2008-09	38,937	15,759	23,177
2009-10	40,132	16,633	23,500
2010-11	39,921	16,782	23,140

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA).

The above table includes students at UK HEIs only and does not include students studying at colleges.

Entrants

Entrants and Institutions

Table 13. Entrants to higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by institution type and level of study: 2001-02 to 2010-11

Academic	Total	Postgraduate	Postgraduate	Einst Danna	LINIC/LINID	Other Sub-
Year	1 otai	Research	Taught	First Degree	HNC/HND	degree
Total						
2001-02	138,630	2,785	18,330	38,585	37,380	41,475
2002-03	133,300	2,645	18,380	40,610	33,950	37,715
2003-04	136,490	2,900	20,700	44,930	33,495	34,470
2004-05	133,340	2,920	19,690	41,780	31,495	37,445
2005-06	137,565	2,935	23,645	44,010	30,385	36,590
2006-07	142,460	3,275	25,730	42,780	28,965	41,710
2007-08	137,495	3,245	24,675	42,965	28,275	38,235
2008-09	144,130	3,655	25,720	46,775	28,470	39,465
2009-10	147,465	3,790	27,700	50,295	29,600	36,080
2010-11	140,590	3,865	26,840	46,860	30,250	32,775
A11						
students at						
HEIs						
2001-02	86,210	2,665	18,065	38,155	4,400	22,920
2002-03	85,285	2,645	18,255	40,170	3,715	20,500
2003-04	91,680	2,900	20,545	44,405	3,980	19,850
2004-05	90,730	2,920	19,535	41,405	3,390	23,480
2005-06	97,040	2,935	23,505	43,555	2,935	24,110
2006-07	103,575	3,275	25,575	42,400	3,470	28,855
2007-08	100,115	3,245	24,535	42,520	3,765	26,050
2008-09	105,975	3,655	25,645	46,255	3,290	27,125
2009-10	108,840	3,790	27,610	49,765	3,110	24,570
2010-11	101,080	3,865	26,765	46,070	2,885	21,500
A11						
students at						
colleges						
2001-02	52,415	120	260	430	32,980	18,550
2002-03	48,015	0	125	440	30,235	17,215
2003-04	44,815	0	155	525	29,515	14,615
2004-05	42,610	0	150	375	28,100	13,970
2005-06	40,525	0	140	450	27,450	12,480
2006-07	38,885	0	155	380	25,495	12,855
2007-08	37,380	0	140	445	24,510	12,185
2008-09	38,150	0	80	515	25,175	12,340
2009-10	38,625	0	90	535	26,490	11,505
2010-11	39,510	0	75	790	27,370	11,275

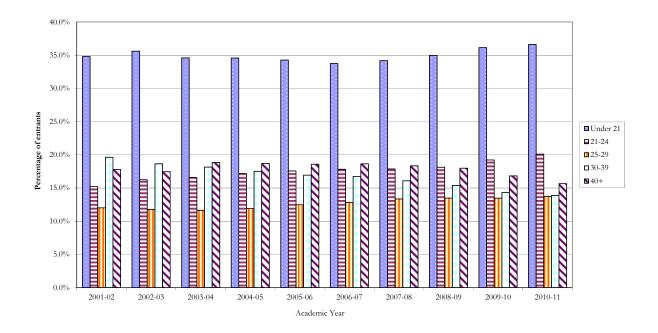
Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

Table 14. Entrants to higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by age and level of study: 2001-02 to 2010-11

	Total	16-18	19-20	21-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50-60	60+
All levels									
2001-02	138,630	32,170	16,045	21,060	16,645	27,205	16,495	5,425	2,730
2002-03	133,300	31,475	15,975	21,645	15,715	24,835	15,675	5,165	2,420
2003-04	136,490	31,250	15,965	22,620	15,880	24,745	17,080	5,960	2,650
2004-05	133,340	30,735	15,355	22,875	15,890	23,350	16,575	5,850	2,490
2005-06	137,565	31,355	15,785	24,170	17,155	23,275	16,800	6,295	2,445
2006-07	142,460	31,380	16,675	25,390	18,260	23,860	17,410	6,490	2,645
2007-08	137,495	30,520	16,460	24,565	18,335	22,120	16,140	6,245	2,815
2008-09	144,130	32,665	17,720	26,120	19,415	22,165	16,175	6,365	3,365
2009-10	147,465	34,695	18,590	28,335	19,845	21,100	15,250	6,085	3,455
2010-11	140,590	33,400	18,050	28,250	19,295	19,520	13,545	5,425	3,030
Postgraduate									
2001-02	21,115	20	240	6,405	4,650	5,450	3,330	845	60
2002-03	21,025	5	195	6,875	4,745	5,145	3,130	830	45
2003-04	23,600	10	140	7,410	5,060	5,500	3,945	1,435	65
2004-05	22,610	10	195	8,180	5,385	4,900	2,980	875	60
2005-06	26,580	5	240	9,150	6,410	5,840	3,690	1,145	75
2006-07	29,005	10	260	9,950	7,180	6,510	3,835	1,140	105
2007-08	27,920	10	280	9,575	7,225	6,185	3,470	1,040	100
2008-09	29,380	5	255	10,265	7,705	6,370	3,485	1,150	125
2009-10	31,490	5	260	11,815	8,295	6,390	3,500	1,090	125
2010-11	30,705	10	270	12,510	7,990	5,665	3,055	1,070	135
First Degree									
2001-02	38,585	19,155	7,330	4,850	2,070	3,105	1,660	315	45
2002-03	40,610	19,765	7,775	5,265	2,185	3,230	1,915	405	55
2003-04	44,930	19,510	8,270	6,325	3,000	4,390	2,675	630	115
2004-05	41,780	19,165	7,600	5,915	2,670	3,680	2,210	450	80
2005-06	44,010	19,375	8,075	6,585	3,030	3,935	2,365	520	110
2006-07	42,780	19,005	8,160	6,300	2,925	3,450	2,285	535	110
2007-08	42,965	18,670	8,680	6,485	3,015	3,320	2,090	545	135
2008-09	46,775	20,240	9,275	7,245	3,465	3,530	2,255	615	145
2009-10	50,295	21,620	10,470	7,850	3,655	3,715	2,255	580	145
2010-11	46,860	20,315	9,700	6,835	3,485	3,615	2,190	560	160
Sub-degree									
2001-02	78,855	12,940	8,470	9,800	9,920		11,505	4,265	2,625
2002-03	71,665	11,705	8,005	9,505	8,785		10,625	3,930	2,320
2003-04	67,960	11,730	7,560	8,890	7,825	14,855	10,455	3,895	2,470
2004-05	68,940	11,560	7,560	8,775	7,835	14,770	11,380	4,520	2,345
2005-06	66,980	11,975	7,470	8,435	7,715	13,500	10,745	4,630	2,260
2006-07	70,675	12,365	8,250	9,140	8,150	13,895	11,290	4,815	2,435
2007-08	66,510	11,810	7,485	8,495	8,080	12,600	10,560	4,650	2,580
2008-09	67,935	12,410	8,190	8,600	8,245	12,255	10,425	4,590	3,090
2009-10	65,680	13,070	7,860	8,665	7,895		9,495	4,415	3,185
2010-11	63,025	13,080	8,080	8,910	7,820	10,240	8,295	3,795	2,740

⁽¹⁾ Totals include students whose age was not reported. In 2010-11 there were 60 students whose age was not reported. The majority of these students were studying at sub-degree level.

Figure 14. Percentage of entrants in each age group: 2001-02 to 2010-11



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Table 15. Entrants to higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by level of study, subject and gender: 2010-11

		A	ll levels		Pos	tgradua	te	Fir	st degre	ee	Sul	b-degree	e
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
			(%)	(%)		(%)	(%)		(%)	(%)		(%)	(%)
	Total	140,590	44.5	55.5	30,705	46.9	53.1	46,860	43.0	57.0	63,025	44.4	55.6
Medical	Subjects allied to Medicine	14,045	18.5	81.5	2,950	31.6	68.4	6,020	15.6	84.4	5,075	14.4	85.6
Studies	Mediane and Dentistry	2,070	40.1	59.9	700	37.2	62.8	1,290	40.6	59.4	80	59.0	41.0
Studies	Total	16,115	21.3	78.7	3,650	32.7	67.3	7,310	20.0	80.0	5,155	15.0	85.0
	Agriculture & related subjects	1,165	58.3	41.7	340	49.3	50.7	205	56.8	43.2	620	63.6	36.4
	Architecture, building and planning	3,720	73.6	26.4	1,010	58.2	41.8	1,095	68.6	31.4	1,610	86.8	13.2
	Biological Sciences	7,350	37.1	62.9	1,415	34.2	65.8	4,860	35.9	64.1	1,070	46.5	53.5
Science and	Engineering and Technology	12,095	86.1	13.9	2,765	79.8	20.2	3,775	85.0	15.0	5,555	90.0	10.0
Engineering	Computer Science	7,560	81.0	19.0	1,355	76.5	23.5	2,590	83.2	16.8	3,615	81.1	18.9
Engineering	Mathematical Sciences	1,280	58.8	41.2	330	62.7	37.3	835	57.4	42.6	115	58.0	42.0
	Physical Sciences	3,695	56.1	43.9	1,065	57.1	42.9	2,210	56.2	43.8	420	53.6	46.4
	Veterinary Science	605	18.2	81.8	55	41.0	59.0	310	21.0	79.0	240	9.6	90.4
	Total	37,465	68.4	31.6	8,335	63.8	36.2	15,885	61.5	38.5	13,245	79.6	20.4
	Business & Administrative studies	27,500	44.3	55.7	7,015	51.0	49.0	7,330	44.8	55.2	13,160	40.6	59.4
Business and	Law	3,980	42.8	57.2	1,670	50.4	49.6	1,840	39.1	60.9	470	29.9	70.1
Social Studies	Mass Communication & documentation	1,995	44.0	56.0	530	29.1	70.9	690	46.0	54.0	770	52.4	47.6
Social Studies	Social Studies	13,405	28.3	71.7	2,250	40.7	59.3	4,320	35.3	64.7	6,835	19.7	80.3
	Total	46,880	39.6	60.4	11,465	47.9	52.1	14,180	41.2	58.8	21,235	34.1	65.9
	Creative Arts & Design	10,170	36.3	63.7	880	43.7	56.3	2,690	35.8	64.2	6,600	35.5	64.5
Education and	Education	7,530	29.4	70.6	4,225	28.5	71.5	1,650	18.1	81.9	1,660	42.8	57.2
the Arts	Historical & Philosophical Studies	5,110	42.0	58.0	965	46.6	53.4	1,960	43.9	56.1	2,185	38.2	61.8
the Arts	Languages	6,805	33.0	67.0	840	30.8	69.2	2,315	27.3	72.7	3,655	37.1	62.9
	Total	29,615	34.7	65.3	6,905	33.3	66.7	8,615	32.0	68.0	14,095	37.2	62.8
	Combined	10,520	43.7	56.3	350	30.5	69.5	875	35.5	64.5	9,295	44.9	55.1
	supplementary subjects contained in the												
	above categories												
	Economics and Politics	2,625	54.4	45.6	1,055	54.8	45.2	1,510	54.7	45.3	60	35.7	64.3
	English	2,020	32.6	67.4	370	31.1	68.9	1,105	27.9	72.1	545	43.4	56.6
	Geography	885	48.7	51.3	260	53.1	46.9	560	48.0	52.0	65	36.4	63.6
	Psychology	2,855	24.4	75.6	510	23.6	76.4	2,190	24.4	75.6	155	27.5	72.5

The 'combined' subject grouping is used in recognition of programmes of study which cut across different subject areas.

