HM INSPECTORATE of EDUCATION (HMIE)
GAELIC LANGUAGE PLAN
This draft plan has been prepared under section 3 of the Gaelic Language (Scotland Act 2005.

FOREWORD BY Graham Donaldson, HM Senior Chief Inspector.

I am delighted that HMIE has been involved in and been able to contribute to Gaelic language developments over the years. This continuous involvement has resulted in the development of our Gaelic Language Plan. The plan confirms HMIE's support for Gaelic language, culture and education.

HMIE is committed to ensuring that learners of all ages can access Curriculum for Excellence both now and in the future through the medium of Gaelic. That means working with educators of Gaelic to develop successful, responsible and confident learners with a sense of engagement and belonging. HMIE uses inspection and shares good practice with a view to improving learning in schools and other settings. HMIE is also committed to developing the wider understanding of the Gaelic culture.

We will help staff responsible for Gaelic education to use self-evaluation to keep extending their professional thinking and practice and encourage staff to be reflective and have a commitment to their own development. We will assist this practice by providing guidance through key HMIE documents in Gaelic. These documents will be useful tools for Gaelic educators to use in self-evaluation for improvement.

I am grateful to Bòrd na Gàidhlig for its support to allow us to take forward these aspects. I am also delighted that we have been able to join with our colleagues in Learning and Teaching Scotland and the Scottish Qualifications Authority to ensure that all three of our Gaelic Language Plans articulate and benefit Gaelic language developments.

Our Gaelic Language Plan will help us to raise the awareness of HMIE staff of Gaelic language and culture and of how HMIE promotes Gaelic language. This will enable us to underline the importance of Gaelic to Scotland's heritage, identity and culture.

I welcome all of these developments which will help deliver better Gaelic education for our learners and better professional learning for staff in schools and education authorities.

**Graham Donaldson** 

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# **Summary**

### Overview

HMIE recognises that Gaelic is an integral part of Scotland's heritage, national identity and current cultural life. HMIE recognises that there is a need to ensure the sustainable development of Gaelic for the future and is committed to working with stakeholders and partners across the public and private sector to achieve this aspiration. In its work, HMIE will seek to:

- enhance the status of Gaelic;
- promote the acquisition and learning of Gaelic; and
- encourage the increased use of Gaelic.

This document is HMIE's Draft Gaelic Language Plan, prepared within the framework of the Gaelic Language (Scotland) Act 2005. It sets out how we will use Gaelic in carrying out our business, how we will enable the use of Gaelic when we interact with stakeholders and partners, and how we will promote the development of Gaelic. We recognise that the development of Gaelic Language Plans by public bodies such as HMIE is a key component of the 2005 Act. We recognise that our Gaelic Language Plan will help to formalise and communicate to staff, partners and stakeholders what our policy is in relation to Gaelic matters, and what Gaelic services they can expect to access through HMIE.

HMIE aims to build on current partnerships to support the work of our Gaelic Language Plan. To help achieve the targets in our Gaelic Language Plan, we will work closely with partners such as Learning and Teaching Scotland (LTS), Scottish Qualifications Authority (SQA), Scottish Funding Council (SFC); and local authorities.

HMIE's Gaelic Language Plan has been prepared in accordance with statutory criteria set out in the 2005 Act, and having regard to Bòrd na Gàidhlig's National Plan for Gaelic and Guidance on the Development of Gaelic Language Plans. HMIE is an Agency of the Scottish Government. As such, HMIE's plan complements the Scottish Government's Gaelic Language Plan.

# **Structure of the Gaelic Language Plan**

The key components of our Gaelic Language Plan are:

Chapter 1 – Introduction

This chapter provides background information to the Gaelic Language (Scotland) Act 2005 and its main features. An overview is provided of the key statutory provisions relating to the preparation of Gaelic Language Plans under the 2005 Act. A brief overview of the structure of HMIE and its main areas of operation is also provided.

# Chapter 2 – Core Commitments

This chapter sets out how HMIE will use, and enable the use of Gaelic in relation to its main business functions.

Chapter 3 – Policy Commitments/Implementation of the Plan

This chapter sets out how HMIE will help implement the National Plan for Gaelic.

Chapter 4 - Implementation, Monitoring and Review

This chapter sets out how the implementation of our Gaelic Language Plan will be taken forward, how implementation will be monitored, and how lessons from monitoring will be used in reviews to inform improvements.

# Chapter 5- Consultation procedures

This chapter sets out how HMIE collects your views and how you can give your views to HMIE on the Draft HMIE Gaelic Plan.

Contacts

## **CHAPTER 1 - INTRODUCTION**

# 1.1 Overview of the Gaelic Language (Scotland) Act 2005 and the preparation of Gaelic Language Plans

The Gaelic Language (Scotland) Act 2005

The Gaelic Language (Scotland) Act 2005 was passed by the Scottish Parliament with a view to securing the status of the Gaelic language as an official language of Scotland commanding respect equal to that of English language.

One of the key features of the 2005 Act is the provision enabling Bòrd na Gàidhlig (the Scottish Government's principal Gaelic development body) to require public bodies, such as HMIE, to prepare Gaelic Language Plans. This provision was designed to ensure that the public sector in Scotland plays its part in creating a sustainable future for Gaelic by raising its status and profile and creating practical opportunities for its use.

