

# School census spring and summer 2014 guide for middle deemed primary schools

Instructions for preparing for and completing the school census 2014 for middle deemed primary schools in England

# Contents

V	/ersion history	9
1	I. Introduction	11
	1.1 Purpose of this document	11
	1.2 Main Changes from School Census 2013	11
	1.2.1 Change in scope – inclusion of PRUs	11
	1.2.2 New data items	11
	1.2.3 Changes to existing data items	12
	1.3 Which schools will participate in the School Census?	13
	1.4 Rationale behind the School Census 2014	13
	1.5 Structure of the School Census	14
	1.5.1 School and pupil levels	14
	1.5.2 Three collections a year	15
	1.5.3 Historical as well as snapshot data	15
2	2. Completing the School Census	16
	2.1 Census Dates	16
	2.2 Unusual circumstances	16
	2.3 Process diagram	16
	2.4 Update school MIS with current data	17
	2.4.1 Snapshot information on Census Day	18
	2.4.2 Attendance and exclusions data	19
	2.4.3 School Identifier	20
	2.5 Census specific data	20
	2.6 Validation	20
	2.7 Generating the School Census return and data checks	21

	2.8 School Summary	22
	2.9 Authorisation by head teacher	22
	2.10 Sending the School Census return	23
	2.10.1 Maintained schools	23
	2.10.2 Academies	23
	2.10.3 School Census return dates	23
3	. Preparation – data items required	24
	3.1 What will be collected when?	24
	3.1.1 Pupil level	24
	3.1.2 School Level	27
4	. Pupil Level	29
	4.1 Survey reference dates	29
	4.2 Pupil Identifiers module	29
	4.2.1 Unique Pupil Number (UPN)	29
	4.2.2 Pupil's Former UPN	29
	4.2.3 Pupil Surname	29
	4.2.4 Pupil Forename	29
	4.2.5 Pupil Middle Names	30
	4.2.6 Pupil Date of Birth	30
	4.2.7 Pupil Gender	30
	4.2.8 Pupil Former Surname	30
	4.2.9 Pupil Preferred Surname	30
	4.3 Pupil Characteristics module	30
	4.3.1 Ethnicity	30
	4.3.2 Free School Meal Eligibility	32

	4.3.3 Youth Support Services Agreement	35
	4.3.4 Language Code	36
	4.3.5 Service Children in Education Indicator	37
	4.3.6 Funded Hours	38
	4.3.7 Hours at Setting	39
	4.3.8 Top-Up Funding Indicator	40
	4.3.9 Adopted from Care	40
4	.4 Pupil Status module	42
	4.4.1 Pupil Enrolment Status	42
	4.4.2 Pupil Date of entry	46
	4.4.3 Pupil Date of leaving	47
	4.4.4 Pupil Part-time Indicator	47
	4.4.5 Pupil Boarder Indicator	48
	4.4.6 Pupil's Actual National Curriculum Year Group	48
4	.5 Special Educational Needs module	48
	4.5.1 Pupil SEN Provision	48
	4.5.2 Pupil SEN Type ranking	48
	4.5.3 Pupil SEN type	49
	4.5.4 Member of SEN Unit	49
	4.5.5 Member of resourced provision indicator	49
4	.6 Exclusions module	50
	4.6.1 Exclusion Category	51
	4.6.2 Exclusion Reason	51
	4.6.3 Exclusion Start Date	53
	4.6.4 Actual number of sessions excluded from	53

4	7.7 Home Information module	54
	4.7.1 SAON	55
	4.7.2 PAON	55
	4.7.3 Street	55
	4.7.4 Locality	55
	4.7.5 Town	55
	4.7.6 Administrative Area	55
	4.7.7 Post Town	55
	4.7.8 Address Line 1	56
	4.7.9 Address Line 2	56
	4.7.10 Address Line 3	56
	4.7.11 Address Line 4	56
	4.7.12 Address Line 5	56
	4.7.13 Postcode	56
4	8.8 Attendance module	56
	4.8.1 Scope	56
	4.8.2 Coverage	57
	4.8.3 Collection Periods	57
	4.8.4 Data required	57
	4.8.5 Dual registered pupils	57
	4.8.6 Authorised absence due to agreed extended family holiday – code F	58
	4.8.7 Pupils unable to attend school due to exceptional circumstances – code Y	58
	4.8.8 Publication of school absence data	59
	4.8.9 Persistent absentee thresholds	60
	4.8.10 Possible Sessions	60

	4.8.11 Sessions missed due to authorised absence	61
	4.8.12 Sessions missed due to unauthorised absence	61
	4.8.13 Pupil absence and attendance codes	61
	4.8.14 Number of sessions missed	62
5.	School Level	63
5	.1 Survey Reference Date	63
5	3.2 School Characteristics module	63
	5.2.1 LA Number	63
	5.2.2 DfE Establishment Number	63
	5.2.3 School Name	63
	5.2.4 School Phase	63
	5.2.5 Type of school	65
	5.2.6 Maximum year group	65
	5.2.7 Minimum year group	65
	5.2.8 Intake type	65
	5.2.9 Governance	65
	5.2.10 School email address	66
	5.2.11 School telephone number	66
5	School location module	66
	5.3.1 Address Options	66
	5.3.2 SAON	66
	5.3.3 PAON	66
	5.3.4 Street	66
	5.3.5 Locality	66
	5.3.6 Post Town	67

5.3.7 TOWN	67
5.3.8 Administrative Area	67
5.3.9 Address Line 1	67
5.3.10 Address Line 2	67
5.3.11 Address Line 3	67
5.3.12 Address Line 4	67
5.3.13 Address Line 5	67
5.3.14 Postcode	67
5.4 Admission Appeals module	68
5.4.1 Admission appeals lodged	68
5.4.2 Admission appeals withdrawn	69
5.4.3 Admission appeals heard by Independent Admission Appeals Panel	69
5.4.4 Admission appeals heard by Independent Admission Appeals Panel - decided in parent's favour	69
5.4.5 Admission appeals heard by Independent Admission Appeals Panel - rejected	69
5.6 Pupil Reconciliation module	69
5.7 Class Information module	70
5.7.1 Class reference name	71
5.7.2 Number of teachers in the class	71
5.7.3 Number of adult non-teachers in the class	71
5.7.4 Class year group	71
5.7.5 Number of pupils from the host school in the class	71
5.7.6 Number of Pupils from other schools in the class	71
5.8 Miscellaneous module	71

	5.8.1 Free school meals taken	72
6.	Further Information	73
7.	Codesets - Pupil Level	74
8.	Codesets – School Level	87

# **Version history**

This gives details of any changes made to the content of this document from the 2013 School Census and any subsequent changes made to the first published version.

1.1	Updated guidance for 'Adopted from Care' Section 4.3.9	Melanie Armstrong
1,0		January 2014
1.0	Document reformatted to conform with Departmental	Malania Armatrana
	publication guidelines.	Melanie Armstrong
		August 2013
	All dates updated throughout the document.	
	Markey de suprest par dure d'écolude content fou ell	
	Master document produced to include content for all	
	phases. Sections that are not included for all phases	
	are clearly marked with yellow highlights.	
	1.1 Purpose of this document	
	<ul> <li>inclusion of PRUs and all-through schools</li> </ul>	
	1.2.1 Change in scope – inclusion of PRUs	
	1.2.2 New data items	
	<ul> <li>top-up funding indicator</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>adopted from care</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>code of all-through for school phase</li> </ul>	
	1.2.3 Existing data items	
	<ul><li>admissions appeals</li></ul>	
	<ul><li>funded hours and hours at setting</li></ul>	
	1.3 Which schools will participate in the School Census?	
	<ul> <li>addition of studio schools, university technical</li> </ul>	
	colleges, all-through schools and PRUs	
	1.5.3 Historical as well as snapshot data	
	<ul> <li>para regarding admissions appeals has been</li> </ul>	
	removed as did not feel it was necessary to	
	include here – examples are given not an	
	exhaustive list	
	4.3.1 Ethnicity	
	<ul> <li>information on the definition of ethnicity added</li> <li>link to ethnicity monitoring advice added</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>link to ethnicity monitoring advice added</li> <li>presentation of the main categories changed to</li> </ul>	
	more closely reflect the presentation in the CBDS	
	4.3.6 Funded hours	
	<ul> <li>Updated to reflect the specification</li> </ul>	
	4.3.7 Hours at setting	
	1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 2	

Updated to reflect the specification

### 4.3.10 Top-Up Funding Indicator

Information added about this new data item

### 4.3.11 Adopted from Care

- Information added about this new data item
- 4.8.6 Authorised absence due to agreed extended family holiday code F
  - Explanation that code F will not be collected in the Summer Census (subject to an RFC to the specification following the software supplier meeting on 12 June)

### 5.2.4 School Phase

- Addition of all-through
- Explanation of why correct phase must be selected
- List of phases and estab number ranges added is this useful?

# 5.4 Admission Appeals module

- Information updated to include academies and reflect change in scope
- Clarification that infant admission appeals are included in admission appeals

### 7 Codesets - Pupil Level

- Ethnicity codeset added
- Adopted from care codeset added
- Clarification of which codes can be used when for national curriculum year group
- Pupil attendance codeset without code F added for the summer census
- Clarification of when codes M and X are used for national curriculum year group

Section on links to relevant websites removed as these are given in the relevant places in the document.

# 1. Introduction

# 1.1 Purpose of this document

This document is aimed at local authority maintained middle deemed primary schools and academies (including free schools, studio schools and university technical colleges) so that they:

- understand the rationale behind and purpose of the School Census
- are able to populate their systems with the required data at pupil and school level
- are able to keep their data up to date during the year, and
- are able to complete the 2014 Spring and Summer School Census returns

It is envisaged that this document will be used as a handbook for data collected and stored in schools' management information systems (MIS) throughout the year, rather than just as guidance on census days.

Separate guides are produced for each of the following types of schools: nursery, primary, secondary, all-through, special schools and PRUs and these can be found on the Department's website.

Local authorities (LAs) may choose to use it directly with their schools, or amend to suit their local needs as appropriate. Software suppliers may also find it a useful reference document.

# 1.2 Main Changes from School Census 2013

# 1.2.1 Change in scope – inclusion of PRUs

There will be no PRU Census from spring 2014 onwards but PRUs (including alternative provision academies and free schools) will be required to submit termly data as part of the School Census.

### 1.2.2 New data items

### **Top-up funding indicator**

A true/false flag to indicate those pupils on roll on census day for whom a school receives top-up funding from the local authority or in the case of a PRU the top-up funding could be from a local authority or a school. Top-up funding is supplied by local authorities from their high needs budget directly. In the case of PRUs the top-up funding will come from a local authority's high needs budget directly or through schools. In both cases the top-up funding relates to individual pupils and the time they are in the school or PRU, and is to meet the costs of their support which are additional to the support costs expected to be met from the school or PRU budget share.

### **Adopted from care**

This data item will identify those children on roll on census day who were looked after immediately before adoption, being placed on a special guardianship or residence order. It will be up to those who have parental responsibility (adoptive parents, special guardians and carers of former looked after children on residence orders) to decide if they wish schools to know whether such children have been adopted, or are under a special guardianship order or a residence order.

### Code of all-through for school phase

All-through has been added to the codeset for school phase to allow schools that make provision for pupils aged under 7 and over 14 to identify themselves correctly and to be able to submit all the required data for all their pupils in the School Census. Schools should select the phase shown below that is appropriate to them for the School Census.

School Phase	Code	Notes
Nursery	NS	Includes those with maintained or direct grant status
Primary	PS	
Middle (deemed primary)	MP	
Middle (deemed secondary)	MS	
Secondary	SS	
All-through	AT	Excludes PRUs and special schools
Special	SP	Maintained and non-maintained special schools, including hospital special schools and academy special schools
PRUs	PR	Includes AP academies and AP free schools

# 1.2.3 Changes to existing data items

The collection of admissions appeals information in the Spring Census has been extended to include academies. All schools which have a governance type of CA should complete the admissions appeals module.

Admissions appeals data will only be collected in relation to appeals lodged against admissions into the start of the 2013/14 academic year, i.e. appeals lodged prior to 1 September 2013.

## Funded hours and hours at setting

Funded hours and hours at setting will be required for all children aged 2 as at 31 December 2013 in the spring and summer Census collections. Previously these were only collected for those with SEN and rising 3s (those aged 2 years at 31 August but are 3 by 31 December).

# 1.3 Which schools will participate in the School Census?

The School Census covers information to be provided to the Department by maintained nursery, primary, middle, secondary, all-through and special schools (including hospital schools), PRUs, City Technology Colleges (CTCs) and academies (including free schools, studio schools and university technical colleges) in England. Non-maintained special schools are also required to participate in the School Census.

Local authority maintained PRUs and alternative provision (AP) academies (including AP free schools) in England are to make termly School Census returns from Spring 2014. In previous years there has been a separate annual PRU Census which has now been discontinued following the decision to include PRUs in the School Census.

Service Children Education schools, both primary and secondary, may participate on a voluntary basis.

There is no independent school participation in the 2014 School Census. Independent schools and general hospital schools will continue to provide data via the existing School Level Annual School Census (SLASC) collection.

Individual level returns will be provided for children in early years settings (private, voluntary and independent) and alternative provision but not as part of this School Census. Separate requirements and guidance documentation are issued for the <u>Early Years Census</u> and <u>Alternative Provision Census</u>.

### 1.4 Rationale behind the School Census 2014

The following factors are the business drivers behind the School Census 2014:

- it is consistent with the overall vision to:
  - collect data once and use many times
  - automate the collection of data
  - data collected should be that which a well prepared school uses themselves or be justified with a clear business case
- it assumes that much of the data is already held in schools' MIS ready for transfer on census day and so the need for data entry on the day is kept to a minimum.
- given that the majority of the data collected at pupil level is that which a well-managed school uses themselves, the data should be kept up to date on an event driven basis (i.e. data should be updated by the school as soon as it is aware of any change or addition) and so the burden of collection by the Department should not be high.
- all data collected is as defined in the Common Basic Data Set (CBDS).

Analysis of individual pupil records supports the drive to raise standards, provides accurate targeting of funding, and assists the monitoring and development of policy.

Examples of the uses of data collected include:

- information about the numbers of pupils will be matched with data from the School Workforce Census to monitor pupil:adult ratios;
- information on class sizes, pupils with statements, pupils with SEN but without statements (School Action or Early Years Action and School Action Plus or Early Years Action Plus), free school meals, ethnicity, absences and permanent exclusions is used to monitor the Government's social inclusion policy;
- pupil numbers are used for funding local authorities and schools (including development of the new Pupil Premium) and contributing to the School and College Performance Tables exercise;
- data will continue to be used nationally for the Standards and Testing Agency (STA) Key Stage 2 National Curriculum Test Pupil Registration process;
- the data is used to support other key areas involving local authorities such as the Revenue Support Grant and LA Benchmarking Tables.

Without the above information it would be very difficult for Ministers, Parliament, central and local government, pressure groups and the public to monitor government policies and their effectiveness.

The submission of the School Census returns, including a set of named pupil records, is a statutory requirement on schools under <u>Section 537A of the Education Act 1996</u>.

Putting the School Census on a statutory basis:

- means that schools do not need to obtain parental or pupil consent to the provision of information;
- ensures schools are protected from any legal challenge that they are breaching a duty of confidence to pupils; and
- helps to ensure that returns are completed by schools.

### 1.5 Structure of the School Census

# 1.5.1 School and pupil levels

The School Census is divided into two levels - pupil and school. Each level comprises modules of data items that relate to a single theme or topic. The modules and the individual data items included in each are listed in Section 3. The School Census has been structured in this way to allow different combinations of modules to be collected in each collection.

# 1.5.2 Three collections a year

As in previous years, different modules will be collected in each termly Census. Your school's MIS software will be able to extract the relevant data items for each Census. Details of the data items required for the 2014 Spring and Summer School Census returns are given in this document. A separate guide for the data items required for the 2014 Autumn and 2015 Spring and Summer School Census returns will be published at a later date.

# 1.5.3 Historical as well as snapshot data

Much of the data to be collected represents some characteristic of a pupil at a point in time e.g. enrolment status. Historical data is collected from a previous term or academic year rather than reflecting the position on census day e.g. attendance, exclusions and bursary funding (learner support code). This enables the Census to be generated from your software using data that the school will have input at the time, for example, the date a pupil left the school.

It also enables local authorities and the Department to build up a continuous picture of pupil attendance and exclusions from successive Census collections. Please note that these modules, and bursary funding, will require data on some pupils who have left the school before census day.

# 2. Completing the School Census

### 2.1 Census Dates

Every maintained middle deemed primary school and academy in England is required to complete census returns, one each term. This document provides a guide to the information required in the 2014 Spring and Summer Census returns. A separate document will provide a guide to the information required in the 2014 Autumn School Census and the 2015 Spring and Summer School Census collections. In the case of local authorities and schools that operate six term years, the Census collection will be every other term.

