

# **West Wimbledon College**

Review for Educational Oversight by the Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education

September 2012

# **Key findings about West Wimbledon College**

As a result of its Review for Educational Oversight carried out in September 2012, the QAA review team (the team) considers that there can be **no confidence** in how the provider manages its stated responsibilities for the standards of the awards it offers on behalf of the Association of Business Executives, the Organisation for Tourism and Hospitality Management, the Confederation of Tourism and Hospitality and the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants.

The team also considers that there can be **no confidence** in how the provider manages its stated responsibilities for the quality and enhancement of the learning opportunities it offers on behalf of these awarding organisations.

The team considers that **reliance can** be placed on the accuracy and completeness of the information that the provider is responsible for publishing about itself and the programmes it delivers.

### Recommendations

The team has identified a number of **recommendations** for the enhancement of the higher education provision.

The team considers that it is **essential** for the provider to:

- implement comprehensive, robust and effective policies for the management of academic standards and learning opportunities (paragraphs 1.1-1.3 and 2.1)
- ensure that the Academic Board and the Academic Staff Meetings operate according to their terms of reference and membership (paragraph 1.2)
- rigorously applies its policy on academic misconduct (paragraph 1.4)
- implement a learning and teaching strategy relevant to its higher education programmes (paragraph 2.4)
- provide students with detailed and useful written feedback on their formative assignments (paragraph 2.5).

The team considers that it is **advisable** for the provider to:

- implement a process for the consideration of external reports (paragraph 1.6)
- develop an effective procedure to collect, analyse and respond to retention, achievement and success at cohort and programme level (paragraph 2.2)
- provide students with opportunities to be more involved in the Academic Board and Academic Staff Meetings (paragraph 2.8)
- provide staff development activities that support the delivery of higher education (paragraph 2.10)
- review its procedures for quality assuring and managing the quality of public (paragraph 3.5).

The team considers that it would be **desirable** for the provider to:

 consider ways to engage academic staff with the Academic Infrastructure (paragraphs 1.5 and 2.3).

# **About this report**

This report presents the findings of the Review for Educational Oversight¹ (REO) conducted by QAA at West Wimbledon (the provider; the College). The purpose of the review is to provide public information about how the provider discharges its stated responsibilities for the management and delivery of academic standards and the quality of learning opportunities available to students. The review applies to programmes of study that the provider delivers on behalf of Association of Business Executives, the Organisation for Tourism and Hospitality Management, the Confederation of Tourism and Hospitality and the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. The review was carried out by Mr David Malachi, Professor Danny Morton, Mr Charles Sanders and Mrs Maz Stewart (reviewers), and Mr Philip Markey (coordinator).

The review team conducted the review in agreement with the provider and in accordance with the *Review for Educational Oversight: Handbook*.<sup>2</sup> The review of West Wimbledon College was undertaken as a joint review with three other colleges owned by Access Education Ltd. Evidence in support of the review included reports and data issued by the awarding organisations, student work, and meetings with staff and students.

The review team also considered the provider's use of the relevant external reference points:

- the Academic Infrastructure
- reference points identified by the awarding organisations.

Please note that if you are unfamiliar with any of the terms used in this report you can find them in the Glossary.

West Wimbledon College (the College) is owned by Access Education Ltd. It was established in 2009 and is located in Wimbledon, near London. Its management is also responsible for three other colleges, two also located in Wimbledon and one in Leicester. All four colleges were visited during the review period. There are 24 full-time higher education students. The College was reviewed during the same period as the other three colleges.

At the time of the review, the provider offered the following higher education programmes, listed beneath their awarding organisations and with student numbers in brackets:

### **Association of Business Executives**

- Diploma in Business Administration (8)
- Certificate in Human Resource Management (0)
- Certificate in Travel, Tourism and Hospitality Management (0)

### **Chartered Institute of Management Accounting**

Certificate/Diploma/Advanced Diploma (4)

### **Confederation of Tourism and Hospitality**

Postgraduate Diploma in Hospitality and Tourism (7)

### **Organisation for Tourism and Hospitality Management**

• Diploma in Hospitality and Tourism Management (5)

www.gaa.ac.uk/InstitutionReports/types-of-review/tier-4.

www.gaa.ac.uk/publications/informationandguidance/pages/reo-handbook.aspx.

