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## Destinations of Leavers from UK Higher Education Institutions: Northern Ireland analysis – 2015/16

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#### Issued by:

Statistics and Research Branch Tertiary Education Department for the Economy Adelaide House 39-49 Adelaide Street Belfast BT2 8FD

#### Public Enquiries:

Statistics and Research Branch Tertiary Education (028) 90257753

Statistician:

## Kerry McColgan

Email: analyticalservices@economyni.gov.uk

#### Internet:

https://www.economyni.gov.uk/topics/statistics-andeconomic-research/highereducation-statistics This statistical bulletin has been produced by the Department for the Economy (DfE) and presents findings from the 2015/16 Destinations of Leavers from Higher Education (DLHE) survey. The survey is carried out approximately six months after the students graduate and this bulletin provides information on Northern Ireland (NI) domiciled students who qualified from UK Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) and all students who qualified from NI HEIs.

- 78.6% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs were in some sort of employment approximately six months after graduating.
- The mean salary of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment was  $\pounds 21,545$  in 2015/16, with a median of  $\pounds 21,000$ .
- Full-time leavers from NI HEIs (78.8%) were more likely to be in employment than leavers from English (73.9%), Scottish (73.3%) and Welsh (72.4%) HEIs.
- The employment rate of full-time leavers from NI HEIs varied depending on subject area studied. The rate was highest for those who studied Medicine & Dentistry (97.3%), Subjects Allied to Medicine (89.4%) or Education (86.9%); and lowest for Physical Sciences (54.2%) and Mathematical Sciences (63.2%).
- 88.1% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, whereas non-NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs were more likely to be in employment outside NI (61.7%).



## READER INFORMATION

Purpose	Monitor and report on 1) Destinations of NI domiciled leavers from Higher Education Institutions in the United Kingdom, and 2) Destinations of all leavers from Northern Ireland Higher Education Institutions.
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Feedback	As we want to engage with users of our statistics, we invite you to feedback your comments on this publication to:
	Michael MacNeill – <u>Michael.MacNeill@economy-ni.gov.uk</u> (Tel: 028 90 2 57897)
	Kerry McColgan – <u>Kerry.McColgan@economy-ni.gov.uk</u> (Tel: 028 90 2 57753)
	Andy Bannon – <u>Andrew.Bannon@economy-ni.gov.uk</u> (Tel: 028 90 2 57895)

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#### STATISTICS AND RESEARCH BRANCH (SRB)

Statistics and Research Branch (Tertiary Education) is responsible for the collection, quality assurance, analysis and publication of timely and accurate information derived from a wide range of statistical information returns supplied by the Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) and Further Education (FE) colleges across Northern Ireland (NI) and the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA). Statistical information is collected routinely from a variety of electronic individual level administrative system.

The Head of Branch is the Principal Statistician, Brian French. The Branch aims to present information in a meaningful way and provide advice on its uses to customers in the Economy Committee, FE colleges, universities, Professional Advisory Groups, policy branches within DfE, other educational organisations, academia, private sector organisations, charity/voluntary organisations, as well as the general public.

The statistical information collected is used to contribute to major exercises such as reporting on the performance of the Higher Education (HE) and FE sectors, other comparative performance exercises, target setting and monitoring, departmental research projects, development of service frameworks, as well as policy formulation and evaluation. In addition, the information is used in response to a significantly high volume of Assembly Questions and ad hoc queries each year.

Information is disseminated through a number of key statistical publications, including: HE enrolments; HE qualifications; Destinations of leavers from Higher Education (DLHE); FE activity; and Essential Skills enrolments and outcomes.

A detailed list of these publications is available from:

Website: <u>https://www.economy-ni.gov.uk/topics/statistics-and-economic-</u> research/higher-and-further-education-and-training-statistics

# Section 1 – Destinations of Northern Ireland (NI) domiciled leavers from UK Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in 2015/16

- Approximately six months after leaving, 63.1% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs were in full-time work, 11.1% in part-time work, 2.2% primarily in work and also studying and 2.2% primarily studying and also in work a total of 78.6% in some sort of employment (Table 1b).
- The employment rate of NI domiciled full-time leavers varied depending on subject area studied. The rate was highest for those who studied Medicine & Dentistry (95.2%) and lowest for those who studied Physical Sciences (54.2%) or Mathematical Sciences (65.0%). However, it is worth noting that 25.5% of leavers from Mathematical Sciences and 32.7% from Physical Sciences were engaged in further study only (Table 3b).
- Most NI domiciled leavers in employment who studied in Great Britain (GB) did not return to NI to work. A third (33.1%) of NI domiciled full-time leavers from GB HEIs in employment were employed in NI. The comparable figure for NI domiciled leavers from NI HEIs was 88.1% (Table 5d).
- The mean salary of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment was £21,545 in 2015/16, with a median of £21,000 (Table 7).

### Section 2 – Destinations of leavers from Northern Ireland (NI) Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in 2015/16

- Approximately six months after leaving, 63.2% of full-time leavers from NI HEIs were in full-time work, 11.1% were in part-time work, 2.2% primarily in work and also studying and 2.3% primarily studying and also in work a total of 78.8% in some sort of employment (Table 13b).
- The employment rate of full-time leavers from NI HEIs varied depending on subject area studied. The rate was highest for those who studied Medicine & Dentistry (97.3%), Subjects Allied to Medicine (89.4%) or Education (86.9%); and lowest for Physical Sciences (54.2%) and Mathematical Sciences (63.2%) (Table 16b).
- Full-time leavers from NI HEIs (78.8%) were more likely to be in employment than leavers from English (73.9%), Scottish (73.3%) and Welsh (72.4%) HEIs (Table 17b).
- 88.1% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, whereas non-NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs were more likely to be in employment outside NI (61.7%) (Table 18d).
- The mean salary of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was  $\pounds 21,090$  in 2015/16, with a median of  $\pounds 21,000$  (Table 20).

#### Coverage

This statistical bulletin has been produced by the Department for the Economy (DfE), Northern Ireland (NI) and presents findings from the 2015/16 Destinations of Leavers from Higher Education (DLHE) survey. The DLHE survey is carried out approximately six months after a student graduates from Higher Education (HE).

The coverage of the survey has been expanded to include additional HE qualifications and now includes non-EU domiciled leavers, where it was previously restricted to UK and European Union (EU) domiciled leavers only. Surveying these leavers was undertaken as a pilot from 2011/12, with a clear distinction that the information collected should not be published until carefully reviewed. These leavers are therefore excluded from this bulletin.

Additionally, there were leavers who obtained postgraduate research qualifications from dormant status (for example, those returning to submit a thesis or to retake exams during the reporting period). The destination outcomes of these leavers are considered to be materially different in nature to the outcomes of the other postgraduate research leavers included in the survey, so these leavers have been excluded.

For more information on the DLHE survey see the <u>notes and definitions</u> section. The statistics presented in this bulletin cover a range of topics including: the proportion of students who go into work or unemployment; the proportion of students who leave NI for employment; the average salary level of graduates; and the destinations of students from different subject areas and institutions.

#### **National Statistics**

The United Kingdom Statistics Authority (the Authority) has designated these statistics as National Statistics, in accordance with the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 and signifying compliance with the <u>Code of Practice</u> for Official Statistics.

National Statistics status means that Official Statistics meet the highest standards of trustworthiness, quality and public value.

All official statistics should comply with all aspects of the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. They are awarded National Statistics status following an assessment by the Authority's regulatory arm. The Authority considers whether the statistics meet the highest standards of Code compliance, including the value they add to public decisions and debate. Designation can be broadly interpreted to mean that the statistics: meet identified user needs; are well explained and readily accessible; are produced according to sound methods, and are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest.

Once statistics have been designated as National Statistics, it is a statutory requirement that the Code of Practice shall continue to be observed. It is DfE's responsibility to maintain compliance with the standards expected of National Statistics. If we become concerned about whether these statistics are still meeting the appropriate standards, we will discuss any concerns with the Authority promptly. National Statistics status can be

removed at any point when the highest standards are not maintained, and reinstated when standards are restored.

## Policy and Operational Context

The Minister for the Economy has responsibility within the NI Executive and to the NI Assembly for the NI Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) and their students; and for student support for NI domiciled students in NI and the rest of the UK. The Assembly's Economy Committee has a scrutiny role in regard to these issues.

There continues to be a lot of media interest in the HE sector and HE statistics. With changes in fee regimes throughout the UK, the effect of the economic recession and the potential impact of EU exit, the demand for HE is often in the spotlight.

It is within this context that DfE is implementing <u>Graduating to Success</u>, its Higher Education Strategy for NI, which aims to promote and sustain the development of an internationally competitive sector, accessible to all who are able to benefit, given the funding available, and meeting the needs of the NI economy and wider society. This bulletin forms part of the evidence base that shapes the future strategies and policies of DfE.

## Draft Programme for Government (PfG) Framework 2016-2021

In 2016, the Northern Ireland Executive published a consultation seeking views on the Draft PfG Framework for 2016-2021. The Draft Framework contains 14 strategic outcomes, which, taken together, set a clear direction of travel and enable continuous improvement on the essential components of societal wellbeing. The outcomes are supported by key indicators that can be used to measure the extent to which the outcome is being achieved. These will show how the Executive is performing in relation to the outcomes and will provide a basis to monitor progress and take corrective action.

The importance of Higher Education is recognised within this draft PfG: "A supply of high quality graduates is vital for economic success. Universities equip students with the skills and attributes needed for our local industries to compete on an international stage." Relevant to the DLHE publication is Outcome 6: "We have more people working in better jobs", with the measurement indicator - 'Proportion of local graduates from local institutions in professional or management occupations or in further study six months after graduation'. Performance against this indicator for 2015/16 is detailed in Section 2.2.2, with technical notes provided in guidance note 27.

Details of the indicator and historical performance against this are shown on page 85 of the PfG consultation document:

https://www.northernireland.gov.uk/sites/default/files/consultations/newnigov/pfgconsulation-document.PDF

## Data Collection

The information presented in this statistical bulletin is based on data supplied by the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA). HESA is the official agency for the collection of information on publicly funded HEIs in the UK. It was set up in 1993 following the White Paper *'Higher Education: a new framework'*, which called for more coherence in HE statistics. In this context, HEIs include all publicly-funded universities. The HESA data presented in this bulletin relate to students at HEIs in the UK and therefore do not include HE enrolments at FE colleges in NI or GB, or at institutions in the Republic of Ireland (Rol).

## Rounding Strategy

To prevent the identification of individuals, figures throughout the report are rounded to the nearest 5, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown. Percentages are based on unrounded figures. Percentages have also been rounded to one decimal place. More information on the rounding strategy can be found in the <u>notes and definitions</u> section.

## Data Quality

All information presented in this bulletin has been validated and quality assured by HEIs prior to publication. HEIs are given a set period of time to submit the information to the HESA. Following submission, both HESA and DfE perform a series of validation checks to ensure that information is consistent both within and across returns. Trend analyses are used to monitor annual variations and emerging trends. Queries arising from validation checks are presented to HEIs for clarification and, if required, returns may be amended and/or re-submitted. Finally, prior to publication, the data are presented to HEIs for a final sign-off. More detail is available via the link: <u>Quality of Higher Education Statistics</u>.

## Who will be interested?

The information presented in this statistical bulletin will be of interest to a wide variety of people. For example, the statistics within, and those derived from, this bulletin are currently used by DfE policy officials in their role of assisting and advising the Minister for the Economy to discharge his/her duties; by the NI Assembly and Economy Committee to scrutinise the HE sector; by other government agencies, such as NISRA, as a key indicator in the education domain of the NI Multiple Deprivation Measure (MDM) to monitor the destinations of teaching graduates; by prospective students to inform their choices around HE; by local businesses to quantify the supply of graduates in their business area; and by researchers and academics to try to understand the underlying trends in HE. Further details about the uses made of HE statistics can be found in the <u>notes and</u> <u>definitions</u> section.

## Future Changes to the DLHE Survey

Between July 2015 and June 2017, HESA conducted a major review of destinations and outcomes data, referred to as the NewDLHE review, which drew on extensive collaboration with experts from the HE sector, Government departments and beyond.

As a result, HESA has designed a new model for collecting information about what Higher Education (HE) students do after graduation. This model will capture rich, robust and

comprehensive data using a more efficient and future-proof methodology. Further details of the principles underpinning the model can be obtained on the <u>HESA website</u>.

In future, graduates will be surveyed by telephone or online approximately **15 months** after completing their studies. This timing gives graduates a more meaningful opportunity to progress in their post-graduation activities, while still being close enough to the point of completing their studies that high response rates should be achievable.

Following the completion of the review, HESA is now implementing the Graduate Outcomes survey collection to replace both the early and longitudinal DLHEs. The first wave of the new survey of graduates is planned to commence in December 2018, with the first data published in January 2020.

## Structure of Bulletin

The bulletin is divided into two sections. Section 1 focuses on the destinations of NI domiciled students who gained a qualification at HEIs in NI, England, Scotland or Wales. Section 2 concentrates on the destinations of all NI, GB and other EU students who gained a qualification at NI HEIs. Furthermore, it is clear from customer feedback, the nature of questions on HE asked in the NI Assembly, and coverage of HE issues in the local media, that these two aspects are of interest to readers.

#### **HE Activity Elsewhere**

Summary figures for the four UK administrations were published by HESA in their Statistical First Release (SFR) on 29<sup>th</sup> June 2017.

This SFR can be viewed at the following page - <u>https://www.hesa.ac.uk/news/29-06-2017/sfr245-destinations-of-leavers</u>

#### SECTION 1: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK Higher Education Institutions in 2015/16 (Tables 1a to 12b)

This section presents the findings for NI students who qualified from a HEI in NI, England, Scotland or Wales in 2015/16. Tables relating to this section can be found in <u>Annex 1</u>.

#### **1.1 Destinations approximately six months after leaving**

# **1.1.1 Destinations by mode, level, gender & location of institution – 2015/16 (Tables 1a-2b, Chart 1)**

#### Full-time leavers

- Approximately, six months after leaving, 63.1% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs were in full-time work, 11.1% in part-time work, 2.2% primarily in work and also studying and 2.2% primarily studying and also in work – a total of 78.6% in some sort of employment<sup>1</sup>.
- A further 11.3% of leavers were in full-time study, 0.6% in part-time study, 4.5% unemployed, 0.9% due to start work and 4.1% of leavers were engaged in other activities.
- <u>Gender</u> NI domiciled full-time male leavers (75.2%) were less likely to be in employment than their female counterparts (81.1%). Males (6.6%) were more likely to be unemployed than females (3.0%).
- Level of study –77.6% of NI domiciled full-time first degree leavers were in employment, compared with 58.7% of other undergraduate and 87.2% of postgraduate leavers. First degree (12.3%) and other undergraduate (23.1%) leavers were more likely to be in full-time study than postgraduate (4.2%) leavers (Chart 1).

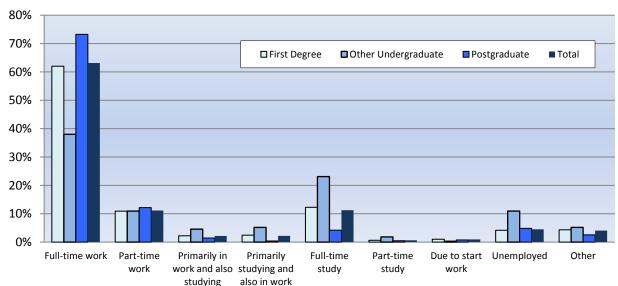


CHART 1: Destinations of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by level of study - 2015/16

<sup>1</sup> See definition point 18

Location of Institution – The employment rates of NI domiciled full-time leavers differ relatively little depending on the location of their institution; 78.9% of those from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 77.9% of those from English HEIs, 77.6% of those from Scottish HEIs and 78.8% of those from Welsh HEIs. Unemployment rates for NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs (4.9%) were similar to those from Welsh HEIs (5.8%) and slightly higher than those from English (3.5%) or Scottish (3.2%) HEIs.

## Part-time leavers

- Approximately, six months after leaving higher education, 68.8% of NI domiciled leavers from UK HEIs who had studied part-time were in full-time work, 10.1% in part-time work, 5.6% primarily in work and also studying and 2.2% primarily studying and also in work a total of 86.7% in employment.
- A further 3.7% of part-time leavers were in full-time study, 2.5% in part-time study, 2.3% unemployed, 0.5% due to start work and 4.4% of leavers were engaged in other activities.
- <u>Gender</u> –87.6% of NI domiciled male part-time leavers from UK HEIs were in employment compared with 86.1% of females. Males (73.3%) were more likely to be in full-time work only than females (65.6%), with females more likely to be in part-time work only (12.8%) than males (6.3%).
- <u>Level of study</u> –81.8% of NI domiciled part-time first degree leavers were in employment compared 81.7% of other undergraduate and 91.7% of postgraduate leavers. First degree (4.4%) leavers were more likely to be unemployed than either other undergraduate (1.7%) or postgraduate (1.4%) leavers.
- <u>Location of Institution</u><sup>2</sup> The employment rates of NI domiciled part-time leavers were relatively high across all locations of institutions; 86.5% of those from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 87.6% of those from English HEIs and 88.4% of those from Scottish HEIs.

## **1.1.2 Destinations by subject area studied (Tables 3a and 3b, Chart 2)**

#### Full-time leavers

 Chart 2 displays how the destinations of NI domiciled full-time leavers, approximately six months after leaving Higher Education, vary depending on the subject area studied<sup>3</sup>. The proportions in employment were highest for those who studied Medicine & Dentistry (95.2%), Education (88.8%) or Subjects Allied to Medicine (88.7%).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The number of NI domiciled part-time leavers from Welsh HEIs was too small to allow reliable comparison of employment and unemployment rate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The number of NI domiciled full-time leavers from 'Veterinary Sciences' and 'Combined Studies' were too small to allow reliable comparison of employment or unemployment.

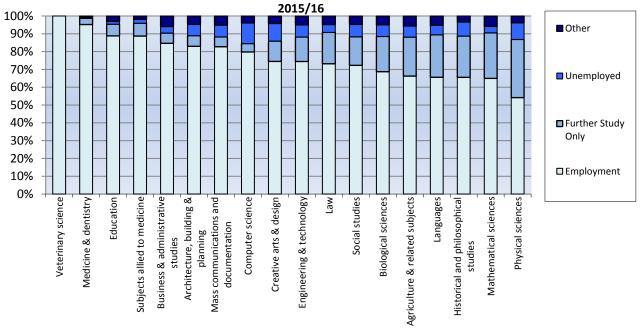


CHART 2: Destinations of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by subject area -

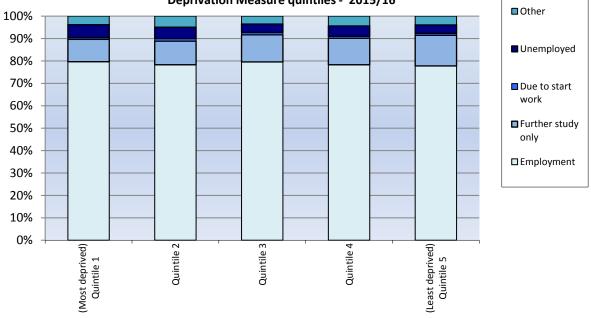
- The subject areas with the lowest proportion of NI domiciled full-time leavers in employment include Physical Sciences (54.2%), Mathematical Sciences (65.0%), Historical & Philosophical Studies (65.5%) and Languages (65.6%). However, it is worth noting that these subjects had some of the highest proportion of students going into further study only; for example, 32.7% of Physical Sciences leavers were in this category.
- The unemployment rates were highest for NI domiciled full-time leavers who studied Computer Science (9.9%), Creative Arts & Design (8.6%) or Physical Sciences (7.6%). An unemployment rate of 0.4% was recorded for Medicine & Dentistry leavers.
- The employment rate for NI domiciled full-time leavers who studied a Broad STEM related subject was 78.8%, whereas the employment rate for NI domiciled full-time leavers who studied a Narrow STEM related subject was 70.8%. However, Narrow STEM students were more likely to be in full-time study (15.5%) than Broad STEM students (11.5%).

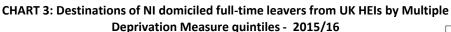
## **1.1.3 Destinations by multiple deprivation measure (Tables 4a and 4b, Chart 3)**

#### Full-time leavers

 The employment rate was relatively similar across multiple deprivation quintiles. Of all NI domiciled full-time leavers from the least deprived multiple deprivation area in NI (quintile 5) who studied at UK HEIs, 77.8% were in some form of employment, compared with 79.7% of leavers from quintile 1 (most deprived) and 78.3% of leavers from quintile 2.

- The unemployment rate was highest (5.9%) for NI domiciled full-time students from the most deprived multiple deprivation area in NI (quintile 1) and lowest for those in quintile 3 (3.8%) and quintile 5 (3.9%).
- NI domiciled full-time leavers in the least deprived multiple deprivation area in NI (quintile 5) who studied at UK HEIs were most likely to be in further study only (13.7%), compared with 9.9% for the most deprived multiple deprivation area in NI (quintile 1).





## **1.2 Employment**

Employment includes all those leavers in full-time work, part-time work, primarily in work and also studying, and primarily studying and also in work.

