

What to do if a student is displaying symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19)

If anyone in your setting develops a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be sent home and be advised to follow the <u>guidance for households with possible or confirmed</u> coronavirus (COVID-19) infection. This sets out that they must:

- self-isolate for at least 10 days
- arrange to have a <u>test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19)</u>

Action list

- 1. In an emergency, call 999 if they are seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk. Do not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital except in an emergency.
- 2. If applicable, call parents/legal guardian or a member of their household to collect the student and take them home. Advise them that all household members will need to isolate and refer them to the <u>guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection.</u> Ideally the student should be collected by a parent/legal guardian/housemate and travel home by private transport.
- 3. If the student is awaiting collection, move them to an isolated room and open a window for ventilation. If it is not possible to isolate them, move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people.
- 4. Staff caring for a student while they are awaiting collection should maintain 2 metre distancing. If not possible, wear suitable PPE¹:

Situation	PPE
2m distance cannot be maintained	A face mask should be worn
Contact is necessary	Gloves, an apron and a face mask should be worn
Risk of fluids entering the eye (e.g. from coughing, spitting or vomiting)	Eye protection should also be worn

¹ More information on PPE use can be found in the <u>Safe working in education, childcare and children's social care settings, including the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) guidance.</u>

- 5. If the student needs to go to the bathroom while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate bathroom if possible. The bathroom should be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else.
- 6. Staff/other students who have had contact with the symptomatic student must wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds.
- 7. Advise the student to get tested and notify you of the results. A small number of testing kits are being provided to you. Consider providing a home testing kit, in line with the guidance on use, where you think providing one will significantly increase the likelihood of them getting tested
- 8. Once the student has left the premises, thoroughly disinfect/clean all surfaces and touch points they came into contact with (including the bathroom if used).

What to do if a student tests positive for coronavirus (COVID-19)

- 1. Notify your local health protection team (HPT) immediately when you become aware that a student or a member of staff who has attended has tested positive for coronavirus. Find contact details for your local <u>health protection team</u>.
- 2. The HPT will work with you to carry out a rapid risk assessment and identify appropriate next steps. Inform the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of HPT advice either direct or via the DfE Helpline 0800 046 8687.
- With HPT advice, identify close contacts of the symptomatic individual. Contact tracers will inform contacts that they need to self-isolate for 14 days in line with guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection.
- 4. For students who are isolating, ensure access to remote provision so that they can continue to learn remotely.
- 5. A template letter will be provided to you, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to students, parents, carers and staff if needed.
- 6. Settings must not share the names of people with coronavirus (COVID-19) unless essential to protect others.