The requirement to prepare a Gaelic Language Plan

The requirement for HMIE to prepare a Gaelic Language Plan was initiated by Bòrd na Gàidhlig issuing a formal notice to that effect under section 3 of the 2005 Act. HMIE was issued with a notice in **June 2008** and was asked to submit its Gaelic Language Plan to the Bòrd for approval during **2009**.

Key considerations when preparing a Gaelic Language Plan

The 2005 Act sets out a number of specific criteria which must be taken into account by bodies preparing Gaelic Language Plans. These are designed to ensure that Gaelic Language Plans which are prepared are comprehensive, consistent and appropriate to the particular circumstances of the body preparing it.

(i) the extent to which the persons in relation to whom the authority's functions are exercisable use the Gaelic language, and the potential for developing the use of the Gaelic language in connection with the exercise of those functions

This consideration is designed to ensure that the Gaelic Language Plans prepared by public bodies take account both of the existing number of speakers within their area of operation, and their potential to develop the use of the language. Generally speaking, the expectation is that public bodies with significant numbers of Gaelic speakers within their area of operation will develop stronger Gaelic Language Plans.

(ii) statutory guidance on the preparation of Gaelic Language Plans published by Bòrd na Gàidhlig under section 8 of the 2005 Act

Bòrd na Gàidhlig has published statutory guidance under section 8 of the 2005 Act, which provides advice on how Gaelic Language Plans should be structured, and on the content which public authorities should consider including in their plans.

## (iii) the National Plan for Gaelic

The National Plan for Gaelic is a statutory document produced by Bòrd na Gàidhlig under section 2 of the 2005 Act. The National Plan offers a holistic overview of Gaelic development needs, covering language acquisition, language usage, language status and language corpus issues. It sets out priorities for Gaelic development, and identifies bodies which can contribute to achieving them.

# (iv) any representations made to the public body preparing its plan about how it uses Gaelic

This provision is designed to ensure that public bodies take into account the views of interested parties in the preparation of their Gaelic Language Plans. The principal means used by HMIE of obtaining these views will be consultation with an appropriate range of its partners and stakeholders using well-established liaison procedures.

# (v) the principle of equal respect

The principle of equal respect was incorporated into the 2005 Act by the Scottish Parliament as a positive statement about the value and worth of Gaelic, in recognition of the fact that users of Gaelic aspire to use Gaelic as normally as possible in their lives, that there should be a generosity of spirit towards Gaelic across Scotland, and that the language should not suffer from any lack of respect either at an individual or corporate level. The Bòrd's guidance states that giving Gaelic equal respect does not automatically mean identical treatment for Gaelic and English, or that a particular level of Gaelic provision must be made available in all circumstances. Instead, it encourages public bodies to endeavour, whatever the particular linguistic landscape they face, to be supportive and generous to Gaelic development and to prepare their Gaelic Language Plans with a view to facilitating the use of Gaelic to the greatest extent that is appropriate to their individual circumstances.

Consultation on a draft Gaelic plan

The 2005 Act requires public bodies to bring the preparation of its Gaelic Language Plan to the attention of those with an interest in it.

Approval of the HMIE Gaelic Language Plan

HMIE's plan will be submitted to the Bord for approval.

# 1.2 Organisational overview and area of operation

HM Senior Chief Inspector

#### **Directorate 1**

# **HM Chief Inspector**

Early education;
Independent
schools, including
grant-aided;
Registration
inspections of
mainstream school
care
accommodation;
Independent and
local authority
school hostels.

Lay Members, Associate Assessors and Assistant Inspectors; \*

#### **Directorate 2**

# **HM Chief Inspector** Primary education.

Curriculum for Excellence, including enterprise, health and nutrition; Healthy Working Lives.

Stakeholders; 'Healthier' government priority.

Human Resources; Diversity and Equality.

#### **Directorate 3**

# HM Chief Inspector Secondary schools; Education Authority

Education Authority day special schools; Education Authority all-through Schools.

Assessment/

Qualifications; Citizenship; Discipline;

Support for Pupils; Gaelic; Schools of Ambition:

> ICT; Research; Overarching

framework; ASN appeals/tribunals.

Educational futures; Journey to Excellence.

Self-evaluation;

#### **Directorate 4**

# **HM Chief Inspector**

Colleges; Teacher education; Prisons education.

Welfare to Work Services

Vocational education/ skills-related provision.

Inspection and reporting;
Response to Crerar;
Agency planning;
Educational statistics;
'Fairer and Wealthier' government priority.

## **Directorate 5**

# HM Chief Inspector CLD;

INEA; Psychological services; School followthrough;

Leadership;

IRVOL.

Inclusion; 'Safer and Stronger' government priority.

Good Practice policy/strategy.

#### **Directorate 6**

# **HM Chief Inspector**

Children's Services (Joint inspections); Child Protection; Residential, special and secure accommodation.

Development of children's services inspections and self-evaluation; Safeguarding; Care and welfare; Vulnerable children.

Inclusion; 'Safer and Stronger' government priority.

# Corporate Services Directorate

#### Director

Administration for all programmes.

Communications; ICT; Risk Management; Business planning; Environmental; Finance; Collection and analysis of statistics;

Best Value; Charter Mark; 'Greener' government priority.

Facilities & Estates.

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to change. A number of responsibilities are cross directorate.