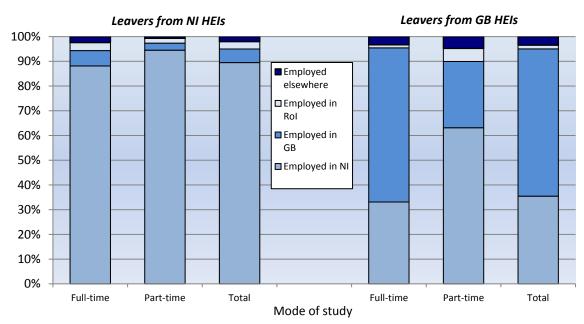
## **1.2.1 Location of Employment (Tables 5a-g, Chart 4)**

## Full-time leavers

- Of those NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in employment approximately six months after leaving, 71.8% were employed in NI, 22.9% in GB, 2.6% in Rol and 2.7% elsewhere.
- Location of institution<sup>4</sup> Large differences were observed between those who studied in NI and those who studied in GB. Most NI domiciled leavers in employment who studied in Great Britain (GB) did not return to NI to work. A third (33.1%) of NI domiciled full-time leavers from GB HEIs in employment were employed in NI (with 62.3% employed in GB, 1.2% in Rol and 3.3% elsewhere). The comparable figures for NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs were 88.1% employed in NI, 6.2% in GB, 3.2% in Rol and 2.4% elsewhere.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Excludes Open University (OU) as they are all part-time for NI domiciled leavers.

# CHART 4: Location of employment of NI domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and location of institution - 2015/16



- <u>Gender</u> 72.5% of NI domiciled full-time female leavers from UK HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 70.9% of males.
- <u>Level of study</u> –73.6% of NI domiciled full-time first degree leavers from UK HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 75.1% of other undergraduates and 63.9% of postgraduates.

#### Part-time leavers

- The majority (90.9%) of NI domiciled part-time leavers from UK HEIs in employment after approximately six months were employed in NI, 5.6% in GB, 2.3% in Rol and 1.2% elsewhere.
- <u>Location of institution</u> 94.5% of NI domiciled part-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 63.2% of NI domiciled part-time leavers from GB HEIs.
- <u>Gender</u> 91.9% of NI domiciled part-time female leavers from UK HEIs in employment were employed in NI compared with 89.4% of males.
- <u>Level of study</u> 92.0% of NI domiciled part-time first degree leavers from UK HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 96.1% of other undergraduates and 88.1% of postgraduates.

## **1.2.2 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) (Tables 6a and 6b)**

### Full-time leavers

- Of those in employment approximately six months after leaving UK HEIs, 75.5% of NI domiciled full-time leavers had taken up positions in SOC groups 1-3 (Managers & Senior Officials, Professional Occupations or in Associate Professional & Technical Occupations).
- <u>Gender</u> Among NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in employment, males (75.8%) were as likely as females (75.3%) to be employed in SOC groups 1-3.
- <u>Level of study</u> 73.2% of NI domiciled full-time first degree leavers in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3, compared with 43.5% of other undergraduates and 89.4% of postgraduates.

#### Part -time leavers

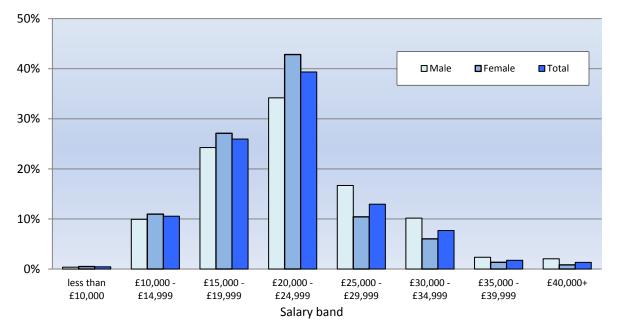
- Of those in employment approximately six months after leaving UK HEIs, 87.8% of NI domiciled part-time leavers had taken up positions in SOC groups 1-3 (Managers & Senior Officials, Professional Occupations or in Associate Professional & Technical Occupations).
- <u>Gender</u> NI domiciled part-time males (89.7%) in employment were slightly more likely to be employed in SOC groups 1-3 than their female counterparts (86.5%).
- <u>Level of study</u> 72.1% of NI domiciled part-time first degree leavers in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3, compared with 86.3% of other undergraduates and 96.1% of postgraduates.

## **1.2.3 Salary of those in Full-time employment (Tables 7 - 10, Chart 5)**

Salary is not a mandatory question in the DLHE survey resulting in a high non-response rate. Leavers in full-time employment whose salary was unknown have been excluded from the analysis; this represents 40.0% of those NI domiciled respondents in full-time employment. **Caution should therefore be taken when using these figures.** 

#### Full-time leavers

- Approximately six months after leaving, the mean salary of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment was £21,545 with a median of £21,000.
- <u>Gender</u> NI domiciled full-time male leavers in full-time employment had a mean salary of £22,425 (median - £22,000). The equivalent figure for females was £20,955 (median - £21,000).



#### CHART 5: Salary band of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment by gender - 2015/16

- <u>Level of study</u> The mean salary of NI domiciled full-time first degree leavers in full-time employment was £21,250 (median £21,000), compared with £18,470 for other undergraduates (median £18,000) and £23,145 for postgraduates (median £22,000).
- Location of institution NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment had a mean salary of £20,970 (median - £21,000). The equivalent figure for NI domiciled full-time leavers from GB HEIs was £22,755 (median -£22,000).
- Location of employment The mean salary of NI domiciled full-time leavers in full-time employment in NI was £20,370 (median £20,000). NI domiciled full-time leavers in full-time employment in GB had a mean salary of £24,335 (median £23,000). This difference is consistent with findings from NISRA's NI Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings (ASHE). This survey reports that in April 2016 full-time employees in NI had the fourth lowest median gross weekly earnings across the twelve UK regions at approximately 91.9% of the UK figure.
- <u>Standard Occupational Classification</u> The mean salary of NI domiciled full-time first degree leavers in full-time employment was lowest for those in the Caring, leisure and other service classification (average £14,465, median £14,000) and Elementary occupations classification (average £14,675, median £14,000) and highest for those in Managers, directors and senior officials (average £23,375, median £21,000) and Professional occupations (average £23,200, median £22,000) classifications.

## Part-time leavers

- It is worth noting that many part-time leavers would have been in employment prior to and during their studies, which may give an inflated mean and median salary for part-time leavers.
- Approximately six months after leaving, the mean salary of NI domiciled part-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment was £31,950 (median £29,000).
- <u>Gender</u> NI domiciled part-time male leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment had a mean salary of £35,275 (median £30,000). The equivalent figure for females was £29,345 (median £28,000).
- <u>Level of study</u> The mean salary of NI domiciled part-time first degree leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment was £26,330 (median £25,000), compared with £27,285 for other undergraduates (median £25,000) and £36,260 for postgraduates (median £33,000).

## **1.3 Further Study (Tables 11a - 12b)**

Further study includes all those leavers primarily in work and also studying, primarily in study and also in work, full-time study and part-time study.

## Full-time Leavers

- Just under a fifth (16.2%) of NI domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs were in further study approximately six months after leaving. Of these, 76.0% were studying for a postgraduate qualification, 11.0% for a first degree, 2.4% for other diplomas or certificates, 6.2% for a professional qualification, 3.2% for other qualifications and 0.6% were not aiming for a qualification.
- <u>Level of study</u> 17.6% of NI domiciled full-time first-degree leavers from UK HEIs were in further study compared with 34.7% of other undergraduates and 6.5% of postgraduates. Of those in further study, first degree leavers were most likely to be studying for a postgraduate qualification (80.5%); other undergraduates were most likely to be studying for a first degree (78.1%) and postgraduates were most likely to be studying for another postgraduate qualification (84.2%).

# SECTION 2: Destinations of leavers from Northern Ireland Higher Education Institutions in 2015/16 (Tables 13a to 25b)

This section presents the findings for students who qualified from a NI HEI in 2015/16. Tables relating to this section can be found in <u>Annex 1</u>.

#### 2.1 Destinations approximately six months after leaving

#### 2.1.1 Destinations by mode, level, gender, domicile and institution (Tables 13a-15b, Chart 6)

#### Full-time leavers

- Approximately six months after leaving, 63.2% of full-time leavers from NI HEIs were in full-time work, 11.1% were in part-time work, 2.2% primarily in work and also studying and 2.3% primarily studying and also in work a total of 78.8% in some sort of employment.
- An additional 11.0% of leavers were in full-time study, 0.7% in part-time study, 4.9% unemployed, 0.9% due to start work and 3.8% of leavers were engaged in other activities.
- <u>Gender</u> approximately six months after leaving, 75.3% of full-time male leavers from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 81.4% of females. Males (7.2%) were more likely to be unemployed than females (3.2%).
- <u>Level of study</u> approximately six months after leaving, 78.1% of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 56.4% of other undergraduates and 85.7% of postgraduates. First degree leavers (11.9%) and other undergraduates (21.1%) were more likely than postgraduates (4.7%) to be in full-time study.

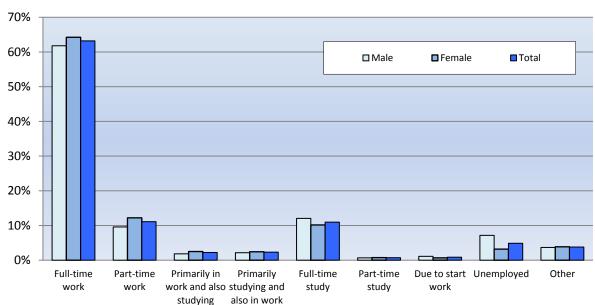


CHART 6: Destinations of full-time leavers from NI HEIs by gender - 2015/16

- <u>Country of domicile<sup>5</sup></u> NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs were more likely to be in employment approximately six months after leaving (78.9%) than GB domiciled (69.1%), but less likely to be in employment than RoI domiciled (85.5%) full-time leavers from NI HEIs.
- <u>Institution</u> Full-time leavers from Ulster University (UU) (82.4%) were more likely to be in employment approximately six months after leaving than those from Stranmillis University College (76.8%), Queen's University, Belfast (QUB) (75.6%) and St Mary's University College (70.6%).

St Mary's (19.6%) and Stranmillis (16.2%) full-time leavers were more likely to undertake full-time study than those from QUB (14.2%) and UU (7.2%). The unemployment rate of full-time leavers was highest at UU (5.7%) and QUB (4.5%), while St Mary's (1.5%) and Stranmillis (0.4%) experienced the lowest rates.

#### Part-time leavers

- Of all part-time leavers from NI HEIs approximately six months after leaving, 69.2% were in full-time work, 9.9% in part-time work, 5.9% primarily in work and also studying and 2.4% primarily studying and also in work – a total of 87.3% in employment.
- The rest of the part-time leavers from NI HEIs were in full-time study (3.4%), in part-time study (2.4%), unemployed (2.4%) or due to start work (0.5%), with 4.0% of leavers engaged in other activities.
- <u>Gender</u> approximately six months after leaving, 88.6% of part-time male leavers from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 86.5% of females. Males (74.0%) were more likely to be in full-time work only than females (66.1%), with females more likely to be in part-time work only (12.4%) than males (6.1%).
- <u>Level of study</u> approximately six months after leaving, 81.6% of part-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 83.8% of other undergraduates and 92.1% of postgraduates. First degree leavers (4.8%) were more likely to be unemployed than other undergraduates (1.3%) and postgraduates (1.6%).
- <u>Country of domicile</u> GB domiciled (92.5%) and Rol domiciled (91.1%) part-time leavers from NI HEIs were more likely to be in employment, approximately six months after leaving, than NI domiciled (86.5%) part-time leavers from NI HEIs.
- <u>Institution<sup>6</sup></u> Part-time leavers from UU (91.1%), QUB (86.0%) and Open University (OU)<sup>7</sup> (78.2%) were more likely to be in employment approximately six months after leaving than those from Stranmillis (44.2%); Stranmillis (38.5%) part-time leavers were more likely to undertake full-time study than those from QUB (3.3%), UU (2.3%) and OU (2.9%).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> The number of leavers from 'Other EU' countries was too small to allow reliable comparison of employment or unemployment.

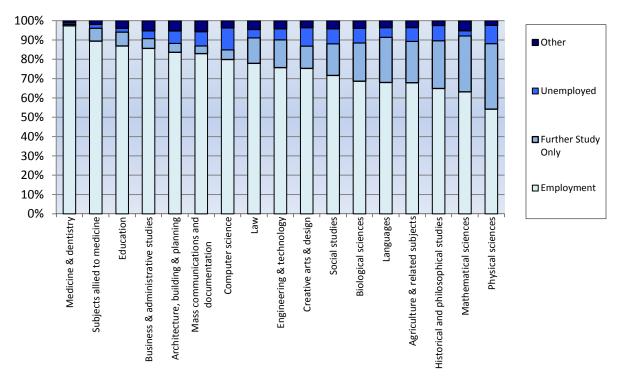
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The number of part-time leavers from St Mary's University College was too small to allow reliable comparison of employment or full-time study.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> OU leavers here include all those who graduated from OU where the national centre is located in NI.

## 2.1.2 Destinations by subject area studied (Tables 16a and 16b, Chart 7)

#### Full-time leavers

- Approximately six months after leaving, the subject areas with the highest proportion of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were Medicine & Dentistry (97.3%), Subjects Allied to Medicine (89.4%) and Education (86.9%).
- The subject areas with the lowest proportion of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were Physical Sciences (54.2%), Mathematical Sciences (63.2%) and Historical & Philosophical Studies (64.9%). However, these subjects had some of the highest proportion of leavers going into further study only. For example, 33.9% of Physical Sciences students were recorded in this category.
- The unemployment rate was highest for full-time leavers from NI HEIs who studied Computer Science (9.6%), Creative Arts & Design (8.5%) or Physical Sciences (8.0%). An unemployment rate of 0.4% was recorded for Medicine & Dentistry leavers.





 The employment rate for full-time leavers from NI HEIs who had studied a Broad STEM related subject was 79.2%, whereas the employment rate for full-time leavers from NI HEIs who studied a Narrow STEM subject was 71.7%. However, Narrow STEM students (16.0%) were more likely than Broad STEM students (11.7%) to be in further study only.

## **2.1.3 Destinations - UK comparison (Tables 17a and 17b)**

### Full-time leavers

- Full-time leavers from NI HEIs were more likely to be in employment approximately six months after leaving (78.8%) than leavers from English (73.9%), Scottish (73.3%) and Welsh (72.4%) HEIs. However, full-time leavers from NI HEIs (4.9%) were also slightly more likely to be unemployed than their counterparts from English (4.3%), Welsh (4.3%) and Scottish (4.2%) HEIs.
- Full-time leavers from NI HEIs (11.0%) were less likely to be in full-time study than those from Welsh (17.5%), Scottish (17.3%) or English (15.6%) HEIs.

#### Part-time leavers

- A total of 87.3% of part-time leavers from NI HEIs were in employment, compared with 87.5% from WeIsh HEIs, 84.3% from English HEIs and 83.6% from Scottish HEIs.
- Unemployment levels among part-time leavers from NI HEIs (2.4%) were similar to those from English (2.3%), Scottish (2.0%) and Welsh (1.6%) HEIs.

## **2.2 Employment**

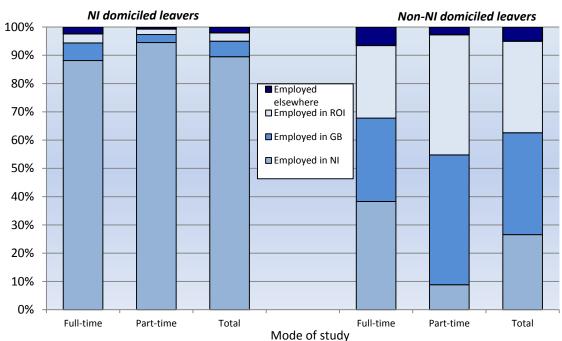
Employment includes all those leavers in full-time work, part-time work, primarily in work and also studying, primarily studying and also in work.

## **2.2.1 Location of Employment (Tables 18a-g, Chart 8)**

#### Full-time leavers

- Of those full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment approximately six months after leaving, 84.6% were employed in NI, 7.9% in GB, 4.8% in RoI and 2.7% elsewhere.
- <u>Country of domicile</u> A total of 88.1% of NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, 6.2% in GB, 3.2% in Rol and 2.4% elsewhere. The comparable figures for non-NI domiciled leavers from NI HEIs are 38.3% employed in NI, 29.5% in GB, 25.7% in Rol and 6.5% elsewhere.
- <u>Gender</u> 86.0% of full-time female leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 82.6% of males.
- <u>Level of study</u> 86.1% of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 94.8% of other undergraduates and 77.1% of postgraduates.

## CHART 8: Location of employment of leavers from NI HEIs by mode and domicile - 2015/16



## Part-time leavers

- Around four-fifths (81.1%) of part-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment after approximately six months were employed in NI, 9.6% were employed in GB, 8.3% in Rol and 1.0% elsewhere.
- <u>Country of domicile</u> 94.5% of NI domiciled part-time leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 8.8% of non-NI domiciled part-time leavers from NI HEIs.
- <u>Gender</u> 82.5% of part-time male leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 80.2% of females.
- <u>Level of study</u> 89.3% of part-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in NI, compared with 80.9% of other undergraduates and 77.4% of postgraduates.

## 2.2.2 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) (Tables 19a-19c)

## Full-time leavers

• Of those in employment approximately six months after leaving, 74.9% of full-time leavers from NI HEIs had taken up positions in SOC groups 1-3 (Managers & Senior Officials, Professional Occupations or in Associate Professional & Technical Occupations).

- <u>Gender</u> 75.6% of full-time male and 74.4% of full-time female leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3.
- <u>Level of study</u> 73.1% of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3, compared with 35.7% of other undergraduates and 86.8% of postgraduates.

### Part-time leavers

- Of those in employment, 88.5% of part-time leavers from NI HEIs took up positions in SOC groups 1-3 (Managers & Senior Officials, Professional Occupations or in Associate Professional & Technical Occupations).
- <u>Gender</u> 90.2% of part-time male and 87.3% of part-time female leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3.
- <u>Level of study</u> 72.1% of part-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in employment were employed in SOC groups 1-3, compared with 88.4% of other undergraduates and 96.0% of postgraduates.

#### Draft PfG Indicator

The Higher Education indicator linked to Outcome 6 of the draft PfG: "We have more people working in better jobs" relates to the proportion of local graduates from local institutions in professional or management occupations (SOC groups 1-3) or in further study six months after graduation<sup>8</sup>.

The proportion of NI domiciled students leaving NI HEIs in 2015/16 who were working in such destinations approximately six months after graduation was 72.5%.

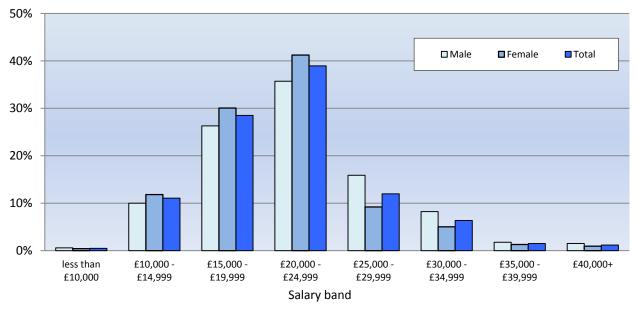
## **2.2.3 Salary of those in Full-time employment (Tables 20-23, Chart 9)**

Salary is not a mandatory question in the DLHE survey, resulting in a high non-response rate. Leavers in full-time employment whose salary was unknown have been excluded from the analysis; this represents 43.5% of those respondents from NI HEIs in full-time employment. **Caution should therefore be taken when using these figures**.

#### Full-time leavers

- Approximately six months after leaving, the mean salary of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was £21,090, with a median of £21,000.
- <u>Gender</u> Full-time male leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment had a mean salary of £21,775 (median £21,000). The equivalent figure for females was £20,605 (median £21,000).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See definition point 27



## CHART 9: Salary band of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment by gender - 2015/16

- <u>Level of study</u> The mean salary of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was £20,765 (median £21,000), compared with £16,759 for other undergraduates (median £16,000) and£22,975 for postgraduates (median £22,000).
- <u>Country of domicile</u> NI domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment had a mean salary of £20,970 (median £21,000). The equivalent figure for GB domiciled full-time leavers from NI HEIs was £24,630 (median £23,000), although the GB domiciled figures are based on small numbers.
- Location of employment The mean salary of full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment in NI was £20,470 (median £20,000). Full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment in GB had a mean salary of £26,170 (median £25,000). This difference is consistent with findings from NISRA's NI annual survey of hours and earnings. This survey reports that in April 2016 full-time employees in NI had the fourth lowest median gross weekly earnings across the twelve UK regions at approximately 91.9% of the UK figure.
- <u>Standard Occupational Classification</u> The mean salary of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was lowest for those in the Caring, leisure and other service classification (mean - £14,185, median - £14,000) and highest for those in the Manager and senior officials classification (mean -£22,755, median - £21,000).

## Part-time leavers

• It is worth noting that many part-time leavers would have been in employment prior to and during their studies, which may give an inflated mean and median salary for part-time leavers.

- Approximately six months after leaving, the mean salary of part-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was £30,330 (median £28,500).
- <u>Gender</u> Part-time male leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment had a mean salary of  $\pounds$ 32,245 (median  $\pounds$ 30,000). The equivalent figure for females was  $\pounds$ 28,930 (median  $\pounds$ 28,000).
- <u>Level of study</u> The mean salary of part-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment was £25,940 (median £25,000), compared with £26,820 for other undergraduates (median- £25,000) and £33,940 for postgraduates (median £32,000).