## The provider's stated responsibilities

The College's responsibilities vary slightly for each awarding organisation. It is responsible for delivering programmes that are devised by the organisations. Assessments are set externally, with the College supporting students in assessments set by the organisations. The College sets formative assignments to prepare students for external examinations and is responsible for marking, moderating and providing feedback to students. With respect to all other responsibilities, the College manages its student recruitment and support, learning resources, the monitoring of the quality of learning and teaching, monitoring progression and achievement, collecting and acting upon student opinion, staff development and the accuracy of public information.

# **Recent developments**

There have been no recent developments since the self-evaluation.

### Students' contribution to the review

Students studying on higher education programmes at the provider were invited to present a submission to the review team. The College has only recently recruited students, so a submission was not available.

# **Detailed findings about West Wimbledon College**

### 1 Academic standards

# How effectively does the provider fulfil its responsibilities for the management of academic standards?

- The operation of the key management committees and the policies on which these are based are in need of improvement. The College management structure comprises a Principal, Centre Manager, Curriculum Development Manager, Quality Compliance Manager, and directors of study. The Centre Manager is responsible for overseeing the operational management of the College. The Curriculum Development Manager and the Quality Compliance Manager have overall responsibility for curriculum delivery and quality compliance across the four colleges within the consortium. The colleges work to a common Policy Manual which addresses all issues associated with the maintenance of academic standards within the colleges. An Academic Board collectively represents all four colleges and, according to its terms of reference, membership comprises directors of study, the Curriculum Development Manager and the Centre Manager. The Principal was also present at all meetings recorded. The overall remit of the Academic Board is to ensure that the College's quality assurance processes are in line with standards set out by each awarding organisation. The College also operates an Academic Staff Meeting whose duties are stated to include receiving monthly course reviews and considering individual student progress reports from lecturers. The monthly course reports have not yet been produced or considered by this meeting.
- 1.2 Academic Board meetings minutes from January 2011 to March 2012 are cursory in their approach to the management of academic standards. There is also no evidence that the Board had followed its own terms of reference in respect of monitoring academic policies and reviewing academic standards. Many key decisions are taken informally and outside of the structure defined within the College's policy documents. In order to maintain effective oversight of academic standards, it is essential that the College ensures that the Academic Board and the Academic Staff Meetings operate according to their terms of reference and membership.
- 1.3 The College operates with the same policy documents and procedures used by the other three colleges. Some policies are not being applied effectively and some are copies from other education institutions, which are inappropriate for the College. For example, the Staff Development Policy includes references to features that do not exist at the College. The Resources Policy is based on a study support centre delivering programmes at levels 2 and 3. The procedure for monitoring academic progress is not comprehensive, because the document refers only to progress of individual students and not cohort analysis. The College does not produce an overview annual course review report for all its programmes, which was a recommendation in the Accreditation Service for Independent Colleges report (2010). The team is, therefore, unable to confirm that all policies are fit for purpose for the management and oversight of academic standards. It is essential that the College implements comprehensive, robust and effective policies for the management of academic standards.
- 1.4 The College has an academic misconduct policy which clearly describes the students' responsibility to ensure that work submitted for assessment is their own and is not plagiarised. Students are provided with this document and are required to sign confirmation of their understanding of this policy when commencing their course of study. The College also has access to a commercial plagiarism package, which checks for plagiarism against a national database, although it is not used in all relevant programmes of study. Despite this

documented procedure there was evidence of significant plagiarism in some of the formative assignment work checked by the team. In one particular case assignments presented by four different students were identical and had obviously not been checked for plagiarism. These same pieces of work were given individually awarded marks ranging from 40 to 70 per cent. Staff have not identified academic malpractice and have not made students aware of their errors through the feedback on their work. It is essential that the College ensures that it rigorously applies its policy on academic misconduct.