The 2014 Spring and Summer Census dates are as follows:

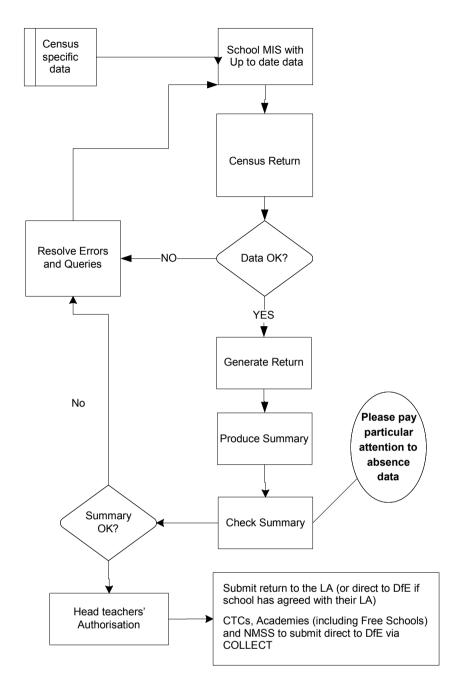
- third Thursday in January 16 January 2014
- third Thursday in May 15 May 2014

### 2.2 Unusual circumstances

If unusual circumstances impact on census day, for example, severe weather conditions or religious observances then schools may find that the numbers of pupils and/or staff who are not present on that day are abnormally high. If any census figures, for example, 'school meals taken' are affected then a day and time when the situation can be regarded as normal should be selected. Schools / local authorities may interpret this literally as the next normal day or as an earlier day in census week or the previous Thursday, if that reflects the normal situation. On occasions where other days / times are used, schools should record these for audit purposes.

# 2.3 Process diagram

The following process diagram shows the steps that need to be taken to produce, check, authorise and send each census return.



# 2.4 Update school MIS with current data

The individual pupil records and school characteristics information for the Census will be extracted automatically by your MIS and parts of them may not be edited manually. Although data validation will take place within your software it is possible that missing pupils, missing excluded pupils, and exclusions data for those no longer on roll and some incorrect data may not flag up any errors or queries. It is essential therefore that all relevant pupil data has been entered and updated in your system before the School Census return is created. Integrated software systems should allow the automatic extraction of information on exclusions, and classes as taught where the relevant data has previously been entered, but if necessary the information can be keyed directly into the School Census return.

Individual data will be included in the return for the following pupils and you should therefore ensure that all relevant data for them is kept up to date.

Spring Census (January)	Summer Census (May)
<ul> <li>All pupils on the register on the census day</li> <li>Any additional pupils subject to any type of exclusion in the 2013 summer term</li> <li>Any additional pupils who attended the school in the previous term (2013 autumn term) [primary and middle</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>All pupils on the register on the census day</li> <li>Any additional pupils subject to any type of exclusion in the 2013 autumn term [not nursery]</li> <li>Any additional pupils who attended the school in the previous term (2014 spring term)</li> </ul>

# 2.4.1 Snapshot information on Census Day

Information should be provided for all pupils on the school's admission register (in accordance with <u>Regulation 5 of the Education (Pupil Registration) (England)</u>
<u>Regulations 2006</u>. This Regulation specifies the information that a school's admission register should contain.

The registration of pupils is governed by:

- Section 434 of Education Act 1996 which specifies that all persons who are pupils at the school must be registered – and
- The Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006 and subsequent amendment Education (Pupil Registration) (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Regulation 8 specifies the circumstances under which a pupil can be removed from the register for example, registration at another school, written notification of parental intention to educate at home, and long term absence (four weeks or more) where both the school and LA have failed after reasonable enquiry to locate the pupil.

The count on census day includes all pupils whose enrolment status is:

- C (Current Single registration at this school);
- M (Current Main Dual registration); or
- S (Current Subsidiary Dual registration)

The count excludes any pupil whose enrolment status is G (Guest - pupil not registered at the school but attending some sessions or lessons).

### Please note the following:

- children of service families registered at the school on census day are no different to any other pupil registered at the school and will have an enrolment status of C (Current), M (Dual main) or S (Dual subsidiary). Provided that the pupil is registered at the school on census day, they should be included in the school's return.
- traveller children can be registered at one or more schools and will have an enrolment status of C (Current), M (Dual main) or S (Dual subsidiary). Provided that the pupil is registered at the school on census day, they should be included in the school return.

A pupil would normally be dually registered if they were:

- registered at a mainstream school (main school) but considered to need specialist support by attending a special school (subsidiary school) on a regular basis and, therefore, also registered at the special school;
- registered at a mainstream school (main school) but, because of e.g. behaviour problems, the pupil is also required to attend a PRU (subsidiary school) for part of each week and is, therefore, also registered at the PRU; or
- registered at a special school or at a PRU (main school) but also attending another mainstream school (subsidiary school) on a regular basis as part of preparation for return to the mainstream school.

If a pupil is no longer on the admissions register at your school on the census day and you have already passed information (including UPN) on to their new school then you must NOT record the pupil as being on roll on census day on your School Census return.

### 2.4.2 Attendance and exclusions data

Attendance data should be provided for any pupils aged 4 to 15 years who were on roll for one or more sessions during the term for which data are collected.

Exclusions data should also be provided for any pupils who were subject to any exclusion during the period for which data are collected.

Attendance and exclusions data could therefore be required for pupils who are no longer on the school roll on the census day.

For these pupils, the following modules/data items will also be collected and so must be retained on the MIS even though the pupil is no longer on roll:

 for attendance – the pupil status (excluding pupil enrolment status) and pupil identifiers modules will be collected and so it is important, for example, that pupil date of leaving is completed  for exclusions - the pupil status (excluding pupil enrolment status) and pupil identifiers modules will be collected together with the in care indicator and SEN provision at the time of exclusion

### 2.4.3 School Identifier

The DfE School Number is required as the identifier for the school and comprises a three digit LA code and a four digit Establishment code.

It is essential that both these codes are correct and up to date. Any error (including the provision of an old value of either code) is likely to lead to the rejection of your return by DfE. **If you are in any doubt about these codes, please check with your LA** or you can determine your LA and establishment code by accessing <u>Edubase</u>.

# 2.5 Census specific data

Depending on their local arrangements and software systems, schools may need to manually complete some modules at the point of completing the Census return e.g. exclusions and attendance. Instructions as to which data items are required for each of the School Census collections are given in Section 3.

### 2.6 Validation

Census data is used by the DfE policy divisions, other government departments, local authorities, external agencies and educational researchers. The data is also used for funding purposes and as principal data for RAISEonline. Accuracy of data is, therefore, of paramount importance.

Both local authorities and the DfE expect there to be zero errors on the Census return. The only exception to this is where a software bug generates an error that cannot be fixed or circumvented and an agreement has been reached between local authorities and the DfE that the error is acceptable.

Schools' MIS software will report most validation errors and queries. If the DfE makes late changes to validations then commercial software suppliers may not be able to include such changes in their software releases. There are also some validation checks that are only produced in COLLECT so a school may see an "error on load" even though nothing is shown when validated in the MIS. The Department aims to keep these differences and late changes to an absolute minimum.

When the data is validated for the School Census, a validation **error** is generated when data rules are broken. For example, an illegal character is entered, a value may be out of range or totals do not add up correctly. Validation errors **MUST** be corrected.

A **query** is reported where the data is unusual or unexpected and reflects a potential inaccuracy or omission in the underlying data in the schools' MIS or entry to the census form. For example, where no pupils are reported as having special needs or where there is a probability of data being omitted, such as permanent exclusions, of which many schools may genuinely have had none in the previous school year.

MIS software will report queries that should be investigated. As local authorities or the DfE will question queries it is also essential to investigate them, and to amend the data as necessary.

# 2.7 Generating the School Census return and data checks

These completion notes should be read in conjunction with the documentation provided by your software supplier and, for local authority maintained schools, any software specific School Census user guide available from your local authority.

Your software supplier is likely to have drawn up a 'data entry specification' listing all the pupil data that must be entered into your system if the records within your School Census return are to be complete and correct. If you have not seen this specification, please contact your local authority for advice. If you do not take MIS/ICT support from the local authority, then contact your software supplier direct.

Your software may contain a series of 'data checks' which will help you to identify and correct errors and inconsistencies in your data prior to generating your School Census return. You will need to go through this process carefully as it will substantially reduce the number of validation errors in your return and the work needed to subsequently resolve these.

Although the data checks are very important, you cannot assume that successful completion of them guarantees that all the necessary data is present and that your School Census return will be correct. The absence of any validation errors or queries also does not guarantee a successful return. You must therefore ensure that you have fully entered into your system all of the data set out in the data entry specification.

The code values for data items listed in Section 3 are shown in Sections 6 and 7 and will reflect the values contained in the data file which the software prepares for transmission to your local authority and/or the Department. Whilst the Department will endeavour to update guidance if there are any changes to codesets the definitive list of codesets can be found in the <u>CBDS</u>.

# 2.8 School Summary

The Census return software generates a report summarising the data in the School Census return automatically. Given that the return itself is too large to be viewed in its entirety, it fulfils a number of purposes:

- to allow school staff preparing the return to check its accuracy and completeness before passing it to the head teacher
- to allow the head teacher authorising the return to check its accuracy and completeness before submitting the return to the LA and/or DfE - as in previous years the school summary report contains information about persistent absenteeism. This is the school's only opportunity to check its Census data before it is used by DfE for funding purposes and published in performance tables.
- if the summary report is forwarded to the LA it allows them to check the return from the school
- provides DfE with assurance that the return has been subject to some data checking by the school and LA

The summary report should be inspected carefully and particular attention paid to those sections that might reveal evidence that some individual pupil data was not entered on to the system prior to generating the return e.g. free school meal eligibility or the number of pupils with SEN.

DfE also recommends that the school summary report is compared to the one for the previous term or year to highlight any anomalous data between the respective Census collections. It is vital for a school to check the accuracy of data in this summary report as it is this data that is submitted to DfE as an accurate reflection of the situation in the school on census day.

As different data are submitted in each Census, the contents of the school summary report will also be different for each termly Census.

# 2.9 Authorisation by head teacher

Once the School Census data have been submitted to the DfE, either directly (for non-maintained special schools and academies) or via the LA for maintained schools, it will be deemed to have been authorised by the head teacher. LAs and schools can implement further authorisation methods such as printing and signing the summary report to satisfy local audit purposes if they so choose.

# 2.10 Sending the School Census return

Any queries about this process should be directed to the DfE Service Desk by completing the data collections service request form available under 'Contact Us' on the Department's website.

### 2.10.1 Maintained schools

Once the return has been authorised by the head teacher, it should be made available to the LA or the DfE as appropriate. Maintained schools will need to consult their LAs on the arrangements for this process and check the local deadline for provision of the return. The deadline should allow sufficient time for the LA to discuss any queries about the data with the school before submitting it to DfE.

### 2.10.2 Academies

Once the return has been authorised by the head teacher, it should be submitted directly to the Department via the COLLECT system.

### 2.10.3 School Census return dates

The deadline for all School Census returns to reach the Department is provided in the table below. LA maintained schools will need to consult their individual local authorities on the arrangements for this process and check the local deadline for provision of the return. The local deadline will be set as to allow the LA sufficient time to discuss any queries about the data with the school before submitting it to the DfE.

Data Collection	Census Day	Deadline for returns
Spring Census	Thursday 16 January 2014	Wednesday 12 February 2014
Summer Census	Thursday 15 May 2014	Wednesday 11 June 2014

# 3. Preparation – data items required

Most of the data collected in the School Census is that which a well-managed school would be expected to use for its own purposes. The majority of data items should therefore be kept up to date within a school's MIS on an event driven basis.

Data items that are collected in the School Census 2014 have been grouped into modules as follows:

Pupil level (section 4)	School level (section 5)
Pupil identifiers	School characteristics
Pupil characteristics	School location
Pupil status	Miscellaneous
Special educational needs	
Exclusions	
Home information	
Attendance	

Schools are encouraged to take a look at the data items to be collected in the School Census before the start of the academic year 2013/14 so as to ensure that information is entered correctly within their MIS.

Schools should note that software suppliers are including more validation on data entry so it should not be possible to enter information in the wrong format or that does not comply with the specified codeset. This should ensure a higher quality of data entered and fewer validation errors to be checked when the data is extracted for the School Census.

Codesets for individual data items are given in Sections 7 and 8.

## 3.1 What will be collected when?

# 3.1.1 Pupil level

The table below shows the individual pupil level data items collected in the spring and summer census collections. "On" signifies that the data item is required for pupils on roll on census day, "Off" for those no longer on roll on census day but for whom some data is required, "B" for all pupils, both those on and off roll. "x" means not required for the Census indicated. Further information about the data items is given in section 4.

Ref	Data item	xml tag	Spring	Summer
	Pupil identifiers module		<u>-</u>	
100001	Unique Pupil Number (UPN)	UPN	В	В
100002	Pupil's Former UPN	FormerUPN	В	В
100003	Pupil Surname	Surname	В	В
100004	Pupil Forename	Forename	В	В
100006	Pupil Middle Names	MiddleNames	В	В
100009	Pupil former Surname	FormerSurname	В	В
100011	Pupil Preferred Surname	PreferredSurname	On	On
100007	Pupil Date of Birth	DOB	В	В
100008	Pupil Gender	Gender	В	В
	Pupil characteristics modu	le		
100319	Ethnicity	Ethnicity	В	Х
100484	Free School Meal Eligibility Start Date	FSMstartDate	On	On
100485	Free School Meal Eligibility End Date	FSMendDate	On	On
200634	Country of UK	UKcountry	On	On
100488	Youth Support Services Agreement Indicator	YSSA	On	On
100047	Language Code	Language	В	В
100330	Service Children in Education Indicator	ServiceChild	On	Х
100290	Funded Hours	FundedHours	On	On
100291	Hours at Setting	HoursAtSetting	On	On
100511	Top Up Funding Indicator	TopUpFunding	On	On
100512	Adopted from Care	AdoptedFromCare	On	On
	Pupil status module		•	•
100060	Pupil Enrolment status	EnrolStatus	On	On
100063	Pupil Date of Entry	EntryDate	В	В
100064	Pupil Date of Leaving	LeavingDate	Off	Off
100065	Pupil Part-time Indicator	PartTime	В	В
100067	Pupil Boarder Indicator	Boarder	В	В
100068	Pupil's Actual National Curriculum Year Group	NCyearActual	On	On
	SEN module			
100472	Pupil SEN Provision (formerly stage)	SENprovision	On	On
100080	Pupil SEN Type ranking	SENtypeRank	On	Х
100081	Pupil SEN Type	SENtype	On	Х
100075	Member of SEN Unit (sometimes called special class) indicator	SENunitIndicator	On	Х
100076	Member of resourced provision indicator	ResourcedProvisionIndicator	On	Х
	Termly exclusions module			
100087	Exclusion Category	Category	В	В
100088	Exclusion Reason	Reason	В	В
100038	In Care Indicator	InCare	В	В

100472	Pupil SEN Provision (formerly stage)	SENprovision	В	В
100090	Exclusion Start Date	StartDate	В	В
100093	Exclusion actual number of sessions	Sessions	В	В
	Home information module		-	
100103	SAON	SAON	On	On
100109	PAON	PAON	On	On
100115	Street	Street	On	On
100116	Locality	Locality	On	On
100117	Town	Town	On	On
100118	Administrative Area	AdministrativeArea	On	On
100119	Post Town	PostTown	On	On
100121	Postcode	PostCode	On	On
100128	Address Line 1	AddressLine1	On	On
100129	Address Line 2	AddressLine2	On	On
100130	Address Line 3	AddressLine3	On	On
100131	Address Line 4	AddressLine4	On	On
100132	Address Line 5	AddressLine5	On	On
Termly attendance module				
100228	Possible Sessions	SessionsPossible	В	В
100230	Sessions missed due to Authorised Absence	SessionsAuthorised	В	В
100231	Sessions missed due to Unauthorised Absence	SessionsUnauthorised	В	В
100481	Attendance codes	AttendanceReason	В	В
100233	Number of sessions missed	AbsenceSessions	В	В

# 3.1.2 School Level

The table below shows the school level data items collected in the spring and summer census collections. "

" " signifies that the data item is required for and "x" that it is not. Further information about the data items is given in section 5.