## **2.3 Further Study (Tables 24a – 25b)**

Further study includes all those leavers primarily in work and also studying, primarily in study and also in work, full-time study and part-time study.

## Full-time leavers

- Around a sixth (16.2%) of full-time leavers from NI HEIs were in further study approximately six months after leaving. Of these, 77.4% were studying for a postgraduate qualification, 10.0% for a first degree, 1.9% for other diplomas or certificates, 5.8% for a professional qualification, 3.4% for other qualifications and 0.8% were not aiming for a qualification.
- <u>Level of study</u> 17.5% of full-time first-degree leavers from NI HEIs were in further study compared with 34.3% of other undergraduates and 7.0% of postgraduates. Of those in further study, first degree leavers were most likely to be studying for a postgraduate qualification (81.1%), while other undergraduates were most likely to be studying for a first degree qualification (80.0%) and postgraduates were most likely to be studying for another postgraduate qualification (84.9%).

#### General

- This statistical bulletin has been produced by the Department for the Economy (DfE), Northern Ireland (NI), using data collected by the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA) through the annual Destination of Leavers from Higher Education (DLHE) survey. The DLHE survey is carried out approximately six months after students leave Higher Education (HE).
- 2. The bulletin is divided into two sections. Section 1 focuses on destinations of NI domiciled students who gained qualifications at Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) in NI, England, Scotland and Wales (UK) and Section 2 concentrates on destinations of all students who gained qualifications at NI HEIs. NI domiciled students at NI HEIs are included in both sections, accounting for 72.2% of the Section 1 population and 89.7% of the Section 2 population.
- 3. The data presented in this bulletin are based on data supplied by the Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA). HESA is the official agency for the collection of information on publicly funded UK HEIs. It was set up in 1993 following the white paper '*Higher Education: a new framework*', which called for more coherence in HE statistics. HEIs include all publicly funded universities. HESA data do not include enrolments at Further Education (FE) colleges in NI or GB, or enrolments at institutions in the Republic of Ireland (Rol).
- From the 2014/15 academic year onwards, DfE no longer counts Open University (OU) as a wholly English institution, but splits it between England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales, depending on the location of the national centre.
- 5. Salary question In 2014/15, the questions asked to ascertain salary information changed. Whereas previously, leavers were asked for their annual salary, from 2014/15 they were able to report their salary in one of a variety of time frames (for example, annually, monthly, weekly, hourly or other salary). HESA uses this information (alongside the leaver's reported number of hours worked) to calculate an annual salary for each leaver. While this was a positive change to the survey, allowing for greater accuracy for leavers who only know their hourly or weekly salary, data quality issues were noticed. Investigations into the data revealed that some leavers have quite likely reported a salary against an incorrect time-frame. An example of this is a leaver reporting a true annual salary of £25,000, yet being paid in monthly blocks and inaccurately reporting this as a monthly salary. HESA would then multiply the £25,000 by 12 to report an inaccurate salary of £300,000. Instances of these types of inaccuracies are very low, and data investigations reveal the overall impact on average salary is low. HESA decided therefore to include all responses within average salary calculations. This can be reviewed further as part of our revisions policy.
- 6. Target population The HESA DLHE report's target population includes all UK and European Union (EU) domiciled leavers at UK HEIs who obtained relevant qualifications (see note 8) reported to HESA for the reporting period 1st August 2015 to 31st July 2016. The coverage of the survey was expanded to include additional HE qualifications and now includes non-EU domiciled leavers as part of a pilot. Surveying

these leavers was undertaken with a clear distinction that the information collected should not be published until carefully reviewed.

- 7. Exclusions The population for this DLHE bulletin does not represent the full cohort of leavers during the reporting period; examples of those excluded from the target population are listed below:
  - Leavers qualifying with professional qualifications (for example, associate membership or membership of a body such as the Institute of Bankers) or certain undergraduate diplomas and certificates (other than foundation degrees, HND, DipHE, HNC and CertHE)
  - Non-EU domiciled leavers
  - Leavers whose mode of study was recorded as dormant during the reporting period (for example, students submitting a thesis and students retaking exams during the reporting period).
- 8. Response rate Of all NI domiciled leavers from UK HEIs for whom DLHE information was expected, 80.0% responded (81.6% of full-time and 73.1% of part-time leavers); and for all leavers from NI HEIs for whom DLHE information was expected, 79.6% responded (82.3% of full-time and 71.0% of part-time leavers).
- 9. Not Known Responses of not known have been included in the tables, but have been excluded for calculating percentages in the analysis.
- 10. The survey dates for the 2015/16 DLHE return were 14 April 2016 (if the leaver obtained the qualification between 1 August 2015 and 31 December 2015) and 12 January 2017 (if the leaver obtained the qualification between 1 January 2016 and 31 July 2016).
- 11. Leaver's Activities In the DLHE survey, leavers are able to report what they are doing in relation to both employment and study. Eligible respondents were able to report up to eight individual activities, of which one must be indicated to be the 'most important'. These activities are used to derive a category for publication that reflects the range of activities undertaken.

Leavers identified as ineligible, or who have explicitly refused to provide information, are grouped for publication as 'Ineligibility or explicit refusal'. All other respondents are categorised according to their range of activities as follows:

### Derived Activity Categories for DLHE Publication 2015/16

	If any other activity	Devised estivity Ostadow
Most important activity	If any other activity	Derived activity Category
(Only one category indicated	includes	(Student's most important activity is
here by the student)	(Student also indicates	combined with other activities and
	other activities they are	used to derive these categories for
	involved in)	publication purposes).
Working full-time (including	Engaged in full-time	Primarily in work and
self-employed/freelance,	study, training or	also studying
voluntary or other unpaid	research OR	also studying
work, developing a	Engaged in part-time	
professional	further study, training or	
portfolio/creative practice or	research	
on an internship)	Otherwise	Full-time work
Working part-time (including	Engaged in full-time	Primarily in work and
self-employed/freelance,	study, training or	also studying
voluntary or other unpaid	research OR	also studying
work, developing a	Engaged in part-time	
professional	further study, training or	
portfolio/creative practice or	research	
on an internship)	Otherwise	Part-time work
Unemployed and looking for		Unemployed
work		
Due to start a job in the next	Working full-time	Full-time work
month	Engaged in full-time	Full-time study
	further study, training or	
	research,	
	provided that Working	
	full-time has not been	
	selected.	
	Working part-time,	Part-time work
	provided that Working	
	full-time AND	
	Engaged in full-time	
	further study, training or	
	research	
	have not been selected.	
	Otherwise	Due to start work
Engaged in full-time further	Working full-time OR	Primarily studying
study, training or research	Working part-time	and also in work
	Otherwise	Full-time study
Engaged in part-time further	Working full-time OR	Primarily studying
study, training or research	Working part-time	and also in work
	Otherwise	Part-time study
Taking time out in order to		Other
travel		
Something else		

12.UK comparison – Comparative data for England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland can be downloaded from the HESA website at the following page: <u>https://www.hesa.ac.uk/news/29-06-2017/sfr245-destinations-of-leavers</u>

- 13. Further statistics on the NI higher education sector, including enrolments, qualifications gained and various higher education fact sheets can be downloaded from the Department's website: <u>https://www.economy-ni.gov.uk/topics/statistics-andeconomic-research/higher-education-statistics</u>
- 14. Quality of HE statistics Information on the collection, validation and quality assurance of HE data and statistics, and the quality guidance used in managing the production of HE statistics can be accessed from the following link <u>https://www.economy-ni.gov.uk/articles/quality-higher-education-statistics</u>

## 15. Uses made of HE statistics

This bulletin is disseminated direct to approximately 50 users. It is also published on the Department's website and can be accessed through a link on the UK National Statistics GOV.UK publication hub

(<u>https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics</u>) using a filter of 'higher education' as the policy area and 'Department for the Economy' as the department. Users include policy colleagues in DfE, academics, researchers, members of the public, the NI Assembly, other government departments and other interested parties and individuals.

The bulletin and further analysis of the data provide an evidence base that is used in a number of DfE policies, strategies and reviews. Some examples are:

- Performance for Government (PfG)
- Industrial Strategy
- DfE's Higher Education Strategy
- DfE's Widening Participation Strategy
- DfE's STEM Strategy

Further details on these strategies are available from the DfE website: <u>https://www.economy-ni.gov.uk/topics/higher-education</u>

In addition, HE data are used within other NI departments and their agencies. Some examples are:

- NISRA as a key indicator in the Education Domain of the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure.
- Invest NI to quantify the supply of graduates for potential inward investment to NI

Approximately 200 HE statistical enquiries per year are received by the Department from various sources. These include requests for further breakdowns of enrolments, qualifications and destinations data.

In addition, approximately 20 assembly questions (either written or oral), relating to HE data, are received by the Department each year.

16. **Rounding Strategy** - DfE conforms to HESA rounding strategy. Due to the provisions of the Data Protection Act 1998 and the Human Rights Act 1998, HESA (and therefore DfE) implements a strategy in published and released tabulations designed to prevent

the disclosure of personal information about any individual. This strategy involves rounding all numbers to the nearest multiple of 5 and suppressing percentages and averages based on small populations.

A full list of the HESA rounding strategy is as follows:

- 0, 1 and 2 are rounded to 0
- All other numbers are rounded to the nearest multiple of 5
- Percentages based on fewer than 22.5 individuals are suppressed
- Averages based on fewer individuals are also suppressed
- Percentages and averages are based on unrounded figures
- Percentages are rounded to one decimal point
- Full-time equivalent (FTE) data are not rounded
- Financial data are not rounded

Total figures are also subject to this rounding methodology; so the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

## Definitions

- 17.HE students for the purpose of HESA's data collection are those students on courses for which the level of instruction is above that of level 3 of the Qualifications and Curriculum Authority (QCA) National Qualifications Framework (NQF) (for example, courses at the level of Certificate of HE and above).
- 18.Qualifiers in employment include those in full-time work, part-time work, primarily in work and also studying, and primarily studying and also in work.
- 19. Relevant qualifications for inclusion in the 2015/16 DLHE return are listed below:

## Postgraduate

Doctorate degrees; Postgraduate Certificates in Education; Other Postgraduate qualifications (including masters degrees); other postgraduate qualifications obtained primarily through advanced supervised research; Masters of Business Administration (MBA); pre-registration masters degrees and other taught qualifications at level M leading towards obtaining eligibility to register to practice with a health or social care or veterinary statutory regulatory body; postgraduate bachelor's degrees at level M; and other taught qualifications at level M including those leading towards registration with the Architects Registration Board (Part 2 qualification).

## First degree

Integrated undergraduate/postgraduate taught masters degrees on the enhanced/extended pattern, and first degrees with honours on the enhanced/extended pattern at level H; first degrees with honours/ordinary first degrees (including those leading to qualified teacher status (QTS)/registration with a General Teaching Council (GTC), but excluding those from the intercalated pattern); first degrees with honours leading towards registration with the Architects Registration Board (Part 1 qualification); pre-registration first degrees with honours/ordinary first degrees leading towards obtaining eligibility to register to

practice with a health or social care or veterinary statutory regulatory body; first degrees with honours and diploma; and postgraduate bachelor's degrees at level H.

Other undergraduate

Foundation degrees; graduate diplomas/certificates at level H; other qualifications at level H, including those leading towards registration with the Architects Registration Board (Part 2 qualification); graduate diplomas/certificates at level I; Diplomas of Higher Education (DipHE), including those leading towards obtaining eligibility to register to practice with a health or social care or veterinary statutory regulatory body; Higher National Diplomas (HND); Certificates of Higher Education (CertHE); and Higher National Certificates (HNC).

- 20. Domicile refers to a student's permanent place of residence prior to enrolment on an HE course.
- 21. For the purposes of the DLHE, GB includes England, Scotland, Wales, Guernsey, Jersey and the Isle of Man.
- 22.0ccupation

In 2011, HESA adopted the SOC2010 Standard Occupational Classification (which replaced SOC2000) for comparability of sector data with other areas of the economy. A variant of the SOC2010 was created for the coding of occupational information collected in the DLHE survey. The classification is termed SOC2010 (DLHE) and details are available from the HESA website:

https://www.hesa.ac.uk/support/documentation/occupational/soc2010

- 23. Mode of study distinguishes students studying full-time or part-time:
  - I. Full-time includes full-time and sandwich modes, plus those writing-up where the mode of study was previously full-time, and students changing to dormant status where the mode of study was previously full-time.
  - II. Part-time includes those studying part-time, full-time for less than 24 weeks in the academic year, block release or studying during the evenings, plus those writing-up theses where the mode of study was previously part-time.
- 24. Further study relates to those primarily in work and also studying, primarily studying and also in work, in full-time study and in part-time study.
- 25. Further study only relates to those in either full-time study or part-time study.
- 26. Broad STEM includes the following subject areas: Medicine & Dentistry; Subjects allied to Medicine; Biological Sciences; Veterinary Sciences; Agriculture & related subjects; Physical Sciences; Mathematical Sciences; Computer Science; Engineering & Technology; and Architecture, Building & Planning.

Narrow STEM is a subset of Broad STEM and includes the following subject areas: Biological Sciences; Physical Sciences; Mathematical Sciences; Computer Science; and Engineering & Technology.

The analysis presented in section 1.1.3 utilises five groups (quintiles) of Super Output Areas (SOAs) across Northern Ireland. These five groups are determined based on level of deprivation using the Northern Ireland Multiple Deprivation Measure (NIMDM). SOA is determined using the postcode provided on the enrolment record.

SOAs ranked 1 to 178 are the most deprived quintile relative to all other SOAs. Those ranked 713 to 890 are the most affluent relative to all other SOAs.

NIMDM 2010 is a weighted combination of the seven domains of deprivation. The Income and Employment Deprivation domains account for nearly 50% of the multiple deprivation measure. The Health Deprivation and Disability Domain, and Education, Skills and Training Deprivation Domain account for a further 30% and the remainder is made up of the Proximity to Services, Living Environment and Crime & Disorder Domains.

For further details on deprivation measurement in Northern Ireland please follow this link:

http://www.nisra.gov.uk/deprivation/nimdm\_2010.htm

In 2016, there was a consultation proposing changes to the methodology of MDM measurement. Once the findings of this are analysed, a new version (MDM2017), may be introduced for use in NI.

27. The draft PfG indicator, covered in section 2.2.2 (table 19c), measures the proportion of local graduates from local HEIs working in professional or management occupations or in further study six months after graduation. This relates to NI domiciled graduates from NI HEIs (both full-time and part-time) with a pre-study address in NI, obtaining a qualification at first degree, other undergraduate or postgraduate level. It includes the derived DLHE activity categories: *full-time work*, *part-time work*, *primarily in work and also studying*, and *primarily studying and also in work* (for SOC 1 to 3 only); plus the activity categories *full-time study* and *part-time study*. The total, and any resulting percentage calculations, exclude non-respondents, those who refuse to provide information and those whose activity destination is not known.

Media enquiries should be made to the Department's Press Office in Netherleigh, Massey Avenue, Belfast, BT4 2JP, telephone (028) 9052 9604

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Mode	Level	Gender											-			
Full-time	First Degree	Male	2,140	350	75	75	465	20	45	225	140	125	3,665	765	4,425	2,640
		Female	3,125	580	115	130	575	35	40	130	225	185	5,135	1,095	6,235	3,950
	Others	Total	5,265	925	190	205	1,040	55	85	355	370	310	8,800	1,860	10,660	6,590
	Other	Male	70	20	5	5	45 30	0 5	0	20	10	20	195	125	325	100 90
	Undergraduate	Total	55 125	15 35	10 15	10 15	30 75	5 5	0 0	15 35	10 15	10 30	165 360	100 230	265 590	90 195
	All	Male	2,210	35	80	80	510	20	45	245	150	30 145	3,860	230 890	4,750	2,740
	Undergraduate		3,180	595	125	140	605	20 40	40	245 145	235	145	5,300	1,200	6,500	4,040
	ondergraduate	Total	5,390	965	205	225	1,115	40 60	85	390	385	340	9,160	2,090	11,250	6,780
	Postgraduate	Male	505	75	10	5	45	5	10	45	20	20	735	165	900	590
	J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	Female	785	140	15	5	30	0	5	40	25	40	1,085	225	1,310	945
		Total	1,290	215	25	5	75	10	15	85	45	60	1,820	390	2,210	1,535
	Total	Male	2,715	440	90	85	555	25	55	295	170	165	4,595	1,055	5,650	3,330
		Female	3,965	735	140	145	635	40	45	180	260	235	6,385	1,425	7,810	4,985
		Total	6,680	1,175	230	230	1,190	70	100	475	430	400	10,980	2,480	13,460	8,315
Part-time	First Degree	Male	175	20	10	10	10	5	5	10	5	15	270	75	345	215
		Female	185	45	10	10	15	10	0	15	25	20	330	100	430	250
	Other	Total Male	355 120	65 10	20 15	20 10	25 5	15 10	5 0	25 5	30 10	35 10	600 200	175 85	775 285	465 160
	Undergraduate		120	40	35	10	20	10	0	5 5	10	10	200 295	05 115	285 410	230
	Undergraduate	Total	265	40 50	55	20	30	25	0	10	25	20	495	200	695	390
	All	Male	295	30	25	20	20	15	5	15	15	25	470	160	630	375
	Undergraduate		325	85	50	15	35	25	0	15	40	30	630	215	840	480
	Ŭ	Total	620	120	75	35	55	40	5	35	60	55	1,095	375	1,470	850
	Postgraduate	Male	325	20	20	5	10	5	0	5	15	20	420	140	565	365
		Female	480	70	25	5	15	5	5	10	20	45	670	290	965	580
		Total	800	90	40	10	25	10	5	15	35	65	1,095	430	1,525	945
	Total	Male	620	55	45	25	30	20	5	25	30	45	890	305	1,195	740
		Female	805	155	70	25	50	30	5	25	65	75	1,300	505	1,805	1,055
Total	First Degree	Total Male	1,425 2,315	210 370	115 85	45 85	75 480	50 25	10 50	45 235	90 150	120 140	2,190 3,930	805 840	3,000 4,770	1,795 2,855
TOTAL	r list Degree	Female	2,315	625	125	65 140	480 585	25 45	40	235 140	250	205	3,930 5,470	040 1,195	4,770	2,855
		Total	5,620	995	210	225	1,065	70	90	380	400	340	9,400	2,035	11,435	7,050
	Other	Male	190	30	20	15	50	10	0	25	15	35	400	2,000	610	260
	Undergraduate		200	55	45	20	55	20	0	20	25	20	460	215	675	320
		Total	390	85	70	35	105	30	0	45	45	55	860	430	1,285	580
	All	Male	2,505	400	105	100	530	35	50	265	165	170	4,330	1,055	5,380	3,115
	Undergraduate		3,505	680	170	160	640	65	45	160	275	225	5,930	1,410	7,340	4,520
		Total	6,010	1,080	280	260	1,170	100	95	425	445	395	10,255	2,465	12,720	7,630
	Postgraduate	Male	830	95	25	5	50	10	10	55	35	40	1,160	305	1,465	955
		Female	1,265	210	40	10	45	5	5	45	45	85	1,755	520	2,275	1,525
	Total	Total Male	2,090 3,335	305 495	65 135	15 110	95 580	20 45	15 60	100 315	80 200	125 215	2,915 5,490	820	3,735 6,845	2,480 4,070
	TULAI	Female	3,335 4,770	495 895	210	170	580 685	45 75	60 50	205	200 320	305	5,490 7,685	1,355 1,930	6,845 9,615	4,070 6,040
		Total	4,770 8,105	095 1,385	345	275	1,265	120	110	205 520	520	520	13,170	3,285	9,615	10,110
		10101	0,100	1,000	0-0	213	1,200	120	110	520	520	520	10,170	0,200	10,400	10,110

Table 1a: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2015/16

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes: 1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

				De	estinations						
Gender	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other		Employment
Male	2,715	440	90	85	555	25	55	295	170	Γ	3,330
Female	3,965	735	140	145	635	40	45	180	260		4,985
Total	6,680	1,175	230	230	1,190	70	100	475	430		8,315
Male	61.3%	10.0%	2.0%	1.9%	12.5%	0.6%	1.2%	6.6%	3.9%		75.2%
Female	64.5%	12.0%	2.3%	2.4%	10.4%	0.7%	0.7%	3.0%	4.2%		81.1%
Total	63.1%	11.1%	2.2%	2.2%	11.3%	0.6%	0.9%	4.5%	4.1%		78.6%

#### Table 1b: Destinations of Full-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by gender - 2015/16

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

# Table 1c: Destinations of Full-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by level of study - 2015/16

				De	estinations					
Level of Study	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment
First Degree	5,265	925	190	205	1,040	55	85	355	370	6,590
Other Undergraduate	125	35	15	15	75	5	0	35	15	195
All Undergraduate	5,390	965	205	225	1,115	60	85	390	385	6,780
Postgraduate	1,290	215	25	5	75	10	15	85	45	1,535
Total	6,680	1,175	230	230	1,190	70	100	475	430	8,315
First Degree	62.0%	10.9%	2.2%	2.4%	12.3%	0.6%	1.0%	4.2%	4.3%	77.6%
Other Undergraduate	38.0%	10.9%	4.6%	5.2%	23.1%	1.8%	0.3%	10.9%	5.2%	58.7%
All Undergraduate	61.1%	10.9%	2.3%	2.5%	12.7%	0.7%	1.0%	4.4%	4.4%	76.9%
Postgraduate	73.2%	12.2%	1.4%	0.4%	4.2%	0.5%	0.7%	4.8%	2.6%	87.2%
Total	63.1%	11.1%	2.2%	2.2%	11.3%	0.6%	0.9%	4.5%	4.1%	78.6%