# How effectively are external reference points used in the management of academic standards?

1.5 The College is dependent on its awarding organisations for ensuring that programmes meet the expectations of external reference points associated with programme delivery and assessment. It does not have any direct involvement in the design of new programmes. The policy document entitled Academic Infrastructure describes its responsibilities for engaging with the Academic Infrastructure. Staff at the College showed little awareness of this policy. While some staff had attended QAA briefings in preparation for the review, there was no evidence of any relevant staff development being undertaken within the College. There is no evidence that the College's policies and procedures have been informed by the Academic Infrastructure. For example, effective course monitoring and review does not take place in line with the expectations of the Code of practice for the assurance of academic quality and standards in higher education (the Code of practice), Section 7: Programme design, approval, monitoring and review. It is desirable that the College considers ways to engage academic staff more with the Academic Infrastructure.

# How does the provider use external moderation, verification or examining to assure academic standards?

1.6 For all programmes, external reports provided by the awarding organisations are generic and address the overall response to specific questions by all students. This makes it difficult for the College to comment on student performance specific to West Wimbledon College. External reports will be available for all programmes, except for those from the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. However, there is no evidence that these are considered at either the Academic Board or Academic Staff Meetings. The College should consider collective results once external assessments take place and consider the outcomes of any formative internal assessment undertaken by students. It is advisable that the College implements a process for the consideration of external reports.

The review team has **no confidence** in the provider's management of its responsibilities for the standards of the awards it offers on behalf of its awarding organisations.

# 2 Quality of learning opportunities

# How effectively does the provider fulfil its responsibilities for managing and enhancing the quality of learning opportunities?

2.1 Paragraphs 1.1 to 1.3 also relate to the management and enhancement of the quality of learning opportunities. There is an over reliance on informal structures to support the management and enhancement of learning opportunities. Policies for the management and enhancement of learning opportunities are not all fit for purpose or relevant to the College's provision.

2.2 The College does not have an effective system for collecting and analysing progression data by programme and cohort. Such information would provide the College with key performance indicators on its students' achievement and success rates. This was a recommendation in the Accreditation Service for Independent Colleges report (2010). It is advisable that the College develops an effective procedure to collect, analyse and respond to retention, achievement and success data at cohort and programme level, and take appropriate action.

# How effectively are external reference points used in the management and enhancement of learning opportunities?

2.3 Paragraph 1.5 also relates to the management and enhancement of learning opportunities. The College uses the reference points of its awarding organisations. College staff are unaware of those elements of the Academic Infrastructure relating to learning opportunities.

# How does the provider assure itself that the quality of teaching and learning is being maintained and enhanced?

- 2.4 The College's Teaching and Learning Procedure is a copy of a policy from a secondary school, and is inappropriate for the delivery of higher education. For example, it makes no reference to higher-level skills. It does not refer to academic study skills relevant to study in the UK, and how the UK expectations may be different to other countries. It also refers to a coaching and modelling team, which does not exist. Teaching staff have appropriate vocational/professional qualifications. There is a policy for teacher observation. Teaching observations are undertaken by the Director of Studies and the Academic Manager, although neither has received formal training in teaching observation at higher education level. Only four out of 18 prompts for staff observation focus on student learning; the rest are concerned with teacher performance. Lesson observations record sheets provide little comment on students' experiences. There is no evidence that student evaluations are used to provide information on learning and teaching. It is essential that the College implements a learning and teaching strategy relevant to its higher education programmes.
- 2.5 Samples of student work supplied by the College were mainly formative assignments used to prepare students for external professional examinations. Students reported that the oral feedback they receive on formative feedback is helpful. However, written feedback on individual assignments is cursory and provides little meaningful support to students. Second marking provides no additional support to the student. Students are provided with reports that comment briefly on their overall progress, but these do provide comment on individual assignments. The lack of detailed, constructive, written, formative feedback does not adequately prepare students for external examinations. It is essential that the College ensures that it provides students with more detailed and useful written feedback on their formative assignments.