## WHO ARE WE AND WHAT DO WE DO?

As an executive agency of the Scottish Government, Her Majesty's Inspectorate of Education (HMIE) works independently and impartially whilst remaining directly accountable to Scottish Ministers for the standards of its work. This status safeguards the independence of inspection, review and reporting within the overall context of Scottish Ministers' strategic objectives for the Scottish education system. The work of HMIE is central to Ministers' ability to realise key policy objectives and to meet their statutory obligation to endeavour to secure improvement in education.

The supporting briefing to a 'Statement on Scrutiny Improvement' to the Scottish Parliament on 6 November 2008 provided the following description of the work we do:

"HMIE's vital role in maintaining the quality of Scottish education will continue. They will maintain their focus on raising educational standards, stimulating improvement and promoting self-evaluation to support the delivery of national and local outcomes. They will continue to work closely with the health and social services bodies to support the development and wellbeing of all children in Scotland."

By achieving these broad purposes, we will contribute to the success of the Scottish Government's overarching purpose and to the achievement of the Scottish Government's strategic priorities, its related national outcomes and indicators, and its commitments including support for Skills for Scotland and the adoption of Curriculum for Excellence.

Our work supports the delivery of national outcomes in relation to people in Scotland:

- being educated, skilled and successful;
- becoming increasingly successful learners, confident individuals, effective contributors and responsible citizens;
- having better opportunities to succeed in life; and
- having successful local communities and high quality improving public services which are efficient and responsive to local people's needs.

The HMIE directorate with responsibility for services for children has been providing strong support to safeguard and improve the life chances of young people and families at risk.

Through inspections, reviews and professional engagement, we provide independent assurance to service users, Scottish Ministers, service managers and to wider society about standards and quality in education and other services for children.

Our work is about much more than bringing weak establishments and services up to an acceptable standard, vital though that is. We help to improve the education system in a number of ways. We constantly seek out good practice. We work closely with a wide range of partner organisations to disseminate that good practice through our inspection reports, publications and website, and through mounting our own events and making contributions to those of other key bodies both nationally and locally. We build capacity to ensure that all users have the highest quality education and services for children. We provide independent, professional advice

drawn directly from first-hand evaluation evidence and knowledge of the education system as a whole. We actively develop and manage HMIE as a self-evaluative, flexible and innovative organisation which is committed to its own improvement.

HMIE works in partnership with others to support the achievement of national outcomes, including close working with Learning and Teaching Scotland, the Scottish Qualifications Authority, Skills Development Scotland and the Scottish Further and Higher Education Funding Council (SFC). HMIE will continue to work with health and social services bodies to support the development and wellbeing of all children and adult learners in Scotland.

HMIE has a broad staffing structure. This breadth, encompassing permanent, temporary and associated staff, reflects expertise from across Scottish education and is an important strength of the organisation. The staffing profile in HMIE includes:

- HM Inspectors of Education
- inspectors of services for children
- health and nutrition inspectors
- assistant inspectors
- associate assessors drawn from schools, colleges, local authorities and other sectors
- corporate services staff
- lay members
- student review team members
- secondees from partner organisations.

Our framework document sets out our roles and relationships in more detail.

HMIE has inspected Gaelic in 52 centres, including nursery, primary and secondary schools between April 2003 and March 2009. HMIE inspects Gaelic medium schools as part of its sample of schools across Scotland. When inspecting schools with Gaelic medium classes, the inspection team ensures that the Gaelic class is inspected at the same time and reported upon within the published report. Where there is a Gaelic medium school or class, the report will be published in Gaelic on HMIE's website. In order to ensure that we have the requisite expertise to inspect Gaelic language in any setting - pre-school, primary, secondary or college (where we use the term 'review') - HMIE deploys assistant inspectors (Als) and associate assessors (AAs) in addition to HM Inspectors (HMIs). AAs and AIs are retired or practising teachers, deputes or headteachers who become full members of inspection teams. They undergo rigorous training for their inspection role and individually and together form a significant pool of expertise within their own schools and authorities. From time to time, HMIE will undertake specific tasks in relation to Gaelic-medium settings such as that which led to its most recent report – Improving Achievement in Gaelic, HMIE, 2005.

Across Scotland, fourteen local authorities make provision for Gaelic medium education. Provision comprises seventeen secondary schools, sixty-two primary schools and sixty nurseries/*croileagan*. Six colleges provide Gaelic teaching or Gaelic-medium education and again HMIE reviews these as part of its inspection sample of colleges across Scotland.

Nationally, there are around 2,600 primary and secondary schoolchildren in Gaelic-medium education (GME) at present, with a further some 850 children in Gaelic-medium nurseries. Within English-medium education, between 2,500 and 3,000 learners study Gaelic as a secondary subject each year between S1 and S6<sup>1.</sup> Many children in English-medium primary schools take part in the Gaelic Language in the Primary School scheme each year: around 6,000 children in the 2008/2009 session<sup>2</sup>.

# 1.3 Overview of HMIE's support for Gaelic development

HMIE will work to carry out the targets of its Gaelic Language Plan with rigour.

HMIE has recently appointed an additional Gaelic-speaking inspector to inspect schools and to carry out Gaelic-related tasks.

HMIE makes good use of a Gaelic-speaking team of two HMIs, an Assistant Inspector and Associate Assessors who are trained to inspect in educational centres including pre-school.