Figure 15 Entrants to HE at Scottish HEIs and colleges, by gender percentages and subject: 2010-11

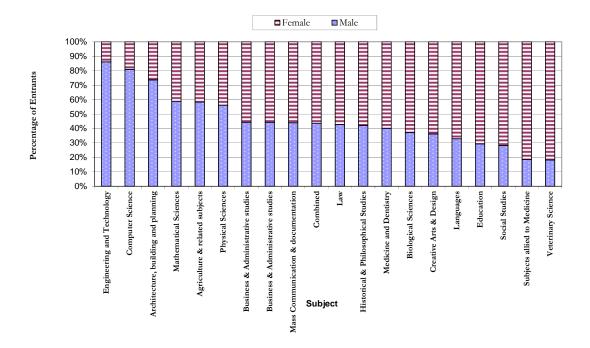


Table 16. Entrants to higher education to Scottish HEIs and colleges by subject and gender: 2010-11

		All Entra	ants at S stitution		All Ent	rants at	HEIs	All Entra	ants at C	olleges
		Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
			(%)	(%)		(%)	(%)		(%)	(%)
	Total	140,590	44.5	55.5	101,080	42.9	57.1	39,510	48.6	51.4
Medical	Subjects allied to Medicine	14,045	18.5	81.5	12,155	18.8	81.2	1,895	16.7	83.3
Studies	Medicine and Dentistry	2,070	40.1	59.9	2,015	39.4	60.6	55	66.7	33.3
Studies	Total	16,115	21.3	78.7	14,165	21.7	78.3	1,945	18.1	81.9
	Agriculture & related subjects	1,165	58.3	41.7	810	51.4	48.6	350	74.1	25.9
	Architecture, building and planning	3,720	73.6	26.4	2,295	65.4	34.6	1,425	86.9	13.1
	Biological Sciences	7,350	37.1	62.9	6,970	37.0	63.0	380	39.5	60.5
Science and	Engineering and Technology	12,095	86.1	13.9	7,260	83.6	16.4	4,835	90.0	10.0
Engineering	Computer Science	7,560	81.0	19.0	4,505	78.8	21.2	3,055	84.2	15.8
8 8	Mathematical Sciences	1,280	58.8	41.2	1,265	58.7	41.3	15	70.6	29.4
	Physical Sciences	3,695	56.1	43.9	3,540	56.2	43.8	155	55.2	44.8
	Veterinary Science	605	18.2	81.8	365	23.9	76.1	240	9.6	90.4
	Total	37,465	68.4	31.6	27,010	62.7	37.3	10,455	83.1	16.9
	Business & Administrative studies	27,500	44.3	55.7	16,465	46.4	53.6	11,035	41.2	58.8
Business and	Law	3,980	42.8	57.2	3,565	44.6	55.4	415	27.4	72.6
Social Studies	Mass Communication & documentation	1,995	44.0	56.0	1,210	38.5	61.5	785	52.5	47.5
Social Studies	Social Studies	13,405	28.3	71.7	7,815	34.1	65.9	5,590	20.2	79.8
	Total	46,880	39.6	60.4	29,060	42.6	57.4	17,820	34.8	65.2
	Creative Arts & Design	10,170	36.3	63.7	3,915	37.4	62.6	6,255	35.5	64.5
Education and	Education	7,530	29.4	70.6	6,435	26.7	73.3	1,095	45.4	54.6
	Historical & Philosophical Studies	5,110	42.0	58.0	5,110	42.0	58.0	0	-	-
the Arts	Languages	6,805	33.0	67.0	6,625	33.2	66.8	180	25.7	74.3
	Total	29,615	34.7	65.3	22,085	34.1	65.9	7,530	36.7	63.3
	Combined	10,520	43.7	56.3	8,760	38.9	61.1	1,760	67.3	32.7
	supplementary subjects contained in the									
	above categories									
	Economics and Politics	2,620	54.4	45.6	2,580	54.8	45.2	40	24.4	75.6
	English	2,020	32.6	67.4	1,995	32.8	67.2	25	21.7	78.3
	Geography	885	48.7	51.3	825	49.5	50.5	60	37.3	62.7
	Psychology	2,855	24.4	75.6	2,805	24.4	75.6	50	28.0	72.0

The 'combined' subject grouping is used in recognition of programmes of study which cut across different subject areas. Please also see relevant sections of 'Notes to Tables'.

Table 17. Scottish domiciled entrants to higher education at Scottish HEIs and colleges by local authority: 2006-07 to 2010-11

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	% change since 2009-10	% change since 2006-07
Total	111,590	106,820	109,925	111,020	105,330	-5.1	-5.6
Aberdeen City	4,805	4,865	4,935	4,960	4,585	-7.6	-4.6
Aberdeenshire	4,770	5,105	5,290	5,045	4,805	-4.8	0.7
Angus	2,290	2,240	2,315	2,515	2,330	-7.4	1.7
Argyll & Bute	1,770	1,710	1,675	1,660	1,510	-9.0	-14.7
City of Edinburgh	9,180	8,970	9,020	9,645	9,390	-2.6	2.3
Clackmannanshire	890	820	830	915	860	-6.0	-3.4
Dum fries & Galloway	2,410	2,155	2,190	2,465	2,225	-9.7	-7.7
Dundee City	3,460	3,125	3,175	3,490	3,160	-9.5	-8.7
East Ayrshire	2,615	2,365	2,590	2,645	2,495	-5.7	-4.6
East Dunbartonshire	3,220	3,050	3,035	3,160	2,900	-8.2	-9.9
East Lothian	1,460	1,445	1,480	1,520	1,485	-2.3	1.7
East Renfrewshire	2,710	2,520	2,620	2,650	2,555	-3.6	-5.7
Eilean Siar	680	665	615	520	560	7.7	-17.6
Falkirk	2,595	2,475	2,520	2,520	2,470	-2.0	-4.8
Fife	7,480	7,510	7,400	7,490	7,010	-6.4	-6.3
Glasgow City	14,965	14,480	15,420	15,295	15,090	-1.3	0.8
Highland	4,405	4,115	4,215	4,045	3,940	-2.6	-10.6
Inverdyde	2,075	1,930	2,020	1,955	1,720	-12.0	-17.1
Midlothian	1,190	1,190	1,175	1,305	1,290	-1.1	8.4
Moray	1,880	1,820	1,935	1,785	1,610	-9.8	-14.4
North Ayrshire	3,025	2,725	2,995	2,960	2,755	-6.9	-8.9
North Lanarkshire	7,155	6,440	6,720	6,565	6,115	-6.9	-14.5
Orkney Islands	580	450	455	445	415	-6.7	-28.4
Perth & Kinross	2,675	2,620	2,685	2,680	2,660	-0.7	-0.6
Renfrewshire	4,620	4,380	4,465	4,355	4,000	-8.2	-13.4
Scottish Borders	1,665	1,540	1,580	1,675	1,530	-8.7	-8.1
Shetland Islands	475	580	485	505	505	0.0	6.3
South Ayrshire	2,645	2,405	2,450	2,590	2,330	-10.0	-11.9
South Lanarkshire	7,285	6,815	7,345	7,195	6,600	-8.3	-9.4
Stirling	1,640	1,635	1,620	1,695	1,695	0.0	3.4
West Dunbartonshire	2,025	1,865	1,925	1,875	1,800	-4.0	-11.1
West Lothian	2,955	2,805	2,755	2,890	2,940	1.7	-0.5

The above table does not include Scottish domiciled students at UK institutions outside of Scotland and does not represent rates of participation in Scottish local authorities.

Percentages have been calculated from rounded values.

Figure 17.1 Percentage change in Scottish domiciled entrants to HE at Scottish HEIs and colleges by local authority domicile: 2009-10 to 2010-11

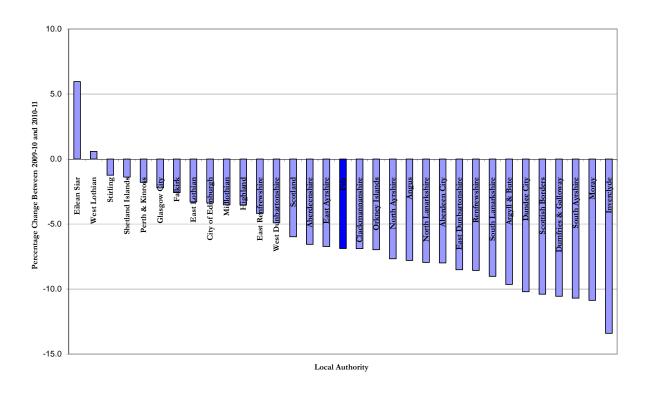
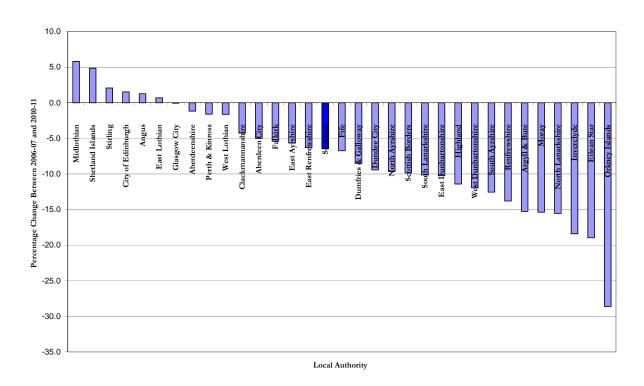


Figure 17.2 Percentage change in Scottish domiciled entrants to HE at Scottish HEIs and colleges by local authority: 2006-07 to 2010-11



UK Comparisons

Table 18. Entrants to higher education at UK HEIs by country of institution and level of study: 2006-07 to 2010-11

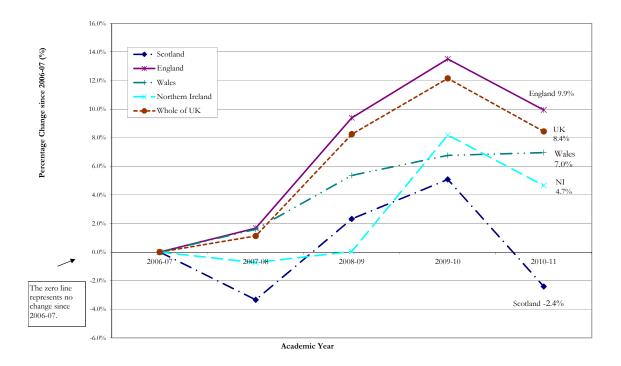
				Level of Study		
		Postgr	aduate	First Degree	Sub-	degree
	All Levels	Research Postgraduate	Taught Postgraduate	First Degree	HNC/HND	Other Sub-degree
Total UK (1)						
2006-07	1,056,815	29,745	248,885	443,560	18,125	316,500
2007-08	1,068,705	28,865	248,430	460,345	17,410	313,655
2008-09	1,143,940	30,240	276,240	493,645	16,075	327,740
2009-10	1,185,190	32,990	299,290	518,850	14,555	317,710
2010-11	1,145,970	34,400	301,055	518,280	12,435	279,795
Scotland						
2006-07	103,575	3,275	25,575	42,400	3,470	28,855
2007-08	100,115	3,245	24,535	42,520	3,765	26,050
2008-09	105,975	3,655	25,645	46,255	3,290	27,125
2009-10	108,840	3,790	27,595	49,765	3,110	24,570
2010-11	101,080	3,865	26,765	46,070	2,885	21,500
England						
2006-07	863,775	24,385	205,495	364,955	11,605	257,340
2007-08	878,235	23,660	205,940	380,335	11,160	257,135
2008-09	944,925	24,600	231,260	407,865	10,185	271,015
2009-10	980,450	27,000	250,090	426,650	8,905	266,020
2010-11	949,645	28,395	251,560	430,985	7,445	231,260
Wales						
2006-07	66,380	1,410	13,330	25,465	3,015	23,160
2007-08	67,440	1,400	13,210	26,245	2,485	24,100
2008-09	69,940	1,350	14,695	27,735	2,595	23,560
2009-10	70,870	1,545	16,340	30,125	2,540	20,315
2010-11	71,000	1,470	17,870	29,740	2,110	19,820
Northern Ireland						
2006-07	23,090	685	4,485	10,735	35	7,150
2007-08	22,920	560	4,740	11,240	0	6,375
2008-09	23,100	635	4,645	11,785	0	6,035
2009-10	24,980	630	5,250	12,300	0	6,795
2010-11	24,165	655	4,845	11,465	0	7,205

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA).

⁽¹⁾ The total includes a small number of entrants to the Open University who are domiciled outside the UK

The above table includes students at UK HEIs only and does not include students studying at colleges.

Figure 18. Percentage change in entrants to HE at UK HEIs since 2006-07



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Cross Border Flows and International

Table 19. Scottish domiciled students in higher education at HEIs & colleges in the UK by country of institution and level of study: 2010-11

Level of study	Total	Scottish Institution	English Institution	Northern Irish Institution	Welsh Institution
Total	226,995	214,315	12,085	170	425
Postgraduate	30,340	25,970	4,060	100	210
First degree	113,815	108,480	5,110	50	175
Sub-degree (at HEIs)	33,295	30,325	2,915	20	35
HE students at college	49,540	49,540	-	-	1

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

Please also see relevant sections of 'Notes to Tables'.