### How does the provider assure itself that students are supported effectively?

2.6 The College supports its students effectively. A range of appropriate student support policies and procedures are in place, including those for student selection, application and admissions, and induction. All students are recruited and interviewed prior to admission, either by overseas agents or by a member of the Senior Management Team, to ensure enrolment on the most appropriate programme of study. On arrival at the College, all students complete a comprehensive programme of induction supported by an induction

pack. Students are assessed on arrival at the College to ensure that they are enrolled on the appropriate course, although this process operates informally.

- 2.7 Group tutorial sessions take place each week as part of the learning programme. Student welfare matters are dealt with effectively. The Quality Compliance Manager acts as Student Welfare Officer and oversees welfare activity undertaken by various administrative and academic staff. Students report that welfare issues are normally dealt with quickly, positively and in a helpful manner. This informal approach means that some welfare issues and associated actions are not always recorded in student files. Students report that they feel well supported by College staff, with programme leaders taking a substantive role.
- 2.8 Student feedback is collected at the end of each semester through the use of questionnaires and students indicate satisfaction with the outcomes of this process. While the terms of reference for Academic Staff Meetings state that student evaluations should be considered, there is no evidence in the minutes that this has taken place. Students do not take part in either the Academic Board or Academic Staff Meetings. Student participation would provide the College with more information on the students' learning experiences. This was a recommendation in the Accreditation Service for Independent Colleges report (2010). It is advisable that the College provides students with opportunities to be more involved in the Academic Board and in Academic Staff Meetings.

# What are the provider's arrangements for staff development to maintain and/or enhance the quality of learning opportunities?

- 2.9 The College provides an induction programme for staff, which aims to ensure understanding and compliance of their duties and responsibilities towards students and the College. It is copied from another educational organisation. There is a comprehensive staff induction pack, which provides relevant information about their role and duties. All staff have a contact person who will advise and counsel them during the first three months of employment.
- 2.10 The College has a Staff Development Policy committed to ensuring appropriate professional development. This is based on a policy from another higher education institution, and includes information not relevant to this College. The College also appraises staff annually, although it is not clear how this informs staff development. The College stresses the vocational and professional nature of its programmes with staff being academically competent in their respective areas, resulting in relatively few staff holding teaching qualifications on arrival. The College supports staff in obtaining teaching qualifications. Several staff have recently completed the Preparing to Teach in the Lifelong Learning Sector and Diploma to Teach in the Lifelong Learning Sector qualifications. Many staff also benefit from updating and development activities with the awarding organisations. To date, no members of staff are members of the Higher Education Academy or involved in research or scholarship. Most are members of professional bodies relevant to their areas of teaching. It is advisable that the College provides staff development activities that support the delivery of higher education.

# How effectively does the provider ensure that learning resources are accessible to students and sufficient to enable them to achieve the learning outcomes?

2.11 Some awarding organisations with whom the College operates provide a wide range of online learning materials specific to their professional area, including e-journals, training manuals, articles and past examination papers. Students have access to these materials through the college computer rooms. They can also use their own laptops, tablet

computers and smart phones via use of the College wireless network. Upon registration with the awarding organisations, the students can access these learning materials remotely through the internet, which they consider highly valuable for supporting their studies.