Currently school reports are published in English and Gaelic in pre-school establishments, primary and secondary schools where Gaelic is taught as a subject and in colleges as appropriate where Gaelic provision exists.

HMIE has organised conferences for Gaelic-medium teachers and published reports such as *Improving Achievement in Gaelic*, 2005.

With key education partners, HMIE will jointly host a conference every two years or so to provide a platform for discussion of Gaelic educational developments.

With funding from Bòrd na Gàidhlig, HMIE published a range of documentation related to The Journey to Excellence (JTE) including: leaflets; posters; *How good is our school? Third Edition; Child at the Centre, Second edition; and The Journey to Excellence Parts 1, 2 and 4.* Further documentation relating to *Curriculum for Excellence* will be translated into Gaelic.

HMIE is currently producing a series of short film clips of good classroom practice in Gaelic to be added to the JTE website.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Professor AG Boyd Robertson, Director, Sabhal Mòr Ostaig

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Bòrd na Gàidhlig

## **CHAPTER 2 - CORE COMMITMENTS**

HMIE is committed to the promotion of high standards and the sharing of best practice as part of its core business. Section 1 of this plan sets out HMIE's commitment to the development of Gaelic within its core business.

#### **SECTION 1**

# 1. Giving assurance and bringing about improvement in standards and quality through inspection and review.

### **Current Practice**

HMIE is consolidating and further improving its approaches to inspection and review to make sure that they focus on outcomes while having maximum impact with minimum intrusion. We will seek in our evaluative work to complement the related activities of other bodies, in particular education authorities and educational development bodies including Bòrd na Gàidhlig. We will adjust our practice to further increase the impact of inspections and reviews in securing improvement. We will continue to provide evaluative support to establishments and services which need this to improve their outcomes. The production of resources in self-evaluation, best practice, excellence and improvement planning will help us achieve these ends for Gaelic language, education and culture.

Key areas of development	When?	Who?
Identification of best practice.	Continuous	Chief Inspector, Lead inspectors for secondary and primary education, and National Specialist for Gaelic

## 2. Building capacity for improvement.

Nationally and internationally, we seek good practice. We work closely with a wide range of organisations to disseminate good practice and build the capacity of establishments and authorities to provide education and services for children and adult learners of the highest quality for all users. Filming best practice in Gaelic-medium education and showcasing this film on the JTE online resource will help us achieve that aim. We will empower establishments and services to aim for excellence, using self-evaluation to improve education. We will use our self-evaluation frameworks, for example *How good is our school?* to promote better self-evaluation in establishments and services. Translations of key documents relating to self-evaluation, planning for improvement and best practice will enable Gaelic-medium teachers to engage in high level professional discussions and improvements in these areas.

Key areas of development	When?	Who?
Filming best practice and translating key documents.	2 years	Chief Inspector with Gaelic remit

# 3. Giving professional, evidence-based advice

We support informed policy development by providing independent, professional advice drawn directly from first-hand evaluation evidence and knowledge of the education system as a whole. We will provide advice to organisations responsible

for the quality of education and services for children. We will continue to contribute to national developments in education and services for children by drawing on our comprehensive knowledge and understanding of provision and outcomes across the system. HMIE's work and ongoing partnerships relating to Gaelic education (including a planned task on Gaelic issues) will contribute to achieving this priority.

Key areas of development	When?	Who?
Undertaking key tasks and providing advice.	Continuous	Chief Inspector and National Specialist with Gaelic remit

# 4. Securing our own continuous improvement

We actively develop and manage HMIE as a self-evaluative, flexible and innovative organisation which is committed to its own improvement. We support the national outcome of public services which are high quality, continually improving, efficient and responsive to local people's needs. We will continue and extend our approaches to self-evaluation of our own work. As an integral part of these approaches in line with the government agenda of efficient and shared services, we will continuously gather feedback on our work, and focus on best value. Through the activities described later in this plan, we will ensure that we continue to develop as an organisation that is in tune with its stakeholders and their, issues and contributes to the development of Gaelic language, education and culture in Scotland and beyond.

Key areas of development	When?	Who?
Develop the capacity of the organisation in supporting Gaelic language development.	Continuous	Chief Inspector with Gaelic remit

#### **SECTION 2**

In its statutory Guidance on the Development of Gaelic Language Plans, Bòrd na Gàidhlig identifies one of the key aspects to normalising the use of Gaelic to be in creating the conditions for its use in public life.

The Bord has identified four core areas of service delivery that it wishes all public bodies to address when preparing their Gaelic Language Plans. These are:

Identity: corporate identity

signs

Communications: reception

telephone mail and e-mail

forms

public meetings

complaints procedures

Publications: public relations and media

printed material

websites exhibitions

Staffing: training

language learning recruitment advertising

HMIE recognises that each of these four corporate functions can play an important role in raising the profile and visibility of Gaelic, and of creating practical opportunities for Gaelic speakers and learners. Section 2 of our Gaelic Language Plan sets out in turn what Gaelic provision will be made in relation to each of the functions.

We have had regard to the statutory requirements laid out in the Gaelic Language (Scotland) Act 2005, and to the Bòrd's Guidance on the development of Gaelic Language Plans. The Guidance states that, in general terms, the expectation is that in those geographical locations in which the percentages or numbers of Gaelic speakers is greater, the scope of the Gaelic Language Plan will be wider and the level of commitments in it will be stronger. HMIE operates across all areas of Scotland and, as such, will adopt the same level of provision to apply to all of our areas of operation.