Table 20. Students in higher education at Scottish HEIs & colleges by domicile and type of institution: 2010-11

	Total	HEIs	Colleges	% of total enrolled at HEIs
Total	290,000	238,645	51,355	82.3%
UK domiciles				
Scotland	214,315	164,775	49,540	76.9%
England	24,295	24,005	285	98.8%
Wales	720	705	15	97.9%
Northern Ireland	4,555	4,520	35	99.2%
Other UK (1)	450	450	0	100.0%
Total UK	244,335	194,455	49,880	79.6%
Overseas domiciles				
EU exduding UK	16,380	16,310	70	99.6%
Non EU Europe	1,805	1,720	85	95.3%
Non European	27,435	26,120	1320	95.2%
Total Overseas (2)	45,660	44,190	1,475	96.8%
Top 10 overseas countries				
China, Peoples Republic of (includes Hong Kong and Macao)	6,610	6,585	25	99.6%
India	4,065	3,290	775	80.9%
United States	3,410	3,410	0	100.0%
Ireland	2,980	2,965	20	99.5%
Nigeria	2,460	2,410	50	98.0%
Germany	2,290	2,280	5	99.6%
France	1,630	1,625	5	99.7%
Poland	1,465	1,455	10	99.3%
Greece	1,125	1,125	0	100.0%
Malaysia	1,085	1,080	5	99.5%

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

Percentages have been calculated from rounded values.

^{(1).} Includes students from the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man and students from the UK whose specific country of domicile was not reported.

⁽²⁾ Total includes students from overseas whose specific country of domicile was not recorded.

Table 21. Students in higher education at Scottish HEIs and colleges by domicile and level of study: 2001-02 to 2010-11

	Total all domiciles	Scotland	England	Wales	Northern Ireland	Other UK	Total UK	EU	Non EU Europe	Non European
Total (1)										
2001-02	269,635	221,645	20,200	640	5,580	10	248,375	7,985	1,490	11,260
2002-03	264,575	213,915	20,055	615	5,600	5	,	8,370	1,580	13,790
2003-04	269,120	216,700	19,640	600	5,455	0		9,195	1,550	15,365
2004-05	270,260	216,125	19,670	595	5,320	175		9,870	1,135	17,095
2005-06	273,050	215,920	20,580	630	5,125	195	242,620	10,875	1,115	18,360
2006-07	279,560	217,035	21,160	655	5,015	200	244,305	12,070	1,195	21,890
2007-08	272,625	209,170	21,940	685	4,865	200	237,460	12,670	1,195	21,250
2008-09	279,615	212,010	22,510	680	4,725	245	240,530	13,850	1,335	23,820
2009-10	287,565	215,595	23,620	725	4,615	565	245,425	16,075	1,550	24,445
2010-11	290,000	214,315	24,295	720	4,555	235	244,335	16,380	1,805	27,435
Postgraduate										
2001-02	40,120	26,475	4,185	140	410	0	31,325	2,770	535	5,385
2002-03	40,725	24,980	4,345	155	430	0	30,125	2,895	575	7,100
2003-04	43,690	26,525	4,195	145	425	0	31,530	3,350	615	8,155
2004-05	43,520	25,630	4,290	140	420	30	30,615	3,345	460	9,045
2005-06	47,325	27,505	4,880	170	395	40	33,100	3,505	445	10,225
2006-07	52,395	28,750	5,790	195	440	50	35,340	3,895	485	12,615
2007-08	51,880	27,015	6,545	230	465	50	34,400	3,890	505	13,040
2008-09	52,695	26,465	6,595	235	435	45	33,885	4,125	540	14,075
2009-10	54,950	26,720	7,440	280	505	45	35,140	4,795	575	14,385
2010-11	56,580	26,060	7,750	255	530	40	34,790	5,035	640	16,085
First degree										
2001-02	117,300	87,585	14,650	450	4,910	0	107,760	4,450	885	3,815
2002-03	121,220	90,955	14,535	395	4,920	0	111,030	4,785	850	4,545
2003-04	133,740	102,665	14,380	420	4,830	0	122,490	5,125	835	5,285
2004-05	133,105	101,270	14,370	425	4,705	130	120,950	5,610	620	5,910
2005-06	136,105	103,360	14,530	430	4,560	130	123,045	6,345	595	6,100
2006-07	133,740	100,290	14,315	420	4,385	130	119,595	6,920	625	6,565
2007-08	132,260	98,665	14,335	420	4,175	130	117,795	7,735	620	6,100
2008-09	137,720	101,905	14,805	410	4,140	175	121,500	8,820	715	6,680
2009-10	146,175	107,045	15,310	415	4,025	190		10,400	890	7,855
2010-11	149,715	109,390	15,345	425	3,925	180	129,295	10,700	1,005	8,710
Sub-degree										
2001-02	112,135	107,505	1,365	50	255	10	109,215	765	75	2,060
2002-03	102,630	97,980	1,175	70	245	5	1	690	155	2,145
2003-04	91,695	87,510	1,065	35	200	0	,-	720	105	1,925
2004-05	93,625	89,215	1,010	25	195	15	,	915	55	2,145
2005-06	89,620	85,060	1,170	30	170	20	86,475	1,025	75	2,040
2006-07	93,425	87,990	1,055	40	190	20	89,370	1,255	85	2,710
2007-08	88,335	83,340	1,060	35	225	20	85,115	1,045	70	2,105
2008-09	89,155	83,600	1,110	35	150	20	85,105	905	75	3,065
2009-10	86,435	81,835	870	35	85	325	83,260	880	85	2,205
2010-11	83,705	78,865	1,195	40	105	15	80,250	650	160	2,645

⁽¹⁾ Total includes UK and overseas students whose specific country of domicile was not reported. Please also see relevant sections of 'Notes to Tables'.

Figure 21.1. Percentage change in HE numbers at Scottish HEIs and colleges from UK countries since 2001-02

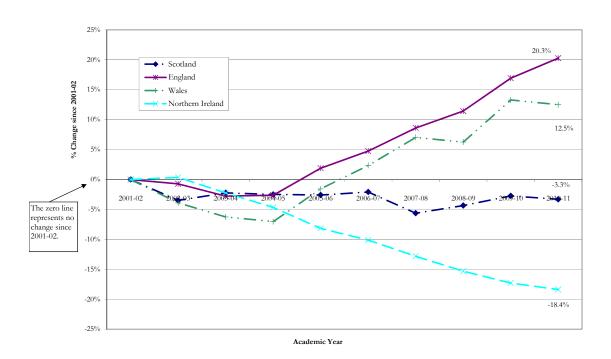


Figure 21.2. Non-Scottish domiciled students in HE at Scottish HEIs and colleges by domicile: 2001-02 to 2010-11

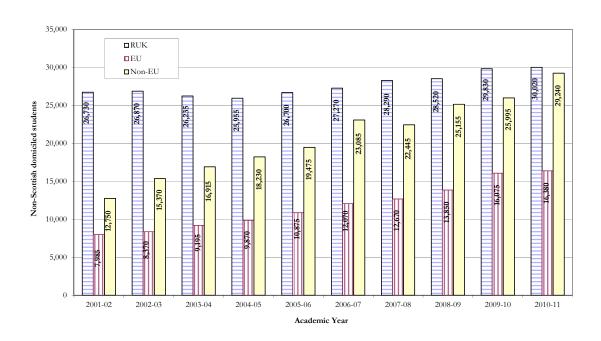


Table 22. Entrants to higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by domicile and level of study: 2001-02 to 2010-11

	Total all domiciles	Scotland	England	Wales	Northern Ireland	Other UK	Total UK	EU	Non EU Europe	Non European
Total (1)										
2001-02	138,630	118,330	6,635	215	1,790	5	127,125	4,075	630	6,625
2002-03	133,300	111,265	6,275	230	1,920	5	120,085	4,360	715	8,100
2003-04	136,490	113,325	6,380	230	1,720	0	121,915	4,890	715	8,920
2004-05	133,340	109,220	6,510	215	1,585	50	117,690	5,355	470	9,780
2005-06	137,565	111,210	7,210	235	1,575	80	120,390	5,870	495	10,780
2006-07	142,460	112,910	7,065	240	1,580	75	122,010	6,585	595	13,215
2007-08	137,495	108,175	7,320	260	1,505	70	117,820	6,725	565	12,370
2008-09	144,130	111,555	7,745	235	1,430	110	121,300	7,410	685	14,690
2009-10	147,465	112,495	8,440	275	1,420	335	123,135	8,770	810	14,715
2010-11	140,590	106,460	7,800	235	1,390	75	116,015	7,905	870	15,790
Postgraduate										
2001-02	21,115	13,685	1,730	60	260	0	15,815	1,780	305	3,155
2002-03	21,025	12,405	1,655	65	235	0	14,500	1,800	320	4,380
2003-04	23,600	14,130	1,675	75	255	0	16,240	1,990	350	4,995
2004-05	22,610	12,425	1,740	65	230	10	14,525	2,055	255	5,745
2005-06	26,580	14,955	2,060	90	240	20	17,410	2,125	240	6,775
2005-06	26,580	14,955	2,060	90	240	20	17,410	2,125	240	6,775
2006-07	29,005	15,145	2,610	95	250	20	18,175	2,290	300	8,205
2007-08	27,920	13,900	2,690	120	270	20	17,035	2,235	295	8,350
2008-09	29,380	14,360	2,550	100	235	20	17,320	2,535	335	9,155
2010-11	30,705	13,150	3,095	100	270	15	16,660	3,160	395	10,480
First degree										
2001-02	38,585	29,435	3,880	120	1,380	0	34,865	1,695	260	1,660
2002-03	40,610	30,990	3,750	110	1,525	0	36,480	2,005	250	1,875
2003-04	44,930	34,660	3,900	135	1,345	0	40,090	2,280	275	2,280
2004-05	41,780	31,475	3,965	125	1,235	30	36,850	2,495	170	2,255
2005-06	44,010	33,080	4,230	125	1,230	40	38,715	2,825	190	2,275
2006-07	42,780	31,695	3,600	105	1,195	40	36,660	3,180	220	2,700
2007-08	42,965	31,690	3,850	120	1,070	35	36,795	3,615	215	2,340
2008-09	46,775	34,015	4,320	100	1,100	70	39,625	4,075	285	2,790
2009-10	50,295	35,970	4,715	130	1,065	60	41,950	4,830	350	3,155
2010-11	46,860	34,265	3,720	100	1,035	45	39,170	4,175	330	3,185
Sub-degree										
2001-02	78,855	75,135	1,025	35	150	5	76,365	600	65	1,815
2002-03	71,665	67,870	870	55	160	5	69,105	555	145	1,850
2003-04	67,960	64,540	805	25	125	0		625	90	1,645
2004-05	68,940	65,310	805	20	120	10		805	45	1,785
2005-06	66,980	63,175	915	25	110	20	64,265	920	65	1,730
2006-07	70,675	66,065	850	35	135	15	67,170	1,120	75	2,310
2007-08	66,510	62,485	780	20	170	15	63,890	880	60	1,680
2008-09	67,935	63,135	875	30	95	20	64,310	800	70	2,750
2009-10	65,680	61,835	690	25	60	255	62,950	790	80	1,860
2010-11	63,025	59,045	985	35	85	10	60,185	570	140	2,125

⁽¹⁾ Total includes UK and overseas students whose specific country of domicile was not reported..

