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Authored article

Education and childcare during coronavirus

visits in September

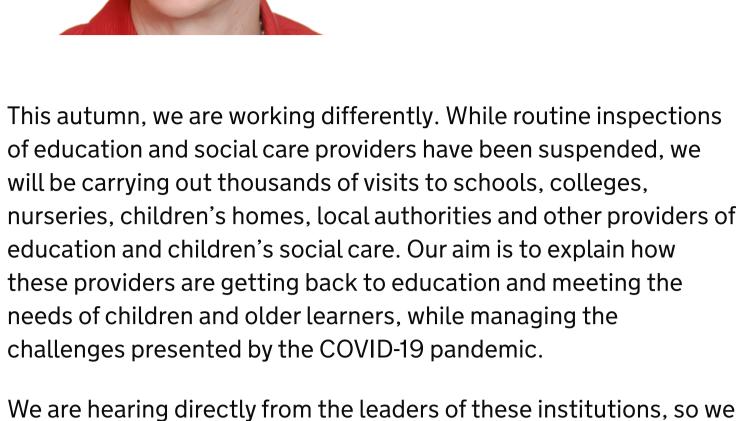
Part of

Amanda Spielman discusses what we found in our first visits to education and children's social care providers during September.

HMCI commentary: findings from

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as virtual visits to nurseries – and include consideration of services for children with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND). I'm hugely grateful to the schools that put themselves forward for our pilot visits. It should be noted that the schools findings we are reporting today are drawn exclusively from this volunteer group. The return to school in September was quite unlike any that we'd seen before; children returned to schools that had been reorganised to combat the spread of the virus. Leaders told us they had struggled at times to keep up with the guidance from government, but nevertheless it was clear from our visits that

schools had carefully considered how to apply that guidance in

their own context. The use of bubbles was prevalent in primary

changes that limited the movement of children around school.

In the lead up to September, there had been much speculation

generally reported decent attendance figures – often comparable

with other years – but parental anxiety remains an issue. Leaders

about attendance when schools returned. Those we visited

schools, with secondaries augmenting that tactic with timetable

can help others understand what's being done in sometimes

extraordinary circumstances – whether that's parents, other

from our visits, focusing on schools and children's homes. In

November, we will broaden our reports to cover visits made in

professionals working in these fields, or the government. Today, we

have published the first of 3 sets of reports on what we are learning

October to further education colleges and local authorities, as well

reported their frustrations at having to correct the myths that had taken hold with some parents, often fuelled by 'fake news' shared on social media. Myths can also grow and circulate among schools about what they 'have' to do, or not do: no singing; no swimming; all doors open, no

matter the weather... Successfully rebutting these myths, which

government advice for schools would help bring clarity for teachers

Perhaps worryingly, over a third of the schools we visited for this

report had noted more parents opting to home educate their

children. Some parents will have made a positive choice, after

enjoying their summer experience at home, but many leaders

We will watch this trend as our visits continue over the autumn.

believed parents were concerned about the safety of their children.

spread so easily, is hard. Like Japanese knotweed, myths have

persistent roots – so a consolidation and simplification of

and parents alike as we head towards the winter.

Concerns about what to do when children cannot attend school are very topical as cases spike in some areas. Remote learning presents considerable challenges. Often these are characterised as problems of access - to technology, to broadband or to peace, quiet and space in the home – and these concerns were described on our visits. But there are other challenges too, including how to motivate a child to engage outside of the classroom's structured regime. Parents' experiences of remote learning will vary, but

common to many has been a real struggle get children to turn off

It became apparent on our visits that there is a curriculum issue

here as well. Schools told us that they had plans to provide remote

the content they could provide remotely was not fully aligned with

themselves at home in term time once or even more often this year,

the classroom curriculum. If we expect many children to find

learning, through technology or printed work, but they said much of

the Xbox and pick up the textbook.

school.

child.

pandemic.

for possibly a fortnight at a time, they must not lose the progression that a strong, well-sequenced curriculum brings. Without that structure, remote education becomes more about filling time than about effective learning. It's good to hear that most schools intend to have a full curriculum back in place by the summer term, if not before. Schools are recognising that the best way to rebuild resilience and support their children's well-being is to make schooling as normal as possible. That means letting teachers perform their everyday magic and focus on teaching their subjects. And we must not forget the physical toll on children of being largely inactive for a long time. A decline in physical health among pupils was highlighted by many

schools, and returning to PE is an important aspect of the return to

Of course, some children have more vulnerabilities than others. In

children with SEND, but we heard from the mainstream and special

schools that we visited about the impact of a lack of schooling on

these children. In particular, children who do not communicate

verbally had seen their communication skills regress while their

In spite of the challenges they faced, there were a number of

maintain an environment that is COVID secure, while trying to

concerns. You can read more about this work in a blog post by

September. It's clear that staff in homes have worked very hard to

maintain as much normality as they can for the children. However,

positives to be taken from our visits to children's homes in

our regulatory work through the summer did surface some

Yvette Stanley, National Director, Social Care.

social contact was more limited.

our next report, we will look in more detail at the experiences of

Where restrictions allowed for it, staff in children's homes facilitated children's visits to friends and contact with families - but this was not always possible. Just as many workplaces moved online and team meetings became Teams meetings, technology often contributed to maintaining contact between children and their families and with social workers. We know that the move to online communication has actually helped some young people who might have found direct contact with family members stressful. Online communication has removed some of the anxiety from the

process, and this could become a lasting legacy of lockdown in

cases when direct personal contact is not in the best interest of the

During this period, staff in homes made efforts to entertain children

and keep spirits up. Even so, homes reported increased frustrations

that were well led and maintained consistent boundaries were able

to respond well. They reported that relationships between staff and

and anxiety over the summer, leading in some circumstances to

greater tensions between children. In general terms, the homes

children had improved, as staff helped children understand the

changing nature of restrictions and discussed anxieties about the

However, homes that were already struggling, either because of a lack of structure, inadequate leadership or staffing vacancies, were put under more strain as a result of COVID-19. We also heard about difficulties liaising with partner agencies or accessing specialist services and we hope this situation will improve – but local restrictions might lead to rather different experiences in different areas. In every kind of provider that we are visiting, strong leadership and committed staff remain key to making the best of this challenging time. The member of staff at a children's home who isolated with a child who was displaying COVID-19 symptoms so they did not feel

alone stands out. But so does the determination, expressed by

COVID generation'. They deserve much more than that.

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many of the school leaders we spoke to, that the pupils currently

under their care and guidance must not come to be defined as 'the

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