This section sets out <u>the minimum level</u> of Gaelic language provision which we commit to providing in the five-year lifetime of the plan.

# 2.1 - Identity

The presence of Gaelic in the corporate identity and signs of a public authority can greatly enhance the visibility of the language, and makes an important statement by a public authority about how Gaelic is valued and how it will be given recognition. Developing the use of Gaelic through signs can also enrich the vocabulary of Gaelic users and contribute to the development of the language.

HMIE recognises the importance of creating widespread awareness of the use of Gaelic and of promoting a positive image of it.

of Gaelic and of promoting a positive image of it.				
Corporate Identity	Corporate Identity			
Current Practice  HMIE's strapline is presented in Gaelic on the HMIE website and on many public presentation slides. HMIE uses Gaelic banners at internal and external conferences such as the Scottish Learning Festival.  HMIE currently does not have a written policy underpinning the use of Gaelic in its corporate identity.				
Key areas of deve	lopment	When?	Who?	
	HMIE will construct a written policy for Gaelic in its corporate identity. We will continue to move towards the use of the bilingual	Two years Two years	National Specialist  Lead - Publications	
	version of the HMIE logo in letterheads, envelopes, compliment slips, business		Team Lead -	

	cards and acknowledgement		Communication
	cards.		S
			Team
Signs (internal and	d external)		
Current practice	HMIE has no external or internal	l bilingual signa	age. HMIE does
	not have an agreed policy for the	e use of Gaelic	on signage.
Key areas of deve	lopment	When?	Who?
	We will move to phase in the		National
	use of bilingual signage on	One Year	Specialist with
	external facings of our		Communication
	buildings.		S
			team
	We will increase the internal		National
	use of bilingual signage to	One Year	Specialist with
	include:		Communication
	<ul> <li>Welcome notices</li> </ul>		s team
	<ul> <li>Direction notices</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Door nameplates</li> </ul>		

## 2.2 - Communications

The use of Gaelic at the initial point of contact that members of the public have with a public authority increases the visible and audible presence of the language, and contributes to the sense that the use of Gaelic is possible and welcome. In addition to raising the profile of the language, it also creates opportunities for its practical use and encourages members of the public to use Gaelic in subsequent dealings with public bodies.

The use of Gaelic in interactions with public bodies by mail, email and by telephone is important in creating practical opportunities for the use of the language, and in contributing to the sense that its use is possible and welcome. The presence of Gaelic in a wide range of Gaelic forms, or in bilingual forms, can also greatly enhance the visibility and prestige of the language. The preparation of Gaelic versions of forms, applications and similar documents, can also assist in expanding the range of Gaelic terminology and the awareness of the Gaelic-speaking public of such terminology, helping the development of the language itself.

HMIE recognises the importance of creating opportunities for the practical use of Gaelic in a wide range of everyday situations and is committed to increasing its level of provision in this area.

Reception			
<b>Current practice</b>	HMIE does not make any Gaelic provision in reception areas at		
_	present.		-
Key areas of deve	Key areas of development When? Who?		
	We have introduced Gaelic awareness training for key front-of-house staff including key phrases and appropriate use.	One year	HMIE, LTS and SQA Partnership
	Reception staff will have	Helpline	Head of

	acces to a Caplia anadrina	to be set up	a a wa a wata
	access to a Gaelic-speaking	to be set up	corporate
	member of staff to assist with	over two	services
Talaukana	Gaelic enquiries.	years	
Telephone	LIMIT dans and at any and and		for a long of this or
Current practice	HMIE does not at present make telephone calls in Gaelic.		_
Key areas of deve	lopment	When?	Who?
	We aim to promote the use of	Training for	Clì Gàidhlig
	basic Gaelic with staff and to	staff in	
	enable access to a Gaelic	HMIE, LTS	
	speaking officer when	and SQA	
	required.	over two	
		years	
Mail and email:			
Current practice	HMIE does not currently have a	•	with procedures
	on how to respond to Gaelic ma		11411 0
Key areas of deve	1	When?	Who?
	We will aim to reply in Gaelic	Two years	Communications
	to members of the public who		team
	write to HMIE in Gaelic.		
	HMIE will establish a database		
	of those individuals or		0
	organisations who prefer to	Thursty	Communications
	receive communications in	Three years	team
	Gaelic, and we will endeavour		
	to initiate appropriate		
	correspondence to them in Gaelic.		
	We will make automatically	Two years	
	generated electronic content	I wo years	Communications
	(such as e-mail disclaimers)		team
	bilingual in Gaelic and English.		toani
	We will provide a Gaelic		
	translation of corporate e-mail	Two years	Communications
	disclaimer.	i ii o you.o	team
	We will create a strap-line and		
	use it in outgoing e-mails to	Two years	Communications
	publicise Gaelic services in	,	team
	Gaelic.		
Documentation ie	Forms etc		
Current practice	HMIE provides inspection quest	ionnaires and i	reports in Gaelic
•	where appropriate.		•
	,,,,		
	HMIE does not currently make e	explicit provisio	n for the use of
	Gaelic in core documentation bu	ut has accepted	d Gaelic
	submissions on an individual ba	sis.	
Key areas of deve	lopment	When?	Who?
	HMIE will increase the use and		
	visibility of Gaelic in its most	One Year	Communications
	commonly used core		team
	documentation.		