Figure 22.1 Non-Scottish domiciled entrants to HE at Scottish HEIs and colleges by domicile: 2001-02 to 2010-11

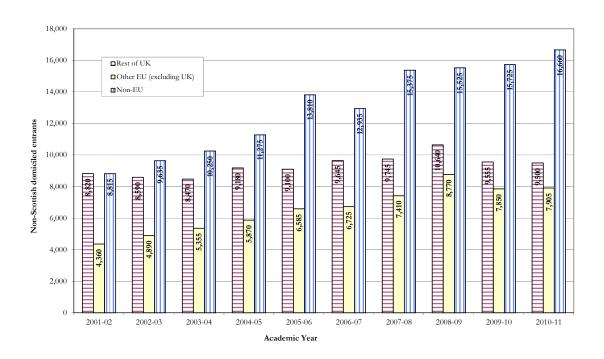


Figure 22.2 Scottish entrants to HE at Scottish HEIs and colleges by level of study: 2001-02 to 2010-11

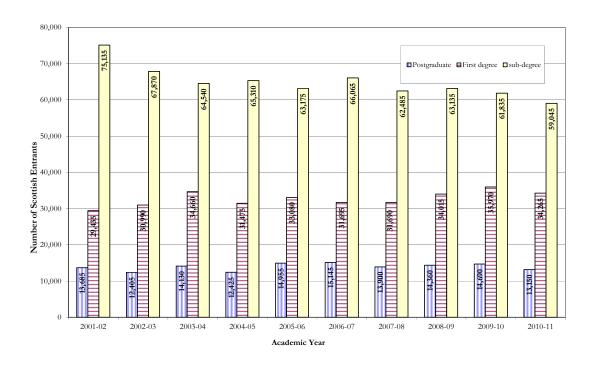


Table 23. Students in higher education at UK HEIs by domicile and country of institution: 2006-07 to 2010-11

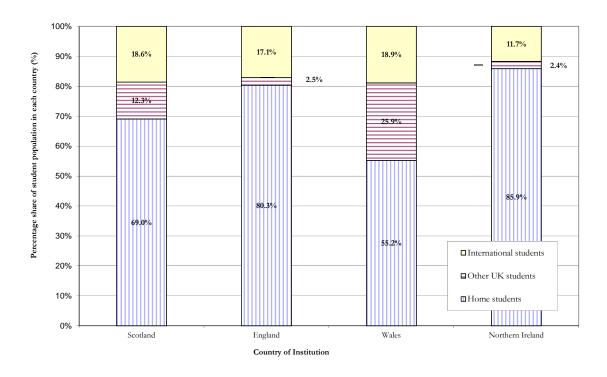
	Total all domiciles	Scotland	England	Wales	Northern Ireland	Other UK	Total UK	EU	Non EU Europe	Non European
Total UK (1)										
2006-07	2,303,590	181,850	1,612,480	104,880	62,065	4,915	1,977,655	105,410	12,495	206,880
2007-08	2,305,765	175,115	1,610,605	101,965	62,300	4,725	1,964,300	111,940	12,040	215,640
2008-09	2,395,800	178,215	1,669,985	102,395	61,990	4,635	2,027,080	117,525	13,715	235,685
2009-10	2,493,420	179,715	1,728,265	102,875	64,635	12,125	2,080,090	125,045	15,235	264,625
2010-11	2,501,295	177,455	1,719,430	102,625	65,555	8,010	2,069,350	130,120	16,595	280,905
Scotland										
2006-07	230,100	169,850	20,720	635	4,940	200	196,580	11,680	1,160	20,580
2007-08	224,855	163,140	21,555	670	4,800	195	190,960	12,395	1,180	20,265
2008-09	231,260	165,615	22,145	670	4,680	240	193,715	13,585	1,320	22,560
2009-10	237,765	167,375	23,535	720	4,605	520	196,455	15,930	1,525	23,480
2010-11	238,645	164,775	24,005	705	4,520	450	194,240	16,310	1,720	26,120
England										
2006-07	1,886,075	11,135	1,553,460	25,385	10,835	4,495	1,615,385	83,695	10,835	175,175
2007-08	1,896,100	11,155	1,553,200	24,360	10,990	4,310	1,612,175	88,800	10,415	183,105
2008-09	1,977,490	11,895	1,613,065	23,865	11,175	4,195	1,672,955	92,750	11,810	198,570
2009-10	2,062,835	11,790	1,670,425	24,090	11,225	10,640	1,721,700	97,860	12,985	223,030
2010-11	2,065,450	12,085	1,659,075	24,545	11,690	7,125	1,711,235	102,560	14,090	233,745
Wales										
2006-07	134,800	745	37,565	78,820	485	210	118,020	6,470	445	9,795
2007-08	132,645	690	35,015	76,890	460	205	114,035	7,025	410	10,995
2008-09	134,590	565	33,755	77,805	490	175	113,460	7,505	550	13,035
2009-10	136,915	400	33,260	78,015	515	700	112,370	6,845	670	16,480
2010-11	140,105	425	35,210	77,320	515	345	113,660	6,455	720	19,085
Northern Ireland										
2006-07	52,615	120	735	40	45,805	15	47,670	3,570	50	1,330
2007-08	52,160	130	835	45	46,050	10	47,130	3,720	35	1,275
2008-09	52,460	140	1,025	55	45,650	20	46,950	3,685	30	1,515
2009-10	55,615	150	1,045	50	48,295	265	49,560	4,210	30	1,575
2010-11	56,865	170	1,135	55	48,825	80	50,205	4,655	45	1,895

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA).

⁽¹⁾ Total includes UK and overseas students whose specific country of domicile was not reported..

The above table includes students at UK HEIs only and does not include students studying at colleges.

Figure 23 Share of students studying at HEIs in the UK by domicile and country of institution: 2010-11



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Access and Equalities

Table 24a. Students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by receipt of Disabled Students Allowance (DSA) and disability type: 2010-11

	Total	HEIs	Colleges
HE student population	290,000	238,645	51,355
students declaring a disability	23,115	19,190	3,925
of which:			
Disability and in receipt of DSA	6,120	5,875	245
Disability but NOT in receipt of DSA	12,260	11,305	955
Disability but DSA information not known/not sought	4,740	2,015	2,725
No known disability (1)	266,880	219,455	47,430
Disability type:			
Blind or a serious visual impairment uncorrected by glasses	525	405	120
Deaf or a serious hearing impairment	800	630	175
A physical impairment or mobility issues, such as difficulty using arms or using a wheelchair or crutches	820	650	170
Personal care support	20	10	10
A mental health condition, such as depression, schizophrenia or anxiety disorder	2,225	1,935	285
A long standing illness or health condition such as cancer, HIV, diabetes, chronic heart disease, or epilepsy	3,765	2,785	980
Two or more impairments and/or disabling medical conditions	2,100	1,975	130
A social/communication impairment such as Aspergers syndrome/other autistic spectrum disorder (2)	340	340	-
A specific learning difficulty such as dyslexia, dyspraxia or AD(H)D	9,400	7,875	1,525
A disability, impairment or medical condition that is not listed above (2)	3,145	2,590	555
Total	23,115	19,190	3,925

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA), SFC.

Please also see relevant sections of 'Notes to Tables'.

Table 24b. Students in higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by receipt of Disabled Students Allowance (DSA) and disability type (%): 2010-11

	Total	HEIs	Colleges
HE student population	290,000	238,645	51,355
students declaring a disability	23,115	19,190	3,925
of which:			
Disability and in receipt of DSA	26.5%	30.6%	6.2%
Disability but NOT in receipt of DSA	53.0%	58.9%	24.3%
Disability but DSA information not known/not sought	20.5%	10.5%	69.4%
No known disability (1)	266,880	219,455	47,430
Disability type:			
Blind or a serious visual impairment uncorrected by glasses	2.3%	2.1%	3.1%
Deaf or a serious hearing impairment	3.5%	3.3%	4.5%
A physical impairment or mobility issues, such as difficulty using arms or using a wheelchair or crutches	3.5%	3.4%	4.3%
Personal care support	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%
A mental health condition, such as depression, schizophrenia or anxiety disorder	9.6%	10.1%	7.3%
A long standing illness or health condition such as cancer, HIV, diabetes, chronic heart disease, or epilepsy	16.3%	14.5%	25.0%
Two or more impairments and/or disabling medical conditions	9.1%	10.3%	3.3%
A social/communication impairment such as Aspergers syndrome/other autistic spectrum disorder (2)	1.5%	1.8%	-
A specific learning difficulty such as dyslexia, dyspraxia or AD(H)D	40.7%	41.0%	38.9%
A disability, impairment or medical condition that is not listed above (2)	13.6%	13.5%	14.1%
Total	23,115	19,190	3,925

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA), SFC.

Percentages have been calculated from rounded values.

⁽¹⁾ Includes 2,130 HEI students and 1,665 college students whose disability status was not reported..

⁽²⁾ For colleges, students with an autistic spectrum disorder are included in the category 'A disability, impairment or medical condition not listed above' as they are not reported on separately.

⁽¹⁾ Includes 2,130 HEI students and 1,665 college students whose disability status was not reported..

⁽²⁾ For colleges, students with an autistic spectrum disorder are included in the category 'A disability, impairment or medical condition not listed above' as they are not reported on separately

Table 25a. Scottish domiciled entrants from deprived areas to higher education in the UK by institution type: 2010-11

Type of Institution ¹	All entrants	A - Percentage of entrants from deprived areas ²	B - Percentage of total population in deprived areas ²	C - Percentage of working age population ³ in deprived areas ²	Percentage point (pp) difference at institutions (A - B)	Percentage point (pp) difference at institutions (A - C)
Colleges	37,455	22.3%	19.0%	18.8%	3.3	3.5
Andent Universities	16,790	7.9%	19.0%	18.8%	-11.1	-10.9
Newer Universities	13,845	11.2%	19.0%	18.8%	-7.8	-7.6
Post-92 Universities	27,275	14.8%	19.0%	18.8%	-4.2	-4.0
Specialised HEIs	1,140	7.2%	19.0%	18.8%	-11.8	-11.6
Open University	8,610	14.7%	19.0%	18.8%	-4.3	-4.1
Universities outside Scotland	6,170	9.0%	19.0%	18.8%	-10.0	-9.8
All entrants	111,290	15.4%	19.0%	18.8%	-3.6	-3.4

- 1. The institutions included in the above classifications are listed in the Notes to Tables section.
- 2. Deprived areas are defined as the 20% lowest ranked areas in the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation 2009.
- 3. Working population is defined as number of persons aged 16-64.

Figure 25a Scottish domiciled entrants to higher education by deprivation classification of domicile and institution type: 2010-11

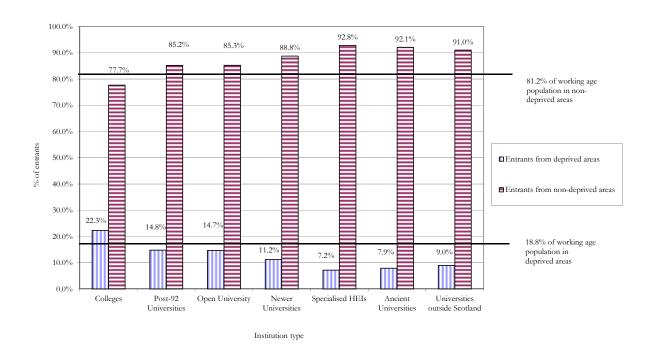


Table 25b. Scottish domiciled entrants from deprived areas to higher education in the UK by institution type and academic year: 2002-03 to 2010-11

Type of Institution ¹	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
Colleges	20.1%	20.4%	21.3%	21.7%	21.8%	21.8%	21.7%	22.6%	22.3%
Ancient Universities	7.3%	7.5%	7.9%	7.6%	7.7%	7.3%	7.8%	7.6%	7.9%
Newer Universities	10.7%	11.1%	11.6%	11.7%	11.7%	11.1%	11.0%	11.1%	11.2%
Post-92 HEIs	13.0%	13.2%	13.9%	14.4%	14.6%	14.8%	14.7%	14.6%	14.8%
Specialised HEIs	8.9%	7.8%	7.3%	7.7%	6.5%	7.5%	6.6%	7.9%	7.2%
Open University	11.8%	13.2%	13.7%	13.2%	13.7%	13.2%	14.0%	14.0%	14.7%
Universities outside Scotland	6.5%	6.3%	6.3%	6.8%	6.3%	6.9%	7.4%	7.0%	9.0%
All entrants from deprived areas ⁽²⁾	14.2%	14.2%	14.9%	15.0%	15.0%	14.8%	14.9%	15.1%	15.4%
% of Scottish population living in deprived areas ⁽²⁾	20.2%	20.0%	19.8%	19.7%	19.6%	19.3%	19.2%	19.1%	19.0%
% of Scottish working age population ⁽³⁾ living in deprived areas ⁽²⁾	19.6%	19.5%	19.5%	19.4%	19.4%	19.0%	19.0%	18.9%	18.8%
Under-representation of total population from deprived areas	-6.0	-5.7	-5.0	-4.7	-4.6	-4.5	-4.3	-4.1	-3.6
Under-representation of working age population from deprived areas	-5.4	-5.3	-4.6	-4.4	-4.4	-4.2	-4.1	-3.8	-3.4

- 1. The institutions include in the above classifications are listed in the Notes to Tables section.
- 2. Deprived areas are defined as the 20% lowest ranked areas in the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation 2009.
- 3. Working population is defined as number of persons aged 16-64.