Ref	Data item	xml tag	Spring	Summer
	School characteristics module			
200039	School Name	SchoolName	✓	✓
200638	School Phase	Phase	✓	✓
200632	Type of School	SchoolType	✓	✓
200013	Maximum Year Group	HighestNCyear	✓	✓
200012	Minimum Year Group	LowestNCyear	✓	✓
200014	Intake Type	Intake	✓	✓
200015	Governance	Governance	✓	✓
200022	School Email Address	Email	✓	✓
200118	School Telephone Number	PhoneNo	✓	✓
	School location module			
200089	Sub-dwelling	SAON	✓	*
200090	Dwelling	PAON	✓	×
200091	Street	Street	✓	*
200092	Locality	Locality	✓	*
200093	Town	Town	✓	×
200094	Administrative Area	AdministrativeArea	✓	*
200095	Post Town	PostTown	✓	*
200096	Postcode	PostCode	✓	×
200101	Address Line 1	AddressLine1	✓	*
200102	Address Line 2	AddressLine2	✓	×
200103	Address Line 3	AddressLine3	✓	×
200104	Address Line 4	AddressLine4	✓	*
200105	Address Line 5	AddressLine5	✓	×
	Admission appeals module			-
200139	Admissions appeals lodged	Lodged	✓	*
200140	Admissions appeals withdrawn	Withdrawn	✓	×
200141	Admissions appeals heard by Independent Admissions Committee	Heard	<b>√</b>	×
200142	Admissions appeals heard by Independent Admissions Committee - decided in parent's favour	Upheld	<b>√</b>	×
200143	Admissions appeals heard by Independent Admissions Committee – rejected	Rejected	<b>√</b>	×

Ref	Data item	xml tag	Spring	Summer
	Pupil reconciliation module			_
200169	Part-Time pupils not at school	PartTimeNotIn	✓	*
200170	Private Study pupils	PrivateStudy	✓	*
200171	Pupils at Another School	AtOtherSchool	✓	*
	Class information module			
200185	Class Reference Name	ClassName	✓	*
200190	No of Teachers in the Class	Teachers	✓	*
200191	No of Adult Non-Teachers in the Class	NonTeachers	✓	*
200560	Class Year group	YearGroup	✓	*
200201	No of Pupils from the host school in the class	HomePupils	<b>√</b>	*
200202	No of Pupils from other schools in the class	GuestPupils	<b>√</b>	*
	Miscellaneous module			
200147	Free School Meals Taken	FreeMealsTaken	✓	*

# 4. Pupil Level

# 4.1 Survey reference dates

The survey reference dates (in the format yyyy-mm-dd) are:

- 2014-01-16 (Spring Census)
- 2014-05-15 (Summer Census)

These dates should be generated by your MIS but with the facility to edit the date where there are unusual circumstances (as described in section 2.2).

# 4.2 Pupil Identifiers module

All data items in this module should be maintained on an event driven basis. This module will be collected in all three Censuses for all pupils on roll on the relevant census day. All the data items will be required for any additional pupils who are no longer on roll but for whom the exclusions modules are collected.

# 4.2.1 Unique Pupil Number (UPN)

This is generated by your MIS or transferred to you from another school in a CTF file and you are not expected to calculate it manually. The UPN must be 13 characters in the format Annnnnnnnnn or Annnnnnnnnn (for a temporary UPN) where A is a character and n is numeric. UPNs are generally produced automatically using routines programmed into the MIS software when a pupil first enters the maintained schools' sector in England or Wales. Temporary UPNs may only be issued as an interim measure until the permanent UPN is obtained. For further information see <a href="UPN policy">UPN policy</a> and practice guidance.

# 4.2.2 Pupil's Former UPN

This is where the pupil has held another UPN whilst at your school (e.g. where a temporary UPN was allocated when the pupil was first admitted to the school, but subsequently replaced by the permanent one being retrieved from a previous school). Adopted pupils should have new UPNs and no link to their former UPNs.

# 4.2.3 Pupil Surname

Full legal surname as the school believes it to be (Schools are not necessarily expected to have verified this from a birth certificate or other legal document).

# 4.2.4 Pupil Forename

In full and not shortened or familiar versions.

# 4.2.5 Pupil Middle Names

In full and not shortened or familiar versions. If a pupil has no middle name(s) then this field must be left blank.

# 4.2.6 Pupil Date of Birth

Date of birth of pupil in the format CCYY-MM-DD.

# 4.2.7 Pupil Gender

The gender of the pupil in the format of M (Male) or F (Female).

In exceptional circumstances a school may be unsure as to which gender should be recorded for a particular pupil. The advice from the Department is to record the gender according to the wishes of the pupil and/or parent.

# 4.2.8 Pupil Former Surname

This should only be completed if a former surname is already known to the school - otherwise this field should be left blank. Schools need not, and should not, take any special steps to establish the existence of former surnames of which they are not already aware. If the pupil has more than one former surname then record the most recently used.

# 4.2.9 Pupil Preferred Surname

The surname most commonly used in the school and shown in full and not in any shortened or familiar versions.

# 4.3 Pupil Characteristics module

All data items in this module should be maintained on an event driven basis or collected / updated via the school's normal data checking procedures.

# 4.3.1 Ethnicity

This data item should be provided for all pupils aged 5 and over as at the previous 31 August. Ethnicity is a personal awareness of a common cultural identity. Ethnicity relates to how a person feels and not necessarily how they are perceived by others. It is a subjective decision as to which category a person places themselves in and therefore does not infer any other characteristics such as religion, country of origin etc. Ethnicity monitoring advice is available from the Department's website.

Where the information has not yet been collected then this needs to be recorded as not yet obtained. If a pupil or parent has refused to give the information then refused should be recorded and returned.

The codeset reflects categories used in the 2001 National Population Census, with additional categories for Travellers of Irish heritage, pupils of Gypsy / Roma heritage and Sri Lankan Other. If the National Population Census categories do not meet the needs of local monitoring, LAs may use the DfE approved list of extended categories. Your LA will have decided which of the ethnic codes to use and these codes should be reflected in your MIS.

The DfE main categories are shown below together with the associated main codes and descriptions. The full codeset including the extended categories is given in section 7 of this document.

Main category	Code	Description
White	WBRI	White – British
White	WIRI	White – Irish
White	WIRT	Traveller of Irish Heritage
White	WOTH	Any other White Background
White	WROM	Gypsy / Roma
Mixed	MWBC	White and Black Caribbean
Mixed	MWBA	White and Black African
Mixed	MWAS	White and Asian
Mixed	MOTH	Any Other Mixed Background
Asian or Asian British	AIND	Indian
Asian or Asian British	APKN	Pakistani
Asian or Asian British	ABAN	Bangladeshi
Asian or Asian British	AOTH	Any Other Asian Background
Black or Black British	BCRB	Black Caribbean
Black or Black British	BAFT	Black – African
Other Ethnic Groups	CHNE	Chinese
Other Ethnic Groups	OOTH	Any Other Ethnic Group
Refused	REFU	Refused
Information Not Yet	NOBT	Information Not Yet Obtained
Obtained		

# 4.3.2 Free School Meal Eligibility

### (a) Data collected

Each of the Census collections will require the inclusion of any periods of FSM eligibility since the previous Census for those pupils on roll on census day. The following three data items will be used to collect this information:

- FSM Eligibility Start Date
- FSM Eligibility End Date
- Country of UK (this will be system generated and will not require any data entry by schools)

These data items will be collected for pupils within the scope of the collections on roll on census day, and with any periods of FSM eligibility since the last Census i.e. those with:

- a) an FSM Eligibility Start Date on or before the current census day and no FSM Eligibility End Date (eligibility on-going on census day); or
- b) an FSM Eligibility End Date from the first day after the previous Census and on or before the current census day

In respect of b) for the 2014 Spring and Summer School Census returns the FSM Eligibility End Dates are as follows:

- Spring Census between 4 October 2013 and 16 January 2014 inclusive
- Summer Census between 17 January 2014 and 15 May 2014 inclusive

If schools have FSM eligibility flagged for a pupil in their systems they must make sure that their systems are updated to include an FSM Start Date ready for collection in the 2014 School Census and, if appropriate, transfer in Common Transfer Files (CTF).

Multiple FSM Eligibility Start and End Dates falling within the period should be returned where applicable. For example, if a pupil had been eligible for FSM from 1 September 2011 until 31 October 2013 and then became eligible again from 1 December 2013 then the following would be returned in the 2014 Spring Census:

For the first period of eligibility:

FSM Eligibility Start Date of 01/09/2011 and FSM Eligibility End Date of 31/10/2013; and

For the second period of eligibility:

FSM Eligibility Start Date of 01/12/2013 and no FSM Eligibility End Date

### (b) Pupil Premium Funding

The provision of additional funding to schools via the Deprivation Pupil Premium is directed to those pupils from deprived backgrounds and is based on their eligibility for Free School Meals (FSM).

Only pupils aged 4 and above in Reception to Year 11 (or aged 4 to 15 where National Curriculum year groups do not apply) are eligible for Pupil Premium funding. Pupils attending nursery schools or non-maintained special schools are not eligible for the Pupil Premium.

The terms under which the payment of Pupil Premium operates are set out in the Pupil Premium conditions of grant which are available on the <u>Department's website</u>.

The provision of additional funding through the Pupil Premium only covers FSM eligibility in England. Any periods of FSM eligibility in any other country do not count when determining a pupil's eligibility for the Pupil Premium.

Each period of FSM eligibility will have a system generated Country of UK code attached to enable the Department to ensure that those pupils who have only experienced periods of FSM eligibility outside of England do not attract the Pupil Premium.

For periods of eligibility when a pupil was on roll at a school in England the Country of UK code will be 'ENG'. Pupils who were on roll at a school in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland will have been assigned a code of 'WLS', 'SCT' or 'NIR' respectively.

For periods of FSM eligibility that are open as at 1 January 2013 and for all subsequent periods thereafter, school management information systems should automatically populate the Country of UK with the appropriate code for the establishment at which the pupil is on roll. This data item is not expected to be in systems for periods of FSM eligibility that ended before 1 January 2013 but may be provided if known.

### (c) Eligibility for Free School Meals

Free School Meal Eligibility periods will be used by the Department in determining the Pupil Premium allocations for schools and, as such, it is essential that this information is correctly recorded on the School Census.

Periods of FSM eligibility for pupils should be recorded ONLY if a claim for free school meals has been made by them or on their behalf and either

- the relevant LA / school have confirmed that they are entitled to free school meals; or
- the relevant LA / school have seen the necessary documentation (e.g. a TC602 Tax Credit Award Notice) that shows that they are entitled to free school meals.

Conversely, if pupils are in receipt of a Free School Meal but there is confirmation that they are no longer eligible and entitlement will be revoked then the period of eligibility should be ended (with the recording of an appropriate FSM Eligibility End Date).

The Education (School Lunches) (Prescribed Requirements) (England) Order 2003 sets out an additional requirement for children who have not attained compulsory school age but receive education. These children must be registered pupils and be 'receiving education both before and after the lunch period' before being eligible for free school meals. This requirement was introduced from April 2003.

Children whose parents are in receipt of one of the following are entitled to receive free school meals:

- Income Support (IS)
- Income Based Job Seekers Allowance (IBJSA)
- An income-related employment and support allowance
- Support under part VI of the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999
- Child Tax Credit (provided they are not entitled to Working Tax Credit) and have an annual income which from 6th April 2013 does not exceed £16,190 as assessed by Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs\*
- Guarantee element of State Pension Credit.

\*A parent is entitled to the Working Tax Credit run-on payment for a further four weeks after they stop qualifying for Working Tax Credit. Their children are entitled to free school meals for the period that they are in receipt of this payment.

Children who receive IS or IBJSA in their own right are also entitled to receive free school meals.

It is not be necessary for individual schools / LAs to calculate a family's annual taxable income. The HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) will perform this income calculation and it is this figure that should be used to determine free school meal entitlement. Each time a tax credit award is calculated, the HMRC will automatically issue a Tax Credit Award Notice (TC602) to the applicant. The award notice will set out the annual income and key family details. This notice includes details of all the information that is required to assess a child's free school meal eligibility (under the 'tax credit' category') and it is strongly suggested that this document is used to make that assessment. Similarly, it is strongly suggested that the Pension Credit Award Notice (issued automatically by The Pension Service to all those in receipt of Pension Credits) is used to assess a child's free school meal eligibility under the 'Guarantee State Pension Credit' category.

See the frequently asked questions on the <u>pupil premium page</u> of the Department's website for further information.

### (d) FSM Eligibility Checking Service

The FSM Eligibility Checking Service (ECS) streamlines the FSM eligibility checking process for both LAs and parents. The ECS allows LAs to electronically check in a single application all the relevant data held by three Government Departments (DWP, Home Office and HMRC) in order to confirm pupils' FSM eligibility. Rather than providing paper evidence (e.g.TC602) of being in receipt of the relevant benefit, parents simply need to provide their NI number, date of birth and surname. LAs are then able to undertake an eligibility check in real time via their on-line link to the system.

The ECS is only accessible by LAs, who use it on behalf of their schools to check pupils' entitlement to free meals. Academies are not able to access the ECS themselves and may not have easy access even when the LA in which they are based is using it. Some Academies have made arrangements with an LA (often for a fee) for them to check eligibility via the ECS on their behalf. The service available, and its cost, varies between LAs.

Some LAs also provide a web-based service which enables parents to check their own eligibility via the ECS. Parents of pupils attending academies can use, myfreeschoolmeals, to check if their children are eligible for free school meals.

# 4.3.3 Youth Support Services Agreement

From April 2010, funding streams that had in the past gone to Connexions and youth services were brought together and focused on targeted support for young people (Aged 13 to 19) through the Early Intervention Grant (EiG). The term 'Youth Support Services' is generally used to reflect the combined service but local authorities are free to brand the service as they wish.

This data item should be returned for all pupils who are aged 12 and above (as at 31 August 2013. If it is not completed the system will default to 'unsought'. The Census mechanism is used to transfer this data item from schools to their LA who can then pass on the data to the Youth Support Service. This data item is not used by DfE. The codeset is located in Section 6.

There is a legal requirement under the <u>Education and Skills Act 2008</u> for schools to pass information on request to the Youth Support Service for pupils in or approaching the age of 13. The information which schools are required to provide consists of:

- a) the names and addresses of pupils and their parents which must be provided to the Youth Support Service in any event;
- b) the date of birth of the pupil;
- c) other information relevant to the provision of Youth Support Services.

Parents or pupils themselves if aged 16 or over, have the right to instruct the school not to provide information (over and above name, address and date of birth) to the Youth Support Service.

The provision under (c) is for an opt-out. Until and unless the parent or pupil gives an instruction, the school remains under a statutory duty to provide information to the Youth Support Service on request.

Privacy Notices need to be issued to parents advising them of their (or their child's) right to instruct the school not to provide information beyond name, address and date of birth. If the values of 'No' or 'UNS' (Unsought) are recorded then information beyond name and address cannot be shared with the Youth Support Service. A Privacy Notice template for issue by LAs and schools is available on the Department's website

# 4.3.4 Language Code

A first language other than English should be recorded where a child was exposed to the language during early development and continues to be exposed to this language in the home or in the community (See Language codeset in Section 7).

If a child was exposed to more than one language (which may include English) during early development the language other than English should be recorded, irrespective of the child's proficiency in English. In the case of an older pupil who is no longer exposed to the first language in the home, and who now uses only another language, the school should consult with the pupil or parent to determine which language should be recorded.

Where a pupil's first language is not English, schools may record specific languages from the extended language codeset or continue to use codes from the short codeset used in PLASC 2006. ENB (Not known but believed to be English) and OTB (Not known but believed to be other than English) are appropriate where a pupil's first language is not known with absolute certainty because the parents have not responded to enquiries, but the school can judge with a high degree of confidence whether it is English or not. An LA may specify that schools should use a particular subset of language codes but it is for the school to decide whether or not to record specific languages.

This is a compulsory data item for all pupils aged 5 and over as at the previous 31 August.

#### 4.3.5 Service Children in Education Indicator

The Service Children Indicator will be used by the Department in determining the Pupil Premium allocations for schools and also to assist with identifying both the impact that being a Service child has on the education of a pupil and the impact that catering for large numbers of Service children has on individual schools. In the light of the above, it is essential that this data item is correctly recorded on the School Census.

Please note that data on individual pupils is not being shared with the Ministry of Defence (MoD).

The Service Children indicator recorded on the School Census indicates if a child has a parent or parents who is / are Service personnel serving in regular HM Forces military units of all forces, or in the Armed Forces of another nation and stationed in England, and exercising parental care and responsibility.

Please note that the Territorial Army are not classed as the regular armed forces and, as such, these pupils should not be considered Service Children on the School Census.

The Service Children Indicator is only relevant to children whose parents are designated as Personnel Category 1 or 2 which are shown on <a href="the GOV.UK website">the GOV.UK website</a>. However, all parents will be aware of their Personnel Category. From the above link you will see the following definitions:

#### Personnel Category 1 (PStat Cat 1)

Those in PStat Cat 1 will meet one of the following qualifying criteria:

- a) A legally married member of the Armed Forces, who lives with their spouse, or who would do so but for the exigencies of the Armed Forces.
- b) A member of the Armed Forces, who is registered in a civil partnership in accordance with the Civil Partnership Act 2004, or is in a civil partnership under an overseas scheme recognised under that Act, and who lives with their registered civil partner, or who would do so but for the exigencies of the Armed Forces.

#### **Personnel Category 2 (PStat Cat 2)**

Those in PStat Cat 2 will be a member of the Armed Forces who has parental responsibility within the terms of the Children Act 1989 for a child(ren) and who satisfies all of the following conditions:

a) Can properly be regarded as the centre and prime mover in the life of the child(ren).