	HMIE will publicise the	One Year	Communications
	completion of any		team
	documentation in Gaelic.		
<b>Complaints Proce</b>	dure		
<b>Current practice</b>	HMIE does not have a Gaelic ed	dition of its con	nplaints
	procedures at present.		
Key areas of deve	areas of development When? Who?		
	A Gaelic translation of our complaints procedure will be made available online and in print.	One Year	Communications team

## 2. 3 - Publications

The use of Gaelic in a range of printed material can assist Gaelic development in a variety of ways. It helps increase the visibility of the language, it enhances Gaelic's status by being used in high profile publications, and it can help develop new, and enhance existing, terminology. The use of Gaelic in the media helps demonstrate HMIE's commitment to making important information available through the medium of Gaelic, as well as enhancing the visibility and status of the language. As more people access information about HMIE through our website, making provision there for the use of Gaelic can significantly enhance the status and visibility of the language.

HMIE is committed to increasing the use of Gaelic in these areas where the subject matter is of most interest to the general public or relates specifically to Gaelic issues

matter is of most interest to the general public or relates specifically to Gaelic issues.			
<b>Public Relations a</b>	nd Media:		
<b>Current practice</b>	HMIE produce approximately 870 press releases a year. None		
-	of these is produced in Gaelic.	-	
Key areas of deve	lopment	When?	Who?
	Gaelic will have a higher	Two years	Human
	profile in HMIE advertising and		Resources
	marketing campaigns.		
	Bilingual press releases	One year	Communications
	related to Gaelic or to schools		team
	with Gaelic education.		
Printed Material			
Current practice	HMIE has a bilingual approach	to the publicati	on of all reports
	on Gaelic.		
	In addition, HMIE has identified a number of core documents		
	that it is translating into Gaelic f		
	Examples include: How good is		
Key areas of deve		When?	Who?
	We will increase the number	Three years	Chief Inspector
	of core documents, such as		with Gaelic remit
	the consultation on the HMIE		
	Gaelic Language Plan, which		
	are produced bilingually.		
Websites			
Current practice	HMIE's website does not yet ha	ve content in G	Gaelic.

	-		
Key areas of development		When?	Who?
	We will place our Gaelic	Six Months	Communications
	Language Plan on our		team
	website.		
	We will develop a Gaelic	Four years	Communications
	section on our website with		team
	links to other Gaelic web		
	pages as appropriate.		
	We will indicate on the website	Six Months	Communications
	when there is a Gaelic edition		team
	of a published report.		
Conferences and	exhibitions		
<b>Current practice</b>	HMIE uses promotional materia	l in Gaelic at c	onferences.
	HMIE has led several conferences for GM practitioners to		
	develop and share best practice.		
	HMIE good practice conferences include Gaelic good practice		
	and issue where appropriate.		
Key areas of deve	lopment	When?	Who?
	Gaelic greetings to be used at	One year	Lead presenters
	all conferences		
	Organise regular Gaelic	Every two	National
	conferences (eg with LTS,	years	specialist,
	SQA)	(approx)	HMI, HMI
			Assistant
			Inspector and
			Associate
			Assessors for
			Gaelic

## 2. 4 - Staffing

In order to deliver services through the medium of Gaelic, it is necessary to develop the requisite job skills and language skills of staff. The provision of language learning for staff helps promote adult Gaelic learning, and in promoting Gaelic as a useful skill in the workplace. The identification of jobs in which Gaelic is an essential or desirable skill will contribute greatly to the status of the language, and in identifying it as a positive skill to acquire. The use of Gaelic in advertising helps recognise that Gaelic should be used in public life and that Gaelic speakers have an important role to play within a public authority. Whether the ability to speak Gaelic is essential or desirable, what is important is that authorities need to ensure that Gaelic is a genuine occupational requirement and to adopt and apply objective criteria to ensure appointments are made in each case on a fair and consistent basis, and reflect the identified skills needs of the post.

HMIE recognises the importance of recognising Gaelic as an important job skill and of identifying situations in which its use is essential or desirable. HMIE also recognises the importance of enabling staff to develop their Gaelic skills where they wish to do so.

Training	
Current	HMIE has started to offer training on Gaelic issues for staff.