Figure 25b.1 Proportion of Scottish domiciled higher education entrants to Scottish institutions from deprived areas by institution type: 2002-03 to 2010-11

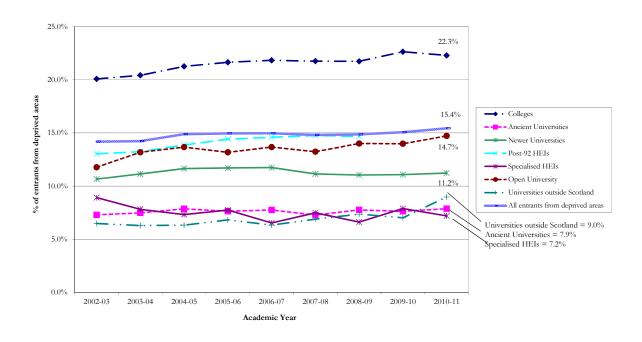


Figure 25b.2 Under-representation of Scottish entrants from deprived areas: 2002-03 to 2010-11

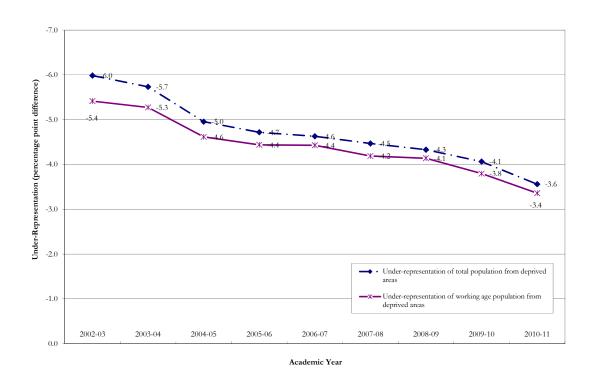


Figure 25b.3 Scottish domiciled HE entrants from deprived areas and working age population from deprived areas: 2002-03 to 2010-11

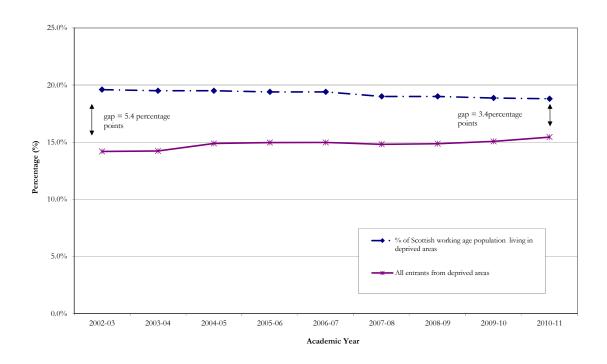


Table 26. Students in higher education at Scottish HEIs and colleges by detailed level of study and ethnicity: 2010-11

				Level of Study			
		Postgr	aduate	First Degree	Sub-degree		
	All Levels	Research Postgraduate	Taught Postgraduate	First Degree	HNC/HND	Other HE	
All ethnic backgrounds	290,000	11,325	45,255	149,715	42,315	41,390	
Asian - Bangladeshi	435	30	105	170	100	25	
Asian - Chinese	6,905	560	2,965	2,640	225	515	
Asian - Indian	5,730	250	2,710	1,270	965	535	
Asian - Pakistani	4,110	180	770	1,935	855	365	
Asian - other	3,930	490	1,220	1,430	485	305	
Black - African	5,355	270	2,335	1,660	660	430	
Black - Caribbean	335	20	95	140	40	40	
Black - other	520	55	225	155	45	45	
White	235,950	7,190	26,455	127,390	37,700	37,215	
Mixed background	3,580	235	550	2,255	275	265	
Other ethnic background	2,150	325	705	705	170	245	
Unknown	21,005	1,720	7,115	9,965	795	1,410	

Please also see relevant sections of 'Notes to Tables'.

Table 27. Entrants to higher education at Scottish HEIs and colleges by ethnicity: 2001-02 to 2010-11

	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	%change since 2009-10	% change since 2001-02
All ethnic backgrounds	138,630	133,300	136,490	133,340	137,565	142,460	137,495	144,130	147,465	140,590	-4.7	1.4
Asian - Bangladeshi	100	120	110	105	135	175	165	195	185	215	16.2	115.0
Asian - Chinese	1,540	2,015	2,340	2,015	2,270	2,575	2,775	3,000	3,495	4,390	25.6	185.1
Asian - Indian	1,225	1,515	1,665	1,840	2,510	2,750	2,765	2,790	3,120	3,100	-0.6	153.1
Asian - Pakistani	1,185	1,075	1,210	1,165	1,375	1,585	1,590	1,690	1,885	1,970	4.5	66.2
Asian - other	505	775	1,005	965	1,075	1,245	1,555	1,745	1,765	2,065	17.0	308.9
Black - African	665	855	1,050	1,050	1,335	1,755	2,155	2,675	2,850	2,795	-1.9	320.3
Black - Caribbean	85	95	125	100	135	140	140	190	160	170	6.3	100.0
Black - other	165	195	290	355	360	440	380	355	265	265	0.0	60.6
White	114,570	112,025	114,550	110,065	112,885	115,840	113,160	114,705	118,645	112,350	-5.3	-1.9
Mixed background ¹	435	540	970	860	945	1,110	1,275	1,480	1,695	1,510	-10.9	247.1
Other ethnic background	1,020	1,115	800	695	715	830	845	1,185	1,270	1,155	-9.1	13.2
Unknown	17,140	12,980	12,375	14,130	13,825	14,005	10,700	14,110	12,135	10,600	-12.6	-38.2

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

Percentages have been calculated from rounded values.

Qualifiers

Table 28. Qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish institutions by institution type and level of qualification obtained: 2001-02 to 2010-11

			Level	of Qualification obta	ained			
		Postgr	aduate	First Degree	Sub-degree			
	All Levels	Research Postgraduate	Taught Postgraduate	First Degree	HNC/HND	Other Sub-degree		
Total		9						
2001-02	74,395	1,875	12,545	27,705	18,335	13,865		
2002-03	72,575	2,005	12,815	27,510	16,725	13,520		
2003-04	75,470	2,045	13,280	28,440	18,520	13,185		
2004-05	81,045	2,300	16,070	31,010	18,190	13,465		
2005-06	81,165	2,235	17,575	31,090	17,470	12,790		
2006-07	82,920	2,300	18,135	32,025	16,275	14,185		
2007-08	83,335	2,155	19,550	31,235	15,695	14,650		
2008-09	84,030	2,275	19,355	31,750	16,685	13,965		
2009-10	83,395	2,330	19,045	32,095	17,775	12,155		
2010-11	90,110	2,590	20,920	33,130	19,630	13,840		
All students at HEIs								
2001-02	48,645	1,875	12,400	27,580	1,350	5,445		
2002-03	49,640	2,005	12,745	27,415	1,340	6,140		
2003-04	50,620	2,045	13,160	28,325	1,570	5,515		
2004-05	57,745	2,300	15,955	30,845	1,575	7,065		
2005-06	59,000	2,235	17,470	30,910	1,750	6,635		
2006-07	60,910	2,300	18,020	31,825	1,430	7,335		
2007-08	62,130	2,155	19,510	30,965	1,950	7,550		
2008-09	61,565	2,275	19,315	31,465	1,715	6,790		
2009-10	60,530	2,330	19,000	31,790	1,675	5,730		
2010-11	64,295	2,590	20,875	32,555	1,765	6,500		
All students at								
colleges								
2001-02	25,750	0	145	125	16,985	8,420		
2002-03	22,935	0	70	95	15,385	7,385		
2003-04	24,855	0	120	115	16,950	7,670		
2004-05	23,300	0	115	165	16,615	6,400		
2005-06	22,165	0	105	185	15,720	6,155		
2006-07	22,010	0	115	205	14,845	6,850		
2007-08	21,205	0	40	265	13,745	7,100		
2008-09	22,465	0	40	285	14,970	7,175		
2009-10	22,865	0	45	300	16,095	6,420		
2010-11	25,815	0	40	570	17,860	7,340		

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

Figure 28.1. Qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish institutions by institution type and academic year: 2001-02 to 2010-11

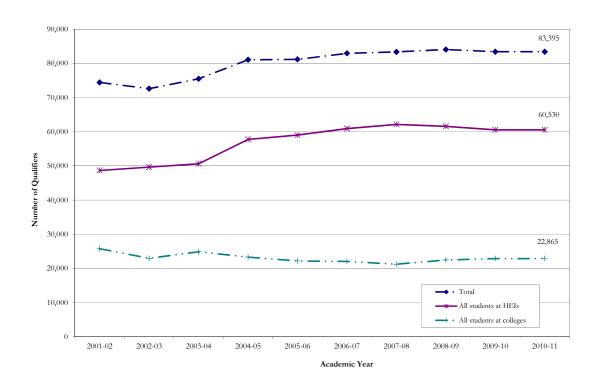


Figure 28.2. Qualifiers from higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by level of study: 2010-11

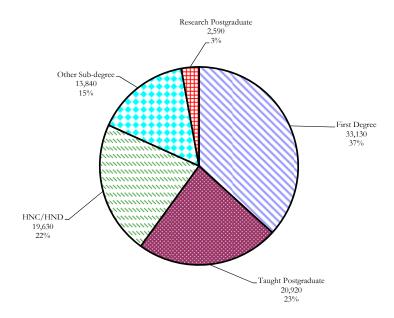


Table 29. Qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish institutions by mode of study and gender: 2001-02 to 2010-11

Academic		Total			Full-time		Part-time			
year	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	
2001-02	74,395	31,815	42,580	45,090	19,060	26,030	29,305	12,755	16,550	
2002-03	72,575	30,240	42,330	44,540	18,405	26,135	28,030	11,835	16,195	
2003-04	75,470	32,360	43,110	46,535	19,955	26,580	28,935	12,405	16,530	
2004-05	81,045	34,365	46,680	48,980	20,695	28,285	32,065	13,665	18,400	
2005-06	81,165	33,975	47,190	49,715	20,560	29,155	31,450	13,415	18,035	
2006-07	82,920	35,435	47,485	52,615	21,840	30,775	30,305	13,595	16,710	
2007-08	83,335	36,015	47,315	51,085	21,515	29,570	32,245	14,505	17,740	
2008-09	84,030	37,270	46,760	53,585	23,010	30,575	30,445	14,260	16,185	
2009-10	83,395	37,270	46,125	54,590	23,780	30,810	28,805	13,485	15,320	
2010-11	90,110	41,065	49,050	58,125	25,785	32,340	31,990	15,280	16,710	

Table 30. Qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish institutions by level of qualification obtained and age group: 2001-02 to 2010-11

