

GCSE Subject Level
Conditions and
Requirements for Sociology
May 2016

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# Introduction

## About this document

This document (highlighted in the figure below) is part of a suite of documents which sets out the regulatory requirements for awarding organisations offering GCSE qualifications (graded from 9 to 1).



### **General Conditions of Recognition**

For all awarding organisations and all qualifications



**GCSE Qualification Level Conditions and Requirements** For all GCSEs (graded 9 to 1)



GCSE Subject Level Conditions and Requirements
For GCSEs (graded 9 to 1) in Sociology



**GCSE Subject Level Conditions and Requirements** (Other subjects)

We have developed these requirements with the intention that GCSE qualifications (graded from 9 to 1) should fulfil the following purposes:

- to provide evidence of students' achievements against demanding and fulfilling content;
- to provide a strong foundation for further academic and vocational study and for employment; and
- to provide (if required) a basis for schools and colleges to be held accountable for the performance of all of their students.

# Requirements set out in this document

This document sets out the GCSE Subject Level Conditions for Sociology. These conditions will come into effect at 12.01pm on Wednesday 11 May 2016 for all GCSE qualifications (graded from 9 to 1) in Sociology.

It also sets out our requirements in relation to:

- assessment objectives awarding organisations must comply with these requirements under Condition GCSE(Sociology)1.2.
- assessment awarding organisations must comply with these requirements under Condition GCSE(Sociology)2.1.

Appendix 1 reproduces the requirements in relation to subject content for GCSE Sociology<sup>1</sup>, as published by the Department for Education. Awarding organisations must comply with these requirements under Condition GCSE(Sociology)1.1.

With respect to GCSE qualifications (graded from 9 to 1) in Sociology, awarding organisations must also comply with:

- our General Conditions of Recognition,<sup>2</sup> which apply to all awarding organisations and qualifications; and
- our GCSE Qualification Level Conditions;3 and
- all relevant Regulatory Documents.<sup>4</sup>

With respect to GCSE qualifications graded from A\* to G, awarding organisations must continue to comply with the General Conditions of Recognition, and the relevant Regulatory Documents.

# **Summary of requirements**

Subject Level Conditions			
GCSE(Sociology)1	Compliance with content requirements		
GCSE(Sociology)2	Assessment		

# Assessment Objectives

Assessment Objectives - GCSE Qualifications in Sociology

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/gcse-sociology

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> www.gov.uk/government/publications/general-conditions-of-recognition

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> www.gov.uk/government/publications/gcse-9-to-1-qualification-level-conditions

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> www.gov.uk/guidance/regulatory-document-list

## **Assessment requirements**

Assessment requirements - GCSE Qualifications in Sociology

**Appendix 1 – Subject content (published by Department for Education)** 

Sociology GCSE subject content

# **Subject Level Conditions**

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# **GCSE Subject Level Conditions for Sociology**

# Condition GCSE(Sociology)1

### Compliance with content requirements

### GCSE(Sociology)1.1

In respect of each GCSE Qualification in Sociology which it makes available, or proposes to make available, an awarding organisation must –

- (a) comply with the requirements relating to that qualification set out in the document published by the Secretary of State entitled 'Sociology GCSE subject content'<sup>5</sup>, document reference DFE-00058-2016,
- (b) have regard to any recommendations or guidelines relating to that qualification set out in that document, and
- (c) interpret that document in accordance with any requirements, and having regard to any guidance, which may be published by Ofqual and revised from time to time.

### GCSE(Sociology)1.2

In respect of each GCSE Qualification in Sociology which it makes available, or proposes to make available, an awarding organisation must comply with any requirements, and have regard to any guidance, relating to the objectives to be met by any assessment for that qualification which may be published by Ofqual and revised from time to time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/gcse-sociology

# Condition GCSE(Sociology)2

### **Assessment**

GCSE(Sociology)2.1

An awarding organisation must ensure that in respect of each assessment for a GCSE Qualification in Sociology which it makes available it complies with any requirements, and has regard to any guidance, which may be published by Ofqual and revised from time to time.

# **Assessment objectives**

# Assessment objectives – GCSE Qualifications in Sociology

Condition GCSE(Sociology)1.2 allows us to specify requirements relating to the objectives to be met by any assessment for GCSE Qualifications in Sociology.

The assessment objectives set out below constitute requirements for the purposes of Condition GCSE(Sociology)1.2. Awarding organisations must comply with these requirements in relation to all GCSE Qualifications in Sociology they make available.