- 2.12 One computer suite is reserved primarily for online practice and sitting examinations with the awarding organisations. Library provision links closely to the academic programmes and is sufficient for the requirements of the students. The College directs students to further learning resources and facilities that are available at the nearby public library. A College virtual learning environment is in development, which will make learning materials for students more readily accessible through one unified portal. The system has recently been successfully piloted with some student groups and will be released college-wide later this academic year.
- 2.13 A College Resource Policy exists, although it lacks coherence and clarity and is in need of review. It is based on that of a secondary school and makes reference to processes that do not exist at the College, such as a Study Support Centre and the promotion of reading in schools. It is also unclear how priorities for the provision and enhancement of learning resources outlined in these procedures are determined through a quarterly or annual reporting cycle at either Academic Staff Meetings, Academic Board or other planning meetings. (See also paragraph 1.2).

The review team has **no confidence** that the provider is fulfilling its responsibilities for managing and enhancing the quality of the intended learning opportunities it provides for students.

### 3 Public information

How effectively does the provider's public information communicate to students and other stakeholders about the higher education it provides?

- 3.1 At the time of review, the College demonstrated that it provided broadly accurate information to prospective students, although some minor inaccuracies can be found in various sections of the website. Information provided to students takes the form of publications produced by the College and awarding organisations. Accountability for the accuracy of information remains the responsibility of the originating source. The College generally adheres to the branding guidelines of its awarding organisations and promotional literature demonstrates this.
- 3.2 The College website provides general information about the College and its programmes. References are made to relevant College policies and procedures. Some information overstates the facilities provided by the College, for example its library facilities and the of information technology available to students.
- 3.3 Student handbooks incorporate generic information provided by the awarding organisations, are not suitably contextualised to the College, and do not contain sufficiently detailed programme information. Grammatical errors feature in the majority of college-produced documentation. Some of the information contained in the Student Handbook does not accurately reflect services provided, for example reference is made to a College counselling service. This service provides access to a welfare officer, who is the Quality Compliance Manager, rather than a professional counsellor.

3.4 Information provided to staff is insufficient in depth and detail to enable them to assure that they are maintaining academic standards and the quality of learning opportunities. The College's published quality processes and procedures do not make any reference to the Academic Infrastructure or external reference points.

# How effective are the provider's arrangements for assuring the accuracy and completeness of information it has responsibility for publishing?

3.5 The College has a policy for assuring the reliability and validity of public information but it is not robust. The process for assuring public information is informal and inaccuracies are identified as and when they are brought to the attention of the College. Processes to ensure that inaccuracies are rectified are ad hoc rather than proactive or subject to systematic review. Responsibility for the accuracy of information remains the responsibility of two key staff. There is no procedure for documenting decisions and outcomes relating to the quality assurance of public information. It is advisable that the College reviews its procedures for quality assuring and managing the quality of public information.

The team concludes that **reliance can be placed** on the accuracy and completeness of the information that the provider is responsible for publishing about itself and the programmes it delivers.

# Review for Educational Oversight: West Wimbledon College

# Action plan<sup>3</sup>

Essential	Action to be taken	Target date	Action by	Success indicators	Reported to	Evaluation
The team considers that it is <b>essential</b> for the provider to:						
implement comprehensive, robust and effective policies for the management of academic standards and learning opportunities (paragraphs 1.1 to 1.3 and 2.1)	Check and update all policies and procedures in these areas  Remove plagiarism from policies and procedures  Quality and Compliance Manager will double-check all policies and procedures once updated  Embed revised policies and procedures through staff training and monitoring  Monthly programme reviews and progress	April 2013	Academic Board  External Management Consultant  Quality and Compliance Manager	Updated policies and procedures Staff awareness	Principal	Use annual monitoring routine to check reception and operation of key policies

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The provider has been required to develop this action plan to follow up on good practice and address any recommendations arising from the review. QAA monitors progress against the action plan, in conjunction with the provider's awarding organisations.