	Total (1)	16-18	19-20	21-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60+
All levels									
2001-02	74,395	1,935	6,540	27,780	10,535	14,570	8,745	2,460	395
2002-03	72,575	1,845	6,105	28,205	10,785	13,875	8,790	2,535	410
2003-04	75,470	2,080	6,785	28,840	11,835	13,770	8,995	2,640	505
2004-05	81,045	2,200	7,155	30,460	13,380	14,280	10,025	3,000	530
2005-06	81,165	2,145	7,140	31,325	14,140	13,575	9,405	2,960	455
2006-07	82,920	2,310	7,590	32,930	14,540	13,090	9,025	2,915	500
2007-08	83,335	2,280	7,615	32,675	15,040	13,045	8,920	2,970	555
2008-09	84,030	2,580	7,870	33,455	15,025	12,965	8,510	3,005	610
2009-10	83,395	2,685	7,935	33,560	15,445	12,610	7,885	2,735	535
2010-11	90,110	2,815	9,050	36,110	17,240	13,220	7,935	3,000	740
Postgraduate	, .	,	,,	,			- /		
2001-02	14,420	0	5	2,675	3,920	4,060	2,250	620	50
2002-03	14,820	0	5	2,920	4,460	4,215	2,400	735	65
2003-04	15,325	5	10	3,060	5,165	4,270	2,120	630	60
2004-05	18,370	5	15	3,525	6,240	4,825	2,735	930	90
2005-06	19,815	0	5	4,390	6,890	4,875	2,650	920	70
2006-07	20,435	0	5	4,585	7,320	4,975	2,540	910	85
2007-08	21,705	0	10	5,055	7,680	5,245	2,625	955	125
2008-09	21,630	0	5	4,595	7,730	5,495	2,655	1,020	125
2009-10	21,375	0	10	4,690	7,925	5,470	2,255	905	115
2010-11	23,510	0	5	5,270	9,005	5,690	2,445	930	160
First Degree									
2001-02	27,705	0	1,165	19,450	2,450	2,525	1,430	355	85
2002-03	27,510	0	1,075	19,325	2,435	2,585	1,610	370	100
2003-04	28,440	0	1,245	19,760	2,790	2,435	1,695	425	85
2004-05	31,010	0	1,180	21,110	3,315	2,840	1,955	475	125
2005-06	31,090	0	1,090	20,950	3,520	2,905	2,000	495	125
2006-07	32,025	0	1,105	21,900	3,545	2,755	2,065	535	120
2007-08	31,235	0	1,195	21,320	3,550	2,530	1,970	535	120
2008-09	31,750	0	1,190	22,415	3,355	2,410	1,750	495	130
2009-10	32,095	0	1,060	22,545	3,715	2,400	1,760	505	110
2010-11	33,130	15	1,060	23,320	3,930	2,450	1,640	580	135
Sub-degree									
2001-02	32,200	1,870	5,360	5,650	4,160	7,985	5,065	1,490	260
2002-03	30,250	1,845	5,025	5,955	3,890	7,075	4,780	1,430	240
2003-04	31,705	2,075	5,530	6,015	3,885	7,065	5,180	1,590	360
2004-05	31,665	2,195	5,955	5,825	3,825	6,610	5,330	1,595	315
2005-06	30,260	2,140	6,045	5,980	3,735	5,795	4,750	1,545	260
2006-07	30,460	2,305	6,480	6,440	3,680	5,360	4,415	1,475	295
2007-08	30,345	2,275	6,410	6,300	3,805	5,265	4,305	1,470	310
2008-09	30,650	2,580	6,675	6,445	3,940	5,060	4,105	1,490	355
2009-10	29,925	2,685	6,865	6,325	3,805	4,740	3,875	1,325	310
2010-11	33,470	2,800	7,980	7,520	4,305	5,080	3,850	1,485	445

⁽¹⁾ The total includes qualifiers whose ages were not reported. In 2010-11 there were 13 students whose ages were not reported. Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

Figure 30 Chart3: Qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish institutions by age group: 2010-11

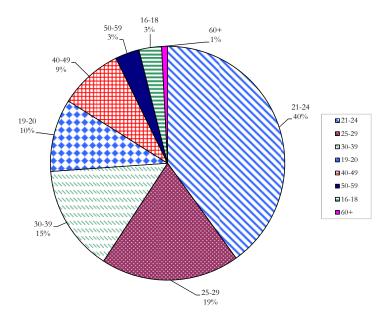


Table 31. Qualifiers from higher education courses in HEIs in Scotland by institution: 2001-02, 2009-10 and 2010-11

	2001-02	2009-10	2010-11	% change since 2009-10	% change since 2001-02
Total	48,645	60,530	64,295	6.2	32.2
Aberdeen, The University of	3,195	4,205	4,295	2.1	34.4
Abertay Dundee, The University of	955	1,665	1,815	9.0	90.1
Bell College ¹	1,210	-	-	-	-
Dundee, The University of	2,940	4,105	4,320	5.2	46.9
Edinburgh College of Art	425	450	645	43.3	51.8
Edinburgh Napier University	3,940	4,480	4,935	10.2	25.3
Edinburgh, The University of	5,840	7,685	8,135	5.9	39.3
Glasgow Caledonian University	3,005	3,360	3,910	16.4	30.1
Glasgow School of Art	320	600	605	0.8	89.1
Glasgow, The University of	4,915	5,955	6,125	2.9	24.6
Heriot-Watt University	1,785	2,885	3,400	17.9	90.5
Highlands and Islands, the University of	485	2,450	2,590	5.7	434.0
Open University, The	2,410	2,180	2,095	-3.9	-13.1
Paisley, The University of 1	3,390	-	-	-	-
Queen Margaret University, Edinburgh	1,055	1,225	1,435	17.1	36.0
Robert Gordon University, The	2,810	3,720	3,900	4.8	38.8
Royal Conservatoire of Scotland, The	235	320	275	-14.1	17.0
Scottish Agricultural College	320	390	395	1.3	23.4
St Andrews, The University of	1,695	2,325	2,725	17.2	60.8
Stirling, The University of	2,155	2,990	2,955	-1.2	37.1
Strathdyde, The University of	5,565	6,410	6,440	0.5	15.7
The West of Scotland, The University of 1	-	3,135	3,305	5.4	-

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA).

^{1.}University of Paisley merged with Bell College during the period 2007-08 to become the University of the West of Scotland. Percentages have been calculated from rounded values.

Table 32. Qualifiers from higher education courses in colleges in Scotland by institution: 2001-02, 2009-10 and 2010-11

	2001-02	2009-10	2010-11	% change since	% change since
Total	25,750	22,865	25,815	2009-10	2000-01
Aberdeen College	3,185	1,580	1,779	12.9	-44.1
	3,163		1,665		-44.1
Adam Smith College ¹	200	1,810 505	-	-8.0	- 22 (
Angus College	390		482	-4.6	23.6
Anniesland College	520	560	608	8.6	16.9
Ayr College	655	615	689	12.0	5.2
Banff & Buchan College of Further Education	425	370	374	1.1	-12.0
Barony College	20	65	75	15.4	275.0
Borders College	185	170	231	35.9	24.9
Cardonald College	425	785	786	0.1	84.9
Carnegie College	435	505	695	37.6	59.8
Central College of Commerce	895	1,165	1,367	17.3	52.7
Clackmannan College of Further Education ²	265	-	0	-	-
Clydebank College	315	385	706	83.4	124.1
Coatbridge College	460	235	304	29.4	-33.9
Cumbernauld College	235	375	407	8.5	73.2
Dumfries and Galloway College	515	320	290	-9.4	-43.7
Dundee College	850	1,005	1,034	2.9	21.6
Edinburgh's Telford College	1,390	1,045	1,249	19.5	-10.1
Elmwood College	235	190	267	40.5	13.6
Falkirk College of Further & Higher Education ²	1,095	-	0	-	-
Fife College of Further & Higher Education ¹	980	-	0	-	-
Forth Valley College ²	-	865	1,028	18.8	-
Glasgow College of Building and Printing ³	755	=	0	-	-
Glasgow College of Food Technology ³	250	-	0	-	-
Glasgow College of Nautical studies	885	1,320	1,798	36.2	103.2
Glasgow Metropolitan College ³	-	975	1,041	6.8	-
Glenrothes College ¹	575	=	0	-	-
James Watt College of Further & Higher Education	2,945	1,135	1,073	-5.5	-63.6
Jewel and Esk Valley College	650	655	649	-0.9	-0.2
John Wheatley College	105	60	93	55.0	-11
Kilmarnock College	985	705	604	-14.3	-38.7
Langside College	485	935	1,021	9.2	110.5
Motherwell College	440	860	994	15.6	125.9
Newbattle Abbey College	25	-	0	-	-100.0
North Glasgow College	310	175	288	64.6	-7.1
Oatridge Agricultural College	110	155	127	-18.1	15.5
Reid Kerr College	720	945	1,007	6.6	39.9
South Lanarkshire College	565	650	708	8.9	25.3
Stevenson College	1,220	800	1,007	25.9	-17.5
Stow College	495	450	646	43.6	30.5
West Lothian College	755	495	723	46.1	-4.2
Source: Scottish Funding Council (SEC)	133	7/3	123	70.1	-4.2

Source: Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

Percentages have been calculated from rounded values.

^{1.} In 2005-06 Fife College of Further & Higher Education and Glenrothes College merged to form Adam Smith College.

^{2.} In 2005-06 Falkirk College of Further & Higher Education and Clackmannan College of Further Education merged to form Forth Valley College.

^{3.} In 2005-06 Glasgow College of Food Technology and Glasgow College of Building and Printing merged to form Glasgow Metropolitan College.

Figure 32. Share of HE qualifiers at Scottish institutions by institution type: 2010-11

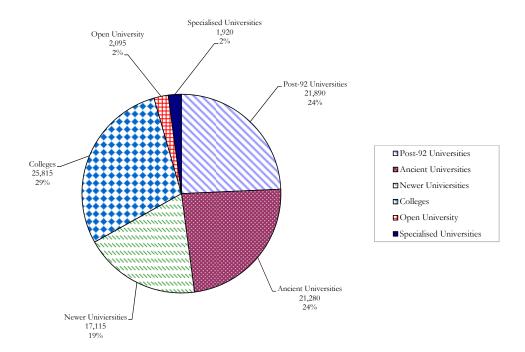


Table 33. Qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish institutions by detailed qualification obtained and institution type: 2010-11

	Level of qualification obtained	All Qualifiers	Qualifiers from Higher Education Institutions	Qualifiers from Colleges
	Total	90,110	64,295	25,815
	Doctorate	2,105	2,105	0
	Masters	14,900	14,890	10
Postgraduate	PGCE/PGDE	1,310	1,310	0
	Other postgraduate	5,195	5,160	35
First Degree	First Degree	33,130	32,555	570
	Undergraduate Professional Qualification	575	130	445
	HND	7,635	470	7,165
Sub-degree	HNC	11,995	1,295	10,700
ous degree	Other Certificates & Diplomas	7,195	6,375	820
	HN Units not leading to a Certificate	3,240	0	3,240
	Other HE	2,835	5	2,830

Table 34. Qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish institutions by subject of study: 2001-02 to 2010-11

	Subject of Study	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	% change since 2009-10	% change since 2001-02
	All Subjects	74,395	72,575	75,470	81,045	81,165	82,920	83,335	84,030	83,395	90,110	8.1	24.2
Medical	Allied Mediane	7,130	7,885	7,210	8,770	8,710	8,720	8,755	8,480	7,630	8,085	6.0	2.5
Studies	Medicine and Dentistry	1,395	1,300	1,450	1,470	1,475	1,490	1,530	1,600	1,660	1,690	1.8	30.0
Studies	Total	8,525	9,185	8,660	10,245	10,185	10,210	10,285	10,080	9,285	9,775	5.3	6.4
	Agriculture	725	685	730	730	630	590	625	660	690	770	11.6	12.4
	Biological Sciences	3,030	3,600	3,875	4,300	4,295	4,585	4,550	4,825	4,705	5,065	7.7	40.7
	Engineering and Technology	6,600	5,955	6,310	6,510	6,585	6,755	6,830	7,255	7,440	8,685	16.7	45.8
Science and	Information Technology	5,550	5,150	5,350	5,510	4,645	4,920	4,660	4,470	4,540	4,965	9.4	-3.6
Engineering	Mathematical Sciences	655	735	915	1,100	945	990	1,060	890	995	960	-3.5	30.6
	Physical Sciences	1,775	1,890	1,905	2,175	2,160	2,340	2,520	2,895	2,810	3,005	6.9	59.0
	Veterinary Science	400	290	385	370	370	385	425	390	415	425	2.4	46.6
	Total	18,730	18,300	19,475	20,695	19,625	20,565	20,665	21,390	21,585	23,875	10.6	30.5
	Architecture	2,105	2,175	2,410	2,670	2,810	3,160	3,530	3,645	3,675	3,665	-0.3	68.5
	Business and Administrative Studies	15,585	15,140	15,980	15,905	15,810	15,170	15,595	15,845	16,175	18,055	11.6	19.3
Business and	Law	1,875	2,065	2,455	2,580	2,765	3,015	3,195	3,290	3,115	3,275	5.1	58.6
Social Studies	Mass Communication	1,425	1,395	1,810	1,735	1,645	1,455	1,365	1,310	1,285	1,450	12.8	3.9
	Social Studies	6,125	6,265	7,530	8,630	8,600	8,920	8,775	8,660	8,510	9,065	6.5	44.7
	Total	27,115	27,040	30,185	31,520	31,625	31,720	32,455	32,750	32,755	35,510	8.4	31.3
	Creative Arts	4,690	4,690	5,645	5,780	5,950	6,325	6,275	6,430	6,850	8,055	17.6	71.7
Education and	Education	5,345	5,050	4,910	5,980	6,945	6,890	6,365	6,340	6,420	5,475	-14.7	8.4
the Arts	Humanities	1,475	1,885	1,860	2,255	2,000	2,180	2,355	2,350	2,180	2,450	12.4	30.0
the Arts	Languages	1,670	1,990	2,050	2,225	2,780	2,860	3,260	2,935	2,545	2,960	16.3	48.7
	Total	13,175	13,615	14,465	16,240	17,675	18,255	18,255	18,055	18,000	18,935	5.2	39.1
	Combined	6,845	4,435	2,695	2,340	2,055	2,175	1,675	1,755	1,765	2,015	14.2	-54.6
	Supplementary subjects contained in the above												
	Economics and Politics	565	1,190	1,415	1,520	1,575	1,770	1,770	1,705	1,810	1,920	6.1	61.3
	English	655	775	900	945	1,195	1,100	1,350	1,230	1,125	1,405	24.9	81.3
	Geography ¹	315	830	895	985	925	940	740	720	745	765	2.7	-7.8
	Psychology	700	1,130	1.270	1,435	1.455	1,495	1,550	1,610	1,515	1,575	4.0	39.4

Percentages have been calculated from rounded values.