- b) Provides a home where they normally live with the child(ren) except where unable to do so for reasons attributable to their service in the Armed Forces.
- c) Provides, where the child(ren) is unable to care for itself, a child carer who can look after the child(ren) during their absences attributable to their service in the Armed Forces. The child carer must not be the other natural parent of the child(ren). The other natural parent should normally only have staying access to the child(ren) for an aggregate of 56 days in any 12 month period. Staying access greater than this may render the Service person ineligible for PStat Cat2 (these restrictions on access do not apply while on recognised Unaccompanied Duty).
- d) Accepts financial responsibility for the child(ren).

Valid codes are 'Yes', 'No' and 'Refused' with an additional code of 'Unknown' to be held by the school to indicate no response given or other reason for no information. This field is collected in the Spring Census only, for all pupils on roll on census day. This field has been default filled with 'No' to reduce the burden on schools so that it will only be necessary to change the entry for those Children who are from Service families.

#### 4.3.6 Funded Hours

This data item records for pupils aged 2, 3 and 4 the total number of hours spent in education provision at the school which are funded under the free entitlement to education for under 5's. This information should be provided by all schools with relevant age children, except city technology colleges and non-maintained special schools. The data collected in the Spring Census will be used to determine the early years block of the Dedicated Schools Grant allocation which the Department uses to fund local authorities for the provision of education. Four year olds attract a maximum free entitlement of 25 hours a week, and two and three year olds attract a maximum of 15 hours a week.

Funded hours should only include the hours the pupil spent in education provision and should exclude any hours of 'childcare' and breaks or extended schools services (e.g. breakfast clubs and after school clubs as they are not considered as education provision) where the pupils are not receiving education or any additional hours which are funded by other means e.g. the parent.

The table below shows the ages and dates of birth of children for whom funded hours and hours are setting are required.

Age range for Spring Census	Date of birth ranges	Maximum entitlement
		to funded hours
2 years at 31/12/2013 to 3	01/09/2009 and	15 hours
years at 31/08/2013	31/12/2011 inclusive	
4 years at 31/08/2013	01/09/2008 and	25 hours
	31/08/2009 inclusive	
Age range for Summer	Date of birth ranges	Maximum entitlement
Census		to funded hours
2 years at 31/03/2014 to 3	01/09/2009 and	15 hours
years at 31/08/2013	31/03/2012 inclusive	
4 years at 31/08/2013	01/09/2008 and	25 hours

For dually registered pupils, only record the funded hours spent in education at each school. The main registration should only include the funded hours spent in education at the main registration and the subsidiary registration should only include the funded hours spent in education at the subsidiary registration.

It is important that the funded hours recorded on the Census accurately reflect the hours at the setting, to the nearest 0.5, funded under the free entitlement to education for under 5's. Examples of rounding to the nearest 0.5:

- 12 hours and 0 to 14 minutes = 12.0 hours
- 12 Hours and 15 to 44 minutes = 12.5 hours
- 12 Hours and 45 to 59 minutes = 13.0 hours

The aim of the free entitlement is to offer 'universal free provision from the term following a child's third birthday up until they reach compulsory school age, for every child, irrespective of background or family circumstances'.

# 4.3.7 Hours at Setting

Hours at setting are collected for the same pupils and schools for whom funded hours are collected – see above. This data item records for pupils aged 2, 3 and 4 the total number of hours they spent in education provision at the school irrespective of who funded the hours (i.e. it is the total of any hours funded under the free entitlement to nursery education plus any additional hours of education funded from other sources such as parents). This information will allow the Department to monitor the hours attended at maintained settings on the same basis as private / voluntary / independent provision.

For dually registered pupils, only record the actual hours attending each school. The main registration should only include the hours spent in education at the main registration. The subsidiary registration should only include the hours spent in education there.

Hours at setting should only include the hours the pupil spent in education provision to the nearest 0.5. Examples of how to round to the nearest 0.5 are given able in the funded hour's section.

Hours at setting should exclude any hours of 'childcare' and breaks where the pupils are not receiving education. Extended schools services (e.g. breakfast clubs and after school clubs) should also be excluded as these are not considered education provision.

# 4.3.8 Top-Up Funding Indicator

This true/false flag is being introduced to indicate those pupils on roll on census day for whom a school receives top-up funding from the local authority, or in the case of a PRU the top-up funding could be from a local authority or a school.

Top-up funding is supplied by local authorities from their high needs budget directly. In the case of PRUs the top-up funding will come from a local authority's high needs budget directly or through schools. In both cases the top-up funding relates to individual pupils and the time they are in the school or PRU, and is to meet the costs of their support which are additional to the support costs expected to be met from the school or PRU budget share.

In schools it is expected that most pupils for whom top-up funding is paid will also have a statement of special educational needs (SEN), but this is not an automatic link and it will depend on the local policy on statements of SEN.

This data item will be used for funding allocation purposes, and to inform the development of the high needs funding system in the future.

# 4.3.9 Adopted from Care

This data item will identify those children on roll on census day who were looked after immediately before adoption on or after 30 December 2005\*, being placed on a special guardianship order (SGO) or residence order (RO). The primary reason for adding this data item is because from April 2014 eligible pupils adopted from care or who left care under an SGO or RO will attract pupil premium funding of £1900.

It will be up to those who have parental responsibility (adoptive parents, special guardians and carers of former looked after children on residence orders) to decide if they wish schools to know whether such children have been adopted, or are under a special guardianship order or a residence order. Parents should be asked to provide supporting evidence, for example, a photocopy of the adoption order. Parents may conceal sensitive information (e.g. the name of the birth parents) if they wish.

Schools are reminded that this is a particularly sensitive data item, and of the need for confidentiality. Schools should ensure that, as for other pupil level data items, they comply with their responsibilities with respect to the Data Protection Act when processing this data.

Schools will be able to record the information using the following codeset. Only one of the values will apply to each pupil and a school's MIS should provide a default value of N – not declared.

\*30 December 2005 was the date when the Adoption and Children Act 2002, which reformed adoption and introduced Special Guardianship Orders, came into force.

Code	Description
N	Not declared
A	Ceased to be looked after through adoption on or after 30 December 2005
G	Ceased to be looked after through a special guardianship order (SGO) on or after 30 December 2005
R	Ceased to be looked after through a residence order (RO)

As part of the Government's adoption reform programme the Department is considering a range of information that will help to inform thinking in relation to post-adoption support. Very little is known about the attainment of children adopted from care because they automatically get a new UPN and the Department wants to have better information, collected via this new data item on a voluntary basis, to feed into that process.

# 4.4 Pupil Status module

All data items in this module should be maintained on an event driven basis. This module will be collected in the Censuses for all pupils on roll on census day.

Pupil Date of Entry, Date of Leaving and Part-time Indicator will be collected for any additional pupils who are no longer on roll but for whom the attendance and exclusions modules are collected.

# 4.4.1 Pupil Enrolment Status

This indicates the Pupil Enrolment Status using one of the registration codes supplied in the codeset (See Section 6). It is important that each pupil recorded on the School Census is assigned the correct enrolment status as that will ensure that they are correctly registered at a school in line with the Pupil Registration Regulations and ensures that funding is accurately targeted in line with published funding methodologies. Pupils recorded as 'Guest' should NOT be included in the Census return.

The MIS will automatically default the value of this field to 'C' - Current (Single registration at this school).

Schools should be aware of the <u>advice on school attendance</u> when applying guest to a pupil registration and will wish to be aware that there are a range of situations where it may be appropriate:

- a) managed/negotiated transfers
- b) consortia schools
- c) post-16 and diploma pupils
- d) traveller pupils
- e) family units
- f) specialised units
- g) inclusion classes
- h) external candidates
- i) purchased tuition
- j) school-supervised off-site education
- k) dually registered pupils hospital special schools
- I) overseas/exchange pupils

Further details of all of these are given below:

#### a) Managed/negotiated transfers

A pupil may be transferred to another school on a trial basis. In such a case, the original school will maintain the pupil's registration.

If the receiving school decide to accept the pupil on a permanent basis then, obviously, the registration will transfer at that time. During the trial period, however, there is no method of indicating this situation in the receiving school. As the data collected during the census is used for future funding purposes, the inability to credit the receiving school is perceived as a disincentive to accept the pupil, often to the pupil's detriment. The financial arrangements between the schools are a matter for their mutual agreement, but it is important to be able to identify pupils in this situation.

It is recommended that for the duration of any trial period:

- the original school maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'M' (Current Main - dual registration)
- the receiving school maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'S' (Current Subsidiary - dual registration)

#### b) Consortia schools

Schools often provide courses of study in collaboration with other schools (or other educational establishments). These may be formal or informal arrangements. A pupil registered in one school may have part, or even all, of their academic tuition in the premises of another school. In such circumstances it is important that the pupil is assigned correctly to the school which holds the pupil's registration.

The financial arrangements between the schools are a matter for their mutual agreement but it is important to be able to identify pupils in this situation.

It is recommended that for a pupil who is receiving tuition at a school other than the registration school:

- the registration school maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'C' (Current - Single registration at this school)
- the providing school maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'G' (Guest - Pupil not registered at this school but attending some lessons or sessions)

The guidance above is a recommendation. However, if the relevant schools agree that this is not appropriate for their local circumstances, then dual registration can be used.

#### c) Post 16 and diploma pupils

The guidance provided above for consortia schools will be the same for Post 16 pupils and pupils who are attending tuition in the premises of another school as part of Diploma arrangements.

#### d) Traveller pupils

A traveller pupil may attend another school during periods when his / her parent is travelling in the course of trade or business.

In such cases, the school where the pupil ordinarily attended, during the immediately preceding 18 months when not travelling, will maintain the pupil's registration. It is recommended that for the duration of this period:

- the ordinary school of attendance maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'M' (Current Main - dual registration)
- the receiving school maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'S' (Current Subsidiary - dual registration)

#### e) Family units

In many areas nursery school education is being provided in establishments which also provide wider childcare and/or family support services. Often, the establishment wishes to maintain a single management information system for all the children it serves and, equally often, it is the school management information system which is used for this purpose. When submitting information for census purposes, however, it is important to distinguish between those children who are receiving nursery education from those who are receiving other services. It is recommended that:

- for children receiving nursery education, the school / establishment maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'C' (Current Single registration at this school).
- for children receiving childcare provision but not nursery education the school / establishment, if it wishes to do so, maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'G' (Guest - Pupil not registered at this school but attending some lessons or sessions)
- for children receiving both nursery education and childcare provision, the school
  / establishment records the pupil as part-time and maintains the pupil's record
  with an Enrolment Status of 'C' (Current Single registration at this school)

#### f) Specialised units

In some LA areas, units have been established to deliver specialised education services for pupils from schools in an extended area, not just the school in which the unit is located. These units often provide support for English Language acquisition (English as an Additional Language) or special education needs support, commonly with those children who have Visual or Hearing Impairments or have Speech and Language difficulties. It is recommended that for a pupil who is receiving tuition in a specialised unit at a school other than the registration school:

- the registration school maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'C' (Current - Single registration at this school)
- the providing school, if it wishes to do so, maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'G' (Guest - Pupil not registered at this school but attending some lessons or sessions)

The guidance above is a recommendation. However, if the relevant schools agree that this is not appropriate for their local circumstances, then dual registration can be used.

#### g) Inclusion classes

To foster the inclusion agenda for pupils with special educational needs, "inclusion classes" have been established whereby pupils who are registered at a special school are taught in classes located in a mainstream school's premises. Tuition is provided, either wholly or partly, by teachers from the special school. These classes are, effectively, satellite classes of the special school and should not be treated as classes of the mainstream school. It is recommended that for a pupil who is attending an inclusion class:

- the special school maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'C' (Current - Single registration at this school)
- the mainstream school, if it wishes to do so, maintains the pupil's record with an Enrolment Status of 'G' (Guest - Pupil not registered at this school but attending some lessons or sessions)

#### h) External candidates

Occasionally, adults are registered at a school in order for them to enter an examination and, perhaps, receive some level of tuition towards this aim.

In such cases it is recommended that the providing school, if it wishes to do so, maintains the adult's record with an Enrolment Status of 'G' (Guest - Pupil not registered at this school but attending some lessons or sessions)

#### i) Purchased tuition

In some schools externally provided tuition may be purchased at another establishment for a registered pupil. If the provider establishment is a maintained school then the situation should be treated as for consortia schools above. If the provider is a commercial organisation, or an organisation outside the maintained school sector, then the pupil should be recorded with an Enrolment Status of 'C' (Current - Single registration at this school).

#### j) School-supervised off-site education

Some schools have registered pupils who, for varying reasons, receive all or part of their education off-site, under the supervision of the school. Such pupils can only be recorded as receiving off-site educational activity if the activity meets the requirements set out in the Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2006. The activity must be of an educational nature approved by the school and supervised by someone authorised by the school. The activity must take place during the session for which Code B (attending off-side educational activity) is recorded in the attendance register. In such cases, the pupil should be recorded with an Enrolment Status of 'C' (Current - Single registration at this school).

#### k) Dually registered pupils - hospital special schools

For those pupils who may be attending a 'hospital special school' they should only be recorded on the register if they are receiving an education provision. They should NOT be recorded if they are only attending such an establishment for 'hospital check ups', 'day surgery' or any other form of medical appointment or operation. However, if the pupil receives an education provision from the 'hospital special school' and also attends a mainstream school, then they should be recorded as dually registered. The school of 'ordinary attendance' should be recorded as the 'main' registration. In the majority of cases this will be the mainstream school, and the hospital special school should then record the pupil with a subsidiary registration. If the pupil receives an education provision from the 'hospital special school' during their stay in hospital, then they can be recorded as a 'Guest' registration.

If a pupil is originally solely registered at the 'hospital special school' and also attends a mainstream school as part of a reintegration programme then they should be recorded as dually registered with the hospital special school holding the 'main registration'.

If after consultation with the school, medical advisors, parents and the LA, the conclusion is that the pupil should attend the hospital special school full time to meet the pupil's SEN needs, and that the decision is a permanent arrangement, then the pupil must be removed from the mainstream school and solely registered at the 'hospital special school'. However if this scenario is only a temporary measure the pupil should be dually registered, with the mainstream school holding the main registration, and the hospital special school recording the subsidiary registration.

#### I) Overseas/exchange pupils

Overseas or exchange pupils on the school register at the time of the census should be recorded therein with an Enrolment Status of 'G' (Guest - Pupil not registered at this school but attending some lessons or sessions) and therefore not included on the school census returns.

# 4.4.2 Pupil Date of entry

This is the last date of entry to the current school.

Those pupils who are transferring from Nursery to Reception in the same school should not be given new entry dates (for all through schools).

Pupils entering year 12 and above from the same school should NOT be removed from the admissions register and should NOT be provided with a new entry date.

Any new schools opening who have retained the existing establishment number of their predecessor school should return information in the School Census as if they were a continuing school i.e. they should return historic exclusion data for the preceding term(s) before conversion. These schools should, therefore, leave the date of arrival in school (i.e. the entry date) for pupils as the date at which the pupil joined the original establishment. However any new schools opening that have been given a new establishment number should give all pupils a new entry date (i.e. the day which they start at the new school) and consequently any historical exclusions data from predecessor schools must not be included in the Census return for these schools.

# 4.4.3 Pupil Date of leaving

Date pupil left current school. The completion of this field will enable identification of pupils who are no longer on the school's roll.

## 4.4.4 Pupil Part-time Indicator

This indicates whether a pupil is part-time in education (attends fewer than 10 sessions a week) or not. It does not indicate that a pupil is part-time at one or more establishments

A pupil attending three full days in one school and two full days in another school should not be classified by either school as part-time. The MIS will automatically default the value of this field to false as the majority of pupils will not be part-time.

In certain circumstances some pupils of compulsory school-age will be placed on a part-time timetable in order to meet their individual needs, for example when a medical condition prevents them from attending full-time, as part of a re-integration package. The part-time timetable should not be treated as a long-term solution. Any pastoral support programme or other agreement must have a time limit by which point the pupil is expected to attend full-time and be agreed with the pupil's parents / carers.

Compulsory school-age pupils on a part-time timetable are, by definition, not present at school for part of the week or day. They are also not attending approved educational activity and must therefore be absent from school. In agreeing to the part-time timetable the school has agreed to the absence and must therefore record it in their system as an authorised absence. This will ensure that the school has a record of the amount of education a pupil has missed and help it to identify pupils that might need additional support. Schools cannot record the pupil as "not required to attend" or that the school was closed to the pupil in question as this would contravene the regulations.

Therefore compulsory school-age pupils on a part-time timetable should be recorded as full-time with the appropriate absence code used for the sessions when they are not required to attend.