reports from lecturers will be produced and considered by the Academic Staff			
Meeting			
The Principal will ensure that all			
policies are applied			
The procedure for monitoring academic			
progress will include cohort analysis			
The College will			
produce an overview annual monitoring			
report for all its programmes as			
recommended by the Accreditation Service			
for International			
Colleges report (2010)			
The Academic Board will monitor its			
compliance with its			
own terms of reference in respect			
of membership, monitoring academic			
policies, and reviewing academic			

	standards  All key decisions will be taken formally and within the structure defined within the College's policies					
ensure that the Academic Board and the Academic Staff Meetings operate according to their terms of reference and membership (paragraph 1.2)	Immediate update of terms of reference and membership of boards  Updating to include rationalisation - identifying specific purposes for each committee and appropriate meeting frequencies and reporting lines  Operate all meeting accordingly	February 2013	Academic Board  Quality and Compliance Manager	Meeting minutes will show evidence of changes	Principal	Academic Board meeting minutes  Specific single-agenda Academic Board meeting to discuss success of the actions  Academic Staff Meeting minutes with action points  Quality Manual
rigorously apply its policy on academic misconduct (paragraph 1.4)	Rewrite the policy on academic misconduct and the Quality and Compliance Manager will double-check it  Briefings for staff and students to be held and repeated  The College will apply	March 2013	External Management Consultant  Quality and Compliance Manager  Director of Studies	Updated policies and procedures	Principal Academic Board	Student coursework (formative assignments) - moderation/double marking Mock exams

	the policy and continuously check its implementation  Academic misconduct reports will become a standing agenda item for the Academic Board					
implement a learning and teaching strategy relevant to its higher education programmes (paragraph 2.4).	The College will rewrite the policy on learning and teaching strategy and Quality and the Compliance Manager will double-check it  The Director of Studies will apply the policy and will keep checking its implementation every two months  Senior managers to be trained in offering feedback to teaching staff  Teaching staff to be briefed and rebriefed on expectations	April 2013	External Management Consultant  Quality and Compliance Manager  Director of Studies  Teaching staff	Updated policies and procedures	Principal Academic Board	Student coursework (formative assignments)  Teacher's observation procedure  Mock exams  Student evaluations
<ul> <li>provide students with detailed and useful written</li> </ul>	Written feedback on formative assignment sheet has been	January 2013	Director of Studies	New feedback forms showing that they are	Academic Board  Quality and	Student coursework (formative

feedback on their formative assignments (paragraph 2.5).	designed and will be in use from January 2013  Checks every two months by the Quality and Compliance Manager  Enhancement of the quality of feedback by formalisation of requirements on the feedback form and by repeated staff briefing, oral and written		Heads of department Teachers	in use	Compliance Manager	assignments)  Mock exams  Report by the Quality and Compliance  Manager on the effectiveness of the new process, to be considered by the Academic Board
The team considers that it is <b>advisable</b> for the provider to:						
implement a process for the consideration of external reports (paragraph 1.6)	The College will implement an effective process for external reports  The College will consider external reports (for example external examiner reports, awarding organisation reports, British Accreditation Council, or QAA reports) at the Academic Board	March 2013	Teachers	Evidence of reports and meeting minutes	Academic Board  Director of Studies	Academic Board meetings with action points  Academic Staff Meeting  Teaching and learning procedure

	The College management and teaching staff will consider the implications of the external reports for how higher education is managed and delivered, and take action  Any action taken in response to external reports should be monitored and evaluated by the Academic Board  The reports will be shared with student representatives  Academic Staff Meeting will also					
55 1	discuss such reports	A :: ::!! 0040	IT Manager	00	Delinational	Otrodont
<ul> <li>develop an effective procedure to collect,</li> </ul>	New module will be added to retrieve	April 2013	IT Manager	20 per cent module has been	Principal	Student Management
analyse and respond	retention,		Analysing the	programmed,	Academic Board	System
to retention, achievement and	achievement and success data		data: working party of the	80 per cent will be completed by end	Director of	Reports will be
success data at	Success data		Academic Board	of December	Studies	generated
cohort and	Analysing			2012		periodically on the
programme level	progression data by		Analysis			data with
(paragraph 2.2)	programme facility		considered by	Full		action points