				De	estinations					
Gender	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment
Male	620	55	45	25	30	20	5	25	30	740
Female	805	155	70	25	50	30	5	25	65	1,055
Total	1,425	210	115	45	75	50	10	45	90	1,795
Male	73.3%	6.3%	5.2%	2.7%	3.3%	2.4%	0.6%	2.7%	3.4%	87.6%
Female	65.6%	12.8%	5.8%	1.9%	3.9%	2.5%	0.4%	2.0%	5.1%	86.1%
Total	68.8%	10.1%	5.6%	2.2%	3.7%	2.5%	0.5%	2.3%	4.4%	86.7%

Table 1d: Destinations of Part-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by gender - 2015/16

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

## Table 1e: Destinations of Part-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by level of study - 2015/16

				De	estinations					
Level of Study	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment
First Degree	355	65	20	20	25	15	5	25	30	465
Other Undergraduate	265	50	55	20	30	25	0	10	25	390
All Undergraduate	620	120	75	35	55	40	5	35	60	850
Postgraduate	800	90	40	10	25	10	5	15	35	945
Total	1,425	210	115	45	75	50	10	45	90	1,795
First Degree	62.9%	11.8%	3.7%	3.4%	4.4%	2.8%	0.9%	4.4%	5.7%	81.8%
Other Undergraduate	56.0%	10.7%	11.2%	3.8%	5.9%	5.1%	0.2%	1.7%	5.5%	81.7%
All Undergraduate	59.8%	11.3%	7.1%	3.6%	5.1%	3.8%	0.6%	3.2%	5.6%	81.7%
Postgraduate	77.9%	8.9%	4.0%	0.9%	2.2%	1.1%	0.4%	1.4%	3.3%	91.7%
Total	68.8%	10.1%	5.6%	2.2%	3.7%	2.5%	0.5%	2.3%	4.4%	86.7%

	_					Des	tinations								
Mode	Country of institution	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known	Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Employment
Full-time	NI	4,685	830	170	165	795	50	65	365	285	270	7,685	1,590	9,275	5,855
	England	1,450	260	35	60	280	15	25	80	110	105	2,420	690	3,110	1,805
	Scotland	475	70	25	10	105	0	10	25	30	25	770	180	955	575
	Wales	65	15	0	0	10	0	0	5	5	0	105	20	125	80
	UK Total	6,680	1,175	230	230	1,190	70	100	475	430	400	10,980	2,480	13,460	8,315
Part-time	NI	1,250	185	105	45	65	45	10	45	80	105	1,935	680	2,615	1,585
	England	130	20	10	0	5	5	0	5	10	10	195	105	300	160
	Scotland	30	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	45	15	65	40
	Wales	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	15	5	20	10
	UK Total	1,425	210	115	45	75	50	10	45	90	120	2,190	805	3,000	1,795
Total	NI	5,940	1,015	275	210	865	100	75	405	370	370	9,620	2,270	11,890	7,440
	England	1,585	275	45	60	290	20	25	85	115	115	2,615	795	3,410	1,965
	Scotland	505	75	25	10	105	5	10	25	30	30	820	200	1,015	615
	Wales	75	15	0	0	10	0	0	5	5	5	120	25	145	90
	UK Total	8,105	1,385	345	275	1,265	120	110	520	520	520	13,170	3,285	16,460	10,110

Table 2a: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and country of institution - 2015/16 (Numbers)

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

# Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

					De	estinations					
Mode	Country of institution	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment
Full-time	NI	63.2%	11.2%	2.3%	2.2%	10.7%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.9%	78.9%
	England	62.7%	11.1%	1.5%	2.5%	12.1%	0.6%	1.1%	3.5%	4.7%	77.9%
	Scotland	63.8%	9.5%	3.1%	1.1%	14.0%	0.3%	1.1%	3.2%	3.9%	77.6%
	Wales	62.5%	15.4%	1.0%	0.0%	9.6%	0.0%	0.0%	5.8%	5.8%	78.8%
	UK Total	63.1%	11.1%	2.2%	2.2%	11.3%	0.6%	0.9%	4.5%	4.1%	78.6%
Part-time	NI	68.3%	10.1%	5.7%	2.5%	3.7%	2.5%	0.5%	2.3%	4.5%	86.5%
	England	71.4%	10.3%	5.4%	0.5%	3.8%	2.2%	0.0%	2.2%	4.3%	87.6%
	Scotland	74.4%	11.6%	2.3%	0.0%	4.7%	2.3%	2.3%	0.0%	2.3%	88.4%
	Wales	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	UK Total	68.8%	10.1%	5.6%	2.2%	3.7%	2.5%	0.5%	2.3%	4.4%	86.7%
Total	NI	64.2%	11.0%	3.0%	2.3%	9.3%	1.1%	0.8%	4.4%	4.0%	80.4%
	England	63.3%	11.1%	1.8%	2.4%	11.5%	0.7%	1.0%	3.4%	4.7%	78.6%
	Scotland	64.4%	9.7%	3.0%	1.0%	13.5%	0.4%	1.1%	3.0%	3.8%	78.1%
	Wales	64.0%	14.9%	0.9%	0.0%	8.8%	0.0%	0.0%	5.3%	6.1%	79.8%
	UK Total	64.1%	11.0%	2.7%	2.2%	10.0%	0.9%	0.9%	4.1%	4.1%	79.9%

Table 2b: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and country of institution - 2015/16 (Percentages)

Table 3a: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by subject area - 2015/16 (Numbers)

					Des	tinations									
Subject area	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known	Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Employment	Further Study only
Medicine & dentistry	430	5	5	0	15	0	0	0	5	10	465	50	515	435	15
Subjects allied to medicine	1,120	95	25	25	95	5	15	15	25	60	1,490	310	1800	1,265	105
Biological sciences	355	130	15	45	150	5	5	45	40	40	830	240	1070	545	155
Veterinary science	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	10	25	15	0
Agriculture & related subjects	95	5	0	5	35	0	0	10	10	5	165	20	190	105	35
Physical sciences	155	45	5	10	125	5	5	30	15	15	410	85	490	215	130
Mathematical sciences	75	10	5	0	35	0	0	5	10	5	140	25	160	90	35
Computer science	540	55	10	5	30	5	15	75	30	30	795	190	985	610	35
Engineering & technology	415	20	5	5	75	5	10	35	30	15	615	110	725	450	85
Architecture, building & planning	235	20	5	0	20	0	5	15	15	5	325	60	385	265	20
Social studies	485	130	20	25	140	5	10	50	45	40	950	260	1210	655	145
Law	320	30	20	15	90	0	5	20	25	25	545	120	665	380	90
Business & administrative studies	905	110	65	20	65	10	5	45	75	45	1,350	280	1630	1,105	75
Mass communications & documentation	150	50	5	10	10	5	0	15	15	15	270	100	370	210	15
Languages	160	80	5	20	95	5	5	15	20	15	420	105	525	265	95
Historical & philosophical studies	125	70	0	20	70	5	5	20	10	15	340	105	445	215	75
Creative arts & design	330	170	10	20	70	10	10	60	30	25	730	215	945	530	80
Education	770	160	20	5	70	0	0	15	35	40	1,120	195	1315	960	70
Combined	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	5	5	0
Total	6,680	1,175	230	230	1,190	70	100	475	430	400	10,980	2,480	13,460	8,315	1,260
Broad STEM	3,430	385	80	100	580	30	55	230	175	185	5,250	1,100	6,350	3,995	610
Narrow STEM	1,535	255	45	70	415	25	35	190	120	100	2,785	650	3,435	1,905	440

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

#### Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

3. Broad STEM subjects include Medicine & dentistry, Subjects allied to medicine, Biological sciences, Veterinary sciences, Agriculture & related subjects, Physical sciences, Mathematical sciences, Computer science, Engineering & technology and Architecture, building & planning.

4. Narrow STEM subjects include Biological sciences, Physical sciences, Mathematical sciences, Computer science and Engineering & technology.

Table 3b: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by subject area - 2015/16 (Percentages)

				De	estinations						
Subject area	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment	Further Study only
Medicine & dentistry	93.4%	0.7%	1.1%	0.0%	3.5%	0.0%	0.2%	0.4%	0.7%	95.2%	3.5%
Subjects allied to medicine	78.5%	6.8%	1.6%	1.8%	6.8%	0.4%	1.0%	1.2%	1.9%	88.7%	7.2%
Biological sciences	44.7%	16.3%	2.0%	5.7%	18.9%	0.9%	0.6%	5.9%	4.9%	68.7%	19.7%
Veterinary science	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agriculture & related subjects	59.4%	4.4%	0.6%	1.9%	21.3%	0.6%	1.3%	5.0%	5.6%	66.3%	21.9%
Physical sciences	39.0%	11.1%	1.3%	2.8%	31.9%	0.8%	1.8%	7.6%	3.8%	54.2%	32.7%
Mathematical sciences	53.3%	5.8%	4.4%	1.5%	24.8%	0.7%	0.0%	3.6%	5.8%	65.0%	25.5%
Computer science	70.1%	7.3%	1.6%	0.8%	3.9%	0.8%	1.7%	9.9%	3.9%	79.8%	4.7%
Engineering & technology	69.3%	3.3%	1.0%	0.8%	12.8%	1.0%	1.3%	5.5%	5.0%	74.4%	13.8%
Architecture, building & planning	74.4%	6.0%	2.2%	0.3%	5.7%	0.3%	1.9%	4.4%	4.7%	83.0%	6.0%
Social studies	53.5%	14.1%	2.1%	2.6%	15.3%	0.8%	1.2%	5.7%	4.7%	72.3%	16.1%
Law	60.9%	5.4%	3.8%	3.1%	17.4%	0.2%	1.0%	3.4%	4.8%	73.2%	17.6%
Business & administrative studies	69.5%	8.5%	5.1%	1.5%	5.1%	0.6%	0.3%	3.4%	5.9%	84.7%	5.8%
Mass communications and documentation	58.0%	19.6%	2.0%	3.1%	3.5%	2.0%	0.4%	6.3%	5.1%	82.7%	5.5%
Languages	39.6%	20.1%	1.5%	4.4%	23.1%	0.7%	1.5%	3.9%	5.2%	65.6%	23.8%
Historical and philosophical studies	38.7%	20.7%	0.6%	5.5%	21.3%	1.8%	1.5%	6.4%	3.4%	65.5%	23.2%
Creative arts & design	46.8%	23.7%	1.1%	2.8%	10.2%	1.3%	1.3%	8.6%	4.2%	74.5%	11.4%
Education	71.3%	14.8%	2.0%	0.6%	6.5%	0.1%	0.2%	1.4%	3.1%	88.8%	6.6%
Combined	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	63.1%	11.1%	2.2%	2.2%	11.3%	0.6%	0.9%	4.5%	4.1%	78.6%	11.9%
Broad STEM	67.7%	7.6%	1.6%	2.0%	11.5%	0.6%	1.1%	4.6%	3.5%	78.8%	12.1%
Narrow STEM	57.0%	9.6%	1.7%	2.6%	15.5%	0.9%	1.2%	7.1%	4.5%	70.8%	16.3%

Table 4a: Destinations of NI domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and MDM quintiles - 2015/16 (Numb	vers)
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						Employm	ent activity							
Mode of study	Multiple Deprivation Measure Quintile (2010)	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not Known	Total	Employment	Further study only
Full-time	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	735	155	30	35	110	10	10	70	45	45	1,240	955	120
	Quintile 2	1,185	200	30	30	180	15	20	95	90	75	1,930	1,455	195
	Quintile 3	1,445	240	45	55	260	15	25	85	80	95	2,340	1,790	270
	Quintile 4	1,585	285	55	50	285	15	25	115	110	90	2,610	1,975	295
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	1,720	290	70	60	360	15	25	105	105	95	2,840	2,135	375
	Total	6,670	1,175	230	230	1,190	70	100	475	430	400	10,960	8,300	1,260
Part-time	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	180	25	15	15	10	20	0	10	10	20	310	240	30
	Quintile 2	280	40	20	10	10	5	0	10	20	20	420	350	20
	Quintile 3	280	35	20	10	20	10	0	10	15	20	425	350	30
	Quintile 4	325	55	35	5	15	5	5	10	20	25	495	420	20
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	350	50	20	5	20	5	5	5	25	30	520	425	25
	Total	1,415	205	115	45	75	50	10	45	90	115	2,175	1,780	125
Total	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	915	180	45	50	120	25	10	80	55	65	1,550	1,190	150
	Quintile 2	1,470	240	50	40	190	25	25	110	110	95	2,355	1,800	215
	Quintile 3	1,725	280	65	65	275	25	25	100	90	110	2,765	2,140	300
	Quintile 4	1,905	335	90	60	300	20	25	125	125	120	3,110	2,390	320
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	2,070	340	90	60	380	20	25	110	130	125	3,355	2,560	400
	Total	8,085	1,380	345	275	1,265	120	110	520	520	520	13,135	10,085	1,385

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

Table 4b: Destinations of NI domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and MDM quintile (2010) - 2015/16

					Employ	ment activity						
Mode of study	Multiple Deprivation Measure Quintile (2010)	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment	Further study only
Full-time	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	61.4%	13.0%	2.4%	2.8%	9.2%	0.8%	0.8%	5.9%	3.8%	79.7%	9.9%
	Quintile 2	64.0%	10.9%	1.7%	1.7%	9.6%	0.9%	1.1%	5.2%	4.9%	78.3%	10.5%
	Quintile 3	64.4%	10.8%	2.0%	2.4%	11.5%	0.6%	1.0%	3.8%	3.5%	79.6%	12.1%
	Quintile 4	62.8%	11.3%	2.2%	2.0%	11.3%	0.5%	0.9%	4.6%	4.3%	78.3%	11.8%
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	62.6%	10.5%	2.5%	2.2%	13.1%	0.5%	0.8%	3.9%	3.9%	77.8%	13.7%
	Total	63.1%	11.1%	2.2%	2.2%	11.3%	0.6%	0.9%	4.5%	4.1%	78.6%	11.9%
Part-time	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	62.1%	9.0%	5.9%	5.5%	3.8%	6.2%	0.0%	3.4%	4.1%	82.4%	10.0%
	Quintile 2	69.7%	9.9%	4.5%	2.2%	3.0%	1.7%	0.5%	3.0%	5.5%	86.4%	4.7%
	Quintile 3	68.8%	9.1%	5.4%	2.7%	4.7%	2.7%	0.2%	2.9%	3.4%	86.0%	7.4%
	Quintile 4	68.7%	11.3%	7.7%	1.5%	3.0%	1.5%	0.6%	1.9%	3.8%	89.1%	4.5%
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	72.2%	10.5%	4.3%	0.6%	3.9%	1.4%	0.8%	0.8%	5.3%	87.7%	5.3%
	Total	68.8%	10.1%	5.5%	2.2%	3.6%	2.4%	0.5%	2.3%	4.5%	86.7%	6.1%
Total	Quintile 1 (Most deprived)	61.5%	12.2%	3.1%	3.4%	8.1%	1.8%	0.6%	5.4%	3.8%	80.2%	10.0%
	Quintile 2	65.0%	10.7%	2.2%	1.8%	8.4%	1.1%	1.0%	4.8%	5.0%	79.8%	9.5%
	Quintile 3	65.0%	10.5%	2.5%	2.5%	10.4%	0.9%	0.9%	3.7%	3.5%	80.6%	11.4%
	Quintile 4	63.8%	11.3%	3.0%	1.9%	10.0%	0.7%	0.9%	4.2%	4.2%	80.0%	10.6%
	Quintile 5 (Least Deprived)	64.1%	10.5%	2.8%	1.9%	11.7%	0.7%	0.8%	3.4%	4.1%	79.3%	12.4%
	Total	64.1%	10.9%	2.7%	2.2%	10.0%	0.9%	0.9%	4.1%	4.1%	79.9%	11.0%

Table 5a: Location of Employment of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study, level of study and gender -2015/16

					Locatio	on of Employ	ment		
Mode	Level	Gender	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union	Nat Known	Total respondents
Full-time	First Degree	Male	1,915	550	95	25	55	0	2,640
		Female	2,930	860	80	35	45	0	3,950
		Total	4,845	1,410	170	60	100	5	6,590
	Other	Male	75	20	0	0	0	0	100
	Undergraduate	Female	70	20	0	0	0	0	90
		Total	145	40	5	0	5	0	195
	All Undergraduate	Male	1,990	570	95	25	60	0	2,740
		Female	2,995	880	80	40	45	0	4,040
		Total	4,990	1,450	175	60	100	5	6,780
	Postgraduate	Male	365	160	30	15	20	0	590
		Female	615	290	15	10	15	0	945
		Total	980	450	45	20	35	0	1,535
	Total	Male	2,360	730	125	35	75	5	3,330
		Female	3,610	1,170	95	45	60	5	4,985
De rt time e	First Destres	Total Male	5,970	1,900	220	85	140	5	8,315
Part-time	First Degree	Female	195 230	10 10	5 10	0	5	0 0	215 250
		Total	230 425	20	10	0 0	0 5	0	250 465
	Other	Male	150	5	0	0	0	0	403
	Undergraduate	Female	220	5	0	0	0	0	230
	ondergraduate	Total	375	10	5	0	0	0	390
	All Undergraduate	Male	345	15	5	0	5	0	375
	, in officing addition	Female	455	15	10	0	0	0	480
		Total	800	30	15	0	5	0	850
	Postgraduate	Male	315	30	15	5	5	0	365
	Ŭ	Female	515	45	15	0	5	0	580
		Total	830	70	25	5	10	0	945
	Total	Male	660	45	20	5	10	0	740
		Female	970	55	20	0	5	0	1,055
		Total	1,630	100	40	5	15	0	1,795
Total	First Degree	Male	2,110	560	95	25	60	0	2,855
		Female	3,160	865	85	35	45	0	4,200
		Total	5,270	1,430	185	60	105	5	7,050
	Other	Male	230	25	5	0	5	0	260
	Undergraduate	Female	290	25	0	0	0	0	320
		Total	520	50	5	0	5	0	580
	All Undergraduate	Male	2,340	585	100	25	60	0	3,115
		Female	3,450	895	90	40	45	0	4,520
	Postaradusta	Total Malo	5,790	1,480	190	65 15	110	5	7,630
	Postgraduate	Male	680 1 120	190	45	15 10	25 20	0	955 1 5 2 5
		Female Total	1,130 1,810	330 520	30 70	10 25	20 45	0	1,525 2,480
	Total	Male	3,020	520 775	70 145	25 40	45 85	5 5	2,480 4,070
	TOTAL		3,020 4,580	1,225	145	40 45	85 70	5 5	4,070 6,040
		Female							

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes: 1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

Table 5b: Location of Employment of Full-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by gender - 2015/16

	Location of Employment										
Gender	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union						
Male	2,360	730	125	35	75						
Female	3,610	1,170	95	45	60						
Total	5,970	1,900	220	85	140						
Male	70.9%	22.0%	3.7%	1.1%	2.3%						
Female	72.5%	23.4%	1.9%	0.9%	1.2%						
Total	71.8%	22.9%	2.6%	1.0%	1.7%						

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 5c: Location of Employment of Full-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by level of study - 2015/16

		Locatior	n of Employn	nent	
Level of Study	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
First Degree	4,845	1,410	170	60	100
Other Undergraduate	145	40	5	0	5
All Undergraduate	4,990	1,450	175	60	100
Postgraduate	980	450	45	20	35
Total	5,970	1,900	220	85	140
First Degree	73.6%	21.4%	2.6%	0.9%	1.5%
Other Undergraduate	75.1%	20.7%	1.6%	1.0%	1.6%
All Undergraduate	73.6%	21.4%	2.6%	0.9%	1.5%
Postgraduate	63.9%	29.4%	2.9%	1.4%	2.3%
Total	71.8%	22.9%	2.6%	1.0%	1.7%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

 Table 5d: Location of Employment of Full-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers

 from UK HEIs by location of institution - 2015/16 (Numbers)

		Locatio	n of Employ	ment	
Location of Institution	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
Northern Ireland	5,155	365	190	50	90
GB	815	1,535	30	35	50
Total	5,970	1,900	220	85	140
Northern Ireland	88.1%	6.2%	3.2%	0.9%	1.5%
GB	33.1%	62.3%	1.2%	1.3%	2.0%
Total	71.8%	22.9%	2.6%	1.0%	1.7%

Table 5e: Location of Employment of Part-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by gender - 2015/16

		Location	of Employm	nent	
Gender	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
Male	660	45	20	5	10
Female	970	55	20	0	5
Total	1,630	100	40	5	15
Male	89.4%	6.0%	2.7%	0.5%	1.4%
Female	91.9%	5.4%	2.1%	0.0%	0.7%
Total	90.9%	5.6%	2.3%	0.2%	0.9%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Table 5f: Location of Employment of Part-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs by level of study - 2015/16

		Location	of Employr	nent	
Level of Study	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
First Degree	425	20	10	0	5
Other Undergraduate	375	10	5	0	0
All Undergraduate	800	30	15	0	5
Postgraduate	830	70	25	5	10
Total	1,630	100	40	5	15
First Degree	92.0%	4.1%	2.6%	0.2%	1.1%
Other Undergraduate	96.1%	2.8%	0.8%	0.0%	0.3%
All Undergraduate	93.9%	3.5%	1.8%	0.1%	0.7%
Postgraduate	88.1%	7.5%	2.9%	0.3%	1.2%
Total	90.9%	5.6%	2.3%	0.2%	0.9%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