## 4.4.5 Pupil Boarder Indicator

Indicates whether a pupil is a boarder or not. The MIS will automatically default the value of this field to N, not a boarder (See Pupil Boarder codeset in Section 7)

# 4.4.6 Pupil's Actual National Curriculum Year Group

The year group in which the pupil is taught for the majority of their time, regardless of their chronological age (See Pupil NC Year Group codeset in Section 7)

# 4.5 Special Educational Needs module

All data items in this module should be maintained on an event driven basis. SEN provision will be collected for all pupils on roll on the relevant census day. All other data items will only be available on schools' MIS for those pupils with Pupil SEN Provision equal to P (School Action Plus or Early Years Action Plus) or S (Statement) and will only be collected in the Spring Census.

# 4.5.1 Pupil SEN Provision

Valid provision types under the **Special Education Needs Code of Practice**.

As part of the Special Educational Needs (SEN) reforms, Education Health and Care Plans (EHCPs) will feature in primary legislation that is due for introduction in Parliament during 2013. It is envisaged that these EHCPs will eventually replace SEN statements. Subject to the enactment of the legislation and making of associated regulations, from September 2014 there will be a transition from the use of statements to the use of EHCPs with some children having statements and others EHCPs throughout that transitional period. EHCPs are currently being trialled in pathfinder areas and schools in these areas should record pupils with EHCPs in their MIS as having statements, and return this in the Census collections, until such time as EHCPs are introduced nationally.

It is anticipated that a history of provision should be recorded within a school's MIS.

This data item will be collected in the census collections for all pupils on roll on census day. SEN Provision at the time of any exclusion will also be collected in all School Census collections. (See codeset in Section 7)

# 4.5.2 Pupil SEN Type ranking

This indicates the rank order of a pupil's special educational need, recorded in Pupil SEN type. The most significant, or primary need, should be ranked as 1 and the secondary as 2.

Only two rankings will be collected in the School Census and no two needs should be given the same ranking, i.e. if there is more than one SEN type reported they cannot both have a ranking of 1.

This data item will be collected in the Spring Census only for all pupils on roll on census day with an SEN Provision of P (School Action Plus or Early Years Action Plus) or S (Statement).

# 4.5.3 Pupil SEN type

This field records the nature of a pupil's special educational need. The primary need and, if appropriate, their secondary need should be recorded.

This data item will be collected in the Spring Census only for all pupils on roll on census day with an SEN Provision of P (School Action Plus or Early Years Action Plus) or S (Statement) (See codeset in Section 7).

#### 4.5.4 Member of SEN Unit

This indicator will allow the identification of pupils with SEN who are members of an SEN Unit. SEN Units are special provisions within a mainstream school where the children are taught mainly within separate classes. Units:

- receive additional funding from the LA specifically for the purpose of the provision;
- cater for a specific type or types of SEN (e.g. autistic spectrum disorders);
- are usually for pupils with statements of SEN (but may also provide support for pupils at School Action Plus).

Most pupils placed in units will have the unit written into their statement of special educational needs. It is unlikely that a child would be placed in a unit and receive support from resourced provision, but a school could have resourced provision for one type of need and a unit for another.

This data item will be collected in the Spring Census only for all pupils on roll on census day with an SEN Provision of P (School Action Plus) or S (Statement). We would normally expect to see S for pupils in a unit.

# 4.5.5 Member of resourced provision indicator

This indicator will allow the identification of pupils who receive support for their type of SEN from a specialist resourced provision. Resourced provisions are where places are reserved at a mainstream school for pupils with a specific type of SEN, taught mainly within mainstream classes, but requiring a base and some specialist facilities around the school. Resourced provisions:

- receive additional funding from the LA (specifically for the purpose of the provision);
- cater for a specific area or areas of SEN (e.g. specific learning difficulties);
- are usually for pupils with statements of SEN (but could include pupils at School Action Plus).

Most LAs include details of what will be provided through a resourced provision in a pupil's statement of special educational needs. It is extremely unlikely that a child would be placed in a unit and also receive support from a resourced provision, but a school could have resourced provision for one type of need and a unit for another.

This data item will be collected in the Spring Census only for all pupils on roll on census day with an SEN Provision of P (School Action Plus) or S (Statement). We would normally expect to see P or S for pupils supported by a resourced provision.

## 4.6 Exclusions module

The whole module will be collected in the Census for all types of exclusions that occurred two terms previous to that in which the Census falls:

- data relating to the Summer term will be collected in the following Spring Census
- data relating to the Autumn term will be collected in the following Summer Census.

From 1 September 2012, independent appeal panels were replaced with a new system by which the governing body's decision to uphold a permanent exclusion decision can be reviewed. The Department for Education has issued separate guidance on the new system.

Exclusions that have been overturned are not counted in national statistics. To avoid such cases being counted in the school's data, where known, the following codes should be used:

- a) In cases where a pupil has been reinstated by the school code R should be used. This could be when:
  - the governing body overturned a permanent exclusion, before or after an Independent Review Panel or
  - when the First-tier tribunal or a Court overturned a permanent exclusion.
- b) In cases where reinstatement has been offered but the offer has not been taken up code O should be used.

Although information about reinstated exclusions is not recorded in the School Census, schools may wish to record the number of sessions for which the child was excluded before being reinstated. In these circumstances the actual, not the planned number of sessions, should be recorded.

All items in the Pupil Identifiers module (except Preferred Surname) will be collected for those pupils no longer on roll but for whom the exclusions module is collected. Any In Care Indicator and SEN provision at the time of any exclusion will also be collected in all three Censuses

Schools must therefore ensure that the result of any governing body meeting following an independent review panel is maintained on an event driven basis so that overturned exclusions are not registered on the Census.

Spring Census	All those exclusions with Start Dates between 1 April 2013 (Easter Monday) and 31 August 2013
Summer Census	All those exclusions with Start Dates between 1 September 2013 and 31 December 2013

Whilst these dates do not represent real term dates, they will ensure that the vast majority of exclusions for the autumn (terms 1 and 2 for schools with 6 terms) and spring (terms 3 and 4 for schools with 6 terms) terms are picked up.

If schools do not use a module in their MIS which records exclusions, the data items will need to be manually calculated for each pupil and manually added to the Census return.

# 4.6.1 Exclusion Category

For each exclusion this indicates the type of exclusion - fixed period, lunchtime or permanent (See codeset in Section 6).

#### 4.6.2 Exclusion Reason

This gives the reason for each exclusion. Some MIS allow schools to enter more than one reason for any exclusion and so they can record a main as well as a secondary reason(s) for any exclusion. For the Census only the main reason will be collected.

The following table provides descriptions of reasons for exclusions. The categories should cover the main reasons for exclusions.

The "Other" category includes incidents which are not covered by the specific categories above but this category should be used sparingly.

The descriptions should be used as a guide and are not intended to be used as a tick list for exclusion decisions.

Exclusion Reason	Description
Bullying	Verbal
	Physical
	Homophobic bullying
Damage includes damage to school or	Arson
personal property belonging to any member	Graffiti
of the school community	Vandalism
Drug and alcohol related	Alcohol abuse
	Drug dealing
	Inappropriate use of prescribed drugs
	Possession of illegal drugs
	Smoking Substance abuse
Persistent disruptive behaviour	Challenging behaviour
1 orolotelit dioruptive beliavioui	Disobedience
	Persistent violation of school rules
Physical assault against adult	Obstruction and jostling
<b>5</b>	Violent behaviour
	Wounding
Physical assault against pupil	Fighting
	Obstruction and jostling
	Violent behaviour
	Wounding
Racist abuse	Derogatory racist statements
	Racist bullying
	Racist graffiti
	Racist taunting and harassment
	Swearing that can be attributed to racist
	characteristics
Sexual misconduct	Lewd behaviour
	Sexual abuse Sexual assault
	Sexual bullying
	Sexual graffiti
	Sexual harassment
Theft	Selling and dealing in stolen property
	Stealing from local shops on a school outing
	Stealing personal property (adult or pupil)
	Stealing school property
Verbal abuse / threatening behaviour	Aggressive behaviour
against adult	Carrying an offensive weapon
	Homophobic abuse and harassment
	Swearing Threatened violence
	Threatened violence
	Verbal intimidation
	1

Exclusion Reason	Description
Verbal abuse / threatening behaviour	Aggressive behaviour
against pupil	Carrying an offensive weapon
	Homophobic abuse and harassment
	Swearing
	Threatened violence
	Verbal intimidation

#### 4.6.3 Exclusion Start Date

The exclusion start date should reflect the date the exclusion starts i.e. the date that the pupil was asked to leave the school by the head teacher. By not collecting the data until two terms after that in which the exclusion started, it is anticipated that all review procedures will have been completed by the time the data is collected and so only exclusions which have been upheld will be included in a return. Where this is not the case, please contact the Department.

#### 4.6.4 Actual number of sessions excluded from

For each fixed period and lunchtime exclusion, the actual number of sessions for which the exclusion is in effect should be recorded. For fixed period exclusions, each full school day counts as two sessions - a half school day or a lunchtime, exclusion counts as one session.

For data collection purposes, exclusions that span two census collection periods will be counted as one exclusion in the first collection period.

Exclusion only covers the number of sessions the pupil is expected to be at the school. A fixed period exclusion can be discontinuous which means that there can be days between the start and finish dates of the exclusion that are not included as part of the exclusion.

Where a pupil is dual registered, exclusion sessions are not recorded for the day(s) when they would have been attending the other establishment. For example a pupil is excluded for six sessions starting on a Monday but the pupil is registered with another provider on the Wednesday from which they have not been excluded. The pupil is, therefore, excluded from the school for sessions on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday. The pupil's attendance on the Wednesday would be recorded separately by the other provider.

There are no regulations that govern part-time timetables as all school-age children are entitled to a full-time education. We are aware however, that in exceptional circumstances school-age pupils are placed on a part-time timetable in order to meet their individual needs, for example as part of a reintegration package following illness.

For the sessions where the school have agreed that the pupil is not attending they will be recorded as 'authorised absence' and the pupil cannot be recorded as being excluded for these sessions. For example, a pupil has been excluded for eight sessions starting on a Tuesday but already has authorised absence for Friday and Monday afternoons. The pupil is, therefore, excluded for all sessions on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, as well as the morning sessions on Friday and Monday.

Exclusions sessions are not recorded for the day(s) when the pupil is attending an approved educational activity. For example, a year 10 pupil has been excluded for six sessions starting on a Wednesday but attends work experience on a Thursday from which they are not excluded. The pupil in this situation would be excluded from the school for sessions on Wednesday, Friday and Monday

Days on which the school is closed do not count towards an exclusion. For example, a pupil has been excluded from a school for four sessions starting on a Friday but the school is planned to be closed on the Monday for an INSET day.

The pupil's exclusion should, therefore, include the two sessions on the following Tuesday, rather than the Monday.

All items in the Pupil Identifiers module (except Preferred Surname) will be collected for those pupils no longer on roll but for whom the exclusions module is collected. Any In Care Indicator and SEN provision at the time of any exclusion will also be collected in all three Censuses.

#### 4.7 Home Information module

All data items should be maintained on an event driven basis. These data items will be collected in each termly Census and show the pupil's current address only for those who's 'Pupil Address Type' is 'C' (Current).

Schools are able to provide the Department with their addresses in whichever format their data is currently held within their MIS - either SAON, PAON, Post Town etc (BS7666 Address), or Address Line 1-5. Postcode should be provided with either format. Schools should not worry if these field names do not mean anything to them - no change is needed to the way in which address information is currently held within their MIS to complete the Census returns.

Where the BS7666 format is used then the SAON and Street must be provided and at least one of Town, Locality, Administrative Area or Post Town.

The expectation is that schools will be able to provide a valid home address for the great majority of their pupils (including boarding pupils).

Boarding pupils from abroad should be recorded with their "home" address as the address where they reside during term time, which may be the school's address (If a second address is an overseas address, validation errors on the postcode can be ignored.) Where a child has multiple addresses (i.e. where the child lives with both parents at different stages of the week) both addresses should be supplied.

Whilst every effort must be made to obtain these pupil details, the Department understands that in extreme circumstances this is not always possible. In such extreme cases, these fields can be left blank or a partial address can be supplied and the validation errors ignored.

#### 4.7.1 **SAON**

Flat, apartment name or number or other sub-division of a dwelling.

#### **4.7.2 PAON**

Dwelling name and/or number.

#### **4.7.3 Street**

Street name or street description. Validation will result in a query where there is a dwelling name / number but no street. If the address legitimately has no street, the query can be ignored.

# 4.7.4 Locality

The locality name refers to a neighbourhood, suburb, district, village, estate, settlement, or parish that may form part of a town

#### 4.7.5 Town

The town name refers to a city or town that is not an administrative area, a suburb of an administrative area that does not form part of another town or a London district.

#### 4.7.6 Administrative Area

Geographic area that may be the highest level local administrative area e.g. county or unitary authority.

#### 4.7.7 Post Town

The Post Office usually assigns these based on Sorting Office.

Or

## 4.7.8 Address Line 1

First line of the address.

#### 4.7.9 Address Line 2

Second line of the address.

#### 4.7.10 Address Line 3

Third line of the address.

#### 4.7.11 Address Line 4

Fourth line of address.

#### 4.7.12 Address Line 5

Fifth line of the address.

And

#### 4.7.13 Postcode

The code allocated by the Post Office to identify a group of postal delivery points.

#### 4.8 Attendance module

## 4.8.1 Scope

Information for a pupil's attendance during the term prior to the Census will be collected in the Spring and Summer Census collections. This may include information for pupils who left the school prior to census day.

Information should be included for pupils who were aged between 4 and 15 as at 31 August 2013 (i.e. their date of birth falls between 1 September 1997 and 31 August 2009) and who were on the school roll for at least one session during the specified term. For PRUs this extends the scope of the collection of attendance information to pupils aged 4 years as at 31 August 2013. In 2013 PRUs were only required to provide attendance data for pupils aged 5 to 15 in the PRU Census. Schools returned information for 4 year olds in the 2013 School Census.

As in previous years this module will **not** be collected for any pupils who are boarders i.e. Pupil Boarder indicator does not equal N.

## 4.8.2 Coverage

All schools (except nurseries and special schools) are required to submit termly attendance data in the Spring and Summer School Census collection for all pupils aged 4 to 15 years during the term prior to the census. Nursery schools are **NOT** required to submit any attendance data via the School Census even if they have pupils aged 4 or 5 years.

#### 4.8.3 Collection Periods

The attendance collection periods for each Census are shown in the table below.

Spring Census	Start of the 2013 Autumn term (from 1 August 2013) to 31 December 2013
Summer Census	From 1 January 2014 to Easter Sunday (20 April 2014) inclusive

## 4.8.4 Data required

The data required for each pupil will be the aggregate number of possible attendance sessions and the actual number of absences (by reason) for each attendance period.

For schools that use the electronic registration module on their MIS, the Census will extract the relevant data for each pupil for each attendance period (term or half term). Schools which use an electronic registration system that is not integrated with their main MIS (or record attendances in paper registers) will need to extract the relevant data for each pupil included in the Census, according to the dates for the appropriate attendance period, and manually add this data to the Census return. In this case, absence reporting by reason is not required and schools should report on the number of authorised and unauthorised absences for each pupil. Schools should seek advice from the supplier of their main MIS on how to manually add data for the Census return.

Further details of the individual data items required are given below in sections 4.8.10 to 4.8.14.

# 4.8.5 Dual registered pupils

Measures have been introduced to avoid the double counting of attendance and absence for pupils who are registered at more than one school (referred to as 'dual registered').

Each school will need to:

- record the attendance and absence for the sessions the pupil is required to attend at their school.
- use code D (Dual Registered at another educational establishment) to record all
  of the sessions that the pupil is due to attend at the other school.

Attendance Code D is **not** collected in the School Census as it is not counted as a possible session.

The number of 'Sessions Possible' for a dual registered pupil against the main school should **exclude** those when the pupil is due to attend the subsidiary school and vice versa.

# 4.8.6 Authorised absence due to agreed extended family holiday – code F

Amendments have been made to the Education (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations which will come into force on 1 September 2013. Previously the regulations allowed head teachers to grant leave of absence for the purpose of a family holiday during term time in "special circumstances" of up to ten school days leave per year. Head teachers could also have granted extended leave for more than ten school days in exceptional circumstances. The amendments to the regulations remove references to family holidays and the statutory threshold of ten school days. The amendments make clear that head teachers can only grant leave of absence during term time in exceptional circumstance and they have to determine the period of the leave. This means that code F – authorised absence due to agreed extended family holiday – has effectively become redundant.

The Department has asked software suppliers to disable code F in their systems from January 2014 onwards and if they are able to do so from September 2013 onwards. Code H, 'Authorised absence due to agreed family holiday', and code G, 'Unauthorised absence as pupil is on a family holiday, not agreed, or is taking days in excess of an agreed family holiday', will be retained in order to measure the impact of the changes to regulations. From September 2013 schools are asked to use code H for any absences for which they would previously have used code F. If any code Fs are returned in the School Census these will be aggregated with those with code H.