	the Student Management System The Academic Board will commission analysis of the data, which is the point of the recommendation		Responsibility for acting on the data rests with the Academic Board through its officers	will be done in January 2013		Evaluation to be made by the Academic Board of the effectiveness of this new system following next receipt of achievement data
provide students     with opportunities to     be more involved in     the Academic Board     and in Academic     Staff Meetings     (paragraph 2.8)	A student representative system will be implemented from January 2013 in Academic Staff Meeting and Academic Board meetings	January 2013	Academic Board Director of Studies	Meeting minutes	Principal	Quality Manual - terms of reference  Academic Board meetings with evidence for student involvement  Academic Staff Meeting with evidence of student involvement  Student evaluation
<ul> <li>provide staff development opportunities and activities that are more focussed on higher education (paragraph 2.10)</li> </ul>	Academic staff will be encouraged to engage more in research and scholarship  The College will make reference to the Higher Education Academy and the UK	March 2013	Director of Studies	Course bookings Staff awareness	Principal	Staff development procedure with evidence of higher education activities

	professional					
	standards framework					
review its     procedures for     quality assuring and     managing the     quality of public     information     (paragraph 3.5).	Public information clause will be added in quality assurance procedure  Also documenting decisions and outcomes relating to public information will be added to quality assurance procedure	April 2013	Director of Studies to carry out the new procedure  Responsibility for checking and signing off rests with the Principal	Updated policies and procedures	Principal  Quality and Compliance Manager	Quality assurance procedure  Publishing policy for electronic and paper-based information
Desirable	Action to be taken	Target	Action by	Success	Reported to	Evaluation
20011 41.010		date	7.0	indicators		
The team considers that it is desirable for the provider to:  • consider ways to encourage staff to be more familiar with the Academic infrastructure (paragraphs 1.5 and 2.3).	Copies of the Academic Infrastructure will be provided to the academic staff  The College will conduct a short seminar where all academic staff will be present along with Quality and Compliance Manager; information about QAA and the Academic Infrastructure, now	February 2013	Director of Studies	Details of seminar will be documented	Principal	Staff development procedure Feedback from staff

Review for
Educational
Review for Educational Oversight: West \
est Wimblec
Wimbledon College

referred to as the UK		
Quality Code for		
Higher Education,		
will be provided		

# **About QAA**

QAA is the Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education. QAA's mission is to safeguard standards and improve the quality of UK higher education.

# QAA's aims are to:

- meet students' needs and be valued by them
- safeguard standards in an increasingly diverse UK and international context
- drive improvements in UK higher education
- improve public understanding of higher education standards and quality.

QAA conducts reviews of higher education institutions and publishes reports on the findings. QAA also publishes a range of guidance documents to help safeguard standards and improve quality.

More information about the work of QAA is available at: www.gaa.ac.uk.

More detail about Review for Educational Oversight can be found at: www.gaa.ac.uk/institutionreports/types-of-review/tier-4.

# **Glossary**

This glossary explains terms used in this report. You can find a fuller glossary at: <a href="https://www.qaa.ac.uk/aboutus/glossary">www.qaa.ac.uk/aboutus/glossary</a>. Formal definitions of key terms can be found in the <a href="https://www.qea.ac.uk/aboutus/glossary">Review for Educational Oversight: Handbook</a>

Academic Infrastructure Guidance developed and agreed by the higher education community and published by QAA, which is used by institutions to ensure that their courses meet national expectations for academic standards and that students have access to a suitable environment for learning (academic quality). It consists of four groups of reference points: the frameworks for higher education qualifications, the subject benchmark statements, the programme specifications and the Code of practice. Work is underway (2011-12) to revise the Academic Infrastructure as the UK Quality Code for Higher Education.

**academic quality** A comprehensive term referring to how, and how well, institutions manage teaching and learning opportunities to help students progress and succeed.