practice			
Key areas of dev	elopment		
	We will provide a programme	One Year	Clì Gàidhlig
	of Gaelic awareness training		
	for all key front-of-house staff.		
	We will organise Gaelic	Two years	Clì Gàidhlig
	awareness-raising sessions		
	for staff, and make Scottish		
	Government material		
	available on-line.		
	We will develop guidance	Three years	National Specialist
	notes for all staff on our	l moo youro	Transfial Operation
	Gaelic Language Plan and		
	new policies/procedures as		
	they are developed, which will		
	be, published on a Gaelic		
	section of the HMIE intranet.		
Language Learni			
Current	There has been some Gaelic le	earning in HMIF	This has largely
practice	consisted of supporting person	•	0 5
practice	learning at work days and some		
Key areas of dev			loannord.
itcy areas or acv	Gaelic classes will be offered	Three years	Human
	to staff in HMIE through the	Tillee years	Resources
	Scottish Government's		1103001003
	arrangements for lifelong		
	learning to undertake private		
	study		
	The Scottish Government will	One Year	Communications
	undertake a Gaelic linguistic	One rear	team
	skills survey to find out how		toam
	many of our staff have Gaelic		
	language ability and to what		
	standard.		
	We will raise the profile of	Two years	Communications
	Gaelic at corporate staff	l ind years	team
	development days.		Awareness-raising
	actoropinom dayor		Sessions
	We will enable staff who	Two Years	Human
	already speak Gaelic to		Resources
	develop their competence		Clì Gàidhlig
	and literacy.		<b>.</b>
Advertising and	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Current	HMIE, in line with Scottish Gov	ernment policy	, does not make
practice	provision for Gaelic or bilingual		
•	All recruitment to HMIE is carried		•
	Scottish Government/Civil Serv		
	competition. This means that the		•
	vacancy. If the ability to speak	•	
	requirement then the candidate		
	account.	9 111 /	•

Key areas of development		When?	Who?
	We will complete the induction of a new Gaelic-speaking inspector.	Immediate	HMIE
	We will establish a formal policy of bilingually advertising Gaelic-essential, or Gaelic-desirable, posts using the new bilingual corporate identity.	Two years	Human Resources

## CHAPTER 3 POLICY COMMITMENTS/IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

### **Overview of the National Plan**

One of the key features of the Gaelic Language (Scotland) is the duty placed Act 2005 on Bòrd na Gàidhlig to prepare a National Plan for Gaelic. The purpose of developing a National Plan was to ensure that there would be a comprehensive and widely understood overview of what actions are needed to ensure a sustainable future for Gaelic, and which bodies should take those actions. The ultimate goal of the National Plan is to stabilise and then grow the number of Gaelic speakers in Scotland.

The Bòrd's National Plan identifies four interlinking aspects of language development which need to be addressed, and within them sets out a number of priority action areas:

# Language Acquisition

Increasing the number of Gaelic speakers by ensuring the language is passed on and by securing effective opportunities for learning Gaelic, through:

- increasing the use and transmission of Gaelic in the home
- increasing the number of children acquiring Gaelic in school
- increasing the uptake and availability of Gaelic-medium and Gaelic Learners education
- increasing the number of adult Gaelic learners progressing to fluency

# Language Usage

Encouraging greater use of Gaelic, providing opportunities to use the language, and promoting access to Gaelic forms of expression, through:

- increasing the use of Gaelic in communities
- increasing the use of Gaelic in tertiary education and places of work
- increasing the presence of Gaelic in the media
- increasing the promotion of Gaelic in the arts
- increasing the profile of Gaelic in the tourism, heritage and recreation sectors

### Language Status

Increasing the visibility and audibility of Gaelic, enhancing its recognition and creating a positive image for it in Scottish public life, through:

- increasing the number of bodies preparing statutory Gaelic Language Plans
- increasing the profile and prestige of Gaelic
- increasing the visibility and recognition of Gaelic

# Language Corpus

Strengthening the relevance and consistency of Gaelic and promoting research into the language, through:

- increasing the attention given to the relevance and consistency of the Gaelic language
- increasing the attention given to the quality and accessibility of Gaelic translations
- increasing the availability of accurate research information

HMIE is committed to playing its part to ensure that the National Plan is implemented, and in this section we set out how we will do so.

# Overview of HMIE's support for Gaelic

HMIE will work to carry out the targets of its Gaelic language plan with rigour.

Gaelic is an integral part of the work of HMIE.

HMIE makes maximum use of its existing Gaelic-speaking team including an HM Inspector, several Associate Assessors and an Assistant Inspector to inspect nursery classes, primary schools, secondary schools and further education colleges and to carry out Gaelic-related tasks. HMIE has appointed an additional a Gaelic-speaking inspector. During inspections, HMI identify with schools how well they are doing and what they could do better in relation to:

- children's learning and achievement
- staff working with others to support children's learning
- staff and children/young people being actively involved in improving their school community
- the school having a clear sense of direction

Currently school reports are published in English and Gaelic in pre-school establishments, primary and secondary schools where Gaelic is taught as a subject and in colleges as appropriate where Gaelic provision exists.

HMIE has organised conferences for Gaelic medium teachers and has published reports such as Improving Achievement in Gaelic, HMIE, 2005. With funding from Bòrd na Gàidhlig, HMIE has published a range of documentation related to The Journey to Excellence (JTE) including: leaflets; posters; *How good is our school? Third Edition; Child at the Centre, Second edition; and The Journey to Excellence Parts 1, 2 and 4.* Further documentation relating to *Curriculum for Excellence* will be translated into Gaelic. HMIE is currently producing a series of short film clips of good practice in the Gaelic-medium classroom to be added to the JTE website. These publications will facilitate the use of Gaelic communication by teachers as they engage in self evaluation and also by HMIs and Associate Assessors as they undertake inspections, promote professional development and advance improvement.

HMIE follows its Safeguarding policy to protect those at risk.

# **CHAPTER 4 – IMPLEMENTATION, MONITORING AND REVIEW**

#### **Timetable**

This Gaelic Language Plan formally takes immediate effect and will remain in force for a period of five-years from the date of this draft or until a new plan has been put in place.

In Chapter II – Core Commitments we have set out the individual target dates for when we expect to implementation specific commitments.