	Objective	Weighting
A01	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of sociological theories, concepts, evidence and methods.	40%
AO2	Apply knowledge and understanding of sociological theories, concepts, evidence and methods.	40%
AO3	Analyse and evaluate sociological theories, concepts, evidence and methods in order to construct arguments, make judgements and draw conclusions.	20%

# **Assessment requirements**

# Assessment requirements – GCSE Qualifications in Sociology

Condition GCSE(Sociology)2.1 allows us to specify requirements in relation to assessment for GCSE Qualifications in Sociology.

We set out below our requirements for the purposes of Condition GCSE(Sociology)2.1. Awarding organisations must comply with these requirements in relation to all GCSE Qualifications in Sociology they make available.

#### Assessment of Learners in relation to Research Methods

The subject content for GCSE Qualifications in Sociology is set out in the document published by the Secretary of State entitled 'Sociology GCSE subject content', document reference DFE-00058-2016 (the 'Content Document').

Paragraph 7 of the Content Document specifies the sociological research methods that Learners must know and understand in GCSE Qualifications in sociology ('Research Methods').

In designing and setting the assessments for each GCSE Qualification in Sociology which it makes available, or proposes to make available, an awarding organisation must ensure that, taking the assessments for that qualification together –

- (a) Learners' knowledge and understanding in relation to Research Methods is assessed across assessment objectives AO1, AO2 and AO3, and
- (b) the number of marks used to credit such knowledge and understanding is no less than 15 per cent of the total marks for the qualification.

# Subject content (published by Department for Education)



# Sociology

**GCSE** subject content

**March 2016** 

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# The content for sociology GCSE

### Introduction

1. GCSE subject content sets out the knowledge, understanding and skills common to all GCSE specifications in a given subject. They provide the framework within which awarding organisations create the detail of the subject specifications.

# Aims and objectives

- 2. GCSE specifications in sociology should inspire and engage students through a challenging, broad, coherent and rigorous course of study. Students will develop a critical understanding and explore and debate contemporary social issues so that they are able to challenge everyday understandings of social phenomena from a sociological perspective. Specifications will develop students' ability to think sociologically in relation to their experience of the social world around them, so that they are better able to play a positive, active and informed role within society. The knowledge, understanding and skills developed through the study of GCSE sociology will also provide a basis for further study and career choices.
- 3. GCSE specifications in sociology must enable students to:
  - apply their sociological knowledge, understanding and skills to develop an understanding of relationships and tension between social structures and individual agency within a UK and global context
  - critically analyse information and use evidence in order to make informed arguments, reach substantiated judgements and draw conclusions
  - use and apply their knowledge and understanding of how social structures and processes influence social control, power and inequality
  - use sociological theories to understand social issues, debates, social changes and continuities over time
  - understand and evaluate sociological methodology and a range of research methods
  - use sociological terminology appropriately and make connections between the key areas of subject content

# Subject content

- 4. GCSE specifications in sociology:
  - must require students to study the content below in a UK context except where otherwise stated

 for each topic area in paragraph 6 specifications must require students to study, critically evaluate and compare and contrast theories or explanations, including the key features of each theory or explanation in the context of the specific topic and area of sociology

# Knowledge and understanding

## The sociological approach

- 5. GCSE specifications in sociology must require that through the study of the topics below students know and understand:
  - debates within sociology including conflict versus consensus
  - how sociological knowledge and ideas change over time and how these ideas inform our understanding of the social world
  - the contextualised work of key classical sociologists Durkheim, Marx and Weber referencing both their view of the world and their contribution to the development of the discipline as specified in paragraph 6
  - as outlined in paragraph 6, different sociological perspectives on social structures, social processes and social issues, including those informed by: functionalism, Marxism, interactionism and feminism and key arguments of each of the sociologists specified in the section
  - the interrelationships between the core areas of sociology
  - how to use sociological research methods outlined in paragraph 7 and how they apply to the contexts in paragraph 6
  - key sociological terms and concepts concerned with social structures, social
    processes and social issues and the explanation of social phenomena including:
    society, socialisation, norms, values, roles, labelling, discrimination, power and
    authority

## Social structures, social processes and social issues

6. GCSE specifications in sociology must require that students know and understand:

#### **Families**

- differing views of the functions of families including Parsons' functionalist perspective on primary socialisation and the stabilisation of adult personalities
- explanations of how family forms differ in the UK and within a global context nuclear, extended, reconstituted, lone parent, single sex, including the work of the Rapoports on family diversity
- different views of conjugal role relationships including joint and segregated, domestic division of labour, decision making/money management, dual career