**academic standards** The standards set and maintained by institutions for their courses and expected for their awards. See also **threshold academic standard**.

**awarding body** A body with the authority to award academic qualifications located on the **framework for higher education qualifications**, such as diplomas or degrees.

**awarding organisation** An organisation with the authority to award academic qualifications located on the Qualifications and Credit Framework for England and Northern Ireland (these qualifications are at levels 1 to 8, with levels 4 and above being classed as 'higher education').

**Code of practice** The Code of practice for the assurance of academic quality and standards in higher education, published by QAA: a set of interrelated documents giving guidance for higher education institutions.

**designated body** An organisation that has been formally appointed to perform a particular function.

**differentiated judgements** In a Review for Educational Oversight, separate judgements respectively for the provision validated by separate awarding bodies.

**enhancement** Taking deliberate steps at institutional level to improve the quality of **learning opportunities**. It is used as a technical term in QAA's audit and review processes.

**feature of good practice** A positive aspect of the way a higher education institution manages quality and standards, which may be seen as exemplary to others.

**framework** A published formal structure. See also **framework for higher education qualifications**.

**framework for higher education qualifications** A published formal structure that identifies a hierarchy of national qualification levels and describes the general achievement expected of holders of the main qualification types at each level, thus assisting higher education providers in maintaining academic standards. QAA publishes the following frameworks:

<sup>4</sup> www.gaa.ac.uk/publications/informationandguidance/pages/reo-handbook.aspx.

The framework for higher education qualifications in England, Wales and Northern Ireland (FHEQ) and The framework for qualifications of higher education institutions in Scotland.

**highly trusted sponsor** An education provider that the UK government trusts to admit migrant students from overseas, according to Tier 4 of the UK Border Agency's points-based immigration system. Higher education providers wishing to obtain this status must undergo a successful review by QAA.

**learning opportunities** The provision made for students' learning, including planned **programmes of study**, teaching, assessment, academic and personal support, resources (such as libraries and information systems, laboratories or studios) and staff development.

**learning outcome** What a learner is expected to know, understand and/or be able to demonstrate after completing a process of learning.

**operational definition** A formal definition of a term, which establishes exactly what QAA means when using it in reports.

**programme (of study)** An approved course of study which provides a coherent learning experience and normally leads to a qualification.

**programme specifications** Published statements about the intended **learning outcomes** of **programmes of study**, containing information about teaching and learning methods, support and assessment methods, and how individual units relate to levels of achievement.

**provider** An institution that offers courses of higher education, typically on behalf of a separate **awarding body or organisation**. In the context of REO, the term means an independent college.

**public information** Information that is freely available to the public (sometimes referred to as being 'in the public domain').

**reference points** Statements and other publications that establish criteria against which performance can be measured. Internal reference points may be used by providers for purposes of self-regulation; external ones are used and accepted throughout the higher education community for the checking of standards and quality.

quality See academic quality.

**subject benchmark statement** A published statement that sets out what knowledge, understanding, abilities and skills are expected of those graduating in each of the main subject areas (mostly applying to bachelor's degrees), and explains what gives that particular discipline its coherence and identity.

threshold academic standard The minimum standard that a student should reach in order to gain a particular qualification or award, as set out in the **subject benchmark statements** and national qualifications frameworks. Threshold standards are distinct from the standards of performance that students need to achieve in order to gain any particular class of award, for example a first-class bachelor's degree. See also **academic standard**.

widening participation Increasing the involvement in higher education of people from a wider range of backgrounds.

### RG 1100 01/13

# The Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education

Southgate House Southgate Street Gloucester GL1 1UB

 Tel
 01452 557000

 Fax
 01452 557070

 Email
 comms@qaa.ac.uk

 Web
 www.qaa.ac.uk

© The Quality Assurance Agency for Higher Education 2013

ISBN 978 1 84979 782 5

All QAA's publications are available on our website www.qaa.ac.uk

Registered charity numbers 1062746 and SC037786