# **Publicising the Plan**

HMIE's Gaelic Language Plan will be published bilingually on our website. In addition, we shall:

- issue a bilingual press release announcing the plan;
- make bilingual copies of the plan available in our public offices/ reception areas;
- make the plan known to employees via staff development events and the HMIE intranet;
- distribute copies of the plan to interested bodies; and
- make copies available on request.

# Administrative arrangements for implementation

This plan is the policy of HMIE and has been endorsed by the Senior Management Group and the Management Board.

### Overall Responsibility

The Senior Chief Inspector will be responsible ultimately for ensuring that HMIE delivers the commitments set out in this plan. Responsibility has been allocated to a Chief Inspector and day-to-day business to a National Specialist HMI.

# Resourcing the plan

HMIE is responsible for arranging to meet the costs of implementing its Gaelic Language Plan with support from Bòrd na Gàidhlig for some projects and resource development.

# **Monitoring of Implementation**

HMIE is committed to using the findings from its monitoring to make improvements.

In monitoring implementation of the HMIE Gaelic Language Plan, we will focus on the following areas in particular:

- the implementation of specific core commitments in Chapter II; and
- the contribution being made towards implementation of the National Plan for Gaelic as set out in Chapter II.

The overall monitoring of the plan will be the responsibility of the Chief Inspector with Gaelic remit.

The Chief Inspector with responsibility for HR will be monitor recruitment, performance and staff training.

The Head of Corporate Services will monitor the use of Gaelic in telecommunications, greetings, and interactions with the public and staff.

The Head of the Communications Team will monitor the use of Gaelic in reports, straplines and other documentation.

All of the above should be monitored continuously.

### Review

The Chief Inspector with responsibility for Gaelic will use the findings from monitoring to review and improve implementation.

These reviews should take place at least once per year.

Should any review result in significant, exceptional and necessary changes to planned implementation, HMIE will submit the relevant review to Bòrd na Gàidhlig for approval.

## **CHAPTER 5 – CONSULTATION PROCEDURES**

## Responding to this consultation paper.

We are inviting written responses to this consultation paper by correct date. Please send your response with the completed Respondent Information Form (see 'Handling your response' below) to:

HM Inspectorate of Education Longman House 28 Longman Road Inverness IV1 1SF

If you have any queries contact

Joan Esson HM Inspectorate of Education Longman House 28 Longman Road Inverness IV1 1SF

We would be grateful if you could clearly indicate in your response which questions or parts of the consultation paper you are responding to as this will aid our analysis of the responses received.

# Handling your response

We need to know how you wish your response to be handled and, in particular, whether you are happy for your response to be made public. Please complete and return the Respondent Information Form which forms part of the consultation paper at chapter v as this will ensure that we will treat your response appropriately. If you ask for your response not to be published we will regard it as confidential, and we will treat it accordingly.

All respondents should be aware that HMIE is subject to the provisions of the Freedom of Information (Scotland) Act 2002 and would therefore have to consider any request made to it under the Act for information relating to responses made to this consultation exercise.

## What happens next

Following the closing date, all responses will be analysed and considered along with any other available evidence to help us reach a decision on our commitment and support for the Gaelic Language. We aim to issue a report on the consultation process once our Plan has been submitted to Bòrd na Gàidhlig for its consideration.

# **Comments and complaints**

If you have any comments about how this consultation exercise has been conducted, please send them to:

Frank Crawford 450 Argyle Street Glasgow G2 8LG Frank.Crawford@HMle.gsi.gov.uk

# The Draft HMIE Gaelic Language Plan

## **Consultation Questions**

In this consultation document, we have highlighted a number of areas where HMIE aims to promote and support Gaelic in both educational centres and within its organisation. We would welcome your views on these areas.

If there are any other points you would like to make please feel free to make them.

# The Draft HMIE Gaelic Language Plan – four core areas of service delivery

Are you content with the commitments in the HMIE plan regarding these four areas? Do you have anything further to suggest?

Identity		
Communications		
<b>Publications</b>		
Staffing		
General comments		

# **Equal Opportunities Monitoring** Sex: Male □ Female Age: Under 16 16 to 24 25 to 34 35 to 49 50 to 59 П 60 to 74 75 and over □ Do you have any long-term illness, health problem or disability? Yes □ No How would you describe your cultural or ethnic background? (please tick one box only) White Scottish British Asian, Asian Scottish or Asian British Bangladeshi Chinese Indian Pakistani Any other Asian background Mixed Any mixed background? Black, black Scottish or black British Caribbean African

Any other black background

Any other background

Do y	ou agree to y	our re	sponses being made available to the public?
Yes		No	
Do y	ou agree to y	our na	me being made available to the public?
Yes		No	
Nam	e		
Orga	nisation/Indiv	/idual	
			ne to complete this form. Please e-mail your comments i.gov.uk before 27/11/2009
or			
Pleas	se send to:		
Long		Educa	ation

# **Contact details**

The senior officer with operational responsibility for overseeing preparation, delivery and monitoring of the HMIE Language Plan is:

Frank Crawford Chief Inspector HMIE 450 Argyle Street Glasgow G2 8LG

Tel: 0141 242 5719

Queries about the day-to-day operation of the plan should be addressed to: Email: enquiries@HMIe.gsi.gov.uk