 Table 5g: Location of Employment of Part-time Northern Ireland domiciled leavers

 from UK HEIs by location of institution - 2015/16

		Locatio	on of Employ	ment	
Location of Institution	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
Northern Ireland	1,500	45	30	5	10
GB	130	55	10	0	10
Total	1,630	100	40	5	15
Northern Ireland	94.5%	2.8%	2.0%	0.2%	0.5%
GB	63.2%	26.8%	5.3%	0.5%	4.3%
Total	90.9%	5.6%	2.3%	0.2%	0.9%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

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Table 6a: Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs, in Employment, by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2015/16 (Numbers)

			Standard Occupational Classification												
Mode	Level	Gender	Managers, directors and senior officials	Professional occupations	Associate professional and technical occupations	Administrative and secretarial occupations	Skilled trades occupations	Caring, leisure and other service occupations	Sales and customer service occupations	Process, plant and machine operatives	Elementary occupations	Not known/Not applicable	Total Respondents		SOC groups 1-3
Full-time	First Degree	Male	90	1,245	615	105	35	70	310	25	140	0	2,640		1,950
		Female	85	1,975	810	230	25	190	480	5	150	0	3,950		2,870
	-	Total	170	3,225	1,425	335	55	260	795	25	295	0	6,590		4,820
	Other	Male	5	20	15	10	10	5	25	5	10	0	100		40
	Undergraduate	Female	5	30	10	10	0	10	20	0	10	0	90		45
		Total	10	50	25	15	10	15	45	5	20	0	195		85
	All Undergraduate	Male Female	95 85	1,265	635 820	115 235	40 25	75 200	335 500	25 5	150 160	0 0	2,740		1,990 2,915
		Total	85 180	2,010 3,275	820 1,450	235 350	25 65	200 275	500 840	5 30	310	0	4,040 6,780		2,915 4,905
	Postgraduate	Male	20	3,275	1,450	15	0	10	840 25	30 0	10	0	590		4,905
	1 USIGIAUUAIE	Female	20 15	700	125	30	0	25	30	0	15	0	945		840
		Total	40	1,090	245	45	5	35	55	5	25	0	1,535		1,370
	Total	Male	115	1,655	750	130	45	80	360	30	160	0	3,330		2,520
		Female	105	2,705	945	265	25	230	530	5	175	0	4,985		3,755
		Total	220	4,365	1,695	395	70	310	890	35	335	5	8,315		6,275
Part-time	First Degree	Male	25	70	65	15	5	5	15	5	5	0	215		165
		Female	15	100	55	45	0	15	15	0	0	0	250		170
		Total	40	170	125	65	5	20	30	5	5	0	465		335
	Other	Male	25	50	65	0	5	5	5	0	5	0	160		145
	Undergraduate	Female	20	100	70	15	0	20	0	0	0	0	230		190
		Total	50	155	135	20	5	20	5	0	5	0	390		335
	All Undergraduate	Male	50	125	130	20	5	10	20	5	5	0	375		305
		Female	40	200	125	65	0	30	15	0	0	0	480		360
		Total	90	325	255	80	10	40	35	5	10	0	850		670
	Postgraduate	Male	55	245	55	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	365		355
		Female	45	420	85	15	0	10	5	0	0	0	580		550
	Total	Total Male	105	660	140	15	0	10	10	0 5	0	0 0	945		905
	Total	Female	110 85	370 615	185 210	20 80	10 0	10 40	25 20	5 0	5 0	0	740 1,055		665 915
		Total	195	985	400	100	10	40 50	20 45	5	10	0	1,795		1,575
Total	First Degree	Male	110	1,320	685	125	35	75	330	25	145	0	2,855	-	2,115
Total	The Dogiou	Female	100	2,075	865	275	25	205	495	5	155	0	4,200		3,040
		Total	210	3,395	1550	400	60	280	825	30	300	0	7,050		5,155
	Other	Male	30	70	80	10	15	5	30	5	15	0	260		185
	Undergraduate	Female	25	135	75	25	0	30	20	0	10	0	320		235
		Total	55	205	160	35	15	35	50	5	20	0	580		420
	All Undergraduate	Male	145	1,390	765	135	50	85	355	30	160	0	3,115		2,300
		Female	125	2,210	945	300	25	235	520	5	160	0	4,520		3,275
		Total	270	3,600	1,710	435	75	320	875	35	320	0	7,630		5,575
	Postgraduate	Male	80	635	170	15	5	10	30	0	10	0	955		885
		Female	65	1,115	215	45	0	35	35	0	15	0	1,525		1,395
		Total	140	1,750	385	60	5	40	65	5	25	0	2,480		2,280
	Total	Male	225	2,025	935	150	55	90	385	35	170	0	4,070		3,185
		Female	190	3,325	1,155	345	30	270	550	5	175	0	6,040		4,670
	er Education Statistics	Total	410	5,350	2,095	495	80	360	940	40	345	5	10,110	L	7,855

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes: 1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0. 2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

 Table 6b:
 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) of Northern Ireland domiciled leavers from UK HEIs, in Employment, by

 mode of study, level of study and gender - 2015/16 (Percentages)

					Stand	ard Occu	pational	Classific	ation			
Mode	Level	Gender	Manager and Senior Officials	Professional	Associate Professional and Technical	Administrative and Secretarial	Skilled Trades	Caring, leisure and other service	Sales and Customer Service	Process, Plant and Machine Operatives	Elementary	SOC groups 1-3
Full-time	First Degree	Male	3.3%	47.3%	23.4%	4.1%	1.3%	2.7%	11.8%	0.9%	5.4%	74.0%
		Female	2.1%	50.1%	20.5%	5.8%	0.6%	4.8%	12.2%	0.1%	3.8%	72.7%
	0.1	Total	2.6%	49.0%	21.7%	5.1%	0.9%	4.0%	12.0%	0.4%	4.4%	73.2%
	Other	Male	5.0%	18.8%	16.8%	8.9%	8.9%	3.0%	24.8%	4.0%	9.9%	40.6%
	Undergraduate	Female Total	3.3% 4.1%	34.8% 26.4%	8.7% 13.0%	8.7% 8.8%	1.1% 5.2%	13.0% 7.8%	21.7% 23.3%	0.0% 2.1%	8.7% 9.3%	46.7% 43.5%
	All Undergraduate		3.4%	46.2%	23.1%	6.6 <i>%</i> 4.2%	5.2 <i>%</i> 1.5%	2.7%	23.3 <i>%</i> 12.3%	1.0%	9.3 % 5.5%	43.5 <i>%</i> 72.7%
	All Ondergraduale	Female	2.1%	49.7%	20.3%	4.2 <i>%</i> 5.8%	0.6%	5.0%	12.3%	0.1%	3.9%	72.1%
		Total	2.6%	48.3%	20.0%	5.2%	1.0%	4.1%	12.4%	0.4%	4.6%	72.4%
	Postgraduate	Male	3.7%	66.4%	19.7%	2.2%	0.3%	1.4%	4.2%	0.3%	1.7%	89.8%
		Female	1.8%	73.9%	13.4%	3.3%	0.2%	2.8%	3.1%	0.1%	1.5%	89.1%
		Total	2.5%	71.0%	15.8%	2.9%	0.3%	2.2%	3.5%	0.2%	1.6%	89.4%
	Total	Male	3.5%	49.8%	22.5%	3.9%	1.3%	2.5%	10.8%	0.9%	4.9%	75.8%
		Female	2.1%	54.3%	19.0%	5.4%	0.5%	4.6%	10.7%	0.1%	3.5%	75.3%
		Total	2.6%	52.5%	20.4%	4.8%	0.8%	3.7%	10.7%	0.4%	4.0%	75.5%
Part-time	First Degree	Male	11.3%	33.8%	31.5%	8.0%	1.4%	2.8%	8.0%	1.9%	1.4%	76.5%
		Female	6.8%	39.2%	22.4%	18.8%	0.4%	5.6%	5.6%	0.4%	0.8%	68.4%
		Total	8.9%	36.7%	26.6%	13.8%	0.9%	4.3%	6.7%	1.1%	1.1%	72.1%
	Other	Male	16.9%	32.5%	40.6%	1.3%	2.5%	2.5%	1.9%	0.0%	1.9%	90.0%
	Undergraduate	Female	9.6%	44.3%	29.8%	7.0%	0.4%	7.9%	0.9%	0.0%	0.0%	83.8%
	All Lindorgraduate	Total Male	12.6%	39.4% 33.2%	34.3%	4.6%	1.3%	5.7% 2.7%	1.3%	0.0%	0.8%	86.3% 82.3%
	All Undergraduate	Female	13.7% 8.2%	33.2 <i>%</i> 41.6%	35.4% 25.9%	5.1% 13.2%	1.9% 0.4%	2.7% 6.7%	5.4% 3.3%	1.1% 0.2%	1.6% 0.4%	02.3% 75.7%
		Total	10.6%	38.0%	20.9% 30.1%	9.6%	0.4 % 1.1%	4.9%	3.3 <i>%</i> 4.2%	0.2%	0.4 %	78.6%
	Postgraduate	Male	15.6%	66.7%	15.0%	9.0 <i>%</i> 0.3%	0.5%	4.9 <i>%</i>	4.2 % 1.6%	0.0%	0.3%	97.3%
	rootgradato	Female	8.0%	72.3%	15.1%	2.6%	0.0%	1.4%	0.7%	0.0%	0.0%	95.3%
		Total	10.9%	70.1%	15.0%	1.7%	0.2%	0.8%	1.1%	0.0%	0.1%	96.1%
	Total	Male	14.6%	49.8%	25.3%	2.7%	1.2%	1.4%	3.5%	0.5%	0.9%	89.7%
		Female	8.0%	58.4%	20.0%	7.4%	0.2%	3.8%	1.9%	0.1%	0.2%	86.5%
		Total	10.8%	54.9%	22.2%	5.5%	0.6%	2.8%	2.6%	0.3%	0.5%	87.8%
Total	First Degree	Male	3.9%	46.3%	24.0%	4.3%	1.3%	2.7%	11.5%	0.9%	5.1%	74.1%
		Female	2.4%	49.4%	20.7%	6.6%	0.6%	4.9%	11.8%	0.1%	3.6%	72.5%
		Total	3.0%	48.1%	22.0%	5.7%	0.9%	4.0%	11.7%	0.4%	4.2%	73.1%
	Other	Male	12.3%	27.2%	31.4%	4.2%	5.0%	2.7%	10.7%	1.5%	5.0%	70.9%
	Undergraduate	Female	7.8%	41.6%	23.8%	7.5%	0.6%	9.4%	6.9%	0.0%	2.5%	73.1%
		Total	9.8%	35.1%	27.2%	6.0%	2.6%	6.4%	8.6%	0.7%	3.6%	72.1%
	All Undergraduate	Male Female	4.6% 2.8%	44.7% 48.9%	24.6%	4.3% 6.6%	1.6%	2.7% 5.2%	11.4% 11.5%	1.0%	5.1% 3.6%	73.9%
		Total	2.8%	48.9% 47.2%	20.9% 22.4%	6.6% 5.7%	0.6% 1.0%	5.2% 4.2%	11.5%	0.1% 0.5%	3.6% 4.2%	72.5% 73.1%
	Postgraduate	Male	8.3%	47.2 <i>%</i> 66.5%	17.9%	1.5%	0.4%	4.2 <i>%</i> 0.8%	3.2%	0.3%	4.2 <i>%</i>	92.7%
	rooigraduate	Female	4.1%	73.3%	14.1%	3.0%	0.4%	2.2%	2.2%	0.2 %	0.9%	92.7 % 91.5%
		Total	5.7%	70.7%	15.5%	2.4%	0.2%	1.7%	2.6%	0.1%	1.0%	91.9%
	Total	Male	5.5%	49.8%	23.0%	3.7%	1.3%	2.3%	9.5%	0.8%	4.2%	78.3%
		Female	3.1%	55.0%	19.2%	5.7%	0.5%	4.4%	9.1%	0.1%	2.9%	77.3%
		Total	4.1%	52.9%	20.7%	4.9%	0.8%	3.6%	9.3%	0.4%	3.4%	77.7%

Table 7: Salary of NI domiciled leavers from a UK HEI in full-time employment by mode of study, level of qualification and gender - 2015/16

							S	alary band							
Mode	Level	Gender	less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+	Total Respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
Full-time	First Degree	Male	5	130	340	425	225	120	30	25	1,295	£22,070	£22,000	845	2,140
		Female	10	215	545	830	170	115	25	10	1,920	£20,700	£21,000	1,205	3,125
		Total	15	345	885	1,255	395	235	55	30	3,215	£21,250	£21,000	2,050	5,265
	Other Undergraduate		0	10	10	5	5	0	0	0	35	£18,470	£18,000	35	70
		Female	0	5	20	5	5	0	0	0	30	£18,465	£17,500	25	55
	Destand str	Total	0	15	30	10	5	5	0	0	65	£18,470	£18,000	60	125
	Postgraduate	Male	0	20 40	40	120	40	45	10	10	280	£24,555	£23,000	220	505
		Female Total	0	40 60	85 125	190 305	75 120	25 70	5 15	10 20	440 720	£22,240 £23,145	£22,000 £22,000	345 570	785 1,290
	Total	Male	5	160	390	305 550	270	70 165	40	20 35	1,610	£23,145 £22,425	£22,000 £22,000	570 1,100	2,715
	TOTAL	Female	10	260	390 650	1025	270	145	40 30	35 20	2,390	£22,425 £20,955	£22,000 £21,000	1,100	2,715
		Total	20	420	1040	1575	230 520	310	30 70	20 55	4,005	£20,935 £21,545	£21,000	2,675	5,903 6,680
Part-time	First Degree	Male	0	420 5	1040	15	25	20	15	20	4,005	£29,350	£28.000	2,073	175
i art arro	That Degree	Female	0	15	30	35	25	10	5	10	130	£23,700	£22,000	50	185
		Total	5	20	45	50	55	30	20	25	245	£26,330	£25,000	110	355
	Other Undergraduate		0	0	10	10	20	10	5	10	65	£28,320	£26,500	55	120
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Female	0	10	5	25	15	10	5	10	75	£26,365	£23,000	70	145
		Total	0	10	20	35	35	20	10	15	140	£27,285	£25,000	125	265
	Postgraduate	Male	0	0	15	20	20	25	30	80	195	£41,065	£36,000	130	325
	-	Female	0	0	20	40	50	55	45	60	275	£32,835	£31,000	200	480
		Total	0	0	35	60	75	80	80	140	470	£36,260	£33,000	330	800
	Total	Male	0	10	40	50	70	55	50	105	375	£35,275	£30,000	245	620
		Female	5	25	55	95	90	70	60	80	480	£29,345	£28,000	325	805
		Total	5	30	95	145	160	130	105	185	855	£31,950	£29,000	565	1,425
Total	First Degree	Male	5	135	355	440	250	135	40	40	1,410	£22,660	£22,000	905	2,315
		Female	10	230	575	865	195	125	35	20	2,055	£20,890	£21,000	1,255	3,310
		Total	20	365	930	1,305	445	260	75	60	3,460	£21,610	£21,000	2,160	5,620
	Other Undergraduate		0	10	25	20	25	15	5	10	100	£24,845	£23,500	90	190
		Female	0	15	25	25	15	10	5	10	105	£24,085	£22,000	95	200
	Desta de la tra	Total	0	25	50	45	40	25	10	15	205	£24,460	£22,000	185	390
	Postgraduate	Male	0	20	50	140	65	70	40	90	480	£31,325	£27,000	350	830
		Female	5	40	105	230	130	80	50	75	715	£26,320	£24,000	550	1,265
	Total	Total	5 5	60	160	370	190	150	95	165	1,195	£28,325	£25,000 £23,000	900	2,090
	Total	Male Female	5 15	170 285	430 705	600 1120	335 340	220	85	140 100	1,990	£24,855 £22,355	,	1,345	3,335
		Total	25	285 455		1,720	340 680	215 435	90 175	240	2,870 4,860	£22,355 £23,380	£21,000 £22,000	1,900 3,245	4,770 8 105
	hor Education Statistics /		25	455	1,135	1,720	Uga	435	1/5	∠40	4,860	L23,380	£22,000	3,245	8,105

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

		Salary band												
Country of	Gender	less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	E30,000 - E34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+	Total respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
NI	Male	5	115	300	400	175	85	15	15	1,105	£21,520	£21,000	835	1,945
	Female	5	190	485	660	145	75	20	15	1,600	£20,585	£21,000	1,145	2,745
	Total	10	305	785	1060	320	160	40	30	2,705	£20,970	£21,000	1,980	4,685
GB	Male	5	45	90	150	95	80	20	20	505	£24,405	£23,000	265	770
	Female	5	70	165	365	105	70	10	5	795	£21,700	£22,000	430	1,220
	Total	10	115	255	515	200	150	30	25	1,300	£22,755	£22,000	695	1,990
Total	Male	5	160	390	550	270	165	40	35	1,610	£22,425	£22,000	1,100	2,715
	Female	10	260	650	1025	250	145	30	20	2,390	£20,955	£21,000	1,575	3,965
	Total	20	420	1040	1575	520	310	70	55	4,005	£21,545	£21,000	2,675	6,680

Table 8: Salary of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from a UK HEI in full-time employment by country of institution and gender - 2015/16

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

# Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

						Sa	alary band							
Country of employment	Gender	less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+	Total respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
NI	Male	5	140	335	410	150	80	15	10	1,145	£20,945	£20,000	710	1,860
	Female	10	230	550	685	125	60	15	15	1,685	£19,980	£20,000	1,070	2,760
	Total	15	370	885	1,095	275	140	35	20	2,835	£20,370	£20,000	1,785	4,615
GB	Male	5	20	50	135	115	80	15	20	440	£26,040	£25,000	200	640
	Female	0	35	95	335	120	80	15	5	690	£23,250	£22,000	340	1,030
	Total	5	50	145	470	235	160	30	30	1,130	£24,335	£23,000	540	1,670
Other	Male	0	5	5	5	5	5	5	0	25	£27,290	£27,500	190	215
	Female	0	0	5	5	0	5	0	0	15	-	-	160	170
	Total	0	5	5	5	5	10	5	0	35	£26,460	£27,000	350	385
Total	Male	5	160	390	550	270	165	40	35	1,610	£22,425	£22,000	1,100	2,715
	Female	10	260	650	1,025	250	145	30	20	2,390	£20,955	£21,000	1,575	3,965
	Total	20	420	1,040	1,575	520	310	70	55	4,005	£21,545	£21,000	2,675	6,680

Table 9: Salary of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from a UK HEI in full-time employment by country of employment and gender - 2015/16

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

## Note:

There were 6 cases where the location of employment was not known for Northern Ireland Domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs in full-time employment. These cases are not separated in the table above but are included in the total.

## Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0. 2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown. Table 10: Salary of Northern Ireland domiciled <u>full-time first degree</u> leavers from UK HEIs in <u>full-time employment</u> by StandardOccupational Classification - 2015/16

		First Degree			
Standard Occupational Classification	Respondents	Mean	Median	Not known	Total
Managers, directors and senior officials	75	£23,375	£21,000	80	155
Professional occupations	1,925	£23,200	£22,000	1,020	2,950
Associate professional and technical occupations	695	£20,095	£19,000	485	1,180
Administrative and secretarial occupations	160	£15,900	£16,000	110	275
Skilled trades occupations	20	-	-	25	45
Caring, leisure and other service occupations	75	£14,465	£14,000	80	155
Sales and customer service occupations	190	£14,890	£15,000	170	355
Process, plant and machine operatives	10	-	-	5	15
Elementary occupations	70	£14,675	£14,000	70	140
Total	3,215	£21,250	£21,000	2,050	5,265

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

# Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

						De	stinations								
Country of institution	Level of Qualification	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known	Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Further Study
NI	First Degree	3,805	675	140	150	710	45	55	270	240	210	6,305	1,205	7,510	1,045
	Other Undergraduate	70	20	15	10	40	5	0	25	15	20	220	155	375	70
	Postgraduate	810	135	15	5	45	5	10	65	30	35	1,160	230	1,390	70
	Total	4,685	830	170	165	795	50	65	365	285	270	7,685	1,590	9,275	1,180
GB	First Degree	1,460	250	50	55	335	10	30	80	130	95	2,495	655	3,150	450
	Other Undergraduate	55	15	0	10	35	0	0	10	0	10	140	75	215	45
	Postgraduate	480	80	10	0	25	5	5	20	15	25	665	160	825	45
	Total	1,990	345	60	65	395	15	35	110	145	135	3,295	890	4,185	535
All Students	First Degree	5,265	925	190	205	1,040	55	85	355	370	310	8,800	1,860	10,660	1,490
	Other Undergraduate	125	35	15	15	75	5	0	35	15	30	360	230	590	115
	Postgraduate	1,290	215	25	5	75	10	15	85	45	60	1,820	390	2,210	115
	Total	6,680	1,175	230	230	1,190	70	100	475	430	400	10,980	2,480	13,460	1,720

Table 11a: Destinations of Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs by level of qualification and country of institution - 2015/16 (Numbers)

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

## Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

					De	stinations						
Country of institution	Level of Qualification	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other		Further Study
NI	First Degree	62.5%	11.1%	2.3%	2.5%	11.6%	0.7%	0.9%	4.5%	3.9%	Γ	17.1%
	Other Undergraduate	34.8%	10.4%	7.0%	4.5%	20.4%	2.0%	0.5%	12.9%	7.5%		33.8%
	Postgraduate	72.3%	12.0%	1.3%	0.4%	4.2%	0.4%	0.8%	5.8%	2.8%		6.3%
	Total	63.2%	11.2%	2.3%	2.2%	10.7%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.9%		15.9%
GB	First Degree	60.8%	10.5%	2.0%	2.4%	13.9%	0.4%	1.3%	3.4%	5.3%		18.7%
	Other Undergraduate	43.0%	11.7%	0.8%	6.3%	27.3%	1.6%	0.0%	7.8%	1.6%		35.9%
	Postgraduate	74.9%	12.4%	1.6%	0.3%	4.2%	0.6%	0.6%	3.1%	2.2%		6.7%
	Total	63.0%	10.9%	1.9%	2.1%	12.5%	0.5%	1.1%	3.5%	4.6%		17.0%
All Students	First Degree	62.0%	10.9%	2.2%	2.4%	12.3%	0.6%	1.0%	4.2%	4.3%	Г	17.6%
	Other Undergraduate	38.0%	10.9%	4.6%	5.2%	23.1%	1.8%	0.3%	10.9%	5.2%		34.7%
	Postgraduate	73.2%	12.2%	1.4%	0.4%	4.2%	0.5%	0.7%	4.8%	2.6%		6.5%
	Total	63.1%	11.1%	2.2%	2.2%	11.3%	0.6%	0.9%	4.5%	4.1%		16.2%

Table 12a: Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from a UK HEI in <u>further study</u> by level of qualification and country of institution - 2015/16 (Numbers)

				Level	of further stu	dy		
Country of institution	Level of Qualification	Postgraduate	First degree	Other diploma or certificate	Professional qualification	Other qualification	Not aiming for a qualification	Total Respondents
NI	First Degree	840	65	20	60	35	5	1,045
	Other Undergraduate	5	55	5	5	0	0	70
	Postgraduate	60	0	0	5	5	0	70
	Total	905	120	25	70	45	10	1,180
GB	First Degree	360	35	10	30	10	0	450
	Other Undergraduate	5	35	5	0	0	0	45
	Postgraduate	35	0	0	0	0	0	45
	Total	400	70	20	35	10	0	535
All Students	First Degree	1,200	100	30	95	45	10	1,490
	Other Undergraduate	10	90	5	5	0	0	115
	Postgraduate	95	0	0	10	5	0	115
	Total	1,305	190	40	105	55	10	1,720

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

# Note:

There were 10 cases where the Level of Further Study of Northern Ireland Domiciled full-time leavers from UK HEIs was not known.

These cases <u>are not</u> separated in the table above but <u>are</u> included in the total.

# Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

Table 12b: Northern Ireland domiciled full-time leavers from a UK HEI in further studyby country of institution and level of qualification - 2015/16 (Percentages)

				Level of furth	er study		
Country of institution	Level of Qualification	Postgraduate	First degree	Other diploma or certificate	Professional qualification	Other qualification	Not aiming for a qualification
NI	First Degree	80.7%	6.3%	1.9%	5.9%	3.5%	0.6%
	Other Undergraduate	7.4%	79.4%	4.4%	5.9%	2.9%	0.0%
	Postgraduate	83.1%	0.0%	0.0%	8.5%	5.6%	2.8%
	Total	76.6%	10.2%	1.9%	6.1%	3.6%	0.7%
GB	First Degree	79.9%	7.6%	2.7%	7.1%	2.2%	0.4%
	Other Undergraduate	13.0%	76.1%	8.7%	2.2%	0.0%	0.0%
	Postgraduate	86.0%	0.0%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	0.0%
	Total	74.7%	12.8%	3.4%	6.5%	2.2%	0.4%
All Students	First Degree	80.5%	6.7%	2.1%	6.3%	3.2%	0.5%
	Other Undergraduate	9.6%	78.1%	6.1%	4.4%	1.8%	0.0%
	Postgraduate	84.2%	0.0%	1.8%	7.0%	5.3%	1.8%
	Total	76.0%	11.0%	2.4%	6.2%	3.2%	0.6%

#### Table 13a: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2015/16

							Des	tinations									
Mode	Level	Gender	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known	Total respondents	Non-respondents	Target population		Employment
Full-time	First Degree	Male	1,655	265	50	65	350	20	30	185	100	95	2,815	535	3,350		2,030
		Female Total	2,365 4,020	440 705	95 145	105 170	420 770	30 50	30 60	100 285	150 250	130 225	3,865 6,680	790 1,320	4,650 8,000		3,010 5,040
	Other	Male	4,020	105	145	5	25	50 0	00	265 15	250 5	225 15	0,000 120	1,320 95	215		5,040 60
	Undergraduate	Female	30	10	10	5	15	5	0	10	10	5	105	70	175		55
	ondorgraduato	Total	70	20	15	10	45	5	0	25	15	20	225	165	390		115
	All Undergraduate	Male	1,695	275	55	70	375	20	30	200	110	110	2,935	630	3,565		2,090
		Female	2,400	455	105	110	435	35	30	115	155	135	3,965	860	4,825		3,065
		Total	4,090	730	160	175	815	50	60	315	265	245	6,900	1,485	8,390		5,155
	Postgraduate	Male	405	50	5	5	30	5	5	45	15	10	585	125	710		470
		Female Total	550 960	110 160	10 20	5 10	30 60	0 5	5 10	35 75	20 35	30 40	790 1,370	170 295	960 1,670		675 1,140
	Total	Male	2,100	325	20 60	75	410	5 25	40	245	35 125	40 120	3,520	295 755	4,275		2,560
	Total	Female	2,950	560	115	110	465	35	30	145	175	165	4,755	1,030	5,785		3,740
		Total	5,050	885	175	185	875	55	70	390	300	285	8,275	1,785	10,055		6,295
Part-time	First Degree	Male	170	20	10	10	15	5	5	10	5	15	260	65	325	Γ	205
		Female	180	50	10	10	10	10	0	15	25	20	335	100	435		250
		Total	350	70	20	20	25	15	5	25	30	35	595	170	765		455
	Other	Male Female	135 175	10 35	20 40	10 10	5 20	10 15	0	5 5	10 20	10 10	215 330	95 155	310 485		175 260
	Undergraduate	Total	305	35 50	40 65	20	20 25	25	0	5 5	20 25	20	545	255	465 795		260 440
	All Undergraduate	Male	300	30	30	20	20	15	5	15	10	25	475	160	635		385
	- · · J · · · · ·	Female	350	85	55	20	35	25	0	20	45	30	665	260	925		510
		Total	655	120	85	40	50	40	5	35	55	55	1,140	420	1,560		895
	Postgraduate	Male	320	20	15	5	10	5	0	5	10	15	410	140	550		360
		Female	515	75	25	10	15	10	5	10	20	45	720	365	1,085		625
	Total	Total Mala	835 620	95 50	40	15 25	20 30	10	5 5	15 20	30 25	60 40	1,130	505	1,635		985 745
	Total	Male Female	620 865	50 165	45 80	25 25	30 45	15 35	5 5	20 30	25 65	40 75	880 1,385	300 625	1,185 2,010		745 1,135
		Total	1,490	215	125	20 50	43 75	50	10	50	85	115	2,270	925	3,195		1,880
Total	First Degree	Male	1,825	285	60	75	365	25	35	200	105	110	3,075	600	3,675	F	2,240
	•	Female	2,545	490	105	115	430	40	30	115	175	150	4,200	890	5,090		3,255
		Total	4,370	775	165	185	795	65	65	315	280	260	7,275	1,490	8,765		5,495
	Other	Male	170	25	25	15	30	10	0	20	15	25	335	190	525		235
	Undergraduate	Female	205	50 70	50	15	40	20	0	15	25	15	435	225	660		320
	All Undergraduate	Total Male	375 1,995	70 305	80 85	30 90	70 395	30 30	0 35	35 215	40 120	40 135	765 3,410	415 790	1,185 4,200		555 2,475
	An Undergraduate	Female	2,750	305 540	85 160	90 125	395 470	30 60	35 30	130	200	165	3,410 4,630	1,115	4,200 5,750		2,475
		Total	4,745	845	245	215	865	90	65	345	320	300	4,030	1,905	9,945		6,050
	Postgraduate	Male	725	70	25	10	40	10	10	50	30	30	990	265	1,260		830
		Female	1,065	185	35	10	45	10	5	45	40	70	1,510	535	2,045		1,300
		Total	1,795	255	60	20	85	15	15	95	65	100	2,500	805	3,305		2,125
	Total	Male	2,720	375	110	100	435	40	45	265	150	160	4,400	1,055	5,455		3,305
		Female	3,815	725	195	140	510	70	35	175	240	235	6,140	1,655	7,795		4,875
Source: High	er Education Statistics	Total	6,540	1,100	305	235	950	110	80	440	390	400	10,540	2,710	13,250	L	8,175

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes: 1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0. 2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

# Table 13b: Destinations of Full-time leavers from NI HEIs by gender - 2015/16

				De	estinations					
Gender	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment
Male	2,100	325	60	75	410	25	40	245	125	2,560
Female	2,950	560	115	110	465	35	30	145	175	3,740
Total	5,050	885	175	185	875	55	70	390	300	6,295
Male	61.8%	9.6%	1.8%	2.1%	12.0%	0.7%	1.1%	7.2%	3.7%	75.3%
Female	64.2%	12.2%	2.5%	2.4%	10.1%	0.7%	0.7%	3.2%	3.9%	81.4%
Total	63.2%	11.1%	2.2%	2.3%	11.0%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.8%	78.8%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

# Table 13c: Destinations of Full-time leavers from NI HEIs by level of study - 2015/16

				D	estinations					
Level of Study	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment
First Degree	4,020	705	145	170	770	50	60	285	250	5,040
Other Undergraduate	70	20	15	10	45	5	0	25	15	115
All Undergraduate	4,090	730	160	175	815	50	60	315	265	5,155
Postgraduate	960	160	20	10	60	5	10	75	35	1,140
Total	5,050	885	175	185	875	55	70	390	300	6,295
First Degree	62.3%	10.9%	2.2%	2.6%	11.9%	0.7%	0.9%	4.4%	3.9%	78.1%
Other Undergraduate	34.3%	10.8%	6.9%	4.4%	21.1%	2.0%	0.5%	12.7%	7.4%	56.4%
All Undergraduate	61.4%	10.9%	2.4%	2.7%	12.2%	0.8%	0.9%	4.7%	4.0%	77.4%
Postgraduate	71.9%	11.9%	1.4%	0.6%	4.7%	0.4%	0.8%	5.8%	2.7%	85.7%
Total	63.2%	11.1%	2.2%	2.3%	11.0%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.8%	78.8%

#### Table 13d: Destinations of Part-time leavers from NI HEIs by gender - 2015/16

				D	estinations					
Gender	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment
Male	620	50	45	25	30	15	5	20	25	745
Female	865	165	80	25	45	35	5	30	65	1,135
Total	1,490	215	125	50	75	50	10	50	85	1,880
Male	74.0%	6.1%	5.6%	3.0%	3.3%	2.0%	0.6%	2.6%	2.9%	88.6%
Female	66.1%	12.4%	6.0%	2.0%	3.5%	2.6%	0.4%	2.2%	4.8%	86.5%
Total	69.2%	9.9%	5.9%	2.4%	3.4%	2.4%	0.5%	2.4%	4.0%	87.3%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

#### Table 13e: Destinations of Part-time leavers from NI HEIs by level of study - 2015/16

				De	estinations					
Level of Study	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment
First Degree	350	70	20	20	25	15	5	25	30	455
Other Undergraduate	305	50	65	20	25	25	0	5	25	440
All Undergraduate	655	120	85	40	50	40	5	35	55	895
Postgraduate	835	95	40	15	20	10	5	15	30	985
Total	1,490	215	125	50	75	50	10	50	85	1,880
First Degree	62.3%	12.5%	3.6%	3.2%	4.5%	2.9%	0.9%	4.8%	5.4%	81.6%
Other Undergraduate	58.4%	9.4%	12.2%	3.8%	5.2%	4.6%	0.2%	1.3%	5.0%	83.8%
All Undergraduate	60.4%	11.0%	7.8%	3.5%	4.8%	3.7%	0.6%	3.1%	5.2%	82.6%
Postgraduate	78.0%	8.9%	3.9%	1.2%	2.1%	1.0%	0.4%	1.6%	2.9%	92.1%
Total	69.2%	9.9%	5.9%	2.4%	3.4%	2.4%	0.5%	2.4%	4.0%	87.3%

						Des	stinations								ſ	
Mode	Domicile	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known	Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population		Employment
Full-time	NI	4,685	830	170	165	795	50	65	365	285	270	7,685	1,590	9,275		5,855
	GB	125	25	0	10	50	0	0	10	10	10	240	65	305		160
	ROI	215	25	5	10	20	5	0	10	5	5	300	80	385		255
	Other EU	25	5	0	0	10	0	0	5	0	0	45	45	95		30
	Total	5,050	885	175	185	875	55	70	390	300	285	8,275	1,785	10,055		6,295
Part-time	NI	1,250	185	105	45	65	45	10	45	80	105	1,935	680	2,615		1,585
	GB	110	10	15	5	5	5	0	5	0	5	155	135	285		135
	ROI	125	20	10	5	5	0	0	5	5	5	175	110	285		155
	Other EU	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	5		5
	Total	1,490	215	125	50	75	50	10	50	85	115	2,270	925	3,195		1,880
Total	NI	5,940	1,015	275	210	865	100	75	405	370	370	9,620	2,270	11,890		7,440
	GB	235	35	15	15	50	5	0	15	10	15	395	200	595		295
	ROI	335	45	15	10	25	5	0	15	10	10	475	195	670		410
	Other EU	25	5	0	0	10	0	0	5	0	0	50	50	100		35
	Total	6,540	1,100	305	235	950	110	80	440	390	400	10,540	2,710	13,250		8,175

Table 14a: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study and domicile - 2015/16 (Numbers)

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

# Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

					Des	tinations						
Mode	Domicile	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other		Employment
Full-time	NI	63.2%	11.2%	2.3%	2.2%	10.7%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.9%	7	8.9%
	GB	54.1%	9.9%	0.0%	5.2%	20.6%	0.4%	0.4%	5.2%	4.3%	6	9.1%
	ROI	71.7%	9.1%	2.0%	2.7%	7.4%	1.0%	0.3%	4.0%	1.7%	8	5.5%
	Other EU	52.3%	9.1%	2.3%	2.3%	20.5%	2.3%	2.3%	6.8%	2.3%	6	5.9%
	Total	63.2%	11.1%	2.2%	2.3%	11.0%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.8%	7	8.8%
Part-time	NI	68.3%	10.1%	5.7%	2.5%	3.7%	2.5%	0.5%	2.3%	4.5%		6.5%
	GB	74.8%	6.8%	8.8%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	0.0%	2.7%	0.7%	9	2.5%
	ROI	72.8%	11.2%	5.3%	1.8%	2.4%	1.2%	0.6%	2.4%	2.4%	9	1.1%
	Other EU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	Total	69.2%	9.9%	5.9%	2.4%	3.4%	2.4%	0.5%	2.4%	4.0%		7.3%
Total	NI	64.2%	11.0%	3.0%	2.3%	9.3%	1.1%	0.8%	4.4%	4.0%	8	0.4%
	GB	62.1%	8.7%	3.4%	3.9%	13.4%	1.1%	0.3%	4.2%	2.9%	7	8.2%
	ROI	72.1%	9.9%	3.2%	2.4%	5.6%	1.1%	0.4%	3.4%	1.9%		7.6%
	Other EU	56.3%	8.3%	2.1%	2.1%	18.8%	2.1%	2.1%	6.3%	2.1%		8.8%
	Total	64.5%	10.8%	3.0%	2.3%	9.4%	1.1%	0.8%	4.3%	3.8%	8	0.6%

 Table 14b: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study and country of domicile - 2015/16 (Percentages)

						De	stinations								ſ	
Mode	Institution	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known	Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population		Employment
Full-time	QUB <sup>1</sup>	2,270	355	50	100	520	20	45	165	145	130	3,795	645	4,440		2,775
	UU <sup>2</sup>	2,525	480	115	85	280	35	20	220	130	145	4,030	1,090	5,125		3,200
	Stranmillis <sup>3</sup>	130	35	15	5	40	0	0	0	15	10	250	15	265		185
	St Mary's <sup>4</sup>	120	15	0	0	40	5	5	5	10	0	195	35	230		135
	Total	5,050	885	175	185	875	55	70	390	300	285	8,275	1,785	10,055		6,295
Part-time	QUB <sup>1</sup>	345	50	10	10	15	5	5	15	30	40	520	145	660		410
	UU <sup>2</sup>	1,010	120	100	25	30	35	0	30	25	45	1,420	665	2,085		1,255
	Stranmillis <sup>3</sup>	15	5	5	0	20	0	0	0	5	0	55	15	70		25
	St Mary's <sup>4</sup>	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	10	20		5
	NI OU⁵	120	35	15	15	5	10	0	10	25	30	265	95	360		185
	Total	1,490	215	125	50	75	50	10	50	85	115	2,270	925	3,195		1,880
Total	QUB <sup>1</sup>	2,615	405	55	105	535	20	50	180	175	165	4,315	785	5,100		3,185
	UU <sup>2</sup>	3,535	600	210	110	310	70	20	250	160	190	5,455	1,755	7,210		4,455
	Stranmillis <sup>3</sup>	145	40	20	5	60	0	0	0	20	15	305	30	335		210
	St Mary's <sup>4</sup>	125	15	0	0	40	5	5	5	10	0	200	45	245		145
	NI OU⁵	120	35	15	15	5	10	0	10	25	30	265	95	360		185
	Total	6,540	1,100	305	235	950	110	80	440	390	400	10,540	2,710	13,250		8,175

 Table 15a: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study and HEI - 2015/16 (Numbers)

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

3. Institutions: <sup>1</sup>Queen's University, Belfast; <sup>2</sup>Ulster University; <sup>3</sup>Stranmillis University College; <sup>4</sup>St Mary's University College; <sup>5</sup>Open University (where the national centre is located in NI) 4. All students from Open University (where the national centre is located in NI) graduated from a part-time course and therefore do not appear in the full-time section of the table above.

					De	stinations					
Mode	Institution	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment
Full-time	QUB <sup>1</sup>	61.9%	9.7%	1.3%	2.7%	14.2%	0.5%	1.2%	4.5%	4.0%	75.6%
	UU <sup>2</sup>	65.0%	12.3%	2.9%	2.1%	7.2%	0.9%	0.5%	5.7%	3.4%	82.4%
	Stranmillis <sup>3</sup>	53.9%	15.4%	5.8%	1.7%	16.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.4%	6.6%	76.8%
	St Mary's <sup>4</sup>	61.9%	7.7%	1.0%	0.0%	19.6%	1.5%	2.1%	1.5%	4.6%	70.6%
	Total	63.2%	11.1%	2.2%	2.3%	11.0%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.8%	78.8%
Part-time	QUB <sup>1</sup>	71.8%	10.4%	1.9%	1.9%	3.3%	0.8%	1.3%	2.7%	5.8%	86.0%
	UU <sup>2</sup>	73.3%	8.8%	7.2%	1.8%	2.3%	2.5%	0.1%	2.1%	2.0%	91.1%
	Stranmillis <sup>3</sup>	25.0%	7.7%	7.7%	3.8%	38.5%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	11.5%	44.2%
	St Mary's <sup>4</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	NI OU⁵	50.4%	15.5%	5.9%	6.3%	2.9%	4.6%	0.4%	3.4%	10.5%	78.2%
	Total	69.2%	9.9%	5.9%	2.4%	3.4%	2.4%	0.5%	2.4%	4.0%	87.3%
Total	QUB <sup>1</sup>	63.1%	9.8%	1.4%	2.6%	12.9%	0.5%	1.2%	4.3%	4.2%	76.8%
	UU <sup>2</sup>	67.2%	11.4%	4.0%	2.1%	5.9%	1.3%	0.4%	4.8%	3.0%	84.6%
	Stranmillis <sup>3</sup>	48.8%	14.0%	6.1%	2.0%	20.1%	0.3%	0.3%	0.7%	7.5%	71.0%
	St Mary's <sup>4</sup>	61.4%	8.4%	1.0%	0.0%	18.8%	1.5%	2.5%	1.5%	5.0%	70.8%
	NI OU⁵	50.4%	15.5%	5.9%	6.3%	2.9%	4.6%	0.4%	3.4%	10.5%	78.2%
	Total	64.5%	10.8%	3.0%	2.3%	9.4%	1.1%	0.8%	4.3%	3.8%	80.6%

Table 15b: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study and HEI - 2015/16 (Percentages)

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

#### Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

3. Institutions: <sup>1</sup>Queen's University, Belfast; <sup>2</sup>Ulster University; <sup>3</sup>Stranmillis University College; <sup>4</sup>St Mary's University College; <sup>5</sup>Open University (where the national centre is located in NI)

4. All students from Open University (where the national centre is located in NI) graduated from a part-time course and therefore do not appear in the full-time section of the table above.