# 4.8.7 Pupils unable to attend school due to exceptional circumstances – code Y

Attendance code Y is collected in the School Census but is not counted as part of possible sessions. Schools will use code Y to record the sessions where a pupil is unable to attend because:

the school site, or part of it, is closed due to an unavoidable cause;

- the transport provided by the school or a local authority is not available, and their home is not within walking distance; or
- a local or national emergency has resulted in widespread disruption to travel which has prevented the pupil from attending school.

This code can also be used where a pupil is unable to attend because:

 The pupil is in custody; detained for a period of less than four months. If the school has evidence from the place of custody that the pupil is attending educational activities then they can record those sessions as code B (present at approved educational activity).

#### 4.8.8 Publication of school absence data

Performance Tables absence data checking exercise no longer take place and so schools will not be given the opportunity to suppress their absence data on the Performance Tables website. Therefore it is essential that schools ensure that this data is returned correctly in the School Census as this will be the data used by the Department for publication.

Absence data are collected termly at pupil level through the School Census and published at National and Local Authority level through the School Absence Statistical First Release (SFR). Published alongside the absence SFRs from October 2011 onwards will be the underlying absence data at a school level.

The attendance data collected in respect of 4 year olds is published by the Department. However, these data may not necessarily feature as part of the standard measures of attendance statistics and are be used by the Department for policy and analytical purposes.

#### 4.8.9 Persistent absentee thresholds

The threshold at which a pupil is defined as 'persistently absent' is 15 per cent of the number of possible sessions. -The table below shows the number of sessions which represent the 15 per cent threshold against which absence statistics will be published.

	Half term	Cumulative
Autumn Half Term 1	10 sessions	10 sessions
Autumn Half Term 2	12 sessions	22 sessions
Spring Half Term 1	8 sessions	30 sessions
Spring Half Term 2	8 sessions	38 sessions

#### 4.8.10 Possible Sessions

This records the number of possible sessions for the attendance period (term or half term). There are two sessions for each school day (morning and afternoon).

Every pupil aged 4 to 15 (excluding boarders) as at the previous 31<sup>st</sup> August who was on the school roll for at least one session during the specified attendance period (term or half term) should have an entry for the number of possible sessions.

Schools which use electronic registration that is not integrated with their main MIS, or record attendances in paper registers, should manually calculate and add to their Census return.

## **Dually Registered Pupils**

The possible sessions for a dual registered pupil submitted by the main school will **not** include those sessions when the pupil is due to attend the subsidiary school. Similarly, the possible sessions for a dual registered pupil submitted by the subsidiary school will **not** include those sessions when the pupil is due to attend the main school.

#### **Zero Possible Sessions**

Zero possible sessions can only be recorded where a dual registered pupil has spent all of the previous attendance period (term or half term) for which attendance data is being collected at the other registration. For example, if a dually registered pupil spent all of the attendance period at his/her subsidiary registration then the main registration would have zero possible sessions recorded for that period in the Census.

#### Pupils aged 4 years

For those pupils **aged 4 years**, the number of possible sessions to be recorded are those that they are expected to attend and will vary from pupil to pupil and from school to school. Attendance code 'X - No compulsory school age absence (not counted in possible attendances)' should be used for those sessions when a 4 year old is not expected to attend e.g. those attending part-time.

#### 4.8.11 Sessions missed due to authorised absence

Authorised absence is absence which has been authorised by a teacher or other authorised representative of the school. This includes instances of absences for which a satisfactory explanation has been provided (e.g. Illness). Absence can be authorised retrospectively if the teacher or other authorised representative of the school subsequently 'accepts' a reason for the absence provided by a parent.

#### 4.8.12 Sessions missed due to unauthorised absence

Unauthorised absence is absence without permission from a teacher or other authorised representative of the school. This includes all unexplained or unjustified absences. Arriving late for school, after the register has closed, is recorded as unauthorised absence. The category of unauthorised absence does not apply to pupils of pre-compulsory school age i.e. those aged 4 years.

# 4.8.13 Pupil absence and attendance codes

The absence and attendance codes required for the Census are those that equate to either authorised or unauthorised absences. However, schools should be aware of the full range of absence and attendance codes, which include values for attendance and for approved education activities, as these will be the codes used by schools within their MIS when recording pupil attendance.

The use of a fixed set of absence and attendance codes is to assist in monitoring not only whether pupils are absent with or without the permission of the school, but also why pupils are absent from school (See codeset in section 6).

For pupils aged 4 years, schools are not obliged to use individual absence and attendance codes. However they are encouraged to use these codes and, if they do so, the appropriate absences will be returned in the School Census. If schools do not wish to use these codes then they should just provide the total number of absences for the attendance period by recording these as sessions missed due to authorised absence. Absences recorded for 4 year olds will not be treated as 'authorised' or 'unauthorised' and instead will be reported, and published, as overall absence.

# 4.8.14 Number of sessions missed

The number of sessions missed for each specified reason for absence. See 4.8.12 above in respect of pupils aged 4 years. Schools which use electronic registration that is not integrated with their main MIS, or record attendances in paper registers, should manually calculate the number of session missed and add to their Census return.

# 5. School Level

# **5.1 Survey Reference Date**

The survey reference dates (in the format yyyy-mm-dd) are 2014-01-16 for the Spring Census and 2014-05-15 for the Summer Census. These should be automatically generated by your MIS, but ought to be variable to allow for alternative dates where there are special circumstances (as described in section 2.1).

## 5.2 School Characteristics module

All data items should be maintained on an event driven basis.

## 5.2.1 LA Number

A three digit code that identifies a particular local authority. The LA number represents the LA responsible for maintained education. The LA numbers can be found at codeset D00004 in the Common Basic Data Set.

#### 5.2.2 DfE Establishment Number

The DfE Establishment Number is a four digit reference number allocated to each school. You can check your DfE Establishment Number by accessing Edubase

#### 5.2.3 School Name

In full, including the word 'School' or 'College' if this is part of the school's full name.

#### 5.2.4 School Phase

This code indicates the phase of education offered by your school. Schools should select the phase that is appropriate to them as some different data items are required in the School Census from different phases of schools. All-through has been added to the codeset for school phase (shown below) to allow schools that make provision for pupils aged under 7 and over 14 to identify themselves correctly and to be able to submit all the required data for all their pupils in the School Census.

Academies should use the phase appropriate to their establishment number. Traditional sponsor-led academies (i.e. those with establishment numbers in the range of 6905-6999) should select secondary. Establishment number ranges for each phase are given in the table below.

A separate version of this guide has been produced for each phase and so schools should ensure they use the correct version for them.

School Phase	Code	Establishment	Notes
		number range	
	_		
Nursery	NS	1000-1099,	Includes those with maintained or
		1800-1899,	direct grant status
		6000-6899	
Primary	PS	2000-3999,	
		5200-5299,	
		5940-5949,	
		6000-6899	
Middle (deemed primary)	MP	2000-3999,	
		5200-5299,	
		5940-5949,	
		6000-6899	
Middle (deemed	MS	4000-4999,	
secondary)		5400-5499,	
		5900-5939,	
		6000-6899	
Secondary	SS	4000-4999,	Includes city technology colleges
		5400-5499,	
		5900-5939,	
		6000-6899,	
		6900-6999	
All-through	AT	NOT	Excludes PRUs and special schools
		1000-1099,	
		1100-1150,	
		1800-1899,	
		5950-5999,	
		7000-7999	
Special	SP	5950-5999,	Maintained and non-maintained
		6000-6899,	special schools, including hospital
		7000-7999	special schools and academy
			special schools
PRUs	PR	1100-1150,	Includes AP academies and AP free
		6000-6899	schools

## 5.2.5 Type of school

This code indicates which type of educational establishment the school is (see codeset in Section 7).

All academies should be recorded on the School Census with School Type '49'. This means that any 'maintained schools' which have converted to an Academy or have become a 'sponsor led' Academy will need to update their School Type to '49' in their MIS.

# 5.2.6 Maximum year group

This is the highest year group for which the school customarily makes provision. Exceptional pupils / situations e.g. 'early entry' or 'held back' should not influence these values (See codeset in Section 7).

# 5.2.7 Minimum year group

This is the lowest year group for which the school customarily makes provision. Exceptional pupils/situations e.g. 'early entry' or 'held back' should not influence these values (See codeset in Section 7).

# 5.2.8 Intake type

This code denotes the policy for admitting pupils to the establishment and is decided by the school in conjunction with the LA.

If the school has no specific criteria for offering a place then COMP should be recorded. This means comprehensive in the sense 'of broad scope', which includes pupils being in a certain catchment distance area from the school. If a school has more than one criterion for offering a place e.g. it is a catholic grammar school, only one intake type can be recorded; the main one. If both are equally weighted, then the school must decide on one.

#### 5.2.9 Governance

This code specifies the governance of the school as indicated on a school's Instrument of Government.

Please note that all Academies should be recorded on the School Census with Governance of 'CA'. This means that any 'maintained schools' which have converted to an Academy or have become a 'sponsor led' Academy will need to update their Governance to 'CA' in their MIS.

#### 5.2.10 School email address

The e-mail address for official communications must be present and include the character @. The email address provided must be for an account that is used on a regular basis and one that is accessible to the Head teacher, e.g. 'head@' or 'office@'. It would not normally be one that identifies a particular individual by name. This email address may be used for future DfE correspondence.

## 5.2.11 School telephone number

This should be the main school telephone number which is used for official purposes - please ensure the number is recorded including the area code.

### 5.3 School location module

## **5.3.1 Address Options**

Schools are able to provide the Department with their addresses in whichever format their data is currently held within their MIS - either, SAON, PAON, Street, Locality, Town, Administrative Area (BS7666 Address), or Address Line 1, Address Line 2, Address Line 3, Address Line 4 and Address Line 5. Whichever format is used, postcode needs to also be provided. Schools should not worry if these field names do not mean anything to them; no change is needed to the way in which address information is currently held within their MIS to complete the Census returns.

#### 5.3.2 **SAON**

Flat, apartment name or number or other sub-division of a dwelling.

#### **5.3.3 PAON**

Dwelling name and/or number.

#### **5.3.4 Street**

Street name or street description.

## 5.3.5 Locality

The locality name refers to a neighbourhood, suburb, district, village, estate, settlement, or parish that may form part of a town, or stand in its own right within the context of an administrative area. Where an industrial estate contains streets it is defined as a locality in its own right.

#### 5.3.6 Post Town

The Post Office usually assigns these based on Sorting Office.

#### 5.3.7 Town

The town name refers to a city or town that is not an administrative area, a suburb of an administrative area that does not form part of another town or a London district.

#### 5.3.8 Administrative Area

The administrative area is a geographic area that may be the highest level local administrative area, which may be a county or a unitary LA.

Or

#### 5.3.9 Address Line 1

First Line of Address

#### 5.3.10 Address Line 2

Second Line of Address

#### **5.3.11 Address Line 3**

Third Line of Address

#### 5.3.12 Address Line 4

Fourth Line of Address

#### 5.3.13 Address Line 5

Fifth Line of Address

And

#### 5.3.14 Postcode

The code allocated by the Post Office to identify a group of postal delivery points.

## 5.4 Admission Appeals module

This module contains information about admissions appeals from the following schools who were responsible for their own admission appeals against non-admission for entry into the 2013/14 academic year:

 phase: primary, middle deemed primary, middle deemed secondary, secondary and all-through schools

with

governance: voluntary aided (VA), foundation (FO) or academy (CA)

From 2012 onwards this module was extended to allow academies (Governance = CA) to return admission appeals. It has now been agreed that, to provide a full picture of admissions appeals, both sponsored and converter academies should also complete the module. Recent converters (including a conversion of an existing school into a sponsored academy) should complete the module as long as they have converted before spring census day, 16 January 2014.

Only appeals organised by the school's governing body should be included. However, if a school has contracted another agency, such as their home LA, to administer their admissions appeals process then, as long as the school's governance code is 'VA', 'FO' or 'CA', the school should still complete the module. If your school operates arrangements jointly with other schools, your return should include appeals for your school only.

This module will be collected in the Spring Census only, providing information for a school's admission appeals against non-admission to the school for the start of the 2013/14 academic year. Note appeals lodged on or after the 1 September 2013 should not be included.

# 5.4.1 Admission appeals lodged

Total number of admission appeals lodged by parents between March 2013 and August 2013 inclusive against non-admission to the school for the start of the academic (admission) year beginning September 2013.

Appeals lodged as "refusal to admit for academic year 2013/14" should be included as long as the appeal was lodged before the 1 September 2013. This will include:

- appeals lodged prior to 1 September, where the hearing and/or decision took place after that date
- appeals not pursued to the hearing stage, and those not resolved

 appeals that did not reach a hearing because a place became available (at your school or another) which was accepted by parents

Note all subsequent admissions appeals figures (5.4.2 to 5.4.5) should be subsets of the number of appeals lodged provided as 5.4.1.

## 5.4.2 Admission appeals withdrawn

Total number of the above admission appeals withdrawn by parents before reaching an independent appeals panel (a panel set up by the governors in accordance with Section 423 of the Education Act 1996).

# **5.4.3 Admission appeals heard by Independent Admission Appeals Panel**

Total number of the above admission appeals heard by an independent appeals panel.

# **5.4.4 Admission appeals heard by Independent Admission Appeals Panel - decided in parent's favour**

Total number of the above admission appeals decided in parent's favour by an independent appeals panel.

# **5.4.5 Admission appeals heard by Independent Admission Appeals Panel - rejected**

Total number of the above admission appeals rejected by an independent appeals panel.

# 5.6 Pupil Reconciliation module

This module will be collected in the Spring Census only.

The purpose of this reconciliation is to check that the number of registered pupils for whom the return contains individual pupil data is consistent with the number of pupils reported in classes as taught - after allowing for the fact that some registered pupils may not have been in class at the selected time.

To enable the pupil reconciliation to be carried out the software will ask you to enter the number of pupils in each of the following groups:

- pupils engaged in private study at the selected time
- pupils attending another school at the selected time

The software will then execute the reconciliation and generate an error message if pupil numbers do not agree. The reconciliation consists of the following calculation:

- number of pupils from this school scheduled to be in the class at the selected time summed over all classes as taught
- **plus** pupils engaged in private study at the selected time
- plus pupils from this school who were part time pupils not scheduled to be in attendance at the school at the selected time
- plus pupils attending another school at the selected time

#### must equal

 number of pupils on roll on the Spring census day for whom individual pupil data have been provided (not including any guest pupils).

## 5.7 Class Information module

Details are required of all classes running at the selected time on the Spring census day (16 January 2014). The 'selected time' is based on the last digit of a school's DfE establishment number as follows:

0, 1 or 5	The selected time is one hour / period before the end of morning school
2, 3 or 6	The selected time is one hour / period after the start of afternoon school
4, 7, 8 or 9	The selected time is one hour / period after the start of morning school

If the selected time is not appropriate to the school timetable (for example, if the selected time is when the whole school or a large proportion of the school is in an assembly with the head teacher) schools should choose an hour / period that reflects a 'normal' class situation that applies at the selected time each Thursday of the term (see Section 2.1) Do not record unusual situations (such as class amalgamation or school closure) which may have occurred on the census day due, for example, to staff training or absence, severe weather conditions or religious observances.

Any group of pupils receiving instruction outside the normal class framework at the selected time, including pupils in an SEN unit or special class, should be treated as a separate 'class as taught' unless this is an atypical or temporary arrangement.

This module will be collected in the Spring Census only.

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## 5.7.1 Class reference name

This is the Class Name and can be any character string up to 30 characters.

#### 5.7.2 Number of teachers in the class

This is the number of teaching staff taking the class. Include all qualified or unqualified teachers - exclude those wholly or mainly providing support to individual pupils.

#### 5.7.3 Number of adult non-teachers in the class

This is the number of education support staffs present in the class. Include teaching assistants, special needs support staff, minority ethnic pupils support staff, and other education support staff. Exclude non-teaching staff wholly or mainly providing support to individual pupils.

## 5.7.4 Class year group

This should refer to the curriculum followed by the class and hence the values of the National Curriculum (NC) Year Groups for pupils in the class, rather than their dates of birth. Mixed year groups are those containing pupils from more than one NC Year Group.

The presence of the odd pupil who has been held back or advanced a year, and so is of a different chronological age to the rest of the class, does not render the class as a mixed year group class (See codeset in Section 7).

# 5.7.5 Number of pupils from the host school in the class

This is the number of pupils from this school scheduled to be in the class at the selected time. Include any pupils temporarily absent on the census day. Part-time pupils not scheduled to be in the school at the selected time should be excluded and counted instead in-the pupil reconciliation.

# 5.7.6 Number of Pupils from other schools in the class

This is the number of pupils from other schools scheduled to be in the class at the scheduled time. Include pupils from other schools for whom attendance in this class at the selected time is the normal arrangement.

### 5.8 Miscellaneous module

This module will be collected in the Spring Census only.