- families, child rearing and leisure activities including the feminist perspective of Oakley on the idea of the conventional family
- how relationships within families have changed over time including the theory of the symmetrical family and the principle of stratified diffusion developed from the functionalist perspective of Willmott and Young
- different criticisms of families including isolation and unrealistic idealisation, loss of traditional functions, lack of contact with wider kinship networks, the status and role of women within families, marital breakdown, dysfunctional families and divorce including the work of Zaretsky on developments in families from a Marxist perspective and Delphy and Leonard's feminist critique of families

#### Education

- different views of the role and functions of education serving the needs of the
  economy, facilitating social mobility and fostering social cohesion including the
  functionalist perspective of Durkheim on education as the transmission of norms
  and values and Parsons on achieved status and the operation of schools on
  meritocratic principles
- different views of the correspondence principle on the relationship between education and capitalism as developed from a Marxist perspective by Bowles and Gintis
- factors affecting educational achievement such as social class, gender and ethnicity and including the work of Halsey on class based inequalities and Ball on parental choice and competition between schools
- processes within schools affecting educational achievement such as streaming, labelling and the self-fulfilling prophecy and including the work of Ball on teacher expectations and Willis on the creation of counter school cultures

### Crime and deviance

- the social construction of concepts of crime and deviance and explanations of crime and deviance anomie, labelling, structural theories, subcultural theories and interactionist theory, including the work of Merton on the causes of crime from a functionalist perspective and Becker from an interactionist perspective
- formal and informal methods of social control and unwritten rules and sanctions including the work of Heidensohn on female conformity in male dominated patriarchal societies
- factors affecting criminal and deviant behaviour including social class, gender, ethnicity and age including the work of Albert Cohen on delinquent subcultures and Carlen on women, crime and poverty
- the usefulness of the main sources of data on crime including the collection of official data on crime, patterns and trends in crime figures and the 'dark figure'

#### Social stratification

- different views of the functionalist theory of stratification including the work of Davis and Moore on effective role allocation and performance linked to the promise of rewards
- different views of socio-economic class including the work of Marx and Weber
- different views on factors affecting life chances including social class, gender, race and ethnicity, sexuality, age, disability, religion and belief including the work of Devine revisiting the idea of the affluent worker
- different interpretations of poverty as a social issue, the culture of poverty, material deprivation and the impact of globalisation including the work of Townsend on relative deprivation and Murray on the underclass
- different forms of power and authority: traditional, charismatic, rational-legal, formal and informal sources of power including the work of Weber on power and authority
- different views on factors affecting power relationships including social class, gender, sexuality, race, age, disability, religion and beliefs including the work of Walby on patriarchy

## Sociological research methods

- 7. GCSE specifications in sociology must require that students know and understand the following research methods, and understand how research methodology can be applied within the contexts listed in paragraph 6:
  - the processes involved in research design, including the establishment of appropriate aims and relevant hypotheses, the use of pilot studies, the selection of appropriate sampling methods, and the analysis of data
  - qualitative and quantitative methods including: questionnaires, interviews, observations
  - the value, application, and strengths and weaknesses of different methods
  - the usefulness of the mixed methods approach
  - the usefulness of different types of data, including qualitative and quantitative data, and official and non-official statistics
  - primary and secondary sources of data
  - how to interpret graphs, diagrams, charts and tables to discern patterns and trends in statistical data
  - practical issues, including time, cost and access
  - ethical issues, including consent, confidentiality and harm to participants and how the issues can be addressed

## **Skills**

- 8. GCSE specifications in sociology must require students to:
  - draw on information and evidence from different sources and demonstrate the ability to synthesise them
  - analyse and evaluate different research methods used in sociological investigations and assess, critically, the appropriateness of their use
  - analyse and evaluate information and evidence presented in different written, visual and numerical forms
  - apply their understanding to explore and debate the current sociological issues outlined in each of the topic areas above
  - use sociological theories and evidence to compare and contrast social issues, construct reasoned arguments and debates, make substantiated judgement and to draw conclusions
  - draw connections between the different topic areas studied
- 9. In addition, GCSE specifications will require students to:
  - demonstrate knowledge and understanding of key sociological theories by reading and responding to extracts which illustrate the different views of sociologists regarding the topics which have been studied. Students should be able to critically analyse and evaluate how the issues have been interpreted by these sociologists



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