^{1.} Prior to 2007-08, Environmental Science was included under the heading Geography. In 2007-08 a new classification system was introduced (JACS 2.0) and Environmental Science was no longer classified as Geography. The values associated with Geography from 2007-08 onwards do not therefore include Environmental Science qualifiers.

The 'combined' subject grouping is used in recognition of programmes of study which cut across different subject areas.

Figure 34. Change in qualifiers since 2001-02 by age group

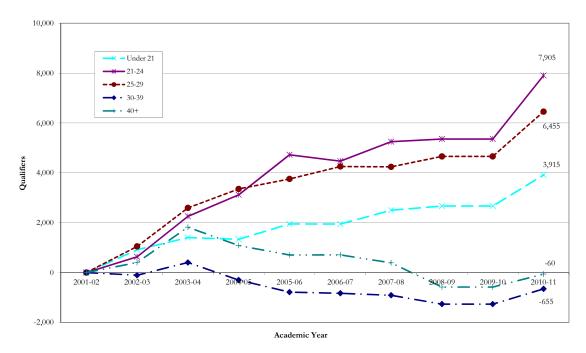


Figure 35. Qualifiers from higher education in Scottish HEIs and colleges by broad subject groups: 2001-02 to 2010-11

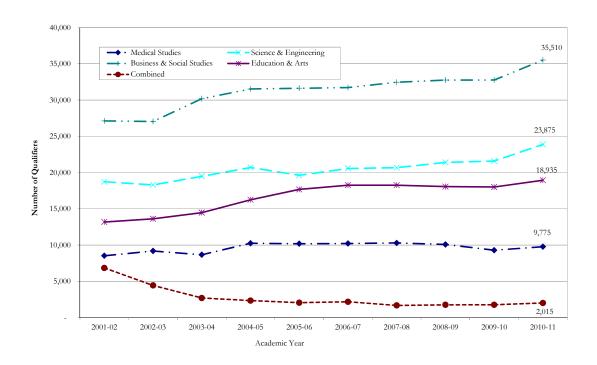


Table 35. Qualification classification of qualifiers from first degree courses at Scottish HEIs by gender and award: 2001-02 to 2010-11

Academic year by gender	Total (=100%)	First Class Honours (%)	Upper Second Class Honours (%)	Other Second Class & Lower Honours (%)	Other First Degree, including aegrotat ¹ (%)
Total					
2001-02	27,580	8.4	34.9	23.9	32.8
2002-03	27,415	8.4	34.6	22.9	34.0
2003-04	28,325	8.3	33.1	23.0	35.6
2004-05	30,845	8.0	31.4	22.5	38.0
2005-06	30,910	8.4	31.9	21.0	38.7
2006-07	31,825	9.0	30.0	18.7	42.4
2007-08	30,965	10.5	33.8	20.6	35.1
2008-09	31,465	11.1	35.3	21.3	32.3
2009-10	31,790	11.7	35.8	21.0	31.4
2010-11	32,555	12.6	37.0	21.3	29.0
Males					
2001-02	11,920	9.1	31.9	27.1	31.9
2002-03	11,610	8.7	31.7	26.5	33.1
2003-04	12,075	8.6	31.1	25.7	34.5
2004-05	12,745	8.6	29.3	26.4	35.6
2005-06	12,800	9.1	30.0	24.7	36.3
2006-07	13,175	9.4	29.6	21.5	39.5
2007-08	12,890	11.1	33.4	23.7	31.7
2008-09	13,335	12.4	34.0	24.4	29.3
2009-10	13,430	12.8	35.0	24.2	28.1
2010-11	13,685	13.6	35.6	24.3	26.5
Females					
2001-02	15,660	7.9	37.3	21.4	33.5
2002-03	15,805	8.2	36.8	20.3	34.7
2003-04	16,255	8.0	34.6	21.0	36.4
2004-05	18,105	7.6	32.9	19.8	39.7
2005-06	18,110	7.9	33.2	18.5	40.4
2006-07	18,650	8.7	30.2	16.7	44.5
2007-08	18,075	10.1	34.1	18.4	37.4
2008-09	18,130	10.3	36.2	19.0	34.5
2009-10	18,360	11.0	36.4	18.7	33.8
2010-11	18,870	12.0	38.0	19.2	30.8

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA).

This data includes an update from The University of Aberdeen for awards in academic year 2006-07.

^{1.} Aegrotat degrees; this is an honours degree without classification, awarded on the understanding that the candidate would have passed if he or she had not been unwell.

Table 36. Qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish institutions by qualification obtained and domicile: 2001-02 to 2010-11

Academic year by level	Total	Scotland	Rest of UK	EU excluding UK	Rest of the world
Total					
2001-02	74,395	60,615	7,095	2,820	3,865
2002-03	72,575	58,175	6,715	2,990	4,695
2003-04	75,470	59,745	6,650	3,390	5,685
2004-05	81,045	63,495	6,930	3,765	6,855
2005-06	81,165	62,225	6,665	4,180	8,100
2006-07	82,920	62,710	6,605	4,610	8,990
2007-08	83,335	61,420	6,895	4,820	10,205
2008-09	84,030	61,435	7,485	5,005	10,100
2009-10	83,395	60,265	6,600	5,755	10,720
2010-11	90,110	64,360	7,105	5,945	12,650
Postgraduate	,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	- ,	7	,
2001-02	14,420	9,330	1,595	1,280	2,220
2002-03	14,820	9,185	1,560	1,380	2,690
2003-04	15,325	8,290	1,570	1,610	3,855
2004-05	18,370	10,210	1,730	1,775	4,650
2005-06	19,815	10,860	1,625	1,795	5,535
2006-07	20,435	10,795	1,705	1,900	6,030
2007-08	21,705	10,385	1,845	1,855	7,625
2008-09	21,630	10,330	2,125	1,950	7,220
2009-10	21,375	9,635	1,895	2,230	7,590
2010-11	23,510	9,830	2,255	2,610	8,785
First Degree	25,510	7,030	2,233	2,010	0,703
2001-02	27,705	20,090	4,975	1,335	1,310
2002-03	27,510	19,935	4,635	1,435	1,505
2003-04	28,440	20,990	4,560	1,580	1,310
2004-05	31,010	22,835	4,720	1,770	1,685
2005-06	31,090	22,625	4,440	2,095	1,930
2006-07	32,025	23,280	4,345	2,280	2,125
2007-08	31,235	22,545	4,410	2,455	1,825
2008-09	31,750	22,345	4,770	2,635	1,995
2009-10 2010-11	32,095 33,130	22,415	4,155	3,180	2,335
Sub-degree	33,130	23,200	4,335	2,965	2,620
2001-02	32,200	31,125	525	210	340
2002-03	30,250	29,055	515	175	500
2003-04	31,705	30,465	520	195	520
2004-05 2005-06	31,665 30,260	30,445 28,735	480 605	220 290	520 630
2006-07	30,460	28,640	555	430 510	835
2007-08	30,345	28,440	640 500		755
2008-09	30,650	28,760	590	420	885
2009-10	29,925	28,215	550	350	800
2010-11	33,470	31,335	515	370	1,245

Figure 36.1. Non-Scottish domiciled qualifiers from HE at Scottish HEIs and colleges by domicile: 2001-02 to 2010-11

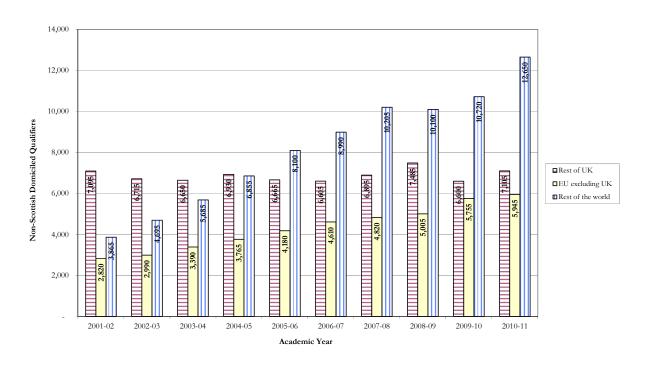


Figure 36.2 Scottish qualifiers from HE in Scottish HEIs and colleges by level of study:2001-02 to 2010-11

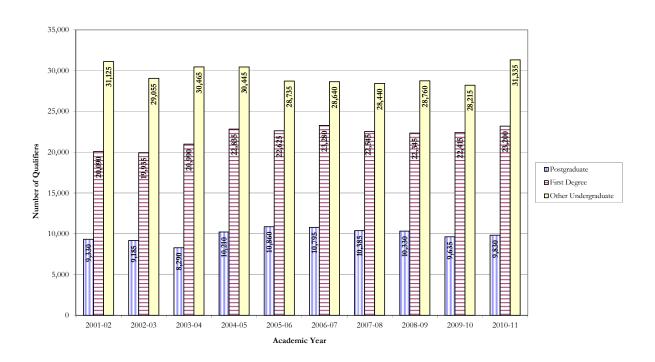


Table 37a. Scottish domiciled qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish HEIs and colleges by detailed level of study and ethnicity: 2010-11

			Level of Qualification							
		Postgr	aduate	First Degree	Sub-degree					
	All Levels	Research	Taught	First Degree	HNC/HND	Other Sub-				
	All Levels	Postgraduate	Postgraduate	Tirst Degree	HNC/HND	degree				
All ethnic backgrounds	64,360	1,095	8,735	23,200	19,060	12,275				
Asian - Bangladeshi	80	0	10	30	30	10				
Asian - Chinese	450	10	115	180	95	50				
Asian - Indian	460	10	70	135	160	85				
Asian - Pakistani	840	10	100	340	270	120				
Asian - other	315	10	65	75	120	45				
Black - African	630	5	140	145	225	115				
Black - Caribbean	30	0	5	5	15	5				
Black - other	45	0	5	5	20	10				
White	58,535	960	7,475	21,250	17,710	11,140				
Mixed background	550	10	105	255	125	55				
Other ethnic background	230	15	45	60	65	45				
Unknown	2,190	60	600	715	225	595				

Please also see relevant sections of 'Notes to Tables'.

Table 37b. Scottish domiciled qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish HEIs and colleges by ethnicity: 2001-02 to 2010-11

	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11
All ethnic backgrounds	60,615	58,175	59,745	63,495	62,225	62,710	61,420	61,435	60,265	64,360
Asian - Bangladeshi	25	35	25	45	35	55	55	45	65	80
Asian - Chinese	270	320	315	380	360	365	380	350	425	450
Asian - Indian	245	220	260	250	285	260	290	310	375	460
Asian - Pakistani	495	520	555	585	650	625	660	675	730	840
Asian - other	120	85	145	215	220	210	240	230	280	315
Black - African	165	145	235	290	350	370	395	430	590	630
Black - Caribbean	20	20	35	30	35	25	30	30	50	30
Black - other	65	45	45	65	40	65	70	65	60	45
White	53,930	51,275	53,490	56,725	56,100	56,380	55,205	55,870	55,035	58,535
Mixed background	15	55	150	260	350	390	380	445	500	550
Other ethnic background	310	280	215	205	200	210	215	225	205	230
Unknown	4,960	5,180	4,275	4,450	3,605	3,755	3,500	2,760	1,945	2,190

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) and Scottish Funding Council (SFC).