#### 5.8.1 Free school meals taken

The number of pupils who had a free school meal at lunchtime on the Spring Census day should be entered. This should include both day and boarding pupils, and reflect what occurred on the census day, unless the lunchtime situation that day was abnormal, in which case the figure should be based on the next normal day. Meals provided at the beginning or end of the school day should be ignored for the purposes of the Census return. This would normally require manual entry for the Census return.

#### 6. Further Information

Local authority maintained schools should contact their local authority in the first instance for any further help or advice regarding the School Census. If there are questions which your local authority cannot resolve, or if you are a local authority, academy or CTC, then these questions should be directed to the DfE Service Desk by completing a <u>service request form</u>. Service request forms should also be used for changing contact details and requests for access to COLLECT.

This document, along with guides for schools of other phases, is published on the Department's website

# 7. Codesets - Pupil Level

## Pupil gender

Code	Description
M	Male
F	Female

## Ethnicity

DfE Extended Codes	Approved Extended Categories	DfE Main Code	Sub- Category	Main Category	Comments
WBRI	White - British	WBRI	White - British	White	WBRI may not be used if any of the extended categories below (WCOR-WWEL) are used
WCOR	White - Cornish	WBRI	White - British	White	
WENG	White - English	WBRI	White - British	White	
WSCO	White - Scottish	WBRI	White - British	White	
WWEL	White - Welsh	WBRI	White - British	White	
WOWB	Other White British	WBRI	White - British	White	If LAs collect information for "White - British" pupils using any of the <b>extended</b> categories above (WCOR-WWEL), this category must be used as a catch all for all other White pupils within the main "White - British" category.  If used, cannot have category "White - British" (WBRI).
WIRI	White - Irish	WIRI	White - Irish	White	
WIRT	Traveller of Irish Heritage	WIRT	Traveller of Irish Heritage	White	
WOTH	Any Other White Background	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	WOTH may not be used if any of the extended categories below (WALB-WWEU) are used.
WALB	Albanian	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	Excluding Kosovan.
WBOS	Bosnian- Herzegovinian	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	
WCRO	Croatian	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	
WGRE	Greek/ Greek Cypriot	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	If LAs do not wish to distinguish between pupils of Greek and Greek Cypriot heritage they may place all Greek/ Greek Cypriot in this category.  If used, cannot have categories "Greek" (WGRK) or "Greek Cypriot" (WGRC).
WGRK	Greek	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	If used, cannot have category "Greek/ Greek Cypriot" (WGRE). If used, must also have category "Greek Cypriot" (WGRC).
WGRC	Greek Cypriot	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	If used, cannot have category "Greek/ Greek Cypriot" (WGRE). If used, must also have category "Greek" (WGRK).
WITA	Italian	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	

DfE Extended Codes	Approved Extended Categories	DfE Main Code	Sub- Category	Main Category	Comments
WKOS	Kosovan	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	
WPOR	Portuguese	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	
WSER	Serbian	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	
WTUR	Turkish/ Turkish Cypriot	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	If LAs do not wish to distinguish between pupils of Turkish and Turkish Cypriot heritage they may place all Turkish/ Turkish Cypriot in this category.  If used, cannot have categories "Turkish" (WTUK) or "Turkish Cypriot" (WTUC).
WTUK	Turkish	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	If used, cannot have category "Turkish/ Turkish Cypriot" (WTUR). If used, must also have category "Turkish Cypriot" (WTUC).
WTUC	Turkish Cypriot	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	If used, cannot have category "Turkish/ Turkish Cypriot" (WTUR). If used, must also have category "Turkish" (WTUK).
WEUR	White European	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	If LAs do not collect information on White European pupils on the basis of country of origin or East/ West European, they may place all White European pupils here.
WEEU	White Eastern European	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	Including Russian, Latvian, Ukrainian, Polish, Bulgarian, Czech, Slovak, Lithuanian, Montenegran and Romanian.
WWEU	White Western European	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	Including Italian, French, German, Spanish, Portuguese and Scandinavian.
WOTW	White Other	WOTH	Any Other White Background	White	If LAs collect information for "Any Other White Background" pupils using any of the extended categories above (WALB-WWEU), this category must be used as a catch all for all other White pupils within the main "Any Other White Background" category.  If used, cannot have category "Any Other White Background" (WOTH).
WROM	Gypsy/Roma	WROM	Gypsy/Roma	White	This category includes pupils who identify themselves as Gypsies and or Romanies, and or Travellers, and or Traditional Travellers, and or Romanichals, and or Romanichal Gypsies and or Welsh Gypsies / Kaale, and or Scottish Travellers / Gypsies, and or Roma. It includes all children of a Gypsy ethnic background or Roma ethnic background, irrespective of whether they are nomadic, semi nomadic or living in static accommodation. It should not include Fairground (Showman's) children; the children travelling with circuses; or the children of New Travellers or Bargees unless, of course, their ethnic status is that which is mentioned above.
MWBC	White and Black Caribbean	MWBC	White and Black Caribbean	Mixed/Dual Background	
MWBA	White and Black African	MWBA	White and Black African	Mixed/Dual Background	

DfE Extended Codes	Approved Extended Categories	DfE Main Code	Sub- Category	Main Category	Comments
MWAS	White and Asian	MWAS	White and Asian	Mixed/Dual Background	MWAS may not be used if any of the extended categories below (MWAP-MWAI) are used.
MWAP	White and Pakistani	MWAS	White and Asian	Mixed/Dual Background	
MWAI	White and Indian	MWAS	White and Asian	Mixed/Dual Background	
MWAO	White and Any Other Asian Background	MWAS	White and Asian	Mixed/Dual Background	If LAs collect information for "White and Asian" pupils using any of the <b>extended</b> categories above (MWAP-MWAI), this category must be used as a catch all for all other Mixed/Dual Background pupils within the main "White and Asian" category. If used, cannot have category "White and Asian" (MWAS).
МОТН	Any Other Mixed Background	МОТН	Any Other Mixed Background	Mixed/Dual Background	MOTH may not be used if any of the extended categories below (MAOE-MWCH) are used.
MAOE	Asian and Any Other Ethnic Group	MOTH	Any Other Mixed Background	Mixed/Dual Background	
MABL	Asian and Black	MOTH	Any Other Mixed Background	Mixed/Dual Background	
MACH	Asian and Chinese	MOTH	Any Other Mixed Background	Mixed/Dual Background	
MBOE	Black and Any Other Ethnic Group	MOTH	Any Other Mixed Background	Mixed/Dual Background	
MBCH	Black and Chinese	MOTH	Any Other Mixed Background	Mixed/Dual Background	
MCOE	Chinese and Any Other Ethnic Group	MOTH	Any Other Mixed Background	Mixed/Dual Background	
MWOE	White and Any Other Ethnic Group	MOTH	Any Other Mixed Background	Mixed/Dual Background	
MWCH	White and Chinese	MOTH	Any Other Mixed Background	Mixed/Dual Background	
MOTM	Other Mixed Background	MOTH	Any Other Mixed Background	Mixed/Dual Background	If LAs collect information for "Any Other Mixed Background" pupils using any of the <b>extended</b> categories above (MAOE-MWCH), this category must be used as a catch all for all other Mixed/Dual Background pupils within the main "Any Other Mixed Background" category. If used, cannot have category "Any Other Mixed Background" (MOTH).
AIND	Indian	AIND	Indian	Asian or Asian British	
APKN	Pakistani	APKN	Pakistani	Asian or Asian British	APKN may not be used if any of the extended categories below (AMPK-AKPA) are used.
AMPK	Mirpuri Pakistani	APKN	Pakistani	Asian or Asian British	
AKPA	Kashmiri Pakistani	APKN	Pakistani	Asian or Asian British	

DfE Extended Codes	Approved Extended Categories	DfE Main Code	Sub- Category	Main Category	Comments
AOPK	Other Pakistani	APKN	Pakistani	Asian or Asian British	If LAs collect information for "Pakistani" pupils using any of the <b>extended</b> categories above (AMPK-AKPA), this category must be used as a catch all for all other Pakistani pupils within the main "Pakistani" category. If used, cannot have category "Pakistani" (APKN).
ABAN	Bangladeshi	ABAN	Bangladeshi	Asian or Asian British	
AOTH	Any Other Asian Background	AOTH	Any Other Asian Background	Asian or Asian British	AOTH may not be used if any of the extended categories below (AAFR-ASRO) are used.
AAFR	African Asian	AOTH	Any Other Asian Background	Asian or Asian British	Including East and South African Asians.
AKAO	Kashmiri Other	AOTH	Any Other Asian Background	Asian or Asian British	Kashmiri respondents not wishing to be classified under Asian Pakistani should use this category.
ANEP	Nepali	AOTH	Any Other Asian Background	Asian or Asian British	
ASNL	Sri Lankan Sinhalese	AOTH	Any Other Asian Background	Asian or Asian British	All other Sinhalese pupils should be placed wherever appropriate in the categories above. If used MUST also have categories 'Sri Lankan Tamil' (ASLT) and 'Sr Lankan Other' (ASRO).
ASLT	Sri Lankan Tamil	AOTH	Any Other Asian Background	Asian or Asian British	All other Tamil pupils should be placed wherever appropriate in the categories above. If used MUST also have categories 'Sri Lankan Sinhalese' (ASNL) and 'Sri Lankan Other' (ASRO).
ASRO	Sri Lankan Other	AOTH	Any Other Asian Background	Asian or Asian British	If used MUST also have categories 'Sri Lankan Sinhalese' (ASNL) and 'Sri Lankan Tamil' (ASLT).
AOTA	Other Asian	AOTH	Any Other Asian Background	Asian or Asian British	If LAs collect information for "Any Other Asian Background" pupils using any of the <b>extended</b> categories above (AAFR-ASRO), this category must be used as a catch all for all other Asian pupils within the main "Any Other Asian Background" category. If used, cannot have category "Any Other Asian Background" (AOTH).
BCRB	Black Caribbean	BCRB	Black Caribbean	Black or Black British	Including Antigua and Barbuda, Bahamas, Barbados, Dominica, Grenada, Guyana, Jamaica, St Kitts and Nevis, St Lucia, St Vincent & Grenadines, Trinidad and Tobago.
BAFR	Black - African	BAFR	Black - African	Black or Black British	BAFR may not be used if any of the extended categories below (BANN-BSUD) are used.
BANN	Black - Angolan	BAFR	Black - African	Black or Black British	
BCON	Black - Congolese	BAFR	Black - African	Black or Black British	
BGHA	Black - Ghanaian	BAFR	Black - African	Black or Black British	
BNGN	Black - Nigerian	BAFR	Black - African	Black or Black British	
BSLN	Black - Sierra Leonean	BAFR	Black - African	Black or Black British	

DfE Extended Codes	Approved Extended Categories	DfE Main Code	Sub- Category	Main Category	Comments
BSOM	Black - Somali	BAFR	Black - African	Black or Black British	
BSUD	Black - Sudanese	BAFR	Black - African	Black or Black British	Including Sudanese of Egyptian origin.
BAOF	Other Black African	BAFR	Black - African	Black or Black British	Including Black South African, Zimbabwean, Ethiopian, Rwandan and Ugandan. If LAs collect information for "Black - African" pupils using any of the <b>extended</b> categories above (BANN-BSUD), this category must be used as a catch all for all other Black African pupils within the main "Black - African" category. If used, cannot have category "Black - African" (BAFR).
вотн	Any Other Black Background	вотн	Any Other Black Background	Black or Black British	BOTH may not be used if any of the extended categories below (BEUR-BNAM) are used.
BEUR	Black European	BOTH	Any Other Black Background	Black or Black British	
BNAM	Black North American	BOTH	Any Other Black Background	Black or Black British	Include Black North American and Canadian.
ВОТВ	Other Black	ВОТН	Any Other Black Background	Black or Black British	If LAs collect information for "Any Other Black Background" pupils using any of the <b>extended</b> categories above (BEUR-BNAM), this category must be used as a catch all for all other Black pupils within the main "Any Other Black Background" category. If used, cannot have category "Any Other Black Background" (BOTH).
CHNE	Chinese	CHNE	Chinese	Chinese	CHNE may not be used if any of the extended categories below (CHKC-CTWN) are used.
CHKC	Hong Kong Chinese	CHNE	Chinese	Chinese	
CMAL	Malaysian Chinese	CHNE	Chinese	Chinese	
CSNG	Singaporean Chinese	CHNE	Chinese	Chinese	
CTWN	Taiwanese	CHNE	Chinese	Chinese	
СОСН	Other Chinese	CHNE	Chinese	Chinese	If LAs collect information for "Chinese" pupils using any of the <b>extended</b> categories above (CHKC-CTWN), this category must be used as a catch all for all other Chinese pupils within the main "Chinese" category. If used, cannot have category "Chinese" (CHNE).
ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	OOTH may not be used if any of the extended categories below (OAFG-OYEM) are used.
OAFG	Afghan	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OARA	Arab Other	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	Include Palestinian, Kuwaiti, Jordanian and Saudi Arabian.
OEGY	Egyptian	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OFIL	Filipino	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OIRN	Iranian	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	

DfE Extended Codes	Approved Extended Categories	DfE Main Code	Sub- Category	Main Category	Comments
OIRQ	Iraqi	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OJPN	Japanese	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OKOR	Korean	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OKRD	Kurdish	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	Include Kurdish pupils from Iraq, Iran and Turkey.
OLAM	Latin/South/ Central American	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	Include all pupils from Central/ South America, Cuba and Belize.
OLEB	Lebanese	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OLIB	Libyan	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OMAL	Malay	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	Including Malaysian other than Malaysian Chinese.
OMRC	Moroccan	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OPOL	Polynesian	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	Including Fijian, Tongan, Samoan and Tahitian.
OTHA	Thai	OOTH	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OVIE	Vietnamese	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OYEM	Yemeni	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	
OOEG	Other Ethnic Group	ООТН	Any Other Ethnic Group	Any Other Ethnic Group	If LAs collect information for "Any Other Ethnic Group" pupils using any of the <b>extended</b> categories above (OAFG-OYEM), this category must be used as a catch all for all other pupils within the main "Any Other Ethnic Group" category. If used, cannot have category "Any Other Ethnic Group" (OOTH).
REFU	Refused	REFU	Refused	Refused	
NOBT	Information Not Yet Obtained	NOBT	Information Not Yet Obtained	Information Not Yet Obtained	

#### **Youth Support Services / Connexions agreement**

Code	Description
Yes	Permission has been given by the parent or guardian
No	Parent or guardian has refused permission
UNS	Unsought - School has not yet sent out Privacy Notices (Data cannot be shared with Connexions)
SNR	Sought, No Reply - School has sent out Privacy Notices, but has received no reply from parent or guardian (Data can be shared with Connexions)

Language code

Code	Description
ACL	Acholi
ADA	Adangme
AFA	Afar-Saho
AFK	Afrikaans

Code	Description
AKA	Akan/Twi-Fante
AKAF	Akan (Fante)
AKAT	Akan (Twi/Asante)
ALB	Albanian/Shqip

79

Code	Description
ALU	Alur
AMR	Amharic
ARA	Arabic
ARAA	Arabic (Any Other)
ARAG	Arabic (Algeria)
ARAI	Arabic (Iraq)
ARAM	Arabic (Morocco)
ARAS	Arabic (Sudan)
ARAY	Arabic (Yemen)
ARM	Armenian
ASM	Assamese
ASR	Assyrian/Aramaic
AYB	Anyi-Baule
AYM	Aymara
AZE	Azeri
BAI	Bamileke (Any)
BAL	Balochi
BEJ	Beja/Bedawi
BEL	Belarusian
BEM	Bemba
BHO	Bhojpuri
BIK	Bikol
BLT	Balti Tibetan
BMA	Burmese/Myanma
BNG	Bengali
BNGA	Bengali (Any Other)
BNGC	Bengali (Chittagong/Noakhali)
BNGS	Bengali (Sylheti)
BSL	British Sign Language
BSQ	Basque/Euskara
BUL	Bulgarian
CAM	Cambodian/Khmer
CAT	Catalan
CCE	Caribbean Creole English
CCF	Caribbean Creole French
CGA	Chaga
CGR	Chattisgarhi/Khatahi
CHE	Chechen
CHI	Chinese
CHIA	Chinese (Any Other)
CHIC	Chinese (Cantonese)
CHIH	Chinese (Hokkien/Fujianese)
CHIK	Chinese (Hakka)
CHIM	Chinese (Mandarin/Putonghua)
CKW	Chokwe
CITAA	OHORAAC