 Table 16a: Destinations of full-time leavers from NI HEIs by subject area - 2015/16 (Numbers)

					Des	tinations									
Subject area	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known	Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Employment	Further study only
Medicine & dentistry	250	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	270	35	305	255	0
Subjects allied to medicine	900	80	15	25	70	5	5	15	20	40	1,180	265	1445	1,020	75
Biological sciences	285	105	15	30	120	5	5	45	25	25	660	165	825	435	125
Agriculture & related subjects	70	5	0	5	25	0	0	5	5	5	115	15	130	75	25
Physical sciences	110	30	5	10	95	5	5	25	5	10	295	50	345	155	95
Mathematical sciences	40	5	0	0	20	0	0	0	5	0	75	10	85	50	20
Computer science	490	50	10	5	30	5	10	65	25	25	720	165	885	555	35
Engineering & technology	335	15	5	5	65	5	5	20	20	15	485	100	585	360	70
Architecture, building & planning	210	15	10	0	10	0	5	10	15	5	285	45	335	235	15
Social studies	390	105	15	15	115	5	10	45	30	30	765	185	950	530	120
Law	265	25	15	15	55	0	5	15	20	20	440	90	530	325	55
Business & administrative studies	765	85	60	15	50	5	0	40	55	35	1,110	230	1340	925	55
Mass communications & documentation	100	35	5	5	5	0	0	15	10	5	185	65	250	145	5
Languages	115	65	5	20	70	5	5	10	10	10	310	75	390	205	70
Historical & philosophical studies	100	60	0	20	65	5	5	20	5	10	285	70	355	180	70
Creative arts & design	250	110	0	10	50	10	5	40	20	20	515	125	640	370	55
Education	375	95	15	0	40	0	0	10	20	20	575	85	660	485	40
Total	5,050	885	175	185	875	55	70	390	300	285	8,275	1,785	10,055	6,295	930
Broad STEM	2,685	310	60	80	435	25	40	195	125	135	4,085	855	4,940	3,135	460
Narrow STEM	1,255	205	35	50	325	20	25	160	80	75	2,235	495	2,725	1,550	345

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown.

3. Broad STEM subjects include Medicine & dentistry, Subjects allied to medicine, Biological sciences, Veterinary sciences, Agriculture & related subjects, Physical sciences,

Mathematical sciences, Computer science, Engineering & technology and Architecture, building & planning.

4. Narrow STEM subjects include Biological sciences, Physical sciences, Mathematical sciences, Computer science and Engineering & technology.

				De	stinations						
Subject area	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment	Further study only
Medicine & dentistry	96.2%	0.4%	0.8%	0.0%	0.8%	0.0%	0.4%	0.4%	1.1%	97.3%	0.8%
Subjects allied to medicine	78.9%	7.1%	1.4%	2.0%	6.3%	0.4%	0.6%	1.4%	1.9%	89.4%	6.7%
Biological sciences	44.8%	16.8%	2.4%	4.7%	18.7%	1.1%	0.5%	7.1%	4.0%	68.7%	19.8%
Agriculture & related subjects	61.6%	2.7%	0.9%	2.7%	20.5%	0.9%	1.8%	5.4%	3.6%	67.9%	21.4%
Physical sciences	37.8%	11.2%	1.7%	3.5%	32.9%	1.0%	1.4%	8.0%	2.4%	54.2%	33.9%
Mathematical sciences	53.9%	5.3%	2.6%	1.3%	27.6%	1.3%	0.0%	2.6%	5.3%	63.2%	28.9%
Computer science	70.4%	7.2%	1.4%	0.9%	4.2%	0.9%	1.7%	9.6%	3.7%	79.9%	5.0%
Engineering & technology	70.8%	3.2%	0.6%	1.1%	13.5%	0.8%	1.1%	4.7%	4.2%	75.7%	14.4%
Architecture, building & planning	74.0%	6.0%	2.8%	0.7%	4.3%	0.4%	2.5%	3.9%	5.3%	83.6%	4.6%
Social studies	53.1%	14.4%	1.9%	2.3%	15.5%	0.9%	1.5%	6.2%	4.2%	71.6%	16.4%
Law	64.2%	5.8%	4.1%	3.8%	13.0%	0.2%	0.7%	3.6%	4.6%	77.9%	13.2%
Business & administrative studies	71.2%	7.9%	5.4%	1.2%	4.5%	0.6%	0.2%	3.8%	5.3%	85.6%	5.1%
Mass communications and documentation	57.4%	18.8%	2.8%	4.0%	2.8%	1.1%	0.0%	7.4%	5.7%	83.0%	4.0%
Languages	38.3%	22.1%	1.0%	6.6%	22.4%	1.0%	1.0%	4.0%	3.6%	68.0%	23.4%
Historical and philosophical studies	35.8%	21.1%	0.7%	7.2%	22.9%	1.8%	1.1%	6.8%	2.5%	64.9%	24.7%
Creative arts & design	50.2%	22.3%	0.4%	2.4%	9.9%	1.6%	1.0%	8.5%	3.6%	75.3%	11.5%
Education	67.1%	17.1%	2.5%	0.2%	7.2%	0.0%	0.4%	1.6%	3.9%	86.9%	7.2%
Total	63.2%	11.1%	2.2%	2.3%	11.0%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.8%	78.8%	11.7%
Broad STEM	67.8%	7.8%	1.6%	2.0%	11.0%	0.7%	1.0%	4.9%	3.2%	79.2%	11.7%
Narrow STEM	58.1%	9.6%	1.6%	2.4%	15.1%	1.0%	1.1%	4.3 <i>%</i> 7.4%	3.8%	71.7%	16.0%
Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (H										J	

						D	estination	8							
Mode	Country of Institution	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known	Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Employment
Full-time	Northern Ireland	5,050	885	175	185	875	55	70	390	300	285	8,275	1,785	10,055	6,295
	England	154,530	31,310	5,705	8,090	42,090	2,235	2,965	11,490	11,560	10,330	280,305	73,290	353,595	199,635
	Scotland	17,375	3,430	680	975	5,295	190	250	1,285	1,150	1,530	32,160	9,935	42,090	22,460
	Wales	8,930	2,295	375	605	2,945	120	200	725	660	875	17,720	5,300	23,020	12,200
	Total	185,885	37,915	6,935	9,855	51,205	2,605	3,485	13,885	13,670	13,015	338,460	90,305	428,765	240,590
Part-time	Northern Ireland	1,490	215	125	50	75	50	10	50	85	115	2,270	925	3,195	1,880
	England	37,150	7,185	3,015	1,370	2,700	1,610	285	1,315	3,145	4,190	61,970	22,170	84,140	48,720
	Scotland	3,325	635	230	95	220	140	20	100	355	400	5,525	2,090	7,610	4,285
	Wales	2,390	515	305	120	125	90	10	60	190	275	4,080	1,650	5,730	3,330
	Total	44,355	8,550	3,675	1,635	3,125	1,895	320	1,525	3,780	4,980	73,840	26835	100,675	58,215
Total	Northern Ireland	6,540	1100	305	235	950	110	80	440	390	400	10,540	2,710	13,250	8,175
	England	191,680	38,495	8,715	9,465	44,795	3,850	3,250	12,800	14,705	14,520	342,275	95,460	437,735	248,355
	Scotland	20,700	4,065	910	1070	5,515	330	270	1,385	1,505	1,930	37,680	12,020	49,705	26,745
	Wales	11,320	2,810	680	725	3,070	210	210	785	850	1150	21,800		28,755	15,530
	Total	230,235	46465	10615	11490	54330	4495	3810	15415	17450	17995	412,300	117,145	529,445	298,805

Table 17a: Destinations of leavers from <u>UK HEIs</u> by mode of study and country of institution - 2015/16 (Numbers)

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

					De	estinations					
Mode	Country of Institution	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Employment
Full-time	Northern Ireland	63.2%	11.1%	2.2%	2.3%	11.0%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.8%	78.8%
	England	57.2%	11.6%	2.1%	3.0%	15.6%	0.8%	1.1%	4.3%	4.3%	73.9%
	Scotland	56.7%	11.2%	2.2%	3.2%	17.3%	0.6%	0.8%	4.2%	3.8%	73.3%
	Wales	53.0%	13.6%	2.2%	3.6%	17.5%	0.7%	1.2%	4.3%	3.9%	72.4%
	Total	57.1%	11.7%	2.1%	3.0%	15.7%	0.8%	1.1%	4.3%	4.2%	73.9%
Part-time	Northern Ireland	69.2%	9.9%	5.9%	2.4%	3.4%	2.4%	0.5%	2.4%	4.0%	87.3%
	England	64.3%	12.4%	5.2%	2.4%	4.7%	2.8%	0.5%	2.3%	5.4%	84.3%
	Scotland	64.9%	12.4%	4.5%	1.8%	4.3%	2.8%	0.4%	2.0%	7.0%	83.6%
	Wales	62.8%	13.6%	8.0%	3.1%	3.3%	2.3%	0.3%	1.6%	4.9%	87.5%
	Total	64.4%	12.4%	5.3%	2.4%	4.5%	2.7%	0.5%	2.2%	5.5%	84.5%
Total	Northern Ireland	64.5%	10.8%	3.0%	2.3%	9.4%	1.1%	0.8%	4.3%	3.8%	80.6%
	England	58.5%	11.7%	2.7%	2.9%	13.7%	1.2%	1.0%	3.9%	4.5%	75.8%
	Scotland	57.9%	11.4%	2.6%	3.0%	15.4%	0.9%	0.8%	3.9%	4.2%	74.8%
	Wales	54.8%	13.6%	3.3%	3.5%	14.9%	1.0%	1.0%	3.8%	4.1%	75.2%
	Total	58.4%	11.8%	2.7%	2.9%	13.8%	1.1%	1.0%	3.9%	4.4%	75.8%

 Table 17b: Destinations of leavers from UK HEIs by mode of study and country of institution - 2015/16 (Percentages)

Table 18a: Location of Employment of all leavers from <u>NI HEIs</u> by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2015/16

			Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union	Not Known	Total respondents
Mode	Level	Gender							
Full-time	First Degree	Male	1,720	155	95	15	40	0	2,030
		Female	2,615	235	95	30	30	0	3,010
		Total	4,335	390	190	45	70	5	5,040
	Other Undergraduate	Male	55	0	0	0	0	0	60
		Female	55	0	0	0	0	0	55
	AULT 1 1 /	Total	110	5	0	0	0	0	115
	All Undergraduate	Male	1,775	160	95	15	40	0	2,090
		Female	2,670	235	95	30	30	0	3,065
		Total	4,445	395	190	45	75	5	5,155
	Postgraduate	Male	340	45	55	10	15	0	470
		Female	540	55	55	10	10	0	675
	<b>T</b>	Total	880	100	115	20	30	0	1,140
	Total	Male	2,110	205	155	30	60	0	2,560
		Female	3,210	290	150	40	45	5	3,740
		Total	5,325	495	305	65	100	5	6,295
Part-time	First Degree	Male	185	10	10	0	5	0	205
		Female	225	5	15	0	0	0	250
		Total	405	15	25	0	5	0	455
	Other Undergraduate	Male	150	20	10	0	0	0	175
		Female	205	40	15	0	0	0	260
		Total	355	60	25	0	0	0	440
	All Undergraduate	Male	335	30	20	0	5	0	385
		Female	430	45	35	0	0	0	510
	Destavedusts	Total	760	75	50	0	5	0	895
	Postgraduate	Male Female	280	35 75	35 65	5	5 5	0	360
			480			0		0	625
	Total	Total Male	760 615	105 60	105 55	5 5	5 5	0 0	985 745
	IUIAI	Female	910	60 120	55 100	5 0	5 5	0	745 1,135
		Total	1,525	120	100	10	5 10	0	1,135
Total	First Degree	Male	1,905	165	105	10	45	0	2,240
1 otal	r hat Degree	Female	2,840	240	110	30	45 35	0	2,240 3,255
		Total	4,740	405	220	50	75	5	5,235 5,495
	Other Undergraduate	Male	205	20	10	0	0	0	235
	Caller Ondergraduate	Female	260	40	15	0	0	0	320
		Total	465	40 60	25	0	0	0	555
	All Undergraduate	Male	2,105	185	115	20	45	0	2,475
		Female	3,100	280	125	30	35	0	3,575
		Total	5,205	470	245	50	80	5	6,050
	Postgraduate	Male	620	80	95	15	20	0	830
		Female	1,025	125	125	10	15	0	1,300
	Total	Total	1,640	205	215	25	35	0	2,125
		Male	2,725	265	210	35	65	5	3,305
		Female	4,120	410	250	40	50	5	4,875
		Total	6,850	675	460	75	115	5	8,175

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

# Table 18b: Location of Employment of Full-time leavers from NI HEIs by gender - 2015/16

		Location	of Employn	nent	
Gender	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
Male	2,110	205	155	30	60
Female	3,210	290	150	40	45
Total	5,325	495	305	65	100
Male	82.6%	8.1%	6.0%	1.1%	2.3%
Female	86.0%	7.7%	4.0%	1.0%	1.2%
Total	84.6%	7.9%	4.8%	1.1%	1.6%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

## Table 18c: Location of Employment of Full-time leavers from NI HEIs by level of study - 2015/16

		Location	ofEmployn	nent	
Level of Study	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
First Degree	4,335	390	190	45	70
Other Undergraduate	110	5	0	0	0
All Undergraduate	4,445	395	190	45	75
Postgraduate	880	100	115	20	30
Total	5,325	495	305	65	100
First Degree	86.1%	7.8%	3.8%	0.9%	1.4%
Other Undergraduate	94.8%	2.6%	0.0%	0.9%	1.7%
All Undergraduate	86.3%	7.7%	3.7%	0.9%	1.4%
Postgraduate	77.1%	8.8%	9.9%	1.8%	2.5%
Total	84.6%	7.9%	4.8%	1.1%	1.6%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

## Table 18d: Location of Employment of Full-time leaversfrom NI HEIs by domicile - 2015/16

		Locatio	on of Employ	/ment	
Domicile	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
NI Domiciled	5,155	365	190	50	90
Non-NI Domiciled	170	130	115	15	15
Total	5,325	495	305	65	100
NI Domiciled	88.1%	6.2%	3.2%	0.9%	1.5%
Non-NI Domiciled	38.3%	29.5%	25.7%	3.6%	2.9%
Total	84.6%	7.9%	4.8%	1.1%	1.6%

# Table 18e: Location of Employment of Part-time leavers from NI HEIs by gender - 2015/16

	Location of Employment										
Gender	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union						
Male	615	60	55	5	5						
Female	910	120	100	0	5						
Total	1,525	180	155	10	10						
Male	82.5%	8.2%	7.5%	0.9%	0.8%						
Female	80.2%	10.5%	8.8%	0.1%	0.4%						
Total	81.1%	9.6%	8.3%	0.4%	0.6%						

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

# Table 18f: Location of Employment of Part-time leaversfrom NI HEIs by level of study - 2015/16

		Locatio	n of Employ	ment	
Level of Study	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
First Degree	405	15	25	0	5
Other Undergraduate	355	60	25	0	0
All Undergraduate	760	75	50	0	5
Postgraduate	760	105	105	5	5
Total	1,525	180	155	10	10
First Degree	89.3%	3.3%	5.9%	0.4%	1.1%
Other Undergraduate	80.9%	13.4%	5.7%	0.0%	0.0%
All Undergraduate	85.1%	8.3%	5.8%	0.2%	0.6%
Postgraduate	77.4%	10.8%	10.6%	0.6%	0.6%
Total	81.1%	9.6%	8.3%	0.4%	0.6%

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

## Table 18g: Location of Employment of Part-time leavers from NI HEIs by domicile - 2015/16

		Locatio	n of Employ	/ment	
Domicile	Northern Ireland	Great Britain	Republic of Ireland	Other European Union	Non European Union
NI Domiciled	1,500	45	30	5	10
Non NI Domiciled	25	135	125	5	5
Total	1,525	180	155	10	10
NI Domiciled	94.5%	2.8%	2.0%	0.2%	0.5%
Non NI Domiciled	8.8%	45.9%	42.5%	1.7%	1.0%
Total	81.1%	9.6%	8.3%	0.4%	0.6%

Table 19a: Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) of leavers from NI HEIs, in Employment by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2015/16 (Numbers)

					St	tandard C	occupatio	nal Clas	sification						
Mode	Level	Gender	Managers, directors and senior officials	Professional occupations	Associate professional and technical occupations	Administrative and secretarial occupations	Skilled trades occupations	Caring, leisure and other service occupations	Sales and customer service occupations	Process, plant and machine operatives	Elementary occupations	Not known/Not applicable	Total Respondents		SOC groups 1-3
Full-time	First Degree	Male	65	995	440	80	25	50	265	20	90	0	2,030		1,505
		Female Total	70 135	1,495 2,490	615 1,060	185 265	20 45	150 200	385 650	0 20	85 175	0 0	3,010 5,040		2,180 3,685
	Other Undergraduate		0	2,490 5	1,000	205	45 5	200	15	20 5	5	0	5,040 60		3,005 15
	outer officergraduate	Female	5	15	5	5	0	5	15	0	5	0	55		25
		Total	5	25	15	10	10	10	35	5	10	0	115		40
	All Undergraduate	Male	65	1,005	450	85	30	50	285	20	95	0	2,090	1	1,520
		Female	75	1,510	620	190	20	155	400	5	90	0	3,065		2,205
		Total	140	2,515	1,070	275	50	210	685	25	180	0	5,155	3	3,725
	Postgraduate	Male	25	285	105	15	0	10	20	0	10	0	470		415
		Female	20	440	120	30	0 5	20	30	0 0	10 20	0 0	675		575
	Total	Total Male	40 90	730 1,290	220 555	45 100	о 35	30 60	50 300	25	20 105	0	1,140 2,560	1	990 1,935
	TOTAL	Female	90	1,950	740	220	20	180	430	23 5	100	0	3,740		2,780
		Total	180	3,240	1,295	320	55	240	735	25	200	0	6,295		4,715
Part-time	First Degree	Male	20	70	70	15	5	5	15	5	5	0	205		160
		Female	20	95	55	50	0	15	10	0	0	0	250		170
		Total	40	165	125	65	5	20	30	5	5	0	455		330
	Other Undergraduate		35	65	65	5	5	5	0	0	0	0	175		160
		Female	20	125	80	20	0	15	5	0	0	0	260		225
	All Undergraduate	Total Male	55 55	185 130	145 135	20 20	5 5	20 10	5 20	0 5	0 5	0 0	440 385		390 320
	All Ulluergraduate	Female	40	220	135	20 70	0	30	20 15	0	0	0	510		395
		Total	95	350	270	85	5	40	35	5	5	0	895		715
	Postgraduate	Male	50	240	60	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	360		350
	-	Female	55	440	100	15	0	10	5	0	0	0	625		595
		Total	105	675	160	15	0	10	10	0	0	0	985		945
	Total	Male	110	370	195	20	10	10	25	5	5	0	745		670
		Female	95	660	240	85	0	40	20	0	0	0	1,135		990
Total	First Degree	Total Male	200 85	1,030 1,065	430 510	<u>105</u> 95	10 30	50 55	40 280	5 20	<u>10</u> 90	0	1,880 2,240		1,660 1,665
TUTAI	riist Deglee	Female	90	1,590	675	235	20	165	395	20 5	90 85	0	3,255		2,350
		Total	175	2,655	1185	330	45	220	680	25	180	0	5,495		4.015
	Other Undergraduate		35	70	75	10	10	5	20	5	10	0	235		180
	-	Female	25	140	85	25	0	20	20	0	5	0	320		250
		Total	60	210	160	35	10	25	40	5	10	0	555		430
	All Undergraduate	Male	125	1,135	585	105	40	65	300	25	100	0	2,475		1,840
		Female	115	1,730	760	260	20	185	415	5	90	0	3,575		2,600
	Postaroducto	Total Male	235 75	2,865 525	1,340 165	365 15	60 5	250 10	715 25	30 0	190 10	0 0	6,050 830	4	4,445 765
	Postgraduate	Female	75 70	525 880	220	15 45	5 0	35	25 35	0	10	0	830 1,300	1	765 1,170
		Total	145	1,405	385	40 60	5	40	60	0	20	0	2,125		1,935
	Total	Male	200	1,660	745	120	40	70	325	25	110	0	3,305		2,605
		Female	185	2,610	980	305	20	220	450	5	100	0	4,875		3,770
		Total	385	4,270	1,725	425	65	290	775	30	210	5	8,175	e	6,380

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

Table 19b: Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) of leavers from NI HEIs by mode of study, level of study and gender - 2015/16 (Percentages)