Table 38. Representation of disabilities within the population of Scottish domiciled students compared to Scottish domiciled qualifiers at Scottish institutions: 2010-11

Disability type:	% of Student	% of Qualifier	Number	Number
	Population	Population	of Students	of Qualifiers
1b Blind or a serious visual impairment				
uncorrected by glasses	0.2	0.2	405	135
2a Deaf or a serious hearing impairment	0.3	0.3	685	185
2b A physical impairment or mobility				
issues, such as difficulty using arms or				
using a wheelchair or crutches	0.3	0.3	700	185
3a Personal care support	0.0	0.0	15	5
3b A mental health condition, such as				
depression, schizophrenia or anxiety				
disorder	0.8	0.6	1,780	360
4a A long standing illness or health				
condition such as cancer, HIV, diabetes,				
chronic heart disease, or epilepsy	1.5	1.5	3,125	965
4b Two or more impairments and/or				
disabling medical conditions	0.9	0.5	1,845	325
5a A social/communication impairment				
such as Aspergers syndrome/other autistic				
spectrum disorder	0.1	0.1	280	45
5b A specific learning difficulty such as				
dyslexia, dyspraxia or AD(H)D	3.4	3.5	7,185	2,235
5c A disability, impairment or medical				
condition that is not listed above	1.2	1.0	2,610	625
Total disabilities	8.7	7.9	18,630	5,070
Total population	214,315	64,360	214,315	64,360

Table 39a. Scottish domiciled qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish institutions by local authority and level of qualification obtained: 2010-11

		Level of Qualification obtained							
		Postgra	duate	First Degree	Sub	-degree			
	All Levels	Research	Taught	Einst Danser	IINIC/IINID	04			
	All Levels	Postgraduate	Postgraduate	First Degree	HNC/HND	Other Sub-degree			
Total	63,900	1,030	8,590	23,055	19,010	12,215			
Aberdeen City	3,040	70	610	1,065	655	640			
Aberdeenshire	3,175	35	430	1,255	660	795			
Angus	1,500	10	150	535	475	330			
Argyll & Bute	930	10	105	405	240	170			
City of Edinburgh	6,335	240	1,350	2,405	1,305	1,040			
Clackmannanshire	585	10	75	205	150	150			
Dum fries & Galloway	1,245	15	125	525	355	225			
Dundee City	1,800	30	300	635	415	420			
East Ayrshire	1,460	10	145	480	605	220			
East Dunbartonshire	1,630	30	240	720	380	260			
East Lothian	1,000	5	100	420	275	195			
East Renfrewshire	1,450	15	210	660	315	245			
Eilean Siar	340	5	25	125	110	75			
Falkirk	1,610	15	175	560	480	375			
Fife	4,745	55	480	1,460	1,765	985			
Glasgow City	8,010	235	1,340	2,430	2,565	1,440			
Highland	2,280	25	210	925	655	465			
Inverdyde	1,050	5	105	385	370	185			
Midlothian	775	15	90	295	195	175			
Moray	955	10	95	365	320	165			
North Ayrshire	1,605	15	145	520	675	250			
North Lanarkshire	3,715	20	395	1,210	1,335	750			
Orkney Islands	250	0	35	105	65	45			
Perth & Kinross	1,630	20	210	625	510	265			
Renfrewshire	2,185	20	235	780	815	335			
Scottish Borders	1,060	15	95	455	255	245			
Shetland Islands	310	0	25	105	100	80			
South Ayrshire	1,390	10	130	525	550	175			
South Lanarkshire	3,830	35	475	1,425	1,190	705			
Stirling	1,060	20	200	440	195	205			
West Dunbartonshire	1,075	5	95	330	450	195			
West Lothian	1,880	20	185	670	590	410			

The above table does not include Scottish domiciled students at UK institutions outside of Scotland and does not represent rates of participation in Scottish local authorities.

Table 39b. Qualifiers from higher education courses at Scottish institutions by local authority: 2006-07 to 2010-11

	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	% change since 2009-10	% change since 2005-06
Total	60,485	60,370	60,585	59,630	63,900	7.2	5.6
Aberdeen City	2,800	2,930	2,790	2,830	3,040	7.4	8.6
Aberdeenshire	2,985	3,185	3,120	3,005	3,175	5.7	6.4
Angus	1,535	1,390	1,415	1,540	1,500	-2.6	-2.3
Argyll & Bute	845	830	810	810	930	14.8	10.1
City of Edinburgh	5,430	5,415	5,475	5,570	6,335	13.7	16.7
Clackmannanshire	495	485	475	535	585	9.3	18.2
Dum fries & Galloway	1,185	1,185	1,260	1,250	1,245	-0.4	5.1
Dundee City	2,150	2,000	1,865	1,955	1,800	-7.9	-16.3
East Ayrshire	1,430	1,400	1,425	1,415	1,460	3.2	2.1
East Dunbartonshire	1,695	1,550	1,670	1,500	1,630	8.7	-3.8
East Lothian	900	865	855	965	1,000	3.6	11.1
East Renfrewshire	1,375	1,300	1,440	1,335	1,450	8.6	5.5
Eilean Siar	315	335	310	335	340	1.5	7.9
Falkirk	1,455	1,475	1,480	1,330	1,610	21.1	10.7
Fife	4,510	4,480	4,525	4,460	4,745	6.4	5.2
Glasgow City	6,880	6,770	7,440	7,260	8,010	10.3	16.4
Highland	1,920	2,380	2,315	2,170	2,280	5.1	18.8
Inverdyde	1,145	1,090	940	1,065	1,050	-1.4	-8.3
Midlothian	740	725	705	675	775	14.8	4.7
Moray	905	1,030	1,040	930	955	2.7	5.5
North Ayrshire	1,680	1,625	1,550	1,500	1,605	7.0	-4.5
North Lanarkshire	3,805	3,600	3,500	3,430	3,715	8.3	-2.4
Orkney Islands	255	245	265	270	250	-7.4	-2.0
Perth & Kinross	1,470	1,570	1,635	1,585	1,630	2.8	10.9
Renfrewshire	2,100	2,105	2,190	2,135	2,185	2.3	4.0
Scottish Borders	1,085	1,050	1,035	965	1,060	9.8	-2.3
Shetland Islands	235	260	310	290	310	6.9	31.9
South Ayrshire	1,585	1,480	1,445	1,395	1,390	-0.4	-12.3
South Lanarkshire	3,780	3,680	3,580	3,485	3,830	9.9	1.3
Stirling	945	1,080	955	955	1,060	11.0	12.2
West Dunbartonshire	1,030	1,030	965	845	1,075	27.2	4.4
West Lothian	1,815	1,825	1,810	1,825	1,880	3.0	3.6

The above table does not include Scottish domiciled students at UK institutions outside of Scotland and does not represent rates of participation in Scottish local authorities.

Percentages have been calculated from rounded values.

Table 40. Qualifiers from higher education courses at UK HEIs by country of institution and level of qualification obtained: 2006-07 to 2010-11 (1)

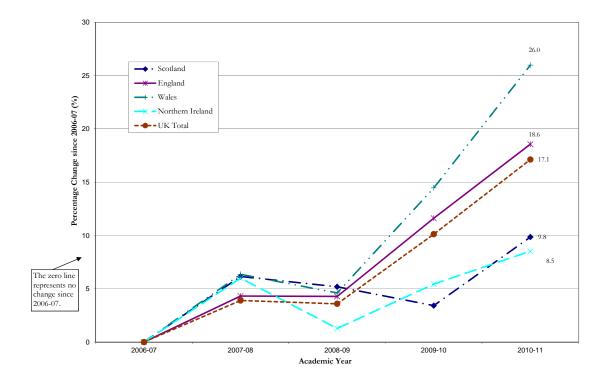
		Level of Qualification obtained									
	All Levels	Postgr	aduate	First Degree	Sub-degree						
		Research Postgraduate	Taught Postgraduate	First Degree	HNC/HND	Other Sub-degree					
UK Total (2)											
2006-07	651,060	21,135	181,095	319,260	11,215	118,355					
2007-08	676,460	19,470	182,540	334,890	10,870	128,695					
2008-09	674,415	20,570	183,990	333,720	9,615	126,515					
2009-10	716,940	21,675	204,560	350,090	10,055	129,325					
2010-11	762,540	23,055	229,100	369,010	8,755	132,620					
Scotland											
2006-07	58,530	2,295	17,740	31,005	1,430	6,060					
2007-08	62,130	2,155	19,510	30,965	1,950	7,550					
2008-09	61,565	2,275	19,315	31,465	1,715	6,790					
2009-10	60,530	2,330	18,985	31,790	1,675	5,730					
2010-11	64,295	2,595	20,880	32,555	1,765	6,500					
England											
2006-07	539,440	17,530	149,730	260,885	8,065	103,230					
2007-08	562,715	16,045	149,710	276,300	7,155	113,505					
2008-09	562,535	16,980	150,905	274,865	6,310	113,475					
2009-10	602,110	17,960	169,610	290,300	6,640	116,380					
2010-11	639,585	19,045	189,975	307,025	5,505	118,035					
Wales											
2006-07	34,080	850	9,870	17,630	1,685	4,045					
2007-08	36,245	820	10,075	19,165	1,735	4,450					
2008-09	35,650	845	10,240	18,760	1,580	4,220					
2009-10	39,010	950	12,205	19,565	1,735	4,550					
2010-11	42,935	920	14,090	21,095	1,485	5,350					
Northern											
Ireland											
2006-07	14,435	440	3,155	8,250	40	2,550					
2007-08	15,300	430	3,225	8,450	30	3,170					
2008-09	14,620	445	3,515	8,625	15	2,025					
2009-10	15,220	405	3,735	8,415	0	2,660					
2010-11	15,665	485	4,140	8,320	0	2,725					

Sources: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA).

⁽¹⁾ This table includes students at UK HEIs only and does not include students studying at colleges.

⁽²⁾ The total includes a small number of qualifiers from the Open University who are domiciled outside the UK Please also see relevant sections of 'Notes to Tables'.

Figure 40. Percentage change in qualifiers from HE at UK HEIs since 2006-07



Notes to Tables

- 1. Bell College merged with the University of Paisley during 2007-08 to become the University of the West of Scotland.
- 2. In 2005-06 Falkirk College of Further & Higher Education and Clackmannan College of Further Education merged to form Forth Valley College.
- 3. In 2005-06 Glasgow College of Food Technology and Glasgow College of Building and Printing merged to form Glasgow Metropolitan College.
- 4. Since 2007-08 the Open University has classified postgraduate Certificates in Education as first degree level rather than as taught postgraduate level, contrary to common practice among UK HEIs. This has the effect of artificially inflating first degree level study and reducing taught postgraduate level during academic years 2007-08, 2008-09 and 2009-10.
- 5. Where universities are categorised as Ancient, Small Specialist Institutions, Post-92s or Newer Universities, these categories are comprised of the following HEIs: Ancient Universities (University of Aberdeen, University of Edinburgh, University of Glasgow, University of St. Andrews); Small Specialist Institutions (Scottish Agricultural College, Royal Conservatoire of Scotland, Edinburgh College of Art, Glasgow School of Art); Post-92 Universities (University of Abertay Dundee, Queen Margaret University, Edinburgh, Glasgow Caledonian University, Edinburgh Napier University, University of the West of Scotland, Robert Gordon University and the University of the Highlands and Islands; and Newer Universities (University of Dundee, Heriot-Watt University, University of Stirling, University of Strathclyde).
- 6. Domicile: country of the student's permanent or home address prior to entry to the course. Prior to 2004-05 students from the Channel Islands and Isle of Man studying at HEIs were counted as unknown values and will only appear in the overall totals and UK totals for these years.
- 7. Scottish domicile entrant figures used in analysis by areas of deprivation will not match Scottish domicile entrant figures in other tables as not all postcodes from student records can be matched (e.g. if they are either incomplete, missing or non-Scottish postcodes) to postcodes in the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD). In 2010-11 98.4% of entrant postcodes were successfully matched.
- 8. Distance learning includes UK based and funded non-UK based students but does not include students studying for the whole of their programme of study (to date) outside of the UK.

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