Code	Description
CRN	Cornish
CTR	Chitrali/Khowar
CWA	Chichewa/Nyanja
CYM	Welsh/Cymraeg
CZE	Czech
DAN	Danish
DGA	Dagaare
DGB	Dagbane
DIN	Dinka/Jieng
DUT	Dutch/Flemish
DZO	
	Dzongkha/Bhutanese
EBI	Eda (Dini
EDO	Edo/Bini
EFI	Efik-Ibibio
ENB	Believed to be English*
ENG	English*
ESA	Esan/Ishan
EST	Estonian
EWE	Ewe
EWO	Ewondo
FAN	Fang
FIJ	Fijian
FIN	Finnish
FON	Fon
FRN	French
FUL	Fula/Fulfulde-Pulaar
GAA	Ga
GAE	Gaelic/Irish
GAL	Gaelic (Scotland)
GEO	Georgian
GER	German
GGO	Gogo/Chigogo
GKY	Kikuyu/Gikuyu
GLG	Galician/Galego
GRE	Greek
GREA	Greek (Any Other)
GREC	Greek (Cyprus)
GRN	Guarani
GUJ	Gujarati
GUN	Gurenne/Frafra
GUR	Gurma
HAU	Hausa
HDK	Hindko
HEB	Hebrew
HER	Herero
	1101010

Code	Description
HGR	Hungarian
HIN	Hindi
IBA	Iban
IDM	Idoma
IGA	Igala
IGB	Igbo
IJO	ljo (Any)
ILO	Ilokano
ISK	Itsekiri
ISL	Icelandic
ITA	Italian
ITAA	Italian (Any Other)
ITAN	Italian (Napoletan)
ITAS	Italian (Sicilian)
JAV	Javanese
JIN	Jinghpaw/Kachin
JPN	Japanese
KAM	Kikamba
KAN	Kannada
KAR	Karen (Any)
KAS	Kashmiri
KAU	Kanuri
KAZ	Kazakh
KCH	Katchi
KGZ	Kirghiz/Kyrgyz
KHA	Khasi
KHY	Kihaya/Luziba
KIN	Kinyarwanda
KIR	Kirundi
KIS	Kisi (West Africa)
KLN	Kalenjin
KMB	Kimbundu
KME	Kimeru
KNK	Konkani
KNY	Kinyakyusa-Ngonde
KON	Kikongo
KOR	Korean
KPE	Kpelle
KRI	Krio
KRU	Kru (Any)
KSI	Kisii/Ekegusii (Kenya)
KSU	Kisukuma
KUR	Kurdish
KURA	Kurdish (Any Other)
KURM	Kurdish (Kurmanji)

Code	Description
KURS	Kurdish (Sorani)
LAO	Lao
LBA	Luba
LBAC	Luba (Chiluba/Tshiluba)
LBAK	Luba (Kiluba)
LGA	Luganda
LGB	Lugbara
LGS	Lugisu/Lumasaba
LIN	Lingala
LIT	Lithuanian
LNG	Lango (Uganda)
LOZ	Lozi/Silozi
LSO	Lusoga
LTV	Latvian
LTZ	Luxemburgish
LUE	Luvale/Luena
LUN	Lunda
LUO	
LUY	Luo (Kenya/Tanzania)
	Luhya (Any)
MAG	Magahi Maithili
MAI	
MAK	Makua
MAN	Manding/Malinke
MANA	Manding/Malinke (Any Other)
MANB	Bambara
MANJ	Dyula/Jula
MAO	Maori
MAR	Marathi
MAS	Maasai
MDV	Maldivian/Dhivehi
MEN	Mende
MKD	Macedonian
MLG	Malagasy
MLM	Malayalam
MLT	Maltese
MLY	Malay/Indonesian
MLYA	Malay (Any Other)
MLYI	Indonesian/Bahasa Indonesia
MNA	Magindanao-Maranao
MNG	Mongolian (Khalkha)
MNX	Manx Gaelic
MOR	Moore/Mossi
MSC	Mauritian/Seychelles Creole
MUN	Munda (Any)
MYA	Maya (Any)

Code	Description
NAH	Nahuatl/Mexicano
NAM	Nama/Damara
NBN	Nubian (Any)
NDB	Ndebele
NDBS	Ndebele (South Africa)
NDBZ	Ndebele (Zimbabwe)
NEP	Nepali
NOR	Norwegian
NOT	Information not obtained*
NUE	Nuer/Naadh
NUP	Nupe
NWA	Newari
NZM	Nzema
OAM	Ambo/Oshiwambo
OAMK	Ambo (Kwanyama)
OAMN	Ambo (Ndonga)
OGN	Ogoni (Any)
ORI	Oriya
ORM	Oromo
OTB	Believed to be Other than English*
OTH	Other than English*
OTL	Other Language
PAG	Pangasinan
PAM	Pampangan
PAT	Pashto/Pakhto
PHA	Pahari/Himachali (India)
PHR	Pahari (Pakistan)
PNJ	Panjabi
PNJA	Panjabi (Any Other)
PNJG	Panjabi (Gurmukhi)
PNJM	Panjabi (Mirpuri)
PNJP	Panjabi (Pothwari)
POL	Polish
POR	Portuguese
PORA	Portuguese (Any Other)
PORB	Portuguese (Brazil)
PRS	Persian/Farsi
PRSA	Farsi/Persian (Any Other)
PRSD	Dari Persian
PRST	Tajiki Persian
QUE	Quechua
RAJ	Rajasthani/Marwari
REF	Refused*
RME	Romany/English Romanes
RMI	Romani (International)
1 (1411	Romani (international)

Code	Description
RMN	Romanian
RMNM	Romanian (Moldova)
RMNR	Romanian (Romania)
RMS	Romansch
RNY	Runyakitara
RNYN	Runyankore-Ruchiga
RNYO	Runyoro-Rutooro
RUS	Russian
SAM	Samoan
SCB	Serbian/Croatian/Bosnian
SCBB	Bosnian
SCBC	Croatian
SCBS	Serbian
SCO	Scots
SHL	Shilluk/Cholo
SHO	Shona
SID	Sidamo
SIO	Sign Language (Other)
SLO	Slovak
SLV	Slovenian
SND	Sindhi
SNG	Sango
SNH	Sinhala
SOM	Somali
SPA	Spanish
SRD	Sardinian
SRK	Siraiki
SSO	Sotho/Sesotho
SSOO	Sotho/Sesotho (Southern)
SSOT	Sotho/Sesotho (Northern)
SSW	Swazi/Siswati
STS	Tswana/Setswana
SUN	Sundanese
SWA	Swahili/Kiswahili
SWAA	Swahili (Any Other)
SWAC	Comorian Swahili
SWAK	Swahili (Kingwana)
SWAM	Swahili (Brava/Mwiini)
SWAT	Swahili (Bajuni/Tikuu)
SWE	Swedish
TAM	Tamil
TEL	Telugu
TEM	Temne
TES	Teso/Ateso
TGE	Tigre

Code	Description
TGL	Tagalog/Filipino
TGLF	Filipino
TGLG	Tagalog
TGR	Tigrinya
THA	Thai
TIB	Tibetan
TIV	Tiv
TMZ	Berber/Tamazight
TMZA	Berber/Tamazight (Any Other)
TMZK	Berber/Tamazight (Kabyle)
TMZT	Berber (Tamashek)
TNG	Tonga/Chitonga (Zambia)
TON	Tongan (Oceania)
TPI	Tok Pisin
TRI	Traveller Irish/Shelta
TSO	Tsonga
TUK	Turkmen
TUL	Tulu
TUM	Tumbuka
TUR	Turkish
UKR	Ukrainian
UMB	Umbundu
URD	Urdu
URH	Urhobo-Isoko
UYG	Uyghur
UZB	Uzbek
VEN	Venda
VIE	Vietnamese
VSY	Visayan/Bisaya
VSYA	Visayan/Bisaya (Any Other)
VSYH	Hiligaynon
VSYS	Cebuano/Sugbuanon
VSYW	Waray/Binisaya
WAP	Wa-Paraok (South-East Asia)
WCP	West-African Creole Portuguese
WOL	Wolof
WPE	West-African Pidgin English
XHO	Xhosa
YAO	Yao/Chiyao (East Africa)
YDI	Yiddish
YOR	Yoruba
ZND	Zande
ZUL	Zulu
ZZZ	Classification Pending

\*Categories marked with an asterisk -Believed to be English, English, Information not obtained, Believed to be Other than English, Other than English and Refused - may be used by schools that have no need to use individual language codes.

#### **Adopted from care**

Code	Description
N	Not declared
Α	Ceased to be looked after through adoption
G	Ceased to be looked after through a special guardianship order (SGO)
R	Ceased to be looked after through a residence order (RO)

#### **Pupil enrolment status**

Code	Description
С	Current (Single registration at this school)
G	Guest (Pupil not registered at this school but attending some lessons or sessions)
M	Current Main (Dual registration)
S	Current Subsidiary (Dual registration)
F	FE College*
0	Other Provider*

<sup>\*</sup>PRUs only

#### **Pupil boarder indicator**

Code	Description
В	Boarder - nights per week not specified
6	Boarder - six nights or less a week*
7	Boarder - seven nights a week*
N	Not a boarder

<sup>\*</sup>Special schools only

#### National curriculum year group

Code	Description
N1	Nursery first year
N2	Nursery second year
R	Reception
1-14	Years 1 to 14
M	Mixed year class*
X	National Curriculum not followed - available only for special schools where pupils are not following a particular NC Year.

<sup>\*</sup>This code is used for class information only and not for a pupil's national curriculum year group

#### **Pupil SEN provision**

. ap. o	. apri 0211 provision	
Code	Description	
N	No Special Educational Need	
Α	School Action or Early Years Action	
Р	School Action Plus or Early Years Action Plus	
S	Statement	

### **Pupil SEN type**

Code	Description
SPLD	Specific Learning Difficulty
MLD	Moderate Learning Difficulty
SLD	Severe Learning Difficulty
PMLD	Profound & Multiple Learning Difficulty
BESD	Behaviour, Emotional & Social Difficulties
SLCN	Speech, Language and Communication Needs

HI	Hearing Impairment
VI	Visual Impairment
MSI	Multi-Sensory Impairment
PD	Physical Disability
ASD	Autistic Spectrum Disorder
OTH	Other Difficulty / Disability

## Pupil exclusion category

Code	Description
FIXD	Fixed Period
PERM	Permanent
LNCH	Lunchtime

### Pupil exclusion reason

Code	Description
PP	Physical assault against a pupil
PA	Physical assault against an adult
VP	Verbal abuse / threatening behaviour against a pupil
VA	Verbal abuse / threatening behaviour against an adult
BU	Bullying
RA	Racist abuse
SM	Sexual misconduct
DA	Drug and alcohol related
DM	Damage
TH	Theft
DB	Persistent disruptive behaviour
OT	Other

## Pupil attendance codes – Spring Census

Code	Description	
1	Present (AM)*	
\	Present (PM)*	
L	Late (before registers closed) marked as present*	
I	Authorised absence due to Illness (NOT medical or dental etc appointments)	
M	Authorised absence due to medical / dental appointments	
R	Authorised absence due to religious observance	
S	Authorised absence due to study leave	
Т	Authorised absence due to traveller absence	
Н	Authorised absence due to agreed family holiday	
F	Authorised absence due to agreed extended family holiday	
Е	Authorised absence as pupil is excluded, with no alternative provision made	
С	Authorised absence as pupil is absent due to other authorised circumstances	
В	Approved education activity as pupil being educated off site (not dual registration)*	
D	Dual registered (at another establishment) - not counted in possible attendances*	
J	Approved education activity as pupil is attending interview*	
Р	Approved education activity as pupil is attending an approved sporting activity*	
V	Approved education activity as pupil is away on an educational visit or trip*	
W	Approved education activity as pupil is attending work experience*	

Code	Description	
G	Unauthorised absence as pupil is on a family holiday, not agreed, or is taking days in excess of an agreed family holiday	
U	Unauthorised absence as pupil arrived after registers closed	
0	Unauthorised absence as pupil missed sessions for an unauthorised absence not covered by any other code / description	
N	Unauthorised absence as pupil missed sessions for a reason that has not yet been provided	
Χ	Non-compulsory school age absence - not counted in possible attendances*	
Υ	Unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances - not counted in possible attendances	
Z	Pupil not yet on roll - not counted in possible attendances*	
#	Planned whole or partial school closure - not counted in possible attendances*	

<sup>\*</sup>Not collected in the School Census

## Pupil attendance codes – Summer Census

Code	Description
1	Present (AM)*
/	Present (PM)*
L	Late (before registers closed) marked as present*
I	Authorised absence due to Illness (NOT medical or dental etc appointments)
М	Authorised absence due to medical / dental appointments
R	Authorised absence due to religious observance
S	Authorised absence due to study leave
T	Authorised absence due to traveller absence
Н	Authorised absence due to agreed family holiday
Е	Authorised absence as pupil is excluded, with no alternative provision made
С	Authorised absence as pupil is absent due to other authorised circumstances
В	Approved education activity as pupil being educated off site (not dual registration)*
D	Dual registered (at another establishment) - not counted in possible attendances*
J	Approved education activity as pupil is attending interview*
Р	Approved education activity as pupil is attending an approved sporting activity*
V	Approved education activity as pupil is away on an educational visit or trip*
W	Approved education activity as pupil is attending work experience*
G	Unauthorised absence as pupil is on a family holiday, not agreed, or is taking days in excess of an agreed family holiday
U	Unauthorised absence as pupil arrived after registers closed
Ο	Unauthorised absence as pupil missed sessions for an unauthorised absence not covered by any other code / description
N	Unauthorised absence as pupil missed sessions for a reason that has not yet been provided
Χ	Non-compulsory school age absence - not counted in possible attendances*
Υ	Unable to attend due to exceptional circumstances - not counted in possible attendances
Z	Pupil not yet on roll - not counted in possible attendances*
#	Planned whole or partial school closure - not counted in possible attendances*

<sup>\*</sup>Not collected in the School Census

## 8. Codesets - School Level

### School phase

Code	Description		
NS	Nursery		
PS	Primary		
MP	Middle (deemed primary)		
MS	Middle (deemed secondary)		
SS	Secondary		
AT	All-through		
SP	Special		
PR	PRUs		

#### **School type**

CodeDescription01First school, 5-802First school, 5-903First school, 5-1004First and Middle school, 8-12, deemed Primary06Middle school, 9-13, deemed Primary07Middle school, 9-13, deemed Secondary08Middle school, 10-13, deemed Secondary09Comprehensive Upper school, 12-15/1610Comprehensive Upper school, 12-1811Comprehensive Upper school, 13-1612Comprehensive Upper school, 13-1816Infant school, 5-7/817Junior school, 7/8-1118Infant and Junior school, 5-1121Comprehensive all-through, 11-1622Comprehensive all-through, 11-1825Junior Comprehensive, 11-13, automatic transfer26Junior Comprehensive, 11-16, optional transfer at 1328Junior Comprehensive, 11-16, optional transfer at 1429Senior Comprehensive, 13-16, automatic transfer30Senior Comprehensive, 13-18, optional transfer31Senior Comprehensive, 13-18, optional transfer32Senior Comprehensive, 14-18, optional transfer33Senior Comprehensive, 14-18, automatic transfer36Non-Comprehensive Secondary - Modern37Non-Comprehensive Secondary - Grammar38Non-Comprehensive Secondary - Grammar39Non-Comprehensive Secondary - Technical39Non-Comprehensive Secondary - Technical39Non-Comprehensive Secondary - Technical39Non-Comprehensive Se	School type	
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<ul> <li>First school, 5-7;</li> <li>First school, 7-10;</li> <li>Comprehensive Upper school, 14/15-18</li> <li>Middle school, 9-12, deemed Primary</li> <li>Comprehensive, Middle and Upper, 10-16</li> </ul>	39	
<ul> <li>First school, 5-7;</li> <li>First school, 7-10;</li> <li>Comprehensive Upper school, 14/15-18</li> <li>Middle school, 9-12, deemed Primary</li> <li>Comprehensive, Middle and Upper, 10-16</li> </ul>		Middle school, 10-14, deemed Secondary
<ul> <li>Comprehensive Upper school, 14/15-18</li> <li>Middle school, 9-12, deemed Primary</li> <li>Comprehensive, Middle and Upper, 10-16</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>45 Middle school, 9-12, deemed Primary</li> <li>46 Comprehensive, Middle and Upper, 10-16</li> </ul>	43	First school, 7-10;
46 Comprehensive, Middle and Upper, 10-16		
	45	
	46	Comprehensive, Middle and Upper, 10-16
, ,	47	City Technology College

Code	Description
48	Comprehensive Upper school, 11-16
49	Academies
50	Maintained Nursery
51	Direct Grant Nursery
52	Special School
53	Hospital Special School
54	LA Maintained PRU

National curriculum year group

Code	Description
N1	Nursery first year
N2	Nursery second year
R	Reception
1-14	Years 1 to 14
M	Mixed year class*
X	National Curriculum not followed - available only for special schools where pupils are not following a particular NC Year*

<sup>\*</sup>Not used for maximum or minimum year group but are used for class key stage

Intake type

Code	Description
COMP	Comprehensive
SEL1	Selective (Grammar)
SEL2	Secondary Modern
SEL3	Selective (Technical)
SEL4	Religious School
SPEC	Special

#### Governance

Code	Description
CO	Community
VA	Voluntary Aided
VC	Voluntary Controlled
FO	Foundation
IN	Independent
NM	Non-Maintained
CT	CTC
CA	Academy



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