					Standar	d Occupa	tional Cla	assificatio	on				
Mode	Level	Gender	Managers, directors and senior officials	Professional	Associate professional and technical	Administrative and secretarial	Skilled trades	Caring, leisure and other service	Sales and customer service	Process, plant and machine operatives	Elementary		SOC groups 1-3
Full-time	First Degree	Male	3.2%	49.1%	21.8%	3.9%	1.2%	2.5%	13.1%	0.9%	4.3%		74.1%
		Female	2.4%	49.6%	20.5%	6.2%	0.6%	5.0%	12.8%	0.1%	2.8%		72.5%
	Other Undergreducte	Total	2.7%	49.4%	21.0%	5.3%	0.9%	4.0%	12.9%	0.4%	3.4%		73.1%
	Other Undergraduate	Male Female	3.4% 5.4%	11.9% 28.6%	13.6% 8.9%	10.2% 8.9%	11.9% 1.8%	3.4% 10.7%	28.8% 28.6%	6.8% 1.8%	10.2% 5.4%		28.8% 42.9%
		Total	4.3%	20.0%	11.3%	9.6%	7.0%	7.0%	28.7%	4.3%	7.8%		35.7%
	All Undergraduate	Male	3.2%	48.0%	21.5%	4.1%	1.5%	2.5%	13.5%	1.1%	4.5%		72.8%
	Ŭ	Female	2.4%	49.2%	20.3%	6.2%	0.6%	5.1%	13.1%	0.1%	2.9%		72.0%
		Total	2.7%	48.8%	20.8%	5.4%	1.0%	4.1%	13.3%	0.5%	3.5%		72.3%
	Postgraduate	Male	4.9%	61.3%	22.0%	3.2%	0.4%	1.7%	4.1%	0.2%	2.1%		88.2%
		Female	2.7%	65.5%	17.5%	4.5%	0.3%	3.3%	4.6%	0.1%	1.5%		85.7%
	<b>-</b>	Total	3.6%	63.8%	19.4%	3.9%	0.4%	2.6%	4.4%	0.2%	1.8%		86.8%
	Total	Male	3.5% 2.5%	50.5% 52.2%	21.6% 19.8%	3.9% 5.9%	1.3% 0.6%	2.3% 4.8%	11.8% 11.6%	0.9% 0.1%	4.1% 2.6%		75.6% 74.4%
		Female Total	2.5%	52.2 <i>%</i> 51.5%	20.5%	5.9%	0.0%	4.0 <i>%</i> 3.8%	11.7%	0.1%	3.2%		74.4%
Part-time	First Degree	Male	10.6%	33.3%	32.9%	7.7%	1.4%	2.9%	7.7%	1.9%	1.4%	_	76.8%
		Female	7.2%	38.6%	22.5%	19.7%	0.4%	5.6%	4.8%	0.4%	0.8%		68.3%
		Total	8.8%	36.2%	27.2%	14.3%	0.9%	4.4%	6.1%	1.1%	1.1%		72.1%
	Other Undergraduate	Male	19.2%	35.6%	36.7%	1.7%	1.7%	2.8%	1.1%	0.0%	1.1%		91.5%
		Female	8.4%	47.3%	30.5%	7.3%	0.0%	5.3%	1.1%	0.0%	0.0%		86.3%
		Total	12.8%	42.6%	33.0%	5.0%	0.7%	4.3%	1.1%	0.0%	0.5%		88.4%
	All Undergraduate	Male	14.6%	34.4%	34.6%	4.9%	1.6%	2.9%	4.7%	1.0%	1.3%		83.6%
		Female Total	7.8% 10.7%	43.1% 39.3%	26.6% 30.1%	13.3% 9.7%	0.2% 0.8%	5.5% 4.4%	2.9% 3.7%	0.2% 0.6%	0.4% 0.8%		77.5% 80.1%
	Postgraduate	Male	10.7%	39.3% 66.2%	30.1% 16.6%	9.7% 0.3%	0.6%	4.4% 0.0%	3.7% 1.7%	0.0%	0.8%		80.1% 97.2%
	rosigraduate	Female	8.7%	70.3%	16.4%	2.4%	0.0%	1.8%	0.5%	0.0%	0.0%		95.3%
		Total	10.8%	68.8%	16.5%	1.6%	0.2%	1.1%	0.9%	0.0%	0.1%		96.0%
	Total	Male	14.5%	49.8%	25.9%	2.7%	1.1%	1.5%	3.2%	0.5%	0.8%		90.2%
		Female	8.3%	58.0%	21.0%	7.3%	0.1%	3.4%	1.6%	0.1%	0.2%		87.3%
		Total	10.8%	54.8%	22.9%	5.5%	0.5%	2.7%	2.2%	0.3%	0.4%		88.5%
Total	First Degree	Male	3.9%	47.6%	22.8%	4.3%	1.3%	2.5%	12.6%	1.0%	4.1%		74.3%
		Female	2.7%	48.8%	20.7%	7.2%	0.6%	5.1%	12.2%	0.1%	2.7%		72.2%
	Other Undergraduate	Total Male	3.2% 15.3%	48.3% 29.7%	21.5% 30.9%	6.0% 3.8%	0.9% 4.2%	4.0% 3.0%	12.4% 8.1%	0.5% 1.7%	3.2% 3.4%		73.0% 75.8%
	Other Ondergraduate	Female	7.9%	29.7% 44.0%	30.9 <i>%</i> 26.7%	3.8% 7.5%	4.2 <i>%</i> 0.3%	6.3%	6.0%	0.3%	0.9%		78.6%
		Total	11.0%	37.9%	28.5%	6.0%	2.0%	4.9%	6.9%	0.9%	2.0%		77.4%
	All Undergraduate	Male	5.0%	45.9%	23.6%	4.2%	1.5%	2.5%	12.2%	1.1%	4.0%		74.5%
	J J	Female	3.2%	48.4%	21.2%	7.2%	0.6%	5.2%	11.6%	0.1%	2.5%		72.8%
		Total	3.9%	47.4%	22.2%	6.0%	1.0%	4.1%	11.9%	0.5%	3.1%		73.5%
	Postgraduate	Male	9.0%	63.4%	19.7%	1.9%	0.5%	1.0%	3.0%	0.1%	1.3%		92.2%
		Female	5.6%	67.8%	17.0%	3.5%	0.2%	2.5%	2.6%	0.1%	0.8%		90.4%
	Tatal	Total	6.9%	66.1%	18.0%	2.9%	0.3%	1.9%	2.8%	0.1%	1.0%		91.1%
	Total	Male	6.0%	50.3%	22.6%	3.7%	1.3%	2.1%	9.9%	0.8%	3.3%		78.9%
		Female Total	3.8% 4.7%	53.5% 52.2%	20.1% 21.1%	6.2% 5.2%	0.5% 0.8%	4.5% 3.5%	9.2% 9.5%	0.1% 0.4%	2.1% 2.6%		77.4% 78.0%
	hor Education Statistics A		4.1%	52.2%	21.1%	5.2%	0.8%	3.5%	9.5%	0.4%	2.6%		78.0%

			Destination	ns			
Domicile	Employed in 'Professional and Managerial' level occupation anywhere in the world (SOC 1-3)	Employed in 'Non-Professional' level occupation anywhere in the world (SOC 4+ including unknown)	Further Study Only	Due to Start Work	Believed unemployed	Other destination	Positive Destination
NI Domiciled	5,750	1,690	960	75	405	370	6,710
Non NI Domiciled	630	110	95	5	35	20	725
Total	6,380	1,800	1,055	80	440	390	7,435
NI Domiciled	62.2%	18.3%	10.4%	0.8%	4.4%	4.0%	72.5%
Non NI Domiciled	70.4%	12.2%	10.7%	0.4%	3.9%	2.3%	81.1%
Total	62.9%	17.7%	10.4%	0.8%	4.3%	3.8%	73.3%

### Table 19c: Destinations of leavers from NI HEIs by domicile - 2015/16

Table 20: Salary of leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment by	mode of study, level of qualification and gender - 2015/16
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							S	Salary band	ł						
Mode	Level	Gender	less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+	Total Respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
Full-time	First Degree	Male	5	95	275	360	155	65	15	10	975	£21,280	£21,000	680	1,655
		Female	5	165	425	615	110	60	15	5	1,405	£20,405	£21,000	965	2,365
	Other	Total	10	255	700	975	260	130	30	15	2,380	£20,765	£21,000	1,645	4,020
	Other	Male	0 0	10 0	5 10	5 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	20 10	-	-	20 20	40 30
	Undergraduate	Female Total	0	10	10	0 5	0	0	0	0	30	۔ £16,760	- £16,000	20 40	30 70
	Postgraduate	Male	0	20	30	65	35	30	5	10	30 195	£10,700 £24,695	£18,000 £23,000	40 210	405
	FUSIGIAUUALE	Female	0	20 35	75	80	33 45	25	5	10	280	£24,095 £21,765	£23,000 £21,000	275	403 550
		Total	5	55	110	145	80	55	10	20	475	£22,975	£22,000	480	960
	Total	Male	5	120	315	425	190	100	20	20	1,190	£21,775	£21,000	910	2,100
		Female	5	200	510	700	155	85	20	15	1,695	£20,605	£21,000	1,255	2,950
		Total	15	320	820	1,125	345	185	45	35	2,885	£21,090	£21,000	2,165	5,050
Part-time	First Degree	Male	0	5	15	15	25	20	10	15	110	£28,105	£27,000	60	170
		Female	0	10	25	30	25	10	5	10	125	£24,040	£22,000	55	180
		Total	5	20	45	45	50	25	20	25	230	£25,940	£25,000	115	350
	Other	Male	0	0	10	10	20	15	5	5	70	£27,765	£26,500	65	135
	Undergraduate	Female	0	5	5	30	20	10	5	10	85	£26,050	£24,000	90	175
		Total	0	10	20	40	40	25	10	15	150	£26,820	£25,000	155	305
	Postgraduate	Male	0	0	10	20	25	25	25	55	165	£36,775	£35,000	155	320
		Female	0	0	20	35	50	55	45	55	260	£32,140	£30,500	255	515
	<b>T</b> . (.)	Total	0	0	35	55	70	80	75	110	430	£33,940	£32,000	405	835
	Total	Male	0	10 20	40 55	45 95	70 90	60 70	45	75 75	340 470	£32,245 £28,930	£30,000 £28,000	280 400	620 865
		Female Total	5 5	20 30	55 95	95 140	90 160	130	60 100	150	470 810	£28,930 £30,330	£28,000 £28,500	400 680	865 1,490
Total	First Degree	Male	5	100	290	370	180	85	25	20	1,080	£30,330 £21,960	£28,500 £21,000	740	1,490
Total	That Degree	Female	5	175	450	645	135	70	25	15	1,525	£20,695	£21,000	1,020	2,545
		Total	15	275	745	1,020	315	155	50	40	2,610	£21,220	£21,000	1,760	4,370
	Other	Male	0	10	20	15	25	15	5	5	85	£25,370	£25,000	85	170
	Undergraduate	Female	0	10	15	30	20	10	5	10	95	£25,045	£23,000	110	205
	U U	Total	0	15	30	45	40	25	10	15	180	£25,200	£24,000	195	375
	Postgraduate	Male	0	20	45	85	60	60	35	65	365	£30,220	£27,000	365	725
		Female	5	35	95	115	95	75	50	65	540	£26,790	£26,000	525	1,065
		Total	5	55	140	200	155	135	85	130	905	£28,165	£26,000	890	1,795
	Total	Male	10	125	355	470	260	155	65	95	1,530	£24,110	£22,000	1,190	2,720
		Female	10	220	565	795	250	155	80	90	2,160	£22,410	£21,000	1,655	3,815
	abor Education Stat	Total	20	345	915	1,260	505	315	145	185	3,695	£23,115	£22,000	2,845	6,540

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

						S	Salary band	I						
Country of domicile	Gender	less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+	Total respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
NI	Male	5	115	300	400	175	85	15	15	1,105	£21,520	£21,000	835	1,945
	Female	5	190	485	660	145	75	20	15	1,600	£20,585	£21,000	1,145	2,745
	Total	10	305	785	1,060	320	160	40	30	2,705	£20,970	£21,000	1,980	4,685
GB	Male	0	5	5	10	10	10	5	5	50	£26,435	£25,000	15	60
	Female	0	5	10	10	5	5	0	0	35	£22,220	£21,000	30	65
	Total	0	5	20	20	15	15	5	5	85	£24,630	£23,000	40	125
Other	Male	5	0	5	10	5	5	0	0	35	£23,390	£24,000	60	95
	Female	0	5	15	30	5	5	0	0	60	£20,205	£21,000	85	145
	Total	5	10	20	40	15	10	0	0	95	£21,390	£21,000	140	235
Total	Male	5	120	315	425	190	100	20	20	1,190	£21,775	£21,000	910	2,100
	Female	5	200	510	700	155	85	20	15	1,695	£20,605	£21,000	1,255	2,950
	Total	15	320	820	1,125	345	185	45	35	2,885	£21,090	£21,000	2,165	5,050

Table 21: Salary of <u>full-time</u> leavers from NI HEIs in <u>full-time employment</u> by country of domicile and gender - 2015/16

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

### Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

						S	alary band							
Location of employment	Gender	less than £10,000	£10,000 - £14,999	£15,000 - £19,999	£20,000 - £24,999	£25,000 - £29,999	£30,000 - £34,999	£35,000 - £39,999	£40,000+	Total respondents	Mean	Median	Not Known	Total in full-time employment
NI	Male	5	115	300	390	145	65	10	10	1,035	£20,985	£21,000	650	1,685
	Female	5	200	485	625	115	55	15	10	1,510	£20,115	£20,000	980	2,495
	Total	10	315	785	1,015	255	120	30	20	2,550	£20,470	£20,000	1,630	4,180
GB	Male	0	0	10	35	45	30	10	5	130	£27,955	£27,000	65	195
	Female	0	0	20	65	40	30	5	5	165	£24,760	£23,000	90	255
	Total	0	5	30	100	80	55	15	10	295	£26,170	£25,000	155	450
Other	Male	5	0	5	5	0	5	0	0	20	-	-	195	215
	Female	0	0	0	5	5	5	0	0	15	-	-	185	200
	Total	5	0	5	5	5	5	0	0	35	£23,105	£23,000	380	415
Total	Male	5	120	315	425	190	100	20	20	1,190	£21,775	£21,000	910	2,100
	Female	5	200	510	700	155	85	20	15	1,695	£20,605	£21,000	1,255	2,950
	Total	15	320	820	1,125	345	185	45	35	2,885	£21,090	£21,000	2,165	5,050

Table 22: Salary of <u>full-time</u> leavers from NI HEIs in <u>full-time employment</u> by location of employment and gender - 2015/16

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

### Note:

There were 5 cases where the location of employment was not known for full-time leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment. These cases <u>are not</u> separated in the table above but <u>are</u> included in the total.

### Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0. 2. Due to rounding, the sum of numbers in each row or column may not match the total shown. Table 23: Salary of full-time first degree leavers from NI HEIs in full-time employment by Standard OccupationalClassification - 2015/16

		First Degree			
Standard Occupational Classification	Respondents	Mean	Median	Not known	Total
Managers, directors and senior officials	55	£22,755	£21,000	75	125
Professional occupations	1,485	£22,580	£22,000	800	2,290
Associate professional and technical occupations	480	£19,200	£18,000	400	875
Administrative and secretarial occupations	115	£15,575	£15,000	95	215
Skilled trades occupations	15	-	-	15	35
Caring, leisure and other service occupations	50	£14,185	£14,000	70	115
Sales and customer service occupations	140	£14,570	£14,000	140	280
Process, plant and machine operatives	5	-	-	5	10
Elementary occupations	35	£14,345	£15,000	40	75
Total	2,380	£20,765	£21,000	1,645	4,020

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

### <u>Notes:</u>

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

						Des	stinations								
Country of domicile	Level of Qualification	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Not known	Total respondents	Non respondents	Target population	Further Study
NI	First Degree	3,805	675	140	150	710	45	55	270	240	210	6,305	1,205	7,510	1,045
	Other Undergraduate	70	20	15	10	40	5	0	25	15	20	220	155	375	70
	Postgraduate	810	135	15	5	45	5	10	65	30	35	1,160	230	1,390	70
	Total	4,685	830	170	165	795	50	65	365	285	270	7,685	1,590	9,275	1,180
GB	First Degree	95	15	0	10	45	0	0	10	10	10	190	45	240	55
	Other Undergraduate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	0
	Postgraduate	30	5	0	0	5	0	0	5	0	0	50	15	60	5
	Total	125	25	0	10	50	0	0	10	10	10	240	65	305	60
Other	First Degree	120	15	5	5	20	5	0	5	5	5	180	70	250	30
	Other Undergraduate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5	0
	Postgraduate	115	20	5	0	10	0	0	10	5	5	165	55	220	20
	Total	235	30	5	10	30	5	0	15	5	5	350	130	475	50
Total	First Degree	4,020	705	145	170	770	50	60	285	250	225	6,680	1,320	8,000	1,130
	Other Undergraduate	70	20	15	10	45	5	0	25	15	20	225	165	390	70
	Postgraduate	960	160	20	10	60	5	10	75	35	40	1,370	295	1,670	95
	Total	5,050	885	175	185	875	55	70	390	300	285	8,275	1,785	10,055	1,295

Table 24a: Destinations of full-time leavers from NI HEIs by level of qualification and country of domicile - 2015/16 (Numbers)

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

#### Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

		Destinations										
Country of domicile	Level of Qualification	Full-time work	Part-time work	Primarily in work and also studying	Primarily studying and also in work	Full-time study	Part-time study	Due to start work	Unemployed	Other	Further Study	Further Study
NI	First Degree	62.5%	11.1%	2.3%	2.5%	11.6%	0.7%	0.9%	4.5%	3.9%	17.1	1%
	Other Undergraduate	34.8%	10.4%	7.0%	4.5%	20.4%	2.0%	0.5%	12.9%	7.5%	33.8	8%
	Postgraduate	72.3%	12.0%	1.3%	0.4%	4.2%	0.4%	0.8%	5.8%	2.8%	6.3	3%
	Total	63.2%	11.2%	2.3%	2.2%	10.7%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.9%	15.9	9%
GB	First Degree	51.1%	9.2%	0.0%	6.0%	23.9%	0.5%	0.5%	4.3%	4.3%	30.4	4%
	Other Undergraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	Postgraduate	68.1%	10.6%	0.0%	2.1%	6.4%	0.0%	0.0%	8.5%	4.3%	8.5	5%
	Total	54.1%	9.9%	0.0%	5.2%	20.6%	0.4%	0.4%	5.2%	4.3%	26.2	2%
Other	First Degree	68.4%	7.3%	2.3%	4.0%	10.2%	1.7%	0.6%	4.0%	1.7%	18.1	1%
	Other Undergraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
	Postgraduate	70.6%	11.0%	1.8%	1.2%	7.4%	0.6%	0.6%	4.9%	1.8%	11.0	0%
	Total	69.2%	9.1%	2.1%	2.6%	9.1%	1.2%	0.6%	4.4%	1.8%	15.0	0%
Total	First Degree	62.3%	10.9%	2.2%	2.6%	11.9%	0.7%	0.9%	4.4%	3.9%	17.8	5%
	Other Undergraduate	34.3%	10.8%	6.9%	4.4%	21.1%	2.0%	0.5%	12.7%	7.4%	34.3	3%
	Postgraduate	71.9%	11.9%	1.4%	0.6%	4.7%	0.4%	0.8%	5.8%	2.7%		0%
	Total	63.2%	11.1%	2.2%	2.3%	11.0%	0.7%	0.9%	4.9%	3.8%	16.2	2%

 Table 24b: Destinations of full-time leavers from NI HEIs by country of domicile and level of qualification - 2015/16 (Percentages)

 Table 25a: Full-time leavers from NI HEIs in further study by level of qualification and country of domicile - 2015/16 (Numbers)

			I	_evel of furth	ner study			
Country of domicile	Level of Qualification	Postgraduate	First degree	Other diploma or certificate	Professional qualification	Other qualification	Not aiming for a qualification	Total Respondents
NI	First Degree	840	65	20	60	35	5	1,045
	Other Undergraduate	5	55	5	5	0	0	70
	Postgraduate	60	0	0	5	5	0	70
	Total	905	120	25	70	45	10	1,180
GB	First Degree	50	5	0	0	0	0	55
	Other Undergraduate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Postgraduate	5	0	0	0	0	0	5
	Total	55	5	0	0	0	0	60
Other	First Degree	25	5	0	0	0	0	30
	Other Undergraduate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Postgraduate	15	0	0	0	0	0	20
	Total	40	5	0	0	0	0	50
Total	First Degree	915	75	20	65	40	5	1,130
	Other Undergraduate	5	55	5	5	0	0	70
	Postgraduate	80	0	0	5	5	5	95
	Total	1,000	130	25	75	45	10	1,295

Source: Higher Education Statistics Agency (HESA)

#### Note:

There were 10 cases where the Level of Further Study of full-time leavers from NI HEIs was not known. These cases <u>are not</u> separated in the table above but <u>are</u> included in the total.

#### Notes:

1. To prevent the identification of individuals figures have been rounded to the nearest 5, in line with HESA rounding strategy, with 0, 1 and 2 rounded to 0.

 Table 25b: Full-time leavers from NI HEIs in further study by country of domicile and level of qualification - 2015/16 (Percentages)

			L	evel of furthe	r study		
Country of domicile	Level of Qualification	Postgraduate	First degree	Other diploma or certificate	Professional qualification	Other qualification	Not aiming for a qualification
NI	First Degree	80.7%	6.3%	1.9%	5.9%	3.5%	0.6%
	Other Undergraduate	7.4%	79.4%	4.4%	5.9%	2.9%	0.0%
	Postgraduate	83.1%	0.0%	0.0%	8.5%	5.6%	2.8%
	Total	76.6%	10.2%	1.9%	6.1%	3.6%	0.7%
GB	First Degree	91.1%	5.4%	1.8%	1.8%	0.0%	0.0%
	Other Undergraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Postgraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	90.2%	6.6%	1.6%	1.6%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	First Degree	75.0%	12.5%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%	3.1%
	Other Undergraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Postgraduate	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	78.4%	9.8%	2.0%	3.9%	2.0%	3.9%
Total	First Degree	81.1%	6.5%	1.9%	5.7%	3.4%	0.6%
	Other Undergraduate	7.1%	80.0%	4.3%	5.7%	2.9%	0.0%
	Postgraduate	84.9%	0.0%	0.0%	7.5%	4.3%	3.2%
	Total	77.4%	10.0%	1.9%	5.8%	3.